

HUN WIPER IS LIFTING HEAD SAYS WILSON

American Choice to Be Between Germanism and the Peace Treaty.

PACT IS LABORING MAN'S COVENANT, HE CLAIMS

Discussion Best Way to Settle Differences, Executive Tells Sioux Falls Crowd.

By the Associated Press.

SIoux FALLS, S. D., Sept. 8.—Declaring that pro-Germanism again had lifted its head in this country, President Wilson declared in an address here tonight that "every element of chaos" was hoping there would be "no standing hand" placed on the world's affairs.

"I want to tell you," said the president, "that within the last two weeks the pro-German element in the United States again has lifted its head."

"A clean cut issue," said the president, "is keeping their nation out of the league of nations, to make possible again what Germany had tried to do in the great war. It was a clean cut issue. Mr. Wilson declared, between this new order or the old German order.

Although it was raining when the president's train arrived the downtown streets were lined with crowds and a wave of cheering followed the president on his way to the Coliseum. A Sheriff's band led the parade. Governor Folsch Noecker, a republican, presided at the meeting. Mrs. Wilson, who also sat on the stage, was presented with some roses by two little girls, who walked across the stage to place them in the crowd, which packed the hall, cheered. Mrs. Wilson thanked the girls with a kiss and there were more cheers.

A Pathetic Incident. The president opened his address by relating how a lady who shook hands with him at a way stop had burst into tears when she tried to tell him her son killed in France.

This incident, said Mr. Wilson, brought home to him that the country had sacrificed freely, not for a temporary advantage, but for a permanent betterment of the world. In the eyes of the American people who went across the seas, he continued, the people of Europe had seen a determination not only to defeat Germany, but to see that such a thing never happened again.

Regarding the peace treaty provision for an international labor conference, he would give labor a new bill of rights, the president declared the treaty was a "laboring man's treaty" in the sense that it was a treaty drawn up for the benefit of the common people.

Treaty for New York. The political settlements themselves, said the president, were made by the people concerned. He asserted that the document laid down forever, the principle that no territory ever should be governed except as the people who lived there wanted it governed.

"That is an absolute record of history," said the president, "and it is all in the league of nations."

High taxes, a large standing army and a "military government in spirit," would be required, he said, if the United States were to follow the policy of some men and "stand by heretofore" and the great chief.

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ORGANIZED MOVE TO FIGHT INTERVENTION

Evidence Secured by Senate Committee That Literature Is Aimed at Mexican Situation.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Existence of an organized propaganda movement in the United States calculated to counteract any step toward armed intervention in Mexico was established at the first hearing today of the senate foreign relations sub-committee charged with investigating the Mexican situation.

Dr. Samuel Gay Inman, an officer in the army of the Mexican revolution and a former neighbor in Mexico of President Carranza, admitted under sharp cross examination that his association had sent out literature aimed to quiet any demand for intervention by the United States in the southern republic. Dr. Inman told the committee that American oil companies were expending large sums of money in an attempt to obtain intervention, but under cross-examination said he recently had been told that the oil interests were opposed to intervention.

Dr. Inman told the committee that in his opinion President Carranza was a man of honor and integrity, and that he had strong faith in the ability of Mexico to work out its own problems if given friendly assistance by the United States. He deprecated intervention, adding that it would stunt the growth of the carefully cultivated pan-American idea.

Bishop James Cannon, of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, followed Inman with the assertion that the only intervention advisable in Mexico was that of church and school. During the cross-examination which followed his testimony, Inman was asked to deny questioning by Senator Fall, New Mexico, chairman of the sub-committee, and Senator Brandegee, Connecticut. He many times admitted that he was unable to give the committee details of charges which he had made, and at his request will be permitted to appear again.

WOULD MAKE MONDELL BILL PART OF THE EDGE MEASURE

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Consideration of the Edge export finance bill was resumed in the senate today but no action was taken.

Senator Ashurst, democrat, Arizona, proposed that the Mondell bill, by which authority would be given the government to loan \$500,000,000 to discharged soldiers and sailors for the purchase of homes and agricultural land, be added to the bill as an amendment.

"If we can loan Russia a \$150,000,000 why can't we lend to our own soldiers \$500,000,000?" asked the Arizona senator.

Assurances by Senator Simmon of Utah that the public land commission plan to take up non consideration of the Mondell bill, Senator Ashurst withdrew his amendment.

COAL MINERS TO DEMAND 6-HOUR DAY; 30-HOUR WEEK

By the Associated Press.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 8.—A sharp increase in the basic wages of all coal miners in the United States and Canada, the six-hour day and the 30-hour week are written large on the program for the international convention of the United Mine Workers of America, which opens here tomorrow. Recommendations that these demands be submitted to the operators at the coming conference at Buffalo September 25, will go before the delegates upon assembling tomorrow and the temper of the arriving delegates pranges acceptance of the recommendation. Urges granted by November 1, the date contemplated in the recommendation, a continent-wide strike in the collieries is recommended.

ASKS FOR GUARD TO GIVE PROTECTION TO HIS JAIL

By the Associated Press.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 8.—As a result of a surprise attack, coming by mail from unidentified persons to dynamite the county jail and release 25 men being held in connection with the release of 12 prisoners who the building was stormed by a mob recently. Sheriff Cate appealed to Governor Harris to order out the ideal machine gun company to avert possible trouble. Four machine guns, manned by members of the unit, arrived at the jail tonight.

SEEK COMMON IDEAS ON THE LEAGUE PACT

Compromise Indications Come from Both Republicans and Democratic Sides.

MILDS DRAFT A NEW RESERVATIONS SET

Senator Simmon's Formal Statement Excites Much Interest on Democratic Attitude.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Market indications of a compromise in the senate controversy over reservations to the league of nations covenant today soon both democratic and republican sources after Republican Leader Lodge had announced that the treaty would be reported to the senate Wednesday and probably be taken up for consideration next Monday.

Probably the most important development of the day was a statement by the senate by Senator Simmons of North Carolina, prominent in administration leadership, declaring "some concessions in the way of reservations will have to be made to secure its ratification."

Although "utterly repugnant" to the Democratic reservationists, Senator Simmons said he was suggesting a compromise on "constructive reservation of a temperate character."

Republican voters continued efforts to compromise differences over a reservation to article 10 of the league covenant. Senators Chamberlain, North Dakota; Kellogg, Minnesota, and Leffort, Wisconsin, were said to have drafted substitute reservations which were discussed privately today.

Polignone Makes Reply. "Polignone," a republican, Washington, in a two-hour address in the senate today, replied to statements of President Wilson in his speech-making tour. Several republican senators made arrangements for speeches in several western cities in reply to the president's "white-slavery" fighting Ohio, and others, prepared to reply soon to Mr. Wilson from the senate floor.

Referring to the president's challenge to league opponents to "put up or shut up," Senator Polignone said the "substitute for the league offered by his opponents was the Declaration of Independence and Lincoln's government 'by and for the people.'"

In reply to the president's declaration that the league would end the age of American soldiers abroad, Mr. Polignone called "white-slavery" fighting of American troops to Siberia, and the reported plans to send others to Silesia and Armenia.

Not Talking for Wilson. With interest centered in the reservation controversy considerable attention was attracted by senators to Senator Simmon's formal statement, although he disclaimed privately that he spoke for the president. He explained that he gave only his personal opinion of the senate situation and this explanation was supported by Senator Hitchcock, Nebraska, minority leader of the "reservation" side.

The "reservation" side, the committee who said that President Wilson's position on reservations, even of a "mild" variety, had not yet been made known. Republican leaders, however, hailed Senator Simmon's statement as a frank concession that the treaty cannot be ratified without reservation.

INSOLUTION TO KEEP TROOPS HOME GOES TO COMMITTEE

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Senator McCormick's resolution to express his sense of the senate that no troops should be sent overseas without "express authority" of congress and that American troops now serving in Europe and Siberia should be returned home "with the utmost dispatch" was referred today without debate to the foreign relations committee.

THE PERSHING SMILE



TRACK MEN MAKE PLANS TO STRIKE

Convention in Detroit Expected to Bring Demands for Increased Wages to a Head.

DETROIT, Sept. 8.—Definite action by the end of this week on the threatened strike is expected by the convention of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of War Employers and Railway Shop Laborers, which opened its sessions today with more than 2,000 delegates from the United States, Canada and Panama canal zone present.

The membership has already voted power to the executive committee to call a continent-wide strike of the 500,000 men in these crafts unless wage demands and working agreements asked of the railway administration of the United States and the Canadian government are granted.

On Friday, the convention will discuss the wage question from every angle, and likely will take decisive action on the proposed strike. Sentiment of the convention is overwhelmingly in favor of a walkout unless the demands are granted.

Answer from the railroad administration to the demands presented is expected by Friday. The men are firm in their determination, however, officers also plan to accept compromise, even if the basis of the four cents an hour increase decided upon by President Wilson for other railroad workers; with the plea that they suspend action on wage demands until the government completed its assignment to return conditions to normal.

DO NOT WANT TROOPS MOVED

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The archbishop of Canterbury has received a dispatch from Archangel signed by the bishop and clergy, appealing to British Christians against the withdrawal of British troops, which they assert would leave Archangel to the horrors of Bolshevik rule.

GENERAL GETS BIG WELCOME IN NEW YORK

Stern-Faced Officer Overcome With Emotion at the Reception.

MILLIONS CHEER IN RIDE TO CITY HALL

"Sergeant" Warren Takes Charge of Father's Commission—Enjoys Animal Show.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—America welcomed General Pershing today.

Overcome by foreign rulers and governments, the commander in chief of the mightiest army that ever fought its way to victory under the stars and stripes, returned to his own folk to meet a greater honor than any foreign potentate or power could confer—the thanks of the world's greatest democracy to the man who had planned the decisive blow in Germany's supreme fight against democracy.

The stern-faced soldier who had maintained his iron self-control amid the ambushes of the Meuse and the blood drenching forest of Argonne, met the "proof" against the tributes of praise and gratitude which was received from hundreds of thousands of the throats and hearts of his fellow citizens.

Voices Sinks With Emotion. His voice trembled with emotion as he responded to the greetings extended by Secretary of War Baker in his own behalf and that of the president, as well as the welcoming address of representatives of the senate and house, the state and city.

As his car passed slowly through the cheering multitude which jammed Broadway from 14th Street to the city hall, Pershing attempted vainly to maintain his composure. At first he replied to the cheers with the stiff salute with military etiquette demands but he was soon carried away by the storm of applause which swept in great gusts about him. Rising to his feet he bowed his cap while his head with a boyish gesture which told how deeply he was stirred, while the again lines of his bronzed face broke into a smile which was infectious as it was warm.

Pershing Moment Coming. It was a proud moment for the great "bull" Pershing, but a prouder still remains. New York did not exhaust its welcome today; Wednesday he will ride down Fifth avenue at the head of the 9th division of the regular army, the first to go and the last to leave, victors in the first battle ever fought on European soil by American soldiers.

Surrounded by comrades, lumbering in station but who had offered their all just as freely in the cause of liberty, General Pershing first, relinquishing of his native land. When the huge Leviathan, once the pride of defeated Germany, nosed her way through the mist of the Jersey coast the general stood up on her deck with the famous "General Pershing" regiment, 2,000 picked American soldiers, known as "Pershing's own."

Three stalwart soldiers were his guests of honor when Paris and London paid tribute to the American commander and when they will be his guests of honor when his own country's metropolis pays its full need of praise Wednesday.

Pershing Made General. Just after the general walked down the gang plank at Hoboken he received the first reward which a grateful country has offered him. In the name of the nation Secretary of War Dantz handed him his commission as full general in the American army—a rank held previously by only three men, Grant, Sheridan and Sherman.

Standing behind, and completely hidden by the imposing figure of the

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LOCAL DENTIST IS TO BE A WITNESS

Employer of Parker System Said to Have Refused to Practice Without Examination.

Announcement that Dr. W. G. Myers, formerly secretary of the state dental board, had been arrested in Boise on a charge of accepting a bribe of \$200 for the issuance of a certificate to practice dentistry in Idaho followed evidence secured by the department of law enforcement in Twin Falls. A representative of the department was here all of last week gathering evidence.

It is said that one of the witnesses who will be called against Dr. Myers is an employee of the Parker Systems dentists which recently established an office here. This dentist, who is never practiced, his profession before entering the army. He joined the artillery just after he finished his school work and served with this branch of the service throughout the war. On returning to Idaho, according to the department of law enforcement, this dentist is alleged to have paid Dr. Myers for a certificate to practice without taking an examination.

He then came to Twin Falls and joined the Parker System force. The department of law enforcement is said to have secured evidence that Myers said certificates to practice in Idaho is alleged to have paid Dr. Myers for a certificate to practice without an examination, returned soldiers and members of firms similar to the Parker System who hire dentists being the purchasers.

The last session of the legislature in Idaho passed a bill prohibiting dupes from practicing and advertising under firm names. It is said that violations of this law have been discovered throughout the state and that prosecution will shortly ensue.

INDEPENDENTS ABLE TO HANDLE SELVES

Need No Protection From 24th Bill
One Tells the Senate Committee

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Independent meat packers of the country can protect themselves from the "big fish" packing companies without the aid of the Ferguson and Keating bills, the senate agricultural committee was told today by John J. Felin, representing the independent concern of Philadelphia.

"We are able to take care of ourselves," said Felin. "Leave us alone. We've had our troubles during the last two years with the license system and we don't want any more of it."

Felin called the statement of Federal Trade Commissioner Colver before the committee the "smallest packer's exultation" at "success" of the larger concern.

Dr. J. M. Wilson, president of the Wyoming Wool Growers' association, another witness, was almost as severe in his strictures of the trade commission.

"Their report was the basis for these bills," he said, "and I'd like you to know that throughout the West there are a great many farmers to the effect that the board wasn't fair. Certainly, if the evidence you have secured so far in this hearing is to be credited, their report was wrong."

Dr. Wilson, during a discussion with Senator Kendrick, democrat, also of Wyoming, said he had no objections as a stock raiser to packers owning stockyards, but deprecated attempts to take refrigerator cars from the "day five."

"Why, the federal trade commission's report itself shows that it is better to allow them to operate refrigerator cars than to turn the cars over to the state," he added. "They got more mileage than others can out of the cars."

Chairman Gronna said today the committee hearings would probably but would be resumed later.

FAMOUS ENGLISH VAMP KILLS SELF FOR CHILDREN'S SAKE

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Mrs. Arthur Elliot, better known as Mrs. Atherton, England's super-vampire who committed suicide, wanted her children to have her property, but she left no will and it goes to her husband, Captain Elliot would transfer it to the children but he is bankrupt and his creditors have first claim.

Take Heed Wherewith We Shall Be Veiled



Pershing's Rise Rapid; Only Captain in 1904

General John J. Pershing, who was so royally welcomed yesterday on his arrival in New York as the fourth man to hold that coveted title in the army of the United States. The other three were Grant, Sheridan and Sherman.

As the central American figure in the world war, with the single exception of President Wilson so much has been written about Pershing, and his life and his career as fresh in the public mind that it is difficult to tell the average American anything new about the man who commanded the great army on the battlefield of Europe.

When some of Pershing's friends speak of his rise to a position of great military importance in world annals, they refer to a story quite commonly told of Charles M. Schwab, the ironmaster, who is said to have remarked to his old Scotch gardener, a friend of his childhood:

"You ever expected to see me in this place, did you?"

And the gardener is said to have replied: "You never expected it yourself."

Pershing wore but two bars. As late as the time of the Russo-Japanese war in 1904, Pershing over 40, still was a captain in the regular army. His associates say he never doubted, but always kept plugging at his job. Rumors and rumors have been written about how he took a prominent part in the pacification of the Philippine Islands and how President Roosevelt made him a brigadier general in 1906 for his services in the Philippines.

When Pershing took the punitive expedition to Mexico after the bandit, Villa, he became the only living officer in the American army who had commanded any body of troops as large as a brigade in anything approaching action. It is true that the late General Funston commanded more than a brigade on the Vera Cruz expedition but Funston's troops never got into action.

Plunged into Indian Wars.

From the Indian Pershing graduated from West Point in 1885 and had his full share of active and valuable service in the army. Like his classmates he immediately was plunged into the Indian wars. His entire campaign against the great Apache, Chief Geronimo, who for many years had kept the great southwestern country almost closed to immigration by his skill and bravery. It was in those campaigns that many of the young American army officers received that special training evolved in combat with the wily savages which proved of peculiar value in certain phases of the highly scientific modern warfare in France and Belgium.

"They were taught the art of scouting, of trailing and of perfect self-reliance of the soldier beyond the ken of any European soldier and many a midnight raid by the Americans into No Man's Land doubtless found its inception and chief execution in the brain of one of these one-time Indian fighters of Pershing's type."

It is recorded officially of Pershing that at the beginning of his career, for instance, he was complimented by General Miles, his commander-in-chief in the Geronimo campaign, for "marching his troop, with pack train, over rough country, 140 miles in 44 hours, bringing in every animal and man in good condition. Until he reached camp his men were in the best of ways was a cavalry officer and the records of the war department show more than one honorable mention for his conduct during his ten years' service in the department in Arizona. In the Spanish war he was an officer of the 7th cavalry to be presented for gallantry at the battle of El Caney to no major in the volunteer army and after a short detail in Washington in the bureau of insular affairs was sent to the Philippines as adjutant-general of the department of Mindanao and Jolo.

Promoted by Woods.

That was the turning point in Pershing's career. He began to take his profession of arms more seriously and to display the powers of concentration upon difficult problems that had him in good stead in the campaigns that were to follow in Europe. Attracted by his earnestness and soldierly qualities, General Leonard Wood, who was his superior officer at the time, selected Pershing to organize and conduct a campaign against the Moros who for centuries had successfully resisted all attempts of the Spanish army to subjugate them.

promotion because of their high promise of military ability. Roosevelt had made Wood a brigadier general in 1901 and he made Pershing a captain, a brigadier general in 1906 to the absolute consternation of the old line of the army because it involved the "jumping" of both officers over many hundreds of their seniors.

Pershing justified the confidence that Wood had imposed in him in his Moro campaign. There was a Sultan of Sulu with unknown thousands of followers entrenched in the marshes and mountains of the tropical islands behind heavy forts of main wood, logs and giant creepers and three-bush woven into what was supposed to be impenetrable defense. Pershing had made a study of the island and so well had he organized his little force consisting of a battalion of infantry, a squadron of cavalry and a section of artillery that in two days the Moro's strongholds were cleared out and the Island of Mindanao was soon placed under Pershing's military government.

When he returned home in 1914 he was given a short rest in San Francisco. Trouble began on the Mexican border and he was sent to command the Eighth brigade, charged with the special duty of "whittling down" the forces of the great Mexican general, Pancho Villa. The expedition penetrated many miles into Mexico and army officers believed that the ultimate capture of Villa was prevented by the authorities declared that they were unwilling to continue a military policy seeming certain to involve the United States in regular war with Mexico.

When Pershing was chosen to command the American forces in France, he took with him many of the brown and khaki veterans of his Moro and Philippine campaigns. These men formed the nucleus of the famous First division of the American Expeditionary force.

A terrible tragedy had come into Pershing's life during his Mexican border service through the loss of his wife and three of their little children who were burned to death in their home at the Presidio, in San Francisco, during his absence. His life became hard and stern; not towards his soldiers, however, but in the regiment he imposed upon himself and in the objects he had marked for attainment. He threw himself into his work with a passion that commanded success, evidently seeking relief from his private grief in public service. It was said of him in France that he was never tired; he could be called upon any hour out of the twenty-four for consultation or direction without complaint on his part, in contrast with some of his famous colleagues in the entente armies.

Believed in Team Work.

Pershing believed in team work; he knew that whatever success the German command had attained was through their united command of the armies of the Central Powers. So he was not willing, but anxious to see the same principle adopted by the entente armies. He set out by recall orders from Washington his private ambitions and freely rendered the services of the last American soldier and all his army equipment to General Foch at the most critical point in the campaign. There is said to be no doubt that his

example affected the other commands and went a long way towards bringing about the unification of the entente armies under Marshal Foch.

It was not until Pershing was certain that the plans he had made with the assistance of his own staff for a successful campaign into Alsace-Lorraine had behind them the support of a sufficient number of American soldiers that Pershing felt justified in taking complete command of an important sector of the line of battle with the full assent of Marshal Foch and with the result that the American army broke the morale of the Germans and brought the war to an end.

For what he did in Europe Pershing has been praised beyond measure by the greatest rulers and soldiers of the world who have been kind to welcome him and press his hand.



By BUTTY BROWNS.

This gown is charmingly fashioned of gold brown satin, richly veiled in sheer net and gold thread lace, with a fringe of twisted gold tulle. A wreath of golden daisies crowns the brown satin hat.

ACCEPT NO LIQUOR ADS.

MANILA, Sept. 8.—Chinese papers arriving in Manila have had all their liquor advertisements clipped and the effect is waning the Paris censorship during the war.

\$10,000,000 FOR SERVICE.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The Soldiers and Sailors' Families association, organized to aid dependents of those in the service, expended over \$10,000,000 during the war.

We Have Everything In BUILDERS HARDWARE

In all the years of our merchandising we have never been better stocked in this line.

No Need to Shop Around Come Here

The shortage which has so greatly hampered building does not affect us. We bought in advance and we have a splendid line.

The range of prices is wide, the variations of styles is broad and we can meet all demands for the community. So it will not be necessary to "shop around" from store to store, picking unmatched and ill-assorted Builders' Hardware.

The public has long trusted us—long depended upon Reynolds Bros. Company safeguard against public demand in the ware we handle. It is for this reason we bought heavily of builders' hardware. We are ready to protect our old customers and care for new ones.

Reynolds Bros. Co.

INCORPORATED.
C. V. HINKLE, Manager
130 South Second Avenue South. Twin Falls

Harris Combined Bean Harvester

Picks up the beans in the field, threshes and delivers them in the sack, 1500 to 2000 sacks per day, operated.

BEST TRACKLAYER TRACTORS

60 H. P. CAPACITY
or 75 H. P. CAPACITY

GETTING READY TO DEMONSTRATE AT FILER

The 25 H. P. Tracklayer Tractor is here for the average farm, and will be demonstrated in Filer, Twin Falls, etc.

C. H. WEED, 407 Kearns Building, Salt Lake City, factory Representative for Idaho, Nevada and Utah.

J. W. BEARUP

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE

TWIN FALLS
Temporarily at Perrino Hotel.

AIRPLANE FEELING IS LIKE CHAMPAGNE

Goes From "Thrill" to a Marked Sense of "Exhilaration" Say Experts.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 8.—From "the thrill" to "a marked sense of exhilaration, as though he had partaken of good champagne," is the way pathologists and neurologists have classified the sensations received by those who take their first ride in an airplane.

Armed with stethoscopes, sphygmomanometers and other instruments, Doctors Mason W. Crosby, E. C. Goodrich and Reginald F. Grant recently conducted a series of experiments on the effect of spiraling on the human nervous system, and have just made public their report.

"Flying will provide the greatest exhilaration sought for the treatment of all nervous cases such as neurasthenia, and even paresis," said Dr. Grant.

The tests were exhaustive and were made on several patients at a local aviation field.

"We must consider that the aviator is accustomed to flying while this is the passenger's first flight," stated Dr. Grant in opening his report.

Americans Feeding Children in Poland



American men and women are bringing happiness to the peoples of Poland in the form of food and clothing. The bare feet of even the best dressed boys at this American child-feeding station show that clothing is a scarce commodity here.

And then, according to Dr. Grant, is where the also-animating coffee in. He says: "When the passenger stops out he is conscious of a marked sense of exhilaration, as though he had partaken of good champagne."

The therapeutic effect of spiraling, Dr. Grant summarized as follows: "Flying increased the total volume of blood, increased metabolism—the process of converting food into tissue—increased lung ventilation, increased blood pressure and arterial tone, increased the expansibility of the heart and increased hemoglobin, the vital element of the blood which absorbs and carries oxygen."

PHIL 80, near Givencly, the Givencly lighthouse, and the famous "dug-bean and Tower Bridge" on 1000.

FOR SALE. Household—pools, rugs, clocks, chairs, rockers, tables, sewing machine, bed, hammock, toilet furniture, jarbor cabinet, electric oven, electric plate, kitchen range, refrigerator, kitchen cabinet, garden hose, harness, horse blankets, halter, etc. Call after 5 p. m., no earlier, 205 Ninth avenue north. S-11

The police of the former German emperor in Berlin at one time kept 100 housemaids and 1500 hired footmen in employment.

IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Put Less Meat In Kidneys' Feet Like Lead Or Bladder Bothers.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, also we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jael salts from any good drug store, have a teaspoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine.

Jael Salts in harness; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

By a well-known local druggist says: "I sold lots of Jael Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble."

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE. By Virtue of an Executory in my hands, issued out of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho; in and for the County of Twin Falls, in the suit of E. D. Kinney, Plaintiff against J. H. King and A. H. Assendrup, Defendants, duly attested on the 20th day of August, 1919, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said A. H. Assendrup, consisting of this day of August, 1919, in and to the following described property situated, lying and being in the County of Twin Falls, State of Idaho, to-wit:

The North half of the Northwest quarter (23-1-2 NW 1-4) of Section 12, Township 23 N., Range 12 E., 3rd P. M., 1st Meridian.

Notice is hereby given, That on Saturday, the 20th day of September, 1919, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the Front Door of the Court House in the City and County of Twin Falls, State of Idaho, I will sell all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, A. H. Assendrup, in and to the following described property: Public Auction, to the highest bidder, for cash lawful money of the United States, to satisfy said execution and costs.

Dated this 28th day of August, 1919.

A. N. SPRAGUE, Sheriff. By H. G. DIETRICH, Deputy.

Lot twelve (12), block one hundred and one (101), block one hundred twenty-one (121), all in original townsite of Twin Falls, Twin Falls County, State of Idaho, according to final amended plat thereof of record, together with the appurtenant interests therein and in any way appurtenant.

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of September, 1919, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City and County of Twin Falls, State of Idaho, I will sell all the right, title, claim, and interest of the said J. E. Montgomery, Marlan N. Montgomery, W. O. Syster, Mrs. W. O. Syster, Jennie Baker, or either of them, of, in and to the above described property at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, lawful money of the United States of America, to satisfy plaintiff's decree.

Dated August 28, 1919.

A. N. SPRAGUE, Sheriff. By H. G. DIETRICH, Deputy.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE. Notice of Sheriff's Sale Under Foreclosure of Mortgage.

By Virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure, issued out of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for the County of Twin Falls, in the suit of E. D. Kinney, Plaintiff, against J. H. King and A. H. Assendrup, Defendants, duly attested on the 20th day of August, 1919, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, A. H. Assendrup, consisting of this day of August, 1919, in and to the following described property: Public Auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, lawful money of the United States of America, to satisfy plaintiff's decree, together with all costs. Dated this 28th day of August, 1919.

A. N. SPRAGUE, Sheriff. By H. G. DIETRICH, Deputy.

Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (NW 1-4 NE 1-4) Section 12, Township 23 N., Range 12 E., 3rd P. M., 1st Meridian, containing twelve (12) acres, more or less, (16) east of the Boho Meridian, together with the appurtenances thereto belonging or in any way appurtenant.

Notice is hereby given, That on the 20th day of September, 1919, at the hour of 10 o'clock of said day in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City and County of Twin Falls, State of Idaho, I will sell all the right, title, claim and interest of the said J. E. Montgomery, Marlan N. Montgomery, W. O. Syster, Mrs. W. O. Syster, Jennie Baker, or either of them, of in and to the above described property, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, lawful money of the United States of America, to satisfy plaintiff's decree, together with all costs. Dated this 28th day of August, 1919.

A. N. SPRAGUE, Sheriff. By H. G. DIETRICH, Deputy.

Amher B. Wilson, Attorney for Plaintiff, Twin Falls, Idaho. 4th-A-29-519

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE. Notice of Sheriff's Sale Under Foreclosure.

The First National Bank of Twin Falls, a corporation, vs. J. E. Montgomery, Marlan N. Montgomery, W. O. Syster, Mrs. W. O. Syster, Jennie Baker, defendants, duly attested on the 22nd day of August, 1919, duly recorded on the 22nd day of August, 1919, in Judgment Book 5 at page 247 of the Records of the said District Court, I am commanded to sell all that lot, piece, parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the County of Twin Falls, State of Idaho, described as follows, to-wit:

By Virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for the County of Twin Falls, in the suit of the First National Bank of Twin Falls, a corporation, plaintiff, against J. E. Montgomery, Marlan N. Montgomery, W. O. Syster, Mrs. W. O. Syster, Jennie Baker, defendants, duly attested on the 22nd day of August, 1919, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, J. E. Montgomery, Marlan N. Montgomery, W. O. Syster, Mrs. W. O. Syster, Jennie Baker, or either of them, of in and to the above described property, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, lawful money of the United States of America, to satisfy plaintiff's decree, together with all costs. Dated this 28th day of August, 1919.

A. N. SPRAGUE, Sheriff. By H. G. DIETRICH, Deputy.

Amher B. Wilson, Attorney for Plaintiff, Twin Falls, Idaho. 4th-A-29-519

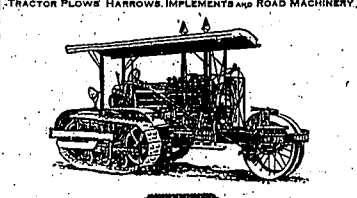
NOTICE. In the Probate Court of Twin Falls County State of Idaho.

In the matter of the estate of Mary B. McNeil, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the estate of Mary B. McNeil to the creditors of the said deceased to exhibit their claims against the said deceased to exhibit their claims (the necessary voucher within four months after the publication of this notice to the said administrator at the office of Messrs. James R. Bothwell and W. Or Chapman, in the City of Twin Falls, County of Twin Falls, State of Idaho, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

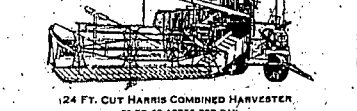
CLARENCE HAMPTON WEED

SOLE DISTRIBUTOR AND FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE FOR UTAH, SO. IDAHO AND E. NEV. C. L. BEST GAS TRACTION CO. TRACTORS SCHMEISER MFG. CO. LAND LEVELERS, CHECKERS, ETC. HARRIS MFG. CO. COMBINED HARVESTERS ALSO TRACTOR PLOWS HARROWS IMPLEMENTS AND ROAD MACHINERY.

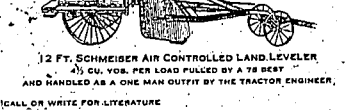


75 H. P. BEST TRACTOR

THIS TRACTOR PULLS 120 TO 160 INCHES WIDTH OF PLOWS, AT RATE OF 16 TO 24 ACRES PER DAY, DEPENDING ON SOIL CONDITIONS AND DEPTH OF PLOWING.



124 FT. CUT HARRIS COMBINED HARVESTER, 80 TO 40 ACRES PER DAY



12 FT. SCHMEISER AIR CONTROLLED LAND LEVELER, 40 CU. YDS. PER LOAD PULLED BY A 75 H. P. BEST AND HANDLED AS A ONE MAN OUTFIT BY THE TRACTOR ENGINEER.

CALL OR WRITE FOR LITERATURE C. H. WEED KEARNS BUILDING, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

A COMPLETE LINE OF TRACTOR PLOWS, LEVELERS AND IMPLEMENTS FOR CLEARING, PLOWING, LEVELING, GRADING AND HARVESTING IN LARGE UNITS, 75 H. P. CAPACITY IN MEDIUM UNITS, 40 H. P. CAPACITY IN SMALL UNITS, 25 H. P. CAPACITY

IT IS MY POLICY TO MEET YOUR REQUIREMENTS WITH SUCH EQUIPMENT AS WILL BEST SERVE YOUR NEEDS AND MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS, THE BEST IS BEST. C. H. WEED.

COLUMBUS HOST TO CIVIL WAR HEROES

Ohio City Has Problem of Caring for Approximately 100,000 Visitors.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 8.—It is housing facilities already strained, this city tonight, the masses of the Grand Army of the Republic, Women's Relief Corps and other patriotic organizations, awaiting the proposition of caring for approximately 100,000 additional population.

Since Saturday, every regular train entering the city has brought delegations of the "boys in blue" in numbers ranging from 50 to 300. In addition, dozens of special trains from the Pacific and Atlantic coasts have brought an almost continuous stream into the over-crowded numbers. All day long delegations, headed by fire and drum corps, marched through the streets to the registration quarters.

Automobiles hailed those too firm to unshrink, but in most instances the preferred machines were valued.

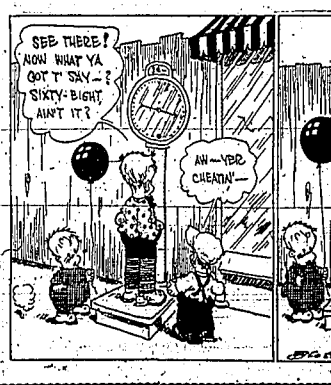
From California, Texas, Maine and Florida, they came. Commander Adams stated today that he expects fully 250,000 visitors during the week.

At 4 p. m., October 7th, a special train from Minneapolis brought the headquarters officials of that department, carried a delegation of 200.

TO PRESERVE FAMOUS BRITISH LINE POINTS

PARIS, Sept. 8.—There are famous points of the war, on the British line, which are marked for preservation: The Butte de Warlencourt, the ruins of Bapaume, some of the destroyed monuments of Peronne, the Stations of Despres and similar devastation points, and underground maze of Combes, the "tanks churchyard" at Pozieres, the "King's observation point" on

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



BY BLOSSER

TRY THE ROSA RITA It will satisfy, and the blood is perfect. Our other brands: Johnny Blue and Yabber Special. IDAHO CIGAR FACTORY Dulm Made 250 Main Street

THE CHRONICLE

MONDAYS EXCEPT MONDAYS

ROBERT H. STEVENSON, Publisher.

D. Harold McGrath, News Editor, Arthur Alworth, Business Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at Twin Falls, Idaho, as Second Class Mail Matter.

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MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

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All rights of republication of special dispatches are also reserved.

DEMOCRATIC ROYALTY.

The democracy idea really seems to be spreading. Suggestions of it are found nowadays even among royalty.

We have heard often of "democratic kings" in these latter years, and there has been some notable progress made along this line by the royal families of Belgium, England and Italy, but on the whole, the term has been a misnomer.

Now, however, King Victor Emmanuel of Italy gives a more convincing sign in falling in with the spirit of the times. He is said to have handed over "six of his finest palaces, villas and parks" for the permanent use of disabled soldiers, sailors and orphans of those killed in battle, and has announced that he will relinquish "all his vast domains" for the benefit of the peasantry and those who fought for Italian unity.

More convincing still, he will "subject his private patrimony to taxation equally with the tax of every commoner," and at the same time, continue his usual "public gifts of \$400,000 a year.

With all this liberality, Emmanuel will hardly suffer for the necessities of life. He still has a few palaces left, and from all indications, a pretty respectably-sized fortune. Some questions about royalty are simply not asked.

Why anybody should ever need even as many as half a dozen palaces passes the comprehension of an American, just as it passes comprehension why a ruler's wealth should ever be exempt from taxation when the property of his humblest subject is taxed. However that may be, Emmanuel is to be congratulated for having seen the time of kings. They may all come to it, in time. Ifs they don't, pretty soon there won't be any kings.

THE COAL MINERS.

Representatives of the United Mine Workers of America renew their declaration that there will be a strike of bituminous coal miners throughout the United States on November 1, unless their demands are granted before that time.

This is an astonishing position to take, in view of the fact that other big labor organizations have nearly all acquiesced in the general truce suggested by the government, in order to increase production and give the public authorities a chance to see what they can do to lower the cost of living.

It is especially astonishing to the general public when the miners' demands are scrutinized. Along with a liberal increase of wages—which may quite possibly be deserved, provided prices remain at their present level—they are asking for a reduction of working time to six hours, five days a week, making a total of only 30 hours a week.

In view of the world's need for coal, and for all the goods for whose manufacture fuel is required, in view of the honest effort being made by the president, congress and state and municipal authorities every-

where to lower the cost of living, and in view of the patriotic, co-operative spirit shown by other labor unions, this demand seems nothing less than outrageous. The coal miners propose throwing a bomb into the machinery of American industry at a time when it is functioning poorly enough, and when nearly every other party concerned is trying to improve it.

It cannot be possible that the rank and file of coal miners will sanction so destructive and unpatriotic a plan.

GOOD JOBS IN THE NAVY.

The boy who cannot decide just what to do might do much worse than take a term in the American navy.

For the Pacific fleet alone, 33,000 men are needed, and that is only one branch of our great sea-fighting arm.

The boy who enters the navy can serve his time for Uncle Sam and emerge at the end of it better-fitted for a civilian job than when he entered. The war-time rate of pay is to be continued, and the average "gob" will find himself able to save more money than many civilians.

One non-commissioned officer, holding a station to which any earnest, efficient sailor had could attain, is reported to be getting \$200 a month. This sum included the allowances for his family, his travel, pay and extra allowances. Besides this, he received, free, of course, his quarters on board ship, his food, clothing, laundry and medical service.

The clean life of the sea, travel, education and the finest kind of discipline await the boy who enlists in the navy.

BIG SAVINGS STAMPS.

The War Savings plan has been regarded rather superciliously by many people. It seemed a pretty thing to invest mere quarter-dollars in Thrift Stamps and then turn a collection of them into a mere \$5 Savings Stamp. Even a collection of these sufficient to fill a book looked undignified alongside of a bank book.

This was the exceptional view, fortunately. Enough people have taken the plan seriously to pour more than \$1,000,000,000 into the United States treasury. But now an appeal is being made to the disdainful folks who, if they must save money, want to save it in more than quarter-dollar or five-dollar units.

The Treasury Department has issued, and is now placing on sale in the postoffices new Savings Certificates of \$100 denomination. They will bear interest at the usual rate, and are subject to the same conditions of redemption as the smaller stamps.

Along with these there is a new \$1,000 certificate which will be sold only at the banks.

With these inducements, there ought to be a rapid rise in Uncle Sam's thrift fund.

"Frank is just sick," said Frank's wife. "He paid \$22 for the shoes he has on." Frank ought to be sick. Twenty-two dollars for a pair of shoes is unnecessary over-indulgence, and unnecessary over-indulgence is what make people sick.

Prices have begun to go down. They will keep on going down, provided people don't start right in squandering foolishly all the money the figure on saving for the next year or so.

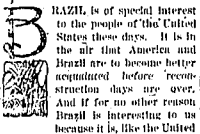
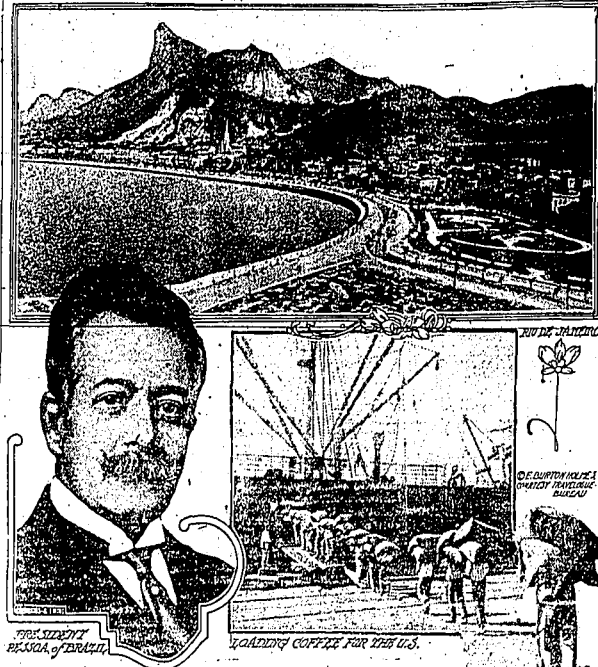
The Kaiser has bought a home in Holland. Probably he has very little hope of a mansion in the skies.

The nice thing about losing a baseball pennant is that you can start right in proving you can win next year's.

The senate continues with its talking bee, despite all pleas for action.

"The president goes to the people"—that is democracy!

BRAZIL: Melting Pot Like the United States



MR. STEPHEN BISSON DE BRASILE

BRAZIL is of special interest to the people of the United States these days. It is in the air that America and Brazil are to become better acquainted before reconstruction days are over.

When President-Elect Epitacio Pessoa was here recently he said, in a public address: "Having in mind the close relations which have always existed between our two countries it is not surprising that the entrance of the United States in the great European conflict should have had a decisive influence on Brazil's procedure.

It is thus of particular importance that the United States endeavor to understand the conditions of life in this vast melting pot of the nations. The melting pot of Brazil is not just like other melting pots, it is a complicated one. The racial diversity in Brazilian society is as pronounced as is the variety of its geographical groups. A study of the home life is a study in ethnology. The original Portuguese stock is found in all phases of transition from unadulterated purity through partial and complete mixtures with native Indian and negro and fusion with foreign blood—Italian, German, English, Spanish and American. The Brazil of today is a melting pot of races and nationalities as heterogeneous as it is fascinating to the changed traveler. Anna Chastin S. Cooper in New York Sun.

plunged suddenly into this diverting venture of his national and racial antagonism, is lured to sympathize with the probable enlightenment of Colonel Roosevelt, who is reported to have handed out a sonnet to certain West Indian officials, when the old sea dog replied: "Well, there are some Spaniards, a few French, some Portuguese, a few Dutchmen and a dozen other races the Lord didn't intend."

The amazing wonder of all especially to a North American lies faultless with European rags, and holding decided views concerning color lines, etc., in the manner in which this country is shown, and apparently with high social and democratic social and racial relations, evolving a distinct Brazilian type. The salient characteristics of what is becoming to be known as the type Brazilian character—his social, intellectual, and high intelligence of the old family Portuguese stock, at once Latin and Moorish by inheritance, the exaltation, daring and possession of a vigorous African blood, softened by the affectionate, emotional strain of the African, especially in north Brazil—the whole shot through with typical modernity and enterprise that marriage and general contact with European races have introduced. With such elements, the national home life of Brazil is being reformed.

The Latin races are said to be lacking in home-life qualities, as compared with English or Teutonic peoples. However, the Portuguese, who carry Brazilian formative principles, were more truly the copyists of Roman civilization than any other European stock, and the Romans were famous for their still surviving in the home. Yet Portugal has been ever a land of home life and her new world Brazilian daughter has inherited her instinct. It is a land placing great emphasis on family life.

There is always danger, in writing of a subject like Brazilian home life, for the narrator to overgeneralize. Home and family life is, like the civilization generally viewed, and it is necessary to decline the stratum of life one is talking about if an attempt is made to find universal characteristics. There is the home of the seringueiro or rubber gatherer in the lonely fastness of the Amazon wilderness, and the temple of the silk weaver in the forest of the Bahia. The Bahia folk, a considerable clan scattered along the Brazilian coast from the extreme north to the Argentine boundary, have a life distinctive, bringing their souls of fish in a subject in fruit looking best in light hearted talk at twilight to sup on a bit of farina, a drop of native whiskey and some of the Brazilian dried beef seen the accompaniment of the stews.

Should one be the just to the many faded home and social life of this grand country, he must needs write also of the occupations of the gaucho, houses, and many quaint streets to offer for inspection. In this period of "remembrance" for World War I, is considering the best means of showing her art treasures to advantage. It is probable that the large modern museum, with plenty of light but with little or no charge, will be adopted by the civic authorities. There are many who plead the advantages of the old houses as much more effective frames to old pictures and curios than the uncompromising aspect of white walls and the glare of skylights. Each type

of Brazilian cowboys, living his darling and picture, the evidence apart on the southern interior plains; then there is the important section of Brazilian society best seen in its original home in the state of Minas—the fazendeiro, or country, as he is sometimes called, the country magnate whose wealth is his proud plantations, and who lives also here or less isolated with his family, constituting his own kingdom independent and free and hospitable as was any of our old southern planters, or any medieval "baronial" lord. It is this land holders class that makes a strong appeal to young and old Brazil alike.

This king of the land and horses and wide distances fascinates and calls for something inherent in the Brazilian character. This country is the seat of all agricultural domain of colonial era, and the fazendeiro still holds in his hand the nation's key. Of him one has said: "Such authority as he has is based on a purely personal greatness part of the world, but in Brazil it rules unquestioned, forming a powerful bond between the soil and its owner.

"In his powerful solitude the land owner indulges in his love of intellectual culture, he inherits his nobility; he possesses a certain natural elegance. This Brazilian aristocracy enjoys political as well as social power. They form the structure, the framework of all party politics; they are the strength, its very life; it is they who govern and administer Brazil."

One is confronted here with the remnants of a feudal oligarchy, with the pomp and refinement belonging to it in the middle ages of Europe, but with the striking difference that this older and feudal Brazilian social order is being voluntarily changed and mixed with a complex variety of mass population, slow but surely forming a democratic society, in which the spirit of republicanism and equality is stronger even than the spirit of the national religion.

Any concrete description of a home life of the better class is a biography of the life and characteristics of the Brazilian woman—the wife and mother. Domestic existence is peculiarly her sphere of action and influence, and from this throne of home life she rules, and also shines.

Brazilian women are not only nice to look at and intelligent conversationalists; they are furthermore "the mothers of men." It is a land of large families, eight and ten children being an exceptional thing in a Brazilian home. The upbringing of children is not attended with any superfluous modern fads and customs, toilet, sleep, birth control, together with other reforms of our northern "reflexive" civilization, are as yet unknown.

Australian Pearls. The pearls that come from the coast of Australia are of many shapes and colors, and in the trade have names to distinguish them. Pearls under ten to the dozen, with the ounce, above that with the gram. Colored pearls do with the value. The white pearls go mostly to Europe and the yellow ones to India.

Attractions of Old Warsaw

A visitor to Warsaw who has enjoyed the advantage of a Polish excursion points to the mistake, made by visitors in a hurry, of confining their attention to the new quarters of the city. Warsaw is not Cracow, or even, for that matter, Przemysl, which has many curious churches, many old

houses, and many quaint streets to offer for inspection. In this period of "remembrance" for World War I, is considering the best means of showing her art treasures to advantage. It is probable that the large modern museum, with plenty of light but with little or no charge, will be adopted by the civic authorities. There are many who plead the advantages of the old houses as much more effective frames to old pictures and curios than the uncompromising aspect of white walls and the glare of skylights. Each type

of museum has its own advantages, and "Warsaw" will have a make-over choice.

Local Briefs

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wheeler and daughter, Miss Elaine, of Caldwell spent last evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Murray. Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler are returning from a trip through Yellowstone park and Butte, Montana, where they attended the laundry owners' convention. They will motor to their home today.

The C. O. D. will give an informal dancing party for its members Friday evening at the Collison hall.

Delbar Singh was arrested Sunday evening for creating a disturbance. A fine of \$10 was imposed which he paid.

Dr. R. A. Parrott left yesterday for Burley where he will attend the Masonic convention.

Juvenile Officer J. R. Ault arrived home Saturday from a trip to Ohio points, where he has been visiting relatives.

C. A. North who has been affiliated with F. L. Stephen in law practice has closed his office and will hereafter be associated with J. S. Keel.

Rev. R. T. Case will be installed as pastor of the Presbyterian church at Burley Wednesday. Rev. A. H. Brand will preach the installation sermon. R. P. Logan was sent as a delegate from Twin Falls with James Johnson as alternate.

The mission festival which was scheduled to be in the city park Sunday was held in the Lutheran church on account of the weather. Members from the churches at Eden, Huhl and Clover were present. More than \$116 was collected for the fund. The assembly was addressed by Rev. Hy-Pish of Pocatello, Rev. M. G. Pollack of Eden and Rev. John Gehring of Twin Falls.

J. E. DeWitt and W. B. Amsberry were business visitors at Hollister yesterday.

E. Witt of Jerome called on friends in Twin Falls yesterday.

F. L. Williams, Miss Amy Kelley, state demonstration agent, and W. T. McCall, state boys and girls' club leader, were visitors in Twin Falls yesterday, conferring with local farm bureau officials.

Miss Martha Conway has accepted a position as substitute at the Riverdale school until the regular teacher is able to reach here.

Miss Iva Simons has accepted a position as primary teacher at Hollister.

Mr. and Mrs. David Brown have sold their home and will move Wednesday. Mrs. Brown is in the city on a few weeks' stay while Mr. Brown is absent on a business trip back to his old home in Jangaville, Wis. On his return to Twin Falls Mr. and Mrs. Brown will leave for California, where they will spend the winter.

J. T. Dammeler from Corvallis, Oregon, is visiting at the ranch home of

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TO SAVE

SYSTEMATICALLY
IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT,
BUT—
THE MAIN THING IS
TO SAVE

You can start a thrift account with us with one
dollar in one minute.

Idaho State Bank

D. R. Pingree, President
E. J. Merrill, Vice President
L. F. Bracken, Cashier
Ray McClellan, Assistant Cashier

SEE

John B. White Auto Company

FOR GUARANTEED TIRES, TUBES, ACCESSORIES OF ALL KINDS

250 MAIN NORTH

Tweed

The English paret. These this year. Y of the mixtu are very plea

We have a tines, serge, in the newest

The new s length skirts lars; others from



France, for the past eighteen months, can possibly tell that you darkened in the A. E. P. has returned to Twin Falls.

Mrs. Roy Cartwright is in Burley for a short visit with friends. Miss Inez Pankett and Miss Lucille Breckenridge left Sunday morning for St. Charles to enter Lindenwood college for the year's work. Oswald Wilson, president of the Idaho Co-Operative beet sugar company, arrived from Salt Lake city, where he has been for a week on business.

SAGE AND SULPHUR DARKENS GRAY HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Restore Color, Gloss and Attractiveness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage and Sulphur, properly compounded brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyoth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, at a small cost. Don't stay gray! Try it! No one

and others, to secure the recovery of \$6962.27 for an alleged overdue bill.

and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, by morning the gray application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive. Wyoth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire thick hair and youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease, and after another application of disease.

GODFREY CHILDREN UNDER CARE OF PROBATE COURT

Juvenile Officer John Ault went to Huhl yesterday to take charge of the four Godfrey children, all of whom are under 12 years of age. This is not the first time the Godfrey family has been before the eyes of the public. The father was arrested for kaffing a proprietor of a dance hall and was freed on a small bail to permit him to contribute toward the support of the family. Since then he has disappeared and with the mother in the hospital the children have been left alone. The superintendent of the Children's Home at Boise has been notified and will make arrangements to take the children in the school.

SUIT IS FILED TO RECOVER \$6962.27 ON ALLEGED BILL

Suit was filed in the district court yesterday by the Studebaker company against the Filer Mercantile company

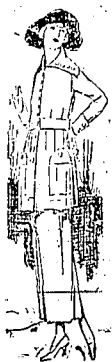
MILADY WILL FIND TOILET ARTICLES TO HER FANCY HERE

We specialize in toilet articles. Nowhere will there be found a more complete assortment or more carefully selected articles for the dressing room. It's a pleasure to show these goods.

MAJESTIC PHARMACY
Ferriss Corner Twin Falls

New Fall Garments Now On Display

We are indeed fortunate in getting in our Fall and Winter stock early—and we are justly proud of the array of charming apparel for Women, Misses and Children that you will find on our racks, ready for your approval and selection.



SUITS Tweed-o-Wool Suits and Coats

The English idea in American out-door apparel. These suits and coats are something new this year. You'll want to see the new colorings of the mixtures used in these garments—they are very pleasing.

We have a fine line of suits in velours, tricotines, serge, silvertones and chiffon broadcloths in the newest colorings.

The new suits have long coats with medium length skirts; some have brocaded vests and collars; others are trimmed in fur. Prices range from

\$37.50 to \$150.00

COATS--PLUSH COATS

They are certainly elegant. In short or long coats. Some are made entirely of plain plush. Others are richly trimmed with furs—all are beautifully lined with fancy satins and silks.

\$37.50 to \$250.00

CLOTH COATS

Here you will find a wide range of new materials and colorings. Let us show you Coats in plumette, chamelion, pomeroy, frost-glow, or tinsel-tone material—and many others. You may have a coat of plain cloth, or trimmed with large fur collars.

\$32.50 to \$135.00

Coats For School Girls

We have an extra fine line of coats for the girls this year. All lovely styles, materials and colors to please the girls. Coats to fit all ages.

Sweaters

We have a fine line of Ladies' and Children's Silk and Wool Sweaters. Can show you most any color in plains or mixtures.

Furs

Furs in all kinds of Capes and Chokers are more popular than ever this season. We have a fine assortment just in.



It Pays to Trade at the Big White Store

REPAIR WORK CAN NOT BE DONE NOW

Council Rejects Offer of Warren Company—No 'Hurry' When Work Can Begin.

Council will be unable to repair the paving in the present paved district "for the first week after the next evening when the bid was received for the work, an offer from the Warren Construction company. The Warren people offered to repair a minimum of 2000 square yards at a rate of \$15.00 per the first square yard and \$12.00 for the rest. This would cost much more than the amount estimated as the cost by City Engineer Berg on whose advice council acted \$7000 in the bond issue for this work.

The bid of the Warren people also developed that a definite time for doing the work could not be set. The bid stated, "At this time it is impossible to guarantee to you any definite time when these repairs can be made on all of the available equipment for this class of work is rejected."

The bid was rejected.

In addition council had to reject a contract for the construction of a lateral sewer to the Heinecke firm of Parkland. The bid of this concern was \$35,576.50. One other bid as submitted by Charles Mull, who was the successful bidder for the contract for the main line sewer.

The improvement ordinances were passed by council which it was decided to call for new bids for the new boxes for the filter operator. But one bid was submitted last evening.

WELCOME PERSHING

(Continued From Page One)

general was a little boy trying to look very dignified and soldierly. He was Warren's youngest child, commander in chief's only surviving child. When the general received his commission he turned to his son and handed him the document with an injunction to keep it safe. The "hero" kept it in a tin box for the next later on, the great crowd at the city hall had got separated from his father, much to the dismay of the general. When the boy was recovered his father asked anxiously:

"Where, have you got the commission?"

"Yes, sir," replied the "sergeant" promptly.

"Well, see that you hold on to it!"

General Pershing Present.

The army and officialdom did not have all their own way at the preliminary reception at Hoboken. Among a little army of welfare workers who greeted General Pershing were fifty girls, three of whom were decorated for bravery under fire while serving the "Big Boy" division. The naval cadets were also present and the Levittian as she steamed to the bay and included in the committee at the dock was Rear Admiral Morgan, commander of the cruiser and transport service.

New York in Hollars.

But it was 12:45 P. M. when they began the real ovation to the returning hero. For hours before the arrival of the general "the battery" was thronged with parties thousands who stood in aerated lines awaiting waiting. As the little boat with its distinguished party stepped up to the pier an uproar began such as Manhattan probably had never heard before. The cheering, the waving of flags and vessels' steam whistles and the women's welcome but vainly tried to drown the roar of cheers which rose and fell and rose again. Overhead airplanes dipped and circled but the drums of the engines were scarcely audible and the mechanical efforts of the fire department's loud were out.

Electric Light and Running Water from one plant

One plant will do the work of two. The new electric lighting and running water system from one abundant supply of water will insure the most economical as well as the most efficient and powerful for all purposes.

Kewanee Electric Light and Running Water System

Equipped with this plant, you can generate electricity, heat, steam, and hot water for the most economical and efficient use of your power. Kewanee Electric Light and Running Water System built for the Kewanee Electric Light and Running Water Company, Kewanee, Ill. This plant is the most modern and efficient of its kind. It is the only one of its kind in the world. It is the only one of its kind in the world. It is the only one of its kind in the world.

Kewanee Electric Light and Running Water System. Kewanee, Ill. Kewanee Electric Light and Running Water System. Kewanee, Ill. Kewanee Electric Light and Running Water System. Kewanee, Ill.

Modernize Your Farm

The truck costed gentleman of Mayor Hyman's welcoming committee—defeated the general no long at a private dinner that Warren Pershing didn't get to see a trained elephant act and in adding insult to injury they whipped his father off to a different box from that in which Warren was

Snooks To America

To give the impression of a number of men who were already trying to get on board by the manner of the frog in the fable.

Pershing Embarrassed.

At first General Pershing seemed to be suffering more from embarrassment than any other emotion. He walked slowly from the landing stairs to his fully decorated automobile and settled himself down in his seat like a man who has an important journey to make and wants to get it over with as quickly as possible. But as the long procession of the band started to march he was engulfed in a flood of enthusiasm before which no man could have remained unmoved.

New York's financial district was a boiling of noise and a riot of color. Every window in the business district was pelted and even the cloud clearing roofs had their quotas. From these a storm of many color confetti descended on the surging crowds below. The mobs had disappeared with the mounting sun and the brilliancy of the scene was enhanced by streams of red, white and blue ribbons which were shot through the air from hundreds of the windows.

"Don't Do That Girls."

The enthusiasm of the spectators found vent in one unheeded general which was relieved by General Pershing with apparently stolid feelings. As he entered the city hall flanked by Governor Smith and Mayor Hyman, a woman burst past the police and "relinquished" a small kiss on his cheek. Another woman, stirred to emulation, attempted to repeat the feat, but the general raised his hand in supplication: "Oh, no, no, no," he said, "please don't. Not that."

The crowd was so dense that General Pershing was officially welcomed to New York was brief. After the mayor had delivered his address of welcome and the general had made a short reply, the party emerged again into the procession was ready.

Stone Noise and Then Motion.

As the procession advanced up town stone noise grew fiercer but at a steel grating two husky "doughboys" whose somewhat grimy khaki trousers explained how they had beaten their swords into spinning hooks, proved that the American soldier is generally a good natured fellow. They had created an enormous piece of sheet iron on the pavement, and with two hammers made a racket which seemed to please them, whatever were the feelings of their neighbors. The first party in a large luncheon provided an ancient church bell which three girls banged lustily with hammers.

On arrival at his hotel the general retired immediately to the suite which had been reserved for him. There he lunched privately with his son and sister, Mrs. May Pershing of Lincoln, Neb., and Mrs. D. M. Butler. His rooms were decorated with masses of flowers sent by admirers. After luncheon he received a number of visitors, including Secretary of War Woodrow Wilson, who is a fellow guest in the hotel.

So many invitations have been extended to General Pershing that he decided today to prolong his stay here until Thursday, leaving for Washington that night.

Plans for Wednesday.

At a conference today final plans were made for the parade Wednesday. The commander agreed to ride at the head of the line all the way down from 11th street in Washington square to the procession which will be five and a half miles long, including all the artillery and other equipment of the first division. It will take two and a half hours to pass the reviewing stand.

The members of the war and agricultural departments were not in action today to obtain the release of Kilborn. General Pershing's speech here, held in quarantine at Newport News, in order that he may be ridden by the "doughboys" in the reception of the audience from the stage, and by the time General Pershing appeared in the box decorated with his personal flag, eyes of the east as well as the great audience were trained on him.

General Pershing stood at salute as the orchestra, almost drowned out by cheers, played the "Star Spangled Banner." He waved repeatedly as the demonstration continued, but smilingly declined the persistent cries of "pershing" that rose from the audience.

The performance finally got under way again, but thereafter, both audience and cast were more aware of the presence of the commander in chief than the spectacle on the stage.

Warren's Eyes.

The truck costed gentleman of Mayor Hyman's welcoming committee—defeated the general no long at a private dinner that Warren Pershing didn't get to see a trained elephant act and in adding insult to injury they whipped his father off to a different box from that in which Warren was

Snooks To America



ERICK LEISZNER.

seated. Warren "got even" during the luncheon, however, by going down to the basement of the theater, where he fed apples to the elephants and shook hands with a score or more of the "juvenile" "ladies of the chorus."

Two special features of welcome were added to the program. Shortly after the general arrived, a cartoonist set the house cheering afresh when he threw on the screen a welcome to General Pershing, which he followed with a portrait of the general and a picture of a big St. Bernard dog "for the little general."

Later, during a "flower scene," the (faintly clad) premier of an "aerial ballet" flew over General Pershing's box and dropped a laurel wreath.

The crowd, which greeted General Pershing as he left the theater, was even greater than that which greeted him upon his arrival and did not police efforts to check them in the rush to get close to the general's carriage. General Pershing acknowledged the cheers with a smile and a wave of his cap, raising from his seat and bowing as the automobile nosed through the crowd.

HUN WIPER

(Continued From Page One)

clared, applied to differences between nations.

America could stay out of the league, said the president, but it would be at the expense of the peace of the world.

"America is necessary," he added, "to the peace of the world, and the peace and confidence of the world are necessary to America."

SAYS SOUTH WOULD BE MOOD PROSPECTIOUS WITHOUT COTTON

By the Associated Press.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 8.—The south would be more prosperous if it never raised a hue of cotton, Senator Smith, of Georgia, today told planters and factors attending a two day assembly of the American Cotton association.

JUSTIFY TERMS OF TRUCE

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Terms on which the recent theatrical strike was settled were ratified today at a meeting of the Actors' Equity association.



THE QUICKEST WAY TO STOP A LEAK IS GRAB A TELEPHONE AND SPEAK

We have an emergency plumbing repair service, ready to respond at a minute's notice to remedy defective plumbing. You will like our work as well as our low prices.

E. P. Swank
Plumbing, Heating, Sheet Metal Works
Phone 307 263 2nd Ave. N.

TWINS ARE BORN TO THE ALWORTHS

"It's 'Duddy' Alworth now.

"Twins, a boy and a girl, were born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Alworth last night. Both mother and children are doing nicely.

"Duddy" Alworth, who is business manager of The Chronicle and commander of the Twin Falls post of the American Legion, is one of the best men of returned soldiers in this section. Last night he was busy receiving the congratulations of his fellow workers on The Chronicle, while today he promises to be ready to receive congratulations from his many friends in this section.

WHITE AND BLACK MEN THREATENED WITH LYNCHING

By the Associated Press.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 8.—John C. Stewart, white, and Henry C. Johnson, negro, were arrested by police tonight from a crowd of angry white men who were threatening to lynch them after the negro had run down four white children with his automobile.

The mob had a noise around the negro's neck, according to the police when Stewart interposed, pleading that justice be allowed to take its course. The crowd's anger turned against the white men, and when they arrived, they saw the crime was being transferred to his neck.

Both Stewart and Johnson were taken into custody. None of the children were seriously hurt, it is said.

AMERICAN NEWSPAPER MAN ACKNOWLEDGES KILLING

By the Associated Press.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 8.—Reginald Lister, who is said once to have been an American newspaper correspondent, pleaded guilty today to participating in the killing of Colonel Vladimir Khatberg, a former Russian naval officer and an American citizen named Legros.

ASSIS DETAILED REPORT

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Representative Kelly, Independent, Pennsylvania, today introduced a resolution calling on Secretary Baileiff to submit to the house a detailed report of efforts made to stabilize prices in basic industries through the "Peek commission," and the results which would have followed the putting of his plan into effect, based on the prevailing prices of such basic products.

BELGIAN COAL MINERS FOR NATIONALIZATION OF MINES

By the Associated Press.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 8.—The miners' federation at Charleroi has adopted resolutions in favor of the nationalization of mines, a minimum wage scale, control of the production and distribution of coal, and the creation of an organization representing both the miners and the government.

LACKAWANNA COAL MINERS READY TO GO ON STRIKE

By the Associated Press.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 8.—Thirty thousand miners in the Lackawanna valley will be out on a strike tomorrow.

row morning. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western outlay on the Lackawanna strike having decided tonight to go out. About 14,000 men are employed at these collieries and an equal number of Delaware and Hudson miners workers went on a strike this morning. The attention in the northern anthracite fields is serious. Both strikes are authorized by the district union officers.

ANIMALS SENT TO FAIR MUST BE FREE OF CHOLERIA

Members of the farm-bureau organization have decided tonight that those sending exhibits of fowls to Dole for the coming state fair must make an affidavit that "to his knowledge or belief" they are not affected with cholera and that cholera has not existed on the premises from which the swine have been removed for a period not less than three months immediately prior to the date of shipment. The exhibitor must also agree to autarize the animals with a solution of 5 per cent carbolic acid or a compound solution of equal U. S. P. at a dilution of at least three fluid ounce to a gallon of water.

DEPENDS KAISER AS MUCH MISUNDERSTOOD RULER

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, Sept. 8.—Dr. Ernest von Dreyer, the former court preacher, who during the course of the war preached numerous sermons in honor of Emperor William and the German army, has published a brochure on his personal impressions of the former emperor. In it he represents him as a persecuted and innocent man.

CARDINAL MERCIER WILL REACH NEW YORK TODAY

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Cardinal Mercier is expected to arrive here at 6:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. A wireless message from the steamship Great Northern upon which the cardinal is a passenger, said the liner would arrive at Ambrose channel at noon Tuesday and would dock in Hoboken before midnight.

READY FOR INVESTIGATION OF THE CHICAGO PACKERS

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—With the arrival today of Isadore Kresel, New York attorney, recently named by President Wilson to aid investigation and prosecution of the packing industry for alleged violation of anti-trust laws, announcement was made that the government's machinery was in full motion.

SIT ELECTIONS FOR NOV. 9

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—According to the transcript the first parliamentary election will be November 9.

We Have Moved

We announce to our friends and the public that we are now established in our new quarters at 263 2nd Ave. N. of the White Store.

PLAIN PRICE STORE

Beautiful New Things Are Arriving Daily in Our Ready-to-Wear Department

Our displays represent the best productions of the foremost originators of style, and our cumulative experience in anticipating the requirements of a clientele whose preferences give the final stamp of approval to the season's mode.

New Coats, New Suits, New Dresses and New Skirts Are Arriving Daily

Here in lovely groups are Autumn's brilliant classics. Style is supreme and each presentation is a masterpiece of Art. Those who wish to select new wardrobes for Autumn and Winter will find in these displays an admirable opportunity.

Idaho Dept. Store

GOSPEL'S FATHER DIES

By the Associated Press.

BOSTON, Sept. 8.—Salmon Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, died at his home tonight. The labor leader was notified of the death at Chicago and will cancel engagements in the middle west to attend the funeral in New York Sunday.

For Sale

FIVE ROOM HOUSE, 538 THIRD AVENUE EAST. AT A BARGAIN IF SOLD QUICK.

MUNSON & HARDER
PHONE 273

AJAJAS SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for Twin Falls County.

E. P. Swank, plaintiff, vs. Thomas A. Gibson and Mrs. Thomas A. Gibson, his wife, defendants.

The State of Idaho sends greetings to Thomas A. Gibson and Mrs. Thomas A. Gibson, his wife, the above named defendants.

You are hereby notified that a complaint has been filed against you in the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for Twin Falls County by the above named plaintiff, and you are hereby directed to appear and answer said complaint within twenty days of the service of this summons if served within said Judicial District, and within forty days if served elsewhere; and if you fail to do so, that unless you so appear and answer said complaint within the time here, in specified, the plaintiff will take judgment against you as prayed, in said complaint. And you are further notified that said action is brought to enforce a material note in amount \$123.25, Block 83, Townsite of Twin Falls, for the total sum of \$235.25.

Witness my hand and seal of the said District Court, this 30th day of July, 1917.

C. C. SGOINGS, Clerk.

By C. L. BOWEN, Deputy, James R. Bothwell and W. Orr Chapman, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Reading at Twin Falls. Aug. 1-31-17.

Idaho Dept. Store

Modish Separate SKIRTS

Many of the most charming Autumn Skirts have decided wisely enough that their rich plaids are interesting enough for them to dispense with any trimming save bone buttons.

Other Skirts take plain woolsens or novelty weave silks.