

# COMPROMISE REPUBLICANS HALT EFFORTS

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## POULTRY RAISERS ORGANIZE PROJECT

Emory Foltz Is Selected As Leader—Pren Moore Delivers Talk On Industry.

Poultry raisers of various parts of Twin Falls county met with Pren Moore, of the state extension department, at the farm bureau office yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Moore outlined a program of work that he declared would do much to aid the poultry industry in this section. Following his talk those present selected Emory Foltz as county poultry project leader and elected to carry out the following work during the coming year: Culling, demonstrations, feeds and feeding formulas, poultry housing and breeding.

These definite plans were worked out with the idea of carrying them to perfection. Leaders in each community will be urged to work up interest so that definite results can be reported to the county project leader, and these given out to the public.

There were 25 present at the meeting.

## Society

The Blue Lakes Boulevard club was delightfully entertained at the home of Mrs. V. B. Place Friday afternoon. The fore part of the afternoon was taken up with a business meeting and election of officers, after which the time was spent with sewing. Officers elected for the coming year were: Mrs. E. A. Harding, president; Mrs. Place, vice president; Mrs. A. C. Rutherford, secretary, and Mrs. A. M. Long, treasurer.

Miss Agnes Hart was hostess yesterday afternoon at a tea for about 25 of her intimate friends. The tea table was presided over by Miss Anna Bonjoli, while Miss Hart

presided over the coffee urn. The table had as its centerpiece a "cupid" dressed as a bride. The house was tastefully decorated with Oregon grapes, ferns and pussy willows. Pink shaded candles and white bells completed the arrangement. The out of town guests of the afternoon were Mrs. Fred Duhols of Washington, D. C., Mrs. S. W. Wilson of Blackfoot and Mrs. S. J. Cowen of Pocatello.

The M. R. and S. club will meet at the home of Mrs. Flowerday—Wednesday afternoon. The subject under discussion will be "St. Augustine." The meeting will be under the leadership of Mrs. Cory.

The first of a series of seven dances will be given by the Elks Wednesday evening. This is the first dance given by the club since the holidays and will no doubt be well attended.

Richard H. Wilson and mother of Tacoma, Wash., will arrive in Twin Falls this afternoon for the Hart-Wilson wedding which will take place Wednesday afternoon.

H. M. Gilliam of Baker, Oregon, entertained Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Roberts at 8 o'clock dinner Saturday evening at the Hotogen hotel.

## FUNERAL SERVICES TO BE HELD FOR GRUBB TODAY

Funeral services will be held today at 2 o'clock at De Witt's chapel for J. R. Grubb, who died Jan. 23 from an aneurysm in the heart. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock at De Witt's chapel.

The remains will be interred in Twin Falls cemetery.

## FITZGERALD GETS PERMIT

James Fitzgerald received a building permit for a one-story building, 24x36, to be erected on lots 5, 6, 7, Blue Lakes addition.

## MEDINA BE MADE CHARGE

By the Associated Press. NEAN, ANTONIO, Jan. 23.—Hilario Medina, sub-secretary of foreign relations of Mexico, will be sent to Washington as chargé d'affaires, Gonzalo G. de la Mata, local Mexican consul announced here today.

## BUHL COW RANKS FIRST AS PRODUCER

Report Submitted by Towner Shows Many Dairywomen on the Honor Roll.

"Golden Hero's Queen Lark," a purebred Guernsey cow, owned by Henry Schick of Buhl was the highest producing cow in the Pioneer cow testing association for the month of December, according to the report just submitted by the farm bureau.

The association work is now in full swing and under the note signing system the work for the whole year is assured.

The following dairywomen have cows in the roll of honor class for December. To get into this class a cow must produce more than 10 pounds of butter, or 1,500 pounds of milk for the month.

B. G. Ephraim, L. T. Tenchneck, 2 cows; Carl Irwin, 3 cows; S. H. Kaylor, Henry Schick, 3 cows; E. T. Sandmeyer, C. Harding, C. H. Hemphelen, and W. M. Shotwell.

## Local Briets

Miss Finley, well-known teacher of Rock Creek, spent Saturday afternoon in Twin Falls shopping.

Miss Mary M. Duin of Kimberly motored to Twin Falls yesterday forenoon for a brief shopping trip.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Lenz of Hazelton were among the out-of-town visitors in Twin Falls yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Lenz shopped while here.

Miss Charlotte Olstad of Kimberly spent Saturday afternoon in Twin Falls visiting the shopping district.

Miss Irene Tarbet of Rupert was among the Twin Falls shoppers yesterday afternoon, returning home in the evening.

Mrs. A. G. Plow of Jerome motored to Twin Falls yesterday afternoon for a few hours in the shopping district. Miss Cecel Kuntz of Kimberly was among the out-of-town shoppers in Twin Falls yesterday afternoon.

F. C. Calvill and W. D. Madigan of Pocatello are spending a few days in Twin Falls called here by business interests.

M. S. Parker of Boise arrived in Twin Falls yesterday afternoon for a short business trip.

Mrs. L. A. Jessie of Burley spent Saturday afternoon in Twin Falls visiting the shopping district.

Mrs. S. L. Vandenberg accompanied by her daughter, arrived from Buhl for a few days visiting with friends and shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. Orle E. Lee of Buhl are spending a short time in Twin Falls on a combined business and shopping trip.

Miss Edna Hyde of Kimberly spent Saturday afternoon in Twin Falls visiting the shopping district returning home last evening.

Mrs. A. G. Stowe of Kimberly motored to Twin Falls yesterday afternoon for a short shopping trip.

Miss Florence Castello is spending the week-end in Twin Falls visiting at the home of her parents from Burley.

Miss Anna Hawkins of Filer was among the out-of-town shoppers in Twin Falls yesterday afternoon returning home last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stack of Twin Falls are in Buhl visiting at the home of friends and relatives.

Walter Arington of Rupert is spending a couple of days in Twin Falls looking after interests here.

Mrs. Fred Duhols of Washington, D. C., has arrived in Twin Falls for the Hart-Wilson wedding, which will take place Wednesday afternoon.

E. J. Merrill and R. D. Lingren of Pocatello, were among the Twin Falls arrivals yesterday afternoon and will remain here a few days looking after interests here.

W. G. Reed is leaving for California this evening, where he will spend some time visiting points of interest.

Fred B. Hill, who has been in Twin Falls for the past nine months visiting at the home of his mother, Mrs. Rosalia Hill, left yesterday morning for Houston, Texas, where he goes to look after his oil interests.

A. S. Owens of Burley was among the out-of-town business men in Twin Falls yesterday afternoon.

H. E. Thomas of Berger motored to Twin Falls yesterday afternoon to get Miss Edna Thomas, who will spend the week-end at her home in Berger.

Miss Anna Lichtenberg of Kimberly is spending the week-end in Twin Falls visiting at the home of friends.

Mrs. E. F. Hollman of Murtaugh motored to Twin Falls yesterday afternoon for a brief shopping tour.

Harry Applebaum, business man of Murtaugh, is in Twin Falls looking after some legal matters.

DANCING MASTERS WORRIED BY CARDINAL'S ATTACK

PARIS, Jan. 24.—Cardinal Ametis' recent pastoral letter against modern dances, which was read from the pulpits of all Catholic churches, has caused a great flurry among dancing professors. They have sent a delegation to the cardinal to try and reach a compromise with him.

A weekly newspaper is of the opin-

ion that the cardinal's letter was aimed principally at the "American dances, such as the 'fox trot' and 'henny tug'."

The dancing teachers have decided to eliminate a step from the tango and rename it "the habanera." They have added a step to the fox trot, and called the dance the "Spanish scotch." Some steps have been modified in the one-step and it has been named the "American polka."

## BUHL HIGH SCHOOL NOTICE

The forces given by the senior boys last Friday was well needed. It was a "Black Branch of Promise Case." The costumes were stunning and the boys did credit to their coach, Miss Baine. The girls of the class will present another play in a few weeks. These are the preliminaries to the senior play which will be given in about two months.

The basket ball team was again defeated last Friday; this time by Burley.

On Wednesday evening a fast game of basketball was played between the high school teams and the local American Legion. The legion boys put up a good fight but they were not hardened to the game and were defeated, 33 to 25.

Senior English classes have been debating this past week. They have shown displays of energy and ability.

This past week was the last week of the semester. Everybody is pleased with the work that has been done, and is ready to plunge into the thick of the fray, next Monday.

A letter was addressed last week to the teachers of the Buhl schools by Superintendent J. Henry Allen, in which he laid stress upon teaching thoroughness rather than to cover a large number of pages. Mr. Allen also desired to convey the same information to the parents in order that the fullest co-operation may be realized.

## PIRE DESTROYS OIL REFINERY

By the Associated Press. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 23.—A warehouse of the Atlantic Refining company in the Lawrenceville district of Pittsburgh, housing 300,000 gallons of lubricating oil, was destroyed by fire of undetermined origin late today. The loss was estimated at from \$300,000 to \$500,000.

## CLAIM SICK SOLDIERS WERE FORCED TO GO ON SHIP

By the Associated Press. HONOLULU, Jan. 24.—The bodies of two soldiers who were reported to have made an antemortem statement

**DELCO-LIGHT**  
The complete Electric Light and Power Plant  
Better living conditions. Keeps the boys and girls on the farm.  
D. C. WATSON CO. Idaho  
Twin Falls

that the medical officials at Fort McDowell, in San Francisco bay, refused to remove them from the ship although they reported that they were sick, arrived on the United States navy transport Madawaska here today. Privates in the medical corps, who accompanied the deceased soldiers here, were authority for the alleged statement.

## CONFIRM REPORT OF THE CAPTURE OF KOLCHAK

By the Associated Press. LONDON, Sat. Jan. 24.—Con-

firmed the report that Admiral Kolchak, former head of the "White" government in Russia, is a prisoner of the revolutionists at Irkutsk, the Daily Mail's Harbin correspondent in a dispatch dated Thursday says the indications are that he will be tried and that his life is in danger.

"Various reasons are current," says the correspondent, "why Kolchak was surrendered by the Czecho, to whose protection he had been committed by the allies, but it would be premature to accuse the Czecho of bad faith."

**NEW SPRING Pumps and Oxfords**

You will want to see the fresh new Pumps and Oxfords we have just received for Spring wear. More important still—you will want to try them on.

**TWO LEADING STYLES**

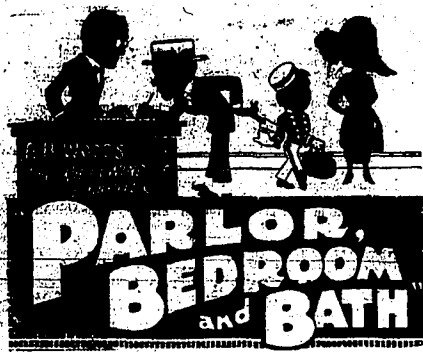
**Ladies Black Kid Pumps**  
With Baby Louis Heels  
A wondrously pretty model that will be very popular this year.

**Brown Kid Oxfords**  
With Louis Heel  
This Oxford is a work of excellence—the fitting is superior and satisfactory.

**Try Sinclair's First IT PAYS**

## Lavering Theater

FEBRUARY 2ND



The Funniest Farce Ever Written  
PRICES—\$1.10, \$1.65, \$2.20

## Influzone

The little living bodies which cause "flu" are so small that a million could rest on a head of a pin. When a person coughs or sneezes a fine spray carrying with it an untold number of these germs are spread into the surrounding atmosphere. By using "INFLUZONE" night and morning keeps the mouth and throat free from the DREADED DISEASE GERMS. Disease germs find their way into the human system through the nose and mouth. INFLUZONE is made for your protection.

Buy it today. All Druggists, \$1.00.  
Twin Falls, Fisher Drug Co.

## Hall Laboratories

### House For Sale

PRICE \$3,300; TERMS

New 4-room bungalow, plastered and glassed-in sleeping porch, lots of built-in work; good garage; will be completed about February 1st.

GEO. H. SMITH,

Phone 371

137 Shoshone South.

**THE ORPHEUM THEATER**  
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday  
"The Border Legion"  
A Melodrama of the Lawless West in the days of '49. By ZANE GREY. A Ship of a Girl Tames a Mankiller of the Plains.

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2  
DAVIS AND EARL  
Singing, Talking, Comedy and Dancing  
Matinee—2 O'clock  
Evening—6:30

**ORCHESTRA MUSIC**  
Always a Good Variety  
Always Your Money's Worth

**KNIGHT BENSON and HOLLOWAY**  
A Trio of Clever Comedy Entertainers.

**Vaudeville Acts**

**GEM THEATER**  
Monday Tuesday 2 DAYS ONLY  
QUALITY FOTOPLAYS  
Charles Ray in "The Coward"  
A Thrilling Six-Part Production  
A BILLY RHODES COMEDY A PRISMA WONDER COLOR SCENIC  
EVENING SHOW—6 O'CLOCK  
QUALITY FOTOPLAYS  
Monday Tuesday 2 DAYS ONLY

# COMMUNISTS CONDEMNED BY SECRETARY

Membership in Organization Sufficient Grounds for Deportation

SHOWS HOW TENETS ADVOCATE VIOLENCE

Support Parliamentary Action Only as Long as Direct Revolution Impossible.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The communist party of America was

held by Secretary Wilson of the labor department today to be "a revolutionary party" within the meaning of the statutes providing for deportation of aliens who affiliate with such organizations. In the specific case of Engelbert Pries, an Austrian, arrested in recent raids, execution of a deportation warrant was ordered by Mr. Wilson, paving the way for deportation of a large number of aliens now in custody and against whom similar charges have been brought.

Believes in Revolution.  
The ruling was made in a formal opinion in which documents relating to the communist party are discussed in conclusion the secretary said: "The only conclusion is that the communist party of America is an organization that believes in, teaches and advocates the overthrow by force or violence of the government of the United States."

The text of the opinion follows: "In re Engelbert Pries, arrested at the United States at Port Huron, Michigan on November 13, 1915, having arrived in Quebec by S. S. Scotian, June 14, 1914. This is a case arising under the provisions of the act of October 15, 1918.

"It is alleged that the alien is a member of the communist party of America, which is affiliated with the communist international. The alien admits membership in the communist party of America and that it is affiliated with the communist international. The sole question, therefore, to be determined by the secretary of labor is: Is the communist party of America such an organization as is

described in the act of October 16, 1918, membership in which makes an alien liable to deportation. The language of the act applicable to this particular case is as follows:

"Section 1. . . . "Aliens who are members of or affiliated with any organization that entertains a belief in, teaches or advocates the overthrow by force or violence of the government of the United States. . . . "Section 2. . . . shall upon the warrant of the secretary of labor, be taken into custody and deported in the manner provided in the immigration act of February 5, 1917."

Most Advocate Force.  
"It will be observed that belief in, teaching or advocating the overthrow of the government of the United States is not alone sufficient to bring any organization within the scope of the act. There must in addition be belief in, teaching or advocacy or violence to accomplish, the purpose. Bearing that in mind we may proceed to an examination of the facts.

"The manifesto and program and constitution of the communist party of America and the manifesto of the communist international are submitted in evidence and their authenticity admitted.

"The constitution of the communist party (see page 19 of the manifesto) requires that:

"Section 2. Applicants for membership shall sign an application card reading as follows: "The undersigned, after having read the constitution and program of the communist party, declares his adherence to the principles and tactics of the party and the communist international; agrees to submit to its discipline of the party as stated in its constitution and pledges himself to engage actively in its work."

"An examination of the documents submitted clearly demonstrates the fact that it is the purpose of the communist party to overthrow the government of the United States. There are many statements that might be quoted showing that purpose. The two following are typical. On page 9 of the manifesto, the program the statement is made:

"Communism does not propose to 'capture' the bourgeois parliamentary state, but to conquer and destroy it."

"And again on the same page:

"The proletarian class struggle is essentially a political struggle. . . . The objective is the conquest by the proletariat of the power of the state. . . . Many other statements of similar purport are to be found in the same document. After having found that it is the purpose of the communist party to conquer and destroy the government of the United States the next point of inquiry is as to how the conquest is to take place.

Not to Use Parliaments.  
"It is apparent the communist party does not seek to attain its ob-

jective through the parliamentary machine of this government established by and operated under the constitution. This is made sufficiently clear by the following excerpt from page 15 of the manifesto referred to:

"B. Participation in parliamentary campaigns which in the general struggle of the proletariat is of secondary importance, is for the purpose of revolutionary propaganda only."

"And again from page 2 and 10 of the same document:

"In those countries where the conditions for a workers' revolution are not yet ripe, the same process will go on. The only parliamentaryism, however, is only of secondary importance."

"And further on page ten:

"The parliamentarism of the communist party performs a service in mobilizing the proletariat against capitalism, emphasizing the political character of the class struggle."

"The parliamentary processes established by our government are to be discarded or used for propaganda purposes only and other means adopted for overthrowing the government of the United States. These means are stated at considerable length and frequently reiterated, seemingly for purposes of emphasis. The conquest of the power of the state is to be accomplished by the mass power of the proletariat.

"Strikes are to be broadened and deepened, making them general and militant, and efforts made to develop their revolutionary complications. The strike is to be used not simply as a means to secure redress of economic wrongs, but as a means through which the government may be conquered and destroyed. A few excerpts from the communist party and communist international manifestos will make these statements evident.

"Thus, on page 16, of the manifesto and program of the communist party of America is the following:

Want Political Mass-Strikes.  
"The conquest of the power of the state is accomplished by the mass power of the proletariat. Political mass strikes are a vital factor in developing this mass power, preparing the working class for the conquest of capitalism. The power of the proletariat lies fundamentally in its control of the industrial process. The mobilizing of this control against capitalism means the initial form of the revolutionary mass action, that will conquer the power of the state."

"And again, on page 11 of the same document:

"Mass action is industrial in its origin but it acquires political character as it develops fully. . . . Mass action in the form of general political strikes and demonstrations, unites the energy and forces of the proletariat, brings proletarian mass pressure on the bourgeois state. The more general and conscious mass action becomes, the more it antagonizes the bourgeois state, the more it becomes political mass action. . . . Mass action is responsive to the struggle, the form of aggressive proletarian struggle under imperialism. Out of this struggle develops revolutionary mass action, the necessary for the proletarian conquest of power."

"And further, on page 12, the same document:

"Strikes of protest develop into general political strikes and then into revolutionary mass action for the conquest of the power of the state. Mass action becomes political in purpose while extra parliamentary in form; it is usually a process of revolution and the revolution itself in operation."

"Then on page 16:

"The communist party shall participate in mass strikes, not only to achieve the immediate purpose of the strike, but to develop the revolutionary implications of the mass strike." "And then, making the purpose still more clear, we have the following from page 20 of the manifesto of the communist international, with which the communist party of America is affiliated and whose manifesto is accepted as part of the policy of the party.

"The revolutionary era compels the proletariat to make use of the means of battle, which will concentrate its entire energies, namely, mass action, with its logical resultant, direct conflict with the governmental machinery in open combat. All other methods, such as revolutionary use of bourgeois parliamentarism, will be of only secondary significance."

"From these quotations and numerous other statements in the manifesto, it is apparent that the communist party of America is not merely a political party seeking to conquer and destroy the state in open combat. And the only conclusion is that the communist party of America is an organization that believes in, teaches and advocates the overthrow by force or violence of the government of the United States. It does not involve upon the secretary of labor officially to determine whether congress was wise in creating the law or the communist party was in creating the facts. It is his duty to apply the law to the facts as he finds them. It is mandatory upon him to take into custody aliens who are members of this organization and deport them in the manner provided for in the immigration act of February 5, 1917."

"Your memorandum of July 17, 1920, recommending that the deportation of Engelbert Pries, such as

portation to be to Austria, at government expense, is hereby approved. (Signed) "W. B. Wilson, Secretary."

## TYPHOID FEVER CLAIMS 6000 VICTIMS IN RUSSIA

By the Associated Press.  
STOCKHOLM, Jan. 24.—Six thousand Russian troops are dead in the typhoid epidemic, according to a special dispatch from St. Petersburg. The situation in that territory is grave owing to the lack of medical supplies.

## CHINA INFORMED JAPAN NOW CONTROLS KIAO-SHIAO

By the Associated Press.  
PEKING (Tuesday), Jan. 20.—The Japanese minister has informed the Chinese government that Japan, in accordance with the peace treaty, will succeed to the rights formerly enjoyed

by Germany in Kiao-Chow. He further stated that Japan was ready to negotiate regarding the return of the leased territory, if China were willing, emphasizing the fact that when arrangements were completed Japan would immediately withdraw the railway guards from Shantung. China has not yet replied.

## LOWDEN IS TO MAKE A SPEAKING TOUR IN S. D.

By the Associated Press.  
CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Gov. Frank O. Lowden, candidate for the republican nomination for president, will make a speaking tour of South Dakota, February 13, 14 and 15. The governor will deliver about 12 speeches, his campaign headquarters here announced today. Sioux Falls, Pierre and Deadwood will be among the cities visited.

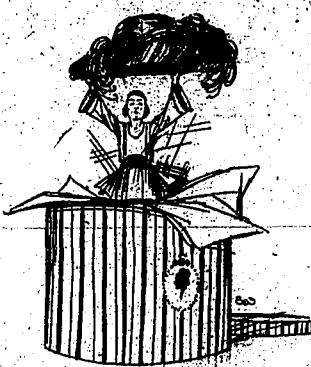
## Attention, Singers

### One Hundred Fifty Singers

are wanted to help in the Big Easter Cantata, to be given at the Methodist Church, under the direction of Leonard Wood.

This is a fine opportunity to learn some good music, so be there. First rehearsal Monday evening 7:30, at the church. All old members of the Choir are urged to be present.

# Mid-Season Millinery You'll Be Proud to Wear



Styles are not only new, but they are distinctive, exclusive, and modestly priced. A new hat will add greatly to your winter suit.

With this showing of Mid-Season Millinery we also offer all our winter hats at

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"Another Package From Booth's"  
**Booth Mercantile Company**

## Wash the Electric Way

# \$7.50 Now

Balance in small, monthly payments

## FEDERAL

Electric Washer

Free Demonstration

ON REQUEST

IT WILL PAY YOU TO INVESTIGATE

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Gentlemen:

I would be glad to have a salesman call with reference to the Federal Electric Washer, with the understanding that it places me under no obligation.

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## Public Land Sale in Gem District

The Gem Irrigation District will sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder, eleven of the choicest tracts in the Gem district. Sale to be held at its office in

### Homedale, Idaho

FEBRUARY 17, 1920  
Commencing at 2:00 O'clock P. M.

Land located adjacent to shipping station, the best of soil—perfect title, all back water assessments paid in full—free water for the year 1920. Easy terms; long time. For particulars write

FRANK MYLER, Secretary, Homedale, Idaho.  
J. H. LOWELL, Manager, Caldwell, Idaho.

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IN A-ONE SHAPE—Like new.

For sale or trade. Will take Ford car as payment.

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# CHRONICLE

MORNINGS EXCEPT MONDAYS

ROBERT H. STEVENSON,  
Editor and Publisher

D. Harold McGrath, News Editor

Entered at the Postoffice at Twin Falls, Idaho, as second class mail matter.

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One Month	.75

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## UNDERMINING BOLSHIEVISM.

It is possible that the merely punitive lifting of the blockade against Russia may do more to destroy Bolshievism than allied armies could have done. This hope is supported by Herbert Hoover, whose knowledge of Russian conditions, and of food as a weapon of offense and defense, commands respect. Hoover has been urging the lifting of the blockade ever since last winter.

Russian Bolshievism consists of two distinct things—the economic organization, and the army organization which hasn't anything to do with Bolshievism theory, but which has been in the limelight lately. The army is used to enforce the economic program, and the army's victories against domestic and foreign enemies

gives Bolshievism a specious glamour of success.

According to all trustworthy reports, Bolshievism is a farce. Production and distribution, manufacturing and trade and finance, all break down wherever they are not artificially bolstered by force and subsidy, and such bolstering at best is only temporary.

It has been possible for Lening and Trotsky to rule and maintain an army only because they had the rest of a foreign blockade as an ever-present argument to use in raising recruits, confiscating property and levying taxes. The blockade seemed to prove to the ignorant Russian peasant or workman that his fatherland was surrounded by foes bent on destroying it and discrediting its revolution. So he has endured the fighting and the tyranny.

Now that food and other necessary supplies are to be admitted, the population may soon discover that this is not true. Food and clothing may wean them from Bolshievism, or at least help them to see Bolshievism as it is. They will appreciate all the more keenly the bankruptcy of production under Bolshievist rule. They will begin to hold their new masters responsible for their empty industrial cities, idle factories and wrecked railroads.

Lening and Trotsky, according to Mr. Hoover, have been financing their military operations mainly with stolen money, and have left only \$50,000,000 of \$75,000,000 in gold and securities plundered from the banks. When that is gone, their only hopes will be to buy supplies abroad. But nobody is going to give them any credit, they have no commodities to offer in exchange. What will they do then? What can they do but tumble from power?

## MILITARY, NOT MILITARIST.

There is militarism and militarism. It seems, and the largest army in the world may not necessarily mean militarism at all. China now has a standing army of a million and a quarter, yet one can scarcely accuse China of militarism.

The people are agitating for a reduction, but their minimum demands are for 280,000 men—on 50 divisions and 120 mixed brigades. It seems, however, China cannot afford to reduce the army, for the very odd reason that it cannot pay the men, and the law requires that every soldier be paid in full before demobilization.

Why the largest army in the world and no fight? Why the biggest peace-time military establishment probable in the history of the world, and no militarism? It is clear that it takes more than men and guns to make an army formidable. It is the spirit that is potent, he that potency for good or for evil.

## DON'T LOOK PLEASANT, PLEASE!

Anyone who will take time to pause before the display in almost any photographer's window may discover for himself the change that has come in modern photography.

In the olden days one was urged to make an effort to "look pleasant" regardless of whether that was one's natural tendency. Today it is something quite different which is sought in a perfect photograph. The victim must look interesting, and this result is attained by various means.

The first thing to do is to know your own personality. If the photographer thinks your personality a sufficient worthy subject he will do all he can to bring it out in the picture. If much self-searching still reveals nothing but your face to be photographed, the photographer will just

get a suitable character and supply the makeup. There's the thoughtful student, the ston business man, the society bud as a toe dancer, the flut dweeler with her favorite longnose, the playwright at a desk with one hand rumpling his lovely hair while the other holds the delicately poised pencil. For those who feel a strong bond of sympathy between themselves and certain stars of the screen there are innumerable costumes and coiffures to bring out the desired effect. The uniform and the military pose are still quite popular. A stern, resigned expression goes with that type of picture. Then there are the "vampish" pictures and the "kissed" ones. Each and all do their best to depict the inner being and to show the merely pleasant or pretty type. Is it that pleasant people are so common that no one wishes to belong to the vulgar herd, or have pleasant expressions become extinct.

## "GET RICH QUICK."

Writing a song that catches on is one of the shortest cuts to wealth. Mr. Arthur Sullivan received \$50,000 in royalties for "The Lost Chord," and "My Pretty Rose," remunerated its composer to the tune of \$10,000 in time—Boston Post.

## FISH SHOOT ITS PREY.

A shooting fish in the East Indies has a hollow cylindrical beak. When it sees a fly on plants that grow in shallow streams it ejects a single drop of water, which hocks the fly into the tide.

## ANCIENT PAPER MAKING.

The art of making paper from mulberry bark is said to have been invented in China in the second century B. C. Afterward bamboo shoots, straw, grass and other materials were also used. The manufacture spread to the adjacent countries.

## SMUGGLERS REVIVE MANY OLD TRICKS

Liquor Runners Now Attempting to Evade American Instead of Canadian Laws.

BUFFALO, Jan. 24.—Old tricks are being revived and new ones invented by smugglers who are matching their wits against those of the custom officers in an effort to bring contraband whiskey from Canada into the United States.

The tide of the whiskey movement which for more than two years flowed from the United States to Canada has turned back. Of the same smugglers who once took long chances to send liquor across the border into Canada now are attempting to evade the American instead of the Canadian laws.

There has been a partial lifting of the ban in Canada. The order-in-council issued by the dominion government in wartime which prohibited inter-provincial traffic in intoxicating liquor was rescinded on December 31.

Ontario still has dry laws prohibiting the sale of liquor across bars or in any way except by government upon an order from a physician. This Ontario law, however, cannot prevent inter-province traffic by mail and express. Consequently Americans who want to take chances with the customs laws have experienced little difficulty in having liquor delivered at the United States border.

Some of the tricks used to evade detection by Canadian customs inspectors when the movement of liquor from the United States to Canada was in progress were very ingenious. Spare tires on automobiles turned out to be receptacles for contraband whiskey goods. Partitioned gasoline tanks served the same purpose. A hot water bottle used by a woman helping illness was found to contain whiskey. A carload of scrap green leaves.

Iron bottles from Detroit to Buffalo over the Michigan border. The liquor was stowed in the trunk of the car. The liquor was seized at Buffalo.

Customs officers here expect a revival of these tricks and development of others in order to bring liquor from Canada into the United States. The force of inspectors on this side of the Niagara river from Buffalo to Fort Niagara has been increased.

## DALMATIA'S BEAUTY SPOTS

Dalmatia's beauties have been recounted by many travelers. Among the score of islands off its coast are many rich in history, such as Bracon and Losina, where Roman and Greek relics are to be found; Buzi, with its iron caverns, the most beautiful of which is the Blue Grotto, entered by both, and Locrina, off Ragusa, where Richard Coeur de Lion is said to have found a haven during a storm on his return from the crusades, and to have built a church there in gratitude, with a vow to honor his place of refuge.

## STUMBLED ON RICHES.

About a quarter of a century ago two prospectors in the bushland of western Australia had put up their tent for the night and determined to trek back to Perth next morning. Their quest had proved fruitless. One of them was aroused from sleep by the restlessness of his horse, picked up just outside the tent, and going out to see what was the matter, he tripped in the darkness over a boulder, which proved on examination to be almost pure gold. That was the beginning of Goodgold.

## A SCANT IDEA OF CHINESE.

Chinese gardeners sometimes plant statuettes of tiny men firmly in pots, just like real plants, and then train live overgreens to grow over these statuettes. The vines thus form a kind of robe for the statuette men; facts and hands protruding from the green leaves.

# Announcing the Opening of the

# WAGNER HOME BAKERY

## About January 28, 1920, at 216 Main Ave. North Across From the Postoffice

We hand it to you fresh, sanitary and well baked.

Everything new—everything sanitary—everything done by modern machinery and experienced bakers. LET US BE YOUR BAKER. We can bake anything your heart desires. To the lady of the house—Just for a couple o' loaves of bread, a cake and maybe a pie, half the day is gone—sink full of mussy pots and pans—table littered with rolling pin, flour and everything, and on top of this a scorching kitchen, aching back and arms. Is it worth it? Hardly! Not while you can get such wholesome, toothsome bakery products as we produce.

A trial will convince. This advertisement should appeal to you, because it brings you the aid you have dreamed of—Home-made baking without the aching.

We extend an invitation to all, especially the ladies, to visit us in our new home.

Try our service; it will save you many trials in the kitchen, and you will enjoy your meals. Your appetite will be fresh and your temper unruffled.

# FRANK WAGNER

## BOYS CLUB NAMES ITS NEW OFFICERS

New Constitution Is Adopted — Outlook Is For Promising Organization.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Boys' club Thursday evening many important matters were discussed. New officers were elected and a new constitution was adopted. There was much discussion of various points in the constitution and it is believed that it will now be satisfactory to all new members of the club.

Officers elected were: Harold Portfield, president; James Wood, vice president; Theodore Kaulatin, secretary; Philip King, treasurer.

The advisory council will consist of the superintendent of schools and the principal of the high school, ex-officio members, and a third member elected by the club. Carlisle Pickett was elected as the third member of the council.

After the meeting adjourned the four newly-elected officers met and appointed the chairman of the two standing committees. The appointing officers were: Dwight Kulus, chairman of the social committee; Carl Edwards, chairman of the program committee.

The club has been laboring under difficulties in the past, but the prospects for an excellent organization now look promising.

## CLASS OFFICERS FOR YEAR ARE NAMED BY STUDENTS

As a result of the election of class officers conducted Thursday and Friday the following students were chosen for the second semester:

Seniors: Walter Krangel, president and Helen Lind, secretary-treasurer.

Juniors: Jacob Irwin, president; Neil Cobb, secretary-treasurer.

Sophomores: Helen Hoffnold, president; Violet Hildernau, secretary-treasurer.

Freshmen: Edward Hodges, president.

dent; Eula Doko, secretary-treasurer; Student councilmen: Seniors: Harold Portfield, Carl Edwards, Dorothy Kenworthy, Juniors: Duane Helts.

## GIRLS CLUB SELECTS SIX ADVISORS AT ELECTION

An important election was held on Friday. Two faculty members and four women outside of the school were chosen as advisors to the girls' club. Those elected were as follows: Misses C. A. McManis, D. D. Alvord, W. A. Patrick and E. R. Van Cott, and Misses Brown and Johnson of the faculty.

## HIGH SCHOOL BAND PROVIDES SPECIAL PROGRAM

The first regular assembly of the second semester was held Wednesday morning in the auditorium. A fine program was furnished by the high school band. Sheneberger directed the band in the absence of Mr. Blairbridge, who is ill.

## INSECTS GIVE SHELLAC

Shellac is the joint product of insects and plants and comes from India. The lac insects are about twenty-five to an inch long, a bright red in color. They suck the juices of plants, digest them and exude them in the form of resin, which soon encases the whole insect. When the resin has hardened, the insect is scraped from the branches, ground, washed, mixed with colophony and orpiment, and drawn out into thin sheets we know as shellac.

## SNAKE ARE EGG-EATING.

A queer African species of snake, which lives on eggs, has a tooth-like spike projecting downward from its back, just behind the head, which is tipped with enamel. When it swallows an egg the latter passes down the gullet until its encounter with the spike, which is the shell. The spike is so sharp that the contents are lost, as would be the case if the snake were obliged to bite the egg with its mouth fangs.

## PLAN TO FEATURE COMMERCIAL PLANE

Second Annual Aeronautical Exposition to Show the Latest Innovations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Commercial passenger aviation is being provided with a new type of aircraft, found in high speed automobiles will be featured in the second annual aeronautical exposition of the manufacturers' aircraft association, which will be held here from March 8 to 13. Leather padded cockpits, wicker chairs with valuet-cumans, heated compartments protected from the wind by unbreakable windshields, silk curtains, mirrors, luncheon tables and telephones are found in American machines, entered in the exposition.

Aerial limousines and coupes are among the most popular. The first three-engine airplane to be built in the United States will be on exhibition. It carries eight passengers in comfortable wicker chairs, is equipped with a self-starter and capable of making 107 miles an hour. One huge transport plane carries 12 passengers and is capable of long distance travel at a speed of approximately two miles a minute. It is 48 feet long, 71 feet wide and 14 feet high, and is driven by two Liberty motors of 400 horsepower each. One company has had entered a limousine flying boat with such comforts as a cigar lighter for men passengers and vanity cases for use of women passengers. An aerial coupe which has been entered for the show seats three passengers, including the pilot, and carries a supply of gasoline sufficient to last five hours at a speed of 95 miles an hour. A cabin cruiser, destined to make a "cruiser" of an hour and fitted with typewriter tables so that those "who fly may work" will be one of the exhibits.

Two types of mail planes are entered, a twin-engine machine carrying two men and 1,500 pounds of mail with a gasoline supply for six hours, and a small plane capable of attaining a speed of 112 miles an hour.

Popular priced models, known as "flybouts," to be seen at the exposition, sell for as low as \$1,500. These are almost capable of being landed on one's lawn and are small enough to be housed in the ordinary automobile garage. One model, 18½ feet long, 33 feet wide and five feet high, carries two persons. Another model, known as "Butterfly," is of the mono-plane type, measuring 23 feet from tip to tip and weighing only 736 pounds loaded. It has attained a height of 12,500 feet and flew at 70 miles an hour.

One of the most conspicuous exhibits is a "peny blimp," the smallest dirigible ever constructed for practical use in this country. It is 35 feet long and the gas bag is 32 feet in diameter. Two passengers are carried and the dirigible is pulled by a 4-horsepower motor with a maximum speed of 40 miles an hour and cruising radius of 400 miles.

Speed and "peny" models complete the types of planes shown in the exhibition.

## H.S. GIRLS COMPLETE CLUB ORGANIZATION

First Meeting Proves To Be Complete Success — Officers Are Selected.

That the interest and enthusiasm aroused by Miss Holman's visit, was genuine was proved by the large number of girls who attended the first regular meeting of the girls' club of the school, on last Wednesday night in the auditorium. There were approximately 225 girls present.

The first part of the evening consisted of a business meeting. Marian Farrar, the chairman for the provisional committee, presided.

Helen Hoffnold was appointed temporary secretary in the absence of Una Stafford, the regular secretary of the provisional committee.

A report of the activities of the provisional to date was given by Helen Hoffnold.

Miss Johnson made a talk in which she explained the plan of organization of such a club and introduced certain women who were guests of the club because of their interest in the undertaking.

Each of the women responded to the introduction by a brief speech to the girls expressing their interest in and belief in the club and their desire to be of any possible assistance to the girls.

Those present were: Mrs. C. A. McManis, Mrs. D. D. Alvord, Mrs. W. A. Patrick, Mrs. E. R. Van Cott, Mrs. J. M. Wright, Mrs. L. A. Chapin.

Officers of the club were elected as follows:

Misses Farrar, president; Lois Boyler, vice president; Dorothy Irwin, secretary; Dorothy Kenworthy, treasurer.

The chairman announced the appointment of the following constitutional committee: Myrtle Cloos, chairman; Louise Hoffman and Helen Truogstad.

This business meeting adjourned after the club had voted to fix the dues at ten cents and various groups of girls, music and refreshments occupied the remainder of the evening.

## GOLD BRICKS ART-WORKS.

A gold brick, of the kind sold by clever swindlers to "heavy" markets, is a product of highly skilled workmanship. It is made of copper, alloyed with a little zinc, and is painted with real gold to which some mercury has been added. This gives a very smooth and satisfactory effect; and the mercury being evaporated by heat a final varnish of "yellowing" wax lends an attractive luster.

## LIVED WITH NEEDLE IN HEART.

A woman physician under treatment in a lunatic asylum in England told her nurse a year ago that she had stuck a needle in her heart. The nurse found what seemed to be two simple pin pricks in the heart. The woman died in August, and an autopsy revealed two needles sticking in her heart.

## HIGH PRICES IN NEW YORK.

During the British occupation of New York in revolutionary days, the method was to sell in wholesale lots at public auction and to issue revocable licenses to retailers. The best flour then sold for \$14 a barrel, bacon at 32 cents a pound and beef at 18 cents a pound. Wages were less than 50 cents a day.

## VENOM AFFECTS VEGETABLES.

One authority on snakes has declared that the venom of the rattler will affect even vegetables. Having innoculated various varieties with a point of a lancet, he found them the next day withered and dead, looking as if they had been struck by lightning.

## FIRST SAVINGS BANK.

The first savings bank of America was opened in Boston December 13, 1818. In the same year an institution, called the Philadelphia Savings Fund Society was established. The third institution of this kind in America was founded in New York in 1819, was duty to return to pursuits of The first regular savings bank was peace.

established in Hamburg, Germany, in 1778, and the second at Bern, Switzerland, 116 years ago. The first regular savings bank in England was opened in Edinburgh 105 years ago.

## BUG CAN HOLD UP TRAIN.

A bug may hold up a locomotive. It takes a large number to do the trick, but it has been done, says the Boston Post. Specialists in the train holdup line in bugdom are the army worm, the tent caterpillar, the cotton worm and migratory locust. Huge water beetles traveling in force have been known to accomplish the feat. When these insects swarm upon the track they so effectively groove the rails that no wheels can be kept turning.

## YELLOWSTONE LEADS 'EM AHEAD.

The Yellowstone national park is the largest and most widely celebrated of our national parks. It is a wooded wilderness of thirty-three hundred square miles. It contains more rivers than are found in the rest of the world together, and has innumerable boiling springs whose steam mingles with the clouds.

## NOVEL PENCIL HOLDER.

An old fountain pen makes a novel pencil holder and uses up small pieces of pencil much more efficiently than wasted. Remove the cap in which the pencil is held and screw the pencil stub in its place. The threads will hold the pencil firmly.

## VETERAN STEAMSHIP NOW BLACK HULL

St. Louis Served Up With Distinction During Two Days of America's Wars.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The passenger steamship St. Louis, with a record of having served with distinction through two wars in which the United States was a belligerent, and in the interval carrying passengers across the Atlantic under the American flag is now a blackened hull, the victim of a fire started by a painter's brush.

The big ship was being reconditioned at a ship yard for service after her second honorable discharge from the "color" when the accident took place. Her owners, the American Line, say she can be repaired, but it will mean practically rebuilding her and it is a task of many months.

The St. Louis was christened by Mrs. Grover Cleveland. Her construction and launching was an epoch in American shipbuilding and that she was the first "ocean greyhound" to be built in this country. She made her first voyage in June of 1895. Under a contract with the American government she was entrusted with the fast mail of England and Europe.

Under command of Captain W. Goehrich she was equipped with heavy guns as an auxiliary cruiser in the Spanish-American war. Her first adventure of note was when she was ordered to cut the cable between Santiago de Cuba and Kingston, Jamaica. Running up until she was under the direct fire of the guns of Moro Castle, American gunners sent back shot for shot and succeeded in putting a lance at the mortar batteries of the fortification, while sailors were out fishing and cutting the cable line.

On June 13, 1898, she captured the British freighter Twickenham which was taking a cargo of coal into Santiago, presumably to be used for the Spanish fleet. She was that day when Admiral Cervera made his dash for the open sea, and she brought to Portsmouth, N. H., the captured Spanish admiral and 746 of members of the crew of his defeated fleet.

In 1917 when the United States joined the war against Germany, the St. Louis was the first American passenger ship to be armed and defy the German submarines and mines. She had many narrow escapes and once was actually hit by a torpedo, but without serious damage. She carried to and from France thousands of American soldiers and she was one of the first ships to be released from war duty to return to pursuits of The first regular savings bank was peace.

## MADRID FAILS TO MISS NEWSPAPERS

Spaniards Like Pictures Most and Are Not Greatly Interested in News Matter.

MADRID, Spain, Jan. 24.—In almost any other of the world's cities it would be considered a calamity to be without a newspaper. Madrid has just passed through such an experience in a period of political crisis and during a lockout in Barcelona, the chief industrial city of Spain.

Absence of the newspapers passed almost unnoticed because the people of Madrid are not a newspaper reading public. Compared with other western cities of Europe the circulation of the newspapers here are very small. Many a small newspaper proprietor in America would consider himself very badly treated if his circulation books did not make a better showing than those of the metropolitan dailies of Madrid.

The A. H. C., a well-printed paper with good local and foreign news and well-printed pictures, has a circulation in the whole of Spain of about 100,000 copies and the pictures account for its comparatively large circulation. Other newspapers will be known abroad by name as they are frequently quoted on foreign and domestic affairs are satisfied with circulations of from 20,000 to 40,000.

The advertising columns, too, make a poor showing compared with newspapers of other large cities. An income of \$6,000 a month is considered good. The papers are sold at either five or ten centimes, but the government gives the paper a bonus of another centime for each paper sold, owing to the increased cost of production.

The shutting down of the newspapers was due to a strike of the news-

paper workers. Editors, who received 500 pesetas a month asked for an increase of 20 to 30 per cent. Reporters drawing from 50 to 150 pesetas demanded a minimum of 300 pesetas. Compositors asked for a 30 to 35 per cent increase in their average wage of seven pesetas a day. The result of the strike was that two newspapers disappeared and two new ones, the Libertad and Hoy, were born.

## USING AN "EXTRA" BANO.

The editor of the Bano Daily News (Africa) does not have trouble over such matter as circulation or the high cost of paper. When he gets a piece of news he smooths off some slabs of wood, writes up the story in his best editorial style, and then gives the slabs to the office boy, who runs off with them and hangs them in conspicuous places so that he who runs may read.

### HIGH GRADE CIGARS and Delicious CANDIES

We Can Please Every Taste!

The man who is particular about the Cigars he smoked, is also particular about the Candy he gets for the loved ones. We carry the leading nationally advertised Cigars and Candy.

### MAJESTIC PHARMACY

FERRINE CORNER TWIN FALLS

## Don't Neglect Your Eyes

We are prepared to give you the very best OPTICAL SERVICE OBTAINABLE.

Fitting glasses is not a side line with us, that's our business.

No matter how many times your eyes have been misfitted, we can fit them correctly.

### Parrott Optical Co.

Dr. Robert A. Parrott  
Optometrist  
Manager

Main Street, Twin Falls

## CHIMNEY SWEEP

Watch for the hat on street — In the meantime, if you need the services of a Chimney Sweep to clean your furnace.

Call 2-2-5-M

## 288 COIL

Noble Plan for

## Edwin Clapp Dress Shoes For Men



We carry a complete line of Edwin Clapp high grade Dress Shoes for men. Broad, medium and narrow toe. Vici kid and light calf; dark brown and black; sizes 5 to 12. We are selling these at a special price of

# \$15.00

## The Model

### Barber Shoe Company

EXCLUSIVE SHOES AND HOSIERY.

## Wright's

A GOOD PLACE TO TRADE FORMERLY HART'S

We announced last week that we had purchased the entire stock of Art Needle Work and Package Goods from the Clos Book Store. Finding upon inventory that the stock is heavy, we have decided to reduce it considerably.

WATCH for our ANNOUNCEMENT of the big sale at which every item of this stock will be sold at reduced prices.

## EVERYTHING WILL BE CHEAPER

## WILL USE DOUBLE TREATMENT ON HOGS

State Department to Use Every Method Possible to Eradicate Cholera.

The "double treatment" of immunizing hogs from cholera by use of serum and virus will be used in a campaign against hog cholera which the state department of agriculture will wage this summer through its bureau of animal industry.

Dr. J. D. Adams, director of the bureau of animal industry, has issued the following circular on the matter of interest to hog growers:

"At a meeting of the swine growers and pure bred breeders at Pocatello, Idaho, January 15, it was recommended that he be permitted to be allowed to use under proper restrictions and conditions the 'double treatment' of serum and virus method of immunizing hogs, wherever necessary to control the disease and protect breeding and feeder hogs from the disease in all cases, where the conditions or surroundings are such that they are continually open to infection.

"It is not the purpose of the bureau to allow the use of hog cholera virus indiscriminately all over the state, but to confine its use to those localities

where the disease is prevalent, and to pure bred herds and feeder herds where it is necessary to protect feeder herds where hogs are gathered from many sources and added to the feed lots.

"The following is an amendment to our state regulations which will govern the situation in controlling the importation into the state, sale, distribution and use of hog cholera virus within the state of Idaho:

"Regulation 2, section 4, paragraph 1. All serum manufacturers, persons, firms or corporations are hereby prohibited from shipping or otherwise bringing into the state of Idaho any virulent blood, hog cholera virus or hog cholera serum, except by a permit issued by this bureau, and then only under the following conditions:

"(a) All anti-hog cholera virus and serum sold within the state or imported into the state of Idaho for sale, distribution or use shall be produced under license issued by the United States department of agriculture.

"(b) No hog cholera virus shall be shipped into the state, sold or distributed within the state of Idaho, consigned, sold or distributed to this department, to deputy state veterinarian, or to licensed veterinarians or other persons within the state, without a permit has been granted by this bureau to handle the same.

"(c) All serum manufacturers, persons, firms or corporations permitted to ship or otherwise bring into the state of Idaho anti-hog cholera serum and virus are required to furnish to the Idaho bureau of animal industry, Pocatello, Idaho, a monthly statement of the amount of serum and virus shipped, and the name and address of the party the shipment is consigned to.

"(d) All hog cholera virus used shall be administered by a deputy state veterinarian, a licensed veterinarian in the state, or other persons to whom a permit has been granted by this office to use and handle the same.

"(e) All hogs subject to simultaneous method of immunization, together with all yards, corrals, sheds or feed lots to which said hogs have had access must be quarantined for a period of not less than 30 days.

"(f) All hogs subject to simultaneous method of immunization, before being moved from said quarantined

yards or corrals must be dipped in one of the standard required dips before being released from quarantine, and all yards, corrals, sheds or feed lots to which said hogs have had access must be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected under the supervision of a federal veterinarian, deputy state veterinarian or livestock inspector."

## WANT ENGLISH GOVERNMENT TO TAKE OVER OMNIBUSES

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Saturday, January 24.—The traffic combine comprising all the local metropolitan railroads, including the subway and motor omnibuses, has asked the ministry of transport to take over these traffic systems and administer them along the same lines as those which under the government is now controlling the main railroads of the country.

According to the Mail the ministry is willing to take over the railroads but not the omnibuses and is preparing to adopt measures for the control of the former.

The application to the transport ministry is said to be in consequence of the prospect of a large loss for the year.

## TWO UNINSTRUCTED DELEGATES ARE CHOSEN

By the Associated Press.

HOBBART, Okla., Jan. 23.—The seventh district republican convention meeting here today, elected two uninstructed delegates to the national convention.

The convention by resolution, condemned the Wilson administration, praised Senators Johnson, Lodge, Borah and others for their stand against "treasoning the independence of the country," and urged the adoption of the Lodge reservations to the league of nations.

## LANCER'S LUCKY FIND

Some years ago a French Canadian rancher was rambling about a distant part of his land when he noticed a piece of rock which glinted in the sun. Out of curiosity he picked it up and took it home with him. His wife convinced him that it was a mineralized rock and he took it to a specialist, who found that it was almost pure silver. Since the rancher had found it, he was given \$10,000, and 50,000,000 ounces of silver.

## WOULD GIVE SAN DIEGO TASTE OF COAST BASEBALL

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 23.—President William H. McCarthy of the Pacific Coast league and Dr. Charles E. Strub, president of the San Francisco club, were in Los Angeles today on their way to San Diego, where they planned to take up the question of giving that city a few weeks of league ball in the opening and closing portions of future seasons.

## THE HAIR THAT TITIAN LOVED

Red haired people are generally supposed to be hot tempered. They are inclined to be hasty, but are never vindictive. Their quickness of temper is due to impulsiveness and a love of speaking out what they have in mind. They are usually of a sunny disposition and are honest and truthful, but rather vain and eager for admiration.

## WORD TO THE WOMEN

It may not beget undue attention, but 246,162,943 needles were made in the United States last year. It would be pleasant mental recreation for a long evening to figure how many hours of labor, based on the proverb that a stitch in time saves nine, would have saved the women of the nation if all these needles had been applied at the psychological moment.

## PUT BAN ON SMOKE

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 23.—The senate of the South Carolina general assembly passed and sent to the house of representatives today a bill which would make illegal the smoking of "tobacco or other substance" during meal hours in any public eating place in the state.

## PERSHING IN SACRAMENTO

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Gen. John J. Pershing arrived here early tonight after an all-day ride through northern California, which was marked by enthusiastic greetings from throngs gathered at every point where his train made even the briefest stop.

## IS AN EXPANSIVE LEATHER

The finest and most expensive leather goods are produced at Chan Chan-Poo, China. The leather is made from hard, sharp, dolphin and snake skins, which are very strong and durable. Snake skins are used for cases, pipes, pocketbooks, etc.

## SANTA CLARA DEFEATED

By the Associated Press. SAN JOSE, Cal., Jan. 23.—The basketball team of the University of Nevada defeated Santa Clara University tonight 29 to 25. An extra five minutes of play was necessary to decide it at the end of the second half, when the score stood 25 to 25.

## COLLINS WHIPS MCCARTY

By the Associated Press. BISHOP, Ariz., Jan. 23.—Bob Collins, local heavyweight boxer, knocked out Tex McCarthy of Kansas City in the second round of their scheduled ten round bout here tonight.

## SAY FINGER PRINTS CAN BE FORGED

Infallible Method of Identification May Go Into Discard, It Is Asserted.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Officials of the International Association of Personal Identification here, an organization having for its object the "finger printing" of every man, woman and child in the United States and Canada have started an inquiry into the charge made by Milton Carlson, a Los Angeles handwriting expert, that finger prints can be forged.

Carlson says he "forged" the finger prints of a convicted murderer in New Jersey in human blood on a butcher knife, making a perfect thumb impression of a man 3,000 miles away. Experts, it is said, pronounced it perfect. So far as known, the Californian is the first man to announce successful duplication of finger prints, used for the past 1,000 years as an infallible means of identification.

Forged finger prints are possible, but ineffective, it is said by officials of the International Association for Personal Identification. A criminal, said the secretary of the association, "would not have one chance in a million of success in fastening a crime upon an innocent person by means of a forged finger print." The lines are too palpably false to deceive a skilled eye. They show up under a strong magnifying glass like a rubber stamp or wood engraving and not like original finger lines which, by reason of perspiration and oil, are clear and sharply defined.

"Handwriting experts may attempt to discredit finger prints because they are detractors from their business but the fact remains that 'human seals,' as the finger prints are called, are unfailing test so far as identity is concerned. They have practically superseded the Bertillon system in New York state, but, until the law is changed, the Bertillon must be used in the penitentiaries. When the lines are blurred as often happens a finger print is worthless, but, if they are clear it is infallible evidence. It has been shown that if the finger ridges were shaved off or manipulated they come back.

"It is popularly supposed that finger prints are usually only shown in blood. The fact is that a latent finger print, upon everything you touch, it is quite invisible to the naked eye. The expert, however, will take a bit of powder—dark powder on a light surface and will quickly 'develop' the print. The powders used are lampblack, graphite, cinn-

bar, red and mercurous sulphide. Carlson's charge, however, is that 'human seals' have been used by criminals to identify persons who have temporarily 'lost' themselves.

TRIOUBADOUR IS REVIVED. The troubadour is imagined as a long haired ogre with a big lute. But the real meaning of the word is one who "finds out" his own songs. In Provençal the word is spelled "troubaire" or "travador." It comes from the verb troubler—troubler—to trouble. The New York finger print organization officials say that, despite Mr. Carlson's charge, the finger print is an infallible means of identification.

## ATTENTION, CAR OWNERS

We have in stock all sizes of

# Star and Ajax

## Tires and Tubes

Strength, stability and value of your car depends on the kind of tires you use.

There is just one test for tires—the test of actual service.

With STAR TIRES, HAND-MADE, on your car you have surety that you are getting the best in tires.

With AJAX TIRES on your car, the endless comparative tests made on these tires proves you are getting your money's worth.

We are dealers. Next time try us for Tires and Tubes.

## Salladay Hardware Co.

Phone 474

TWIN FALLS

# MEN'S MACKINAW

WORTH WHILE MACKINAW AT WORTH WHILE PRICES

"Where did your get that good-looking Mackinaw?" is so often asked, is invariably answered by showing our label in the garment. We have a limited number of these attractive all-wool Mackinaws that are wonderfully tailored and very stylish looking outer garments that we are closing at special prices:

\$10.00 values	\$ 7.50
\$25.00 values	10.00
\$35.00 values	11.00
\$50.00 values	12.50
\$65.00 values	14.00
\$80.00 values	17.50

## CLOTHING DEPARTMENT



STETSON HATS

IDE SHIRTS

We disposed of the principal part of our shoe stock while located opposite postoffice.

We are now opening with almost an entire new stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Hosiery and Men's Work Clothing.

S. S. ARN,

251 Main Avenue East

# WATCH

and

# WAIT

for our annual

# W SALE

When better automobiles are built  
Buick will build them  
When better cars are sold  
Lind will sell them



# Market News

## Live Stock

**CHICAGO**—Hogs, receipts 11,000; 25¢ higher than yesterday's average; heavy \$13.85 @ \$15.65; top \$15.70; heavy \$15.15 @ \$18.60; medium \$15.45 @ \$15.85; light \$15.40 @ \$15.70; light \$15.40 @ \$15.15; heavy packing sows, smooth, \$14.50 @ \$15.00; packing sows, rough, \$14 @ \$14.60; pigs \$13.75 @ \$14.75.

Cattle, receipts 2,000; compared with a week ago, beef steers 50¢ to 75¢ lower; others steady to lower; she-stock, bulls and feeders, mostly steady to 35¢ lower; canners steady; calves mostly 50¢ to \$1 higher.

Sheep, receipts 2,000; compared with a week ago, whole market 75¢ to \$1.25 higher; yearlings, wethers and lambs grading below choice showing most gain; all kinds selling at record January prices.

Estimated receipts, Monday: Hogs, 58,000; cattle, 24,000; sheep, 17,000.

Estimated hog arrivals next week, 225,000.

**OMAHA**—Hogs, receipts 7,000; market steady to 15¢ higher; top \$15.25; bulk \$14.90 @ \$15.10; heavy, weight \$14.90 @ \$15.15; medium weight \$15.00 @ \$15.25; light weight \$14.85 @ \$15.20; light light \$14.70 @ \$15.00; heavy packing sows, smooth, \$14.90 @ \$15.00; packing sows, rough, \$14.40 @ \$14.85; pigs \$12.50 @ \$14.25.

Cattle, receipts 800; compared with a week ago, beef steers 25¢ higher; she-stock 25¢ to 50¢ higher; bulls, yearlings and other classes steady; stockers and feeders steady.

Sheep, 500; compared with a week ago, lambs 75¢ to \$1 higher; other classes 50¢ to 75¢ higher.

## Produce

**CHICAGO**—Butter, unchanged. Eggs higher, receipts 4,572 cases; firsts 65¢; ordinary first \$1.01¢; at mark, cases included, 59¢ @ 61¢. Poultry, alive, unchanged.

Potatoes steady; arrivals, 27 cars; northern white \$4.75 @ \$4.80; western russets, jobbing, \$5.75.

## Finance

**NEW YORK**—Final prices of Liberty bonds today were: 2½s \$98.58; firsts \$91.48; second 4½s \$90.70; third 4½s \$92.40; fourth 4½s \$91.25; Victory 2½s \$92.34; Victory 4½s \$95.30.

## LINCOLN PEOPLE TO VOTE ON TEACHERS SALARIES

By the Associated Press.  
LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 2.—Lincoln voters on January 1 will decide if the city's school teachers are to receive \$100 and \$400 increases in this year's pay.

The board of education which decided to submit the question to the people, has also asked them to pass on a tentative teachers salary schedule under which they would receive from \$1,000 to \$2,200 per year, depending upon their qualifications, with annual increases of \$100 until maximums are reached.

Present salaries for grade schools teachers average about \$967. The average high school teacher receives about \$1100 annually.

## Grain

**CHICAGO**, Jan. 24.—Corn tended upward in price today, owing chiefly to stormy weather and to loosening of restrictions on export shipments of grain. The close was steady at the same as yesterday's finish to 2-4¢ higher, with May 135 7-8 to 136 and July 132 to 133 1-8. Oats advanced 1-10 to 3-10 net and provisions 20¢ to 27¢.

Oats were firm with corn although profit taking was heavy. Upturn in the value of hogs and grain lifted provisions.

**CHICAGO**—Corn, No. 2 mixed and No. 3 mixed not quoted; No. 4 mixed \$1.47 @ \$1.48; No. 2 yellow not quoted; No. 3 yellow \$1.55.

Oats—No. 2 white, 88¢ @ 89¢; No. 3 white 87¢ @ 88¢.

Barley—No. 2, \$1.62 @ \$1.69; No. 3, \$1.45 @ \$1.48.

Timothy seed—\$1.00 @ \$1.40.

Pork—Nominal.

Cloves—\$45.00 @ \$59.00.

Lard—\$23.00 @ \$23.70.

Ribs—\$19.25 @ \$20.00.

## CASH GRAIN

**MINNEAPOLIS**—Flour unchanged. Barley—\$1.18 @ \$1.40.

Rye—No. 2, \$1.47 @ \$1.68 1/2.  
Bran—\$43.00.  
Corn—\$1.42 @ \$1.45.  
Oats—82¢ @ 84¢ c.  
Wheat—\$5.28 @ \$5.35.

## UNIONS ARE DEMANDING TOO MUCH, SAYS TAFT

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—In a review of new phases of the labor problem resulting from the war, William H. Taft, in an address before members of the National Geographic Society today expressed the conviction that labor organizations, even though opposed to Bolshevism were unwittingly courting soviet methods by an attempt to subordinate the welfare of all other classes to that of manual industrial labor.

As a means of checking this tendency the former president advocated the bringing together of liberal employers and conservative labor leaders in a sincere effort at collective bargaining.

"I believe in trade unionism," he added, "because by only trade unions can justice be secured to working men, and our economic system justified."

## LAUNCH FINANCIAL DRIVE IN THE REFORMED CHURCH

By the Associated Press.  
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 23.—Several hundred ministers and laymen representing the general synod of the reformed church in the United States met here today to discuss plans for the launching of a financial drive in connection with the religious campaign from April 21 to May 2.

The drive will be conducted exclusively among the reformed churches but will be in cooperation with the

Inter-church movement and will have as its goal \$10,547,425. The sum of \$1,000,000 will be spent to increase ministerial compensation.

## ALLEGED COMMUNIST IS HELD; DENIES IDENTITY

By the Associated Press.  
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 2.—A man alleged to be John Reed, also known as Harrison Ellerson, wanted in Chicago under an indictment for an alleged conspiracy to overthrow the government, was arrested at Beacon, N. Y., today. The man declared his name is Harrison B. Ellis and denied he is the one sought, or that he ever had expressed unpatriotic statements. He is said to have been married last September to a Beacon young woman.

**CHICAGO**, Jan. 2.—John Reed, editor of "The Voice of Labor," was indicted by the special Cook county grand jury which January 21 returned indictments against 38 leaders of the communist labor party.

Discussing today's arrest at Poughkeepsie, Macley Hoyle, state's attorney, corrected an erroneous impression that Reed has once tried to establish himself as "chief Bolshevik envoy to the United States." Early steps will be taken to obtain extradition of the Poughkeepsie prisoner.

## MISCELLANEOUS

**A GOOD GAMBLE: ARE YOU** willing to take a chance? Jurisdiction claims state ready to be worked. For information address, G. W. care Chronicle.

## MEN'S DURABLE WORK SHOES

Special ..... \$6.35  
**Model Shoe Store**

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Telephone 82  
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## A MOVING PICTURE



of yourself deciding to give your moving order to this firm. Our estimate will appear to your idea of economy and our auto vans to your like of transfer service. The combination will get us the order, plus our satisfactory service. Ask any of our customers.

## For Sale

**Special Bargains**  
40 acres, 6 miles from Jerome good house and barn; all in cultivation; \$210 per acre; \$1,000 cash.  
80' highly improved, 6-room modern bungalow and good barn; mostly alfalfa, on State highway; \$200 per acre; \$5,000 cash.  
80 acres, 7 miles out, 4-room house and good well; 50 acres alfalfa, 10 acres brush; balance grain; \$100 per acre; \$1,500 cash.  
See Us for the Bargains  
**FEDERAL ABSTRACT AND INVESTMENT CO.**  
Jerome, Idaho Phone 225

\*\*\*\*\*  
"A CHOICE RANCH FOR SALE"—10 acres lays splendid, near switch, and not far from Jerome; 13 acres alfalfa, balance all plowed and ready for crop. House and barn; all fenced with woven wire.  
"If you are looking for a nice laying place, this will suit you." Price \$250.00. On terms that make it easy to handle and ready for cash.  
The Trull-Greeneback Realty Co., Phone 115, Jerome, Idaho.  
"HERE'S A GOOD BUY"—114 Acre Ranch near Jerome, on Main Road to Twin Falls. Good house, barn, granary, etc.; deep well and windmill. Land lays well, and is practically all in cultivation. \$200.00 per acre—\$500.00 cash, balance easy yearly payments.  
Trull-Greeneback Realty Co. Phone 115, Jerome, Idaho.  
\*\*\*\*\*

## FOR SALE

**FOR SALE—AUTO WIND SHIELDS**, headlights and window glass. Moon's shop near Postoffice.  
10-1-14

**BROOD SOWS AND SHOATS FOR SALE**—Registered Hampshire and grade Poland China, Duroc and Chester. Call between 2 and 4 o'clock at Edwards ranch, north of Suburban Park.  
10- K-2-10 pd

**FOR SALE—THREE LARGE OLD** ranches. Two 80's to trade for Twin Falls residence property. We pay buyers' expenses at age new steam heated hotel, Northwest Realty Co. W. S. Young, Mgr., Eden, Idaho.  
10x-1-20 K-1-20

**RESTAURANT FOR SALE**—Ad-dress, Box 238, Oakley, Idaho, first class, up-to-date place on Oakley, Idaho. Close to mining and oil district. One of the biggest paying restaurants in southern Idaho. Excellent opportunity to get in just before the big boom. Owner selling on account of other interests.  
1-20 K-2-20

**FOR SALE—WASHING MACHINE** in good condition. Inquire 120 Ninth ave. E. Phone 326.  
1-22 K-1-23

**FOR SALE—GOOD FORTY**, TWO miles from Twin Falls, only \$750 per acre, or will trade for good Salmon land. P. O. Box 675.  
6x-1-22 K-1-23 pd

**FOR SALE—FORD AUTO WITH** enclosed delivery body. Almost new. P. O. Chronicle.  
6x-1-23 K-1-23

## WANTED

**WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIENCED** bookkeeper. P. O. Box 583 Twin Falls.  
6x-1-21 K-1-27 pd

**WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED** or unfurnished house; anything from four rooms up; north or east side preferred. "Possession" any time between now and March 1. References if desired. Address, J. E. N. care Chronicle.

**WANTED TO BUY—HOGS, CATTLE** See C. A. Van Anden at J. S. Bus-sell, Twin Falls Bank & Trust.  
6x-1-20 K-1-25

**WANTED TO CLEAN YOUR FUR** nace and chimney. Phone 225-M. 1-Mo. 1-21

**WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED** room with sleeping porch. Phone 864-R.  
6x-1-21 K-1-27 pd

## FOR RENT

**MODERN HOTEL AT HOLLISTER** Idaho for lease, doing good business; \$100.00 per month. Address W. H. Craven, Hollister.  
6x-1-24 K-1-21

**FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE**—keeping rooms with bath. 404 Second avenue South.  
6x-1-23 K-1-23

**WANTED—HOUSE MAN AT ROG** erson Hotel.  
1-21-21

## Business Directory

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Twin Falls, Idaho.  
Analytical Chemist. Expert Work in Bacteriology and Toxicology. Specialist in Food and Sanitary Analysis. Special Attention to Board of Health Work.

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Room 8, Cotton Hall Building.  
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**ASHER B. WILSON**  
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**STRATTON'S** French Dry Cleaners  
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What we advertise we sell—  
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**ART CAMPBELL**  
**Expert Auto Repairing**  
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"For Better Clothes"

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from  
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**If It's a Battery Be Sure It's New**

It isn't good business to buy a battery that may be months old when you get it.

The only safe thing to do is to buy a Willard Battery with Threaded Rubber Insulation that has been shipped and stored bone dry, and consequently is brand new when it begins to work for you.

Drop in some time and let us explain this process to you and tell you why it is only possible with Threaded Rubber Insulation.

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**Save For Protection**

It is often said that a dollar is your best friend, and many times it's true. A dollar when you need it is a mighty help—a protection to your family and yourself. Deposits, large or small, regularly made in a Term Savings Account at this Bank, paying 4 per cent interest annually, are the best protection you can buy. Start now.

With a Term Savings Account of \$1 or more, you get one of our Liberty Bell Banks to help your savings grow.

**TWIN FALLS NATIONAL BANK**



## LARGE NUMBER TO HEAR COL. SCOTT

Much Interest Being Displayed in Salvation Army Plans in Twin Falls

Indications are for a large meeting of Twin Falls citizens at the meeting Tuesday night when Colonel Scott, of the Salvation Army, will speak in the Elk's lodge rooms.

Arrangements have been completed for the meeting and the coming of Colonel Scott is awaited with pleasure by the citizens who are interested in the army and the work it is to do in Twin Falls.

No greater sacrifice was made in the great war by any organization than was made by the Salvation Army. Not only did it expend all its funds in the cause of relief work, but the property owned by the loyal band of workers was mortgaged, and the end of the war found the army broke. It had not stinted. It had given to the boys in the trenches as long as it could find anything to give.

But the army was not long to be broken. In America, when the plight was discovered, men of affairs and patriotic citizens generally planned a nationwide drive. This was conducted on a plane which put the army on its feet, and enabled it to reach out in its labors to embrace such communities as Twin Falls. The Salvation Army work is worldwide. It reaches places neither sought nor reached by any other body of workers. And in all of its vast operations, it conflicts with the work of no other organization. Its relations are always in harmony with those of others. For where it finds others doing the things which should be done, it steps aside to work which is not receiving attention. Its mission is to serve mankind, and in that effort it puts vital energy and its experience covering years of work and learning.

Colonel Scott is in charge of the work in the northwest states. He is a magnificent talker, with a wealth of information and a message which will be heard with eminent satisfaction.

WOOD TO SEEK SUPPORT OF VOTERS OF OHIO

By the Associated Press. CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 24.—Supporters of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood

candidacy for the presidential nomination will submit his name to a referendum primary in this state, according to a statement made tonight by Col. W. C. Proctor, the general's manager.

"We shall not enter into contest for delegates but shall submit the name of Leonard Wood by referendum primary to the rank and file of the party, whenever opportunity is afforded as a candidate for the republican presidential nomination," the announcement read.

"The time has passed for the 'favorite son' method of controlling the wish of the people of any great state in a national convention. To this principle, Senator Harding has given unqualified approval when he said that he understood that I do not wish a delegation favorable to me unless my candidacy is the genuine and cordial preference of Ohio republicans."

## INTEREST PARENTS IN CALF CLUB WORK

Father Approves Selection of High Class Animals by Sons for Special Work

Arrangements are fast being completed for the distribution of thoroughbred cattle next Saturday to 12 boys who will carry out the Short-horn project for the Twin Falls county farm bureau juniors. The distribution will take place at the farm bureau office.

That parents of the lads who will take part in this work are greatly interested in the plan is manifested by requests received by A. I. O'Reilly, two of the animals that he purchased last week cost more than \$500 apiece. Already two of the members of the club have reserved these animals with the approval of their fathers, according to Mr. O'Reilly.

Pictures of the lads will be taken next Saturday, while there will be a general discussion of Short-horn breeding.

NAMES DAUGHTER SECRETARY

By the Associated Press. PAIR, Jan. 24.—M. Landry, the new minister of marine, has appointed his eldest daughter, Helene Landry, as secretary to his office. She is a graduate of the University in Philosophy and Law.

## ORCHARDISTS TAKE STEPS TO ORGANIZE

Will Form Horticultural Society—'Preliminary Meeting Held' Here Yesterday

Orchardists of Twin Falls county at the Parish hall took preliminary steps yesterday afternoon toward the organization of a county horticultural society, which will be affiliated with the state horticultural society.

Committee consisting of Granville Haight, manager of the Blue Lake orchards; Kenyon Green, J. A. Waters and T. George Holsch, manager of the Co-operative orchards, was appointed to prepare by-laws and report to a meeting to be held next Saturday afternoon at the farm bureau office, at which time all orchardists in the county will be urged to be present.

Appearance of pests in the orchards of the state, some of it being here, is given as the reason for the organization of such a society at this time. State officials have already taken steps to prevent the spread of the pests. It was announced at the meeting that S. C. Vandenberg, who appointed J. A. Waters and Mr. Holsch, horticultural inspectors for Twin Falls county.

Among those present at the meeting yesterday were Granville Haight, Nelson Hayward, J. E. Belleville, Joseph Day, Roy C. Farnes, Kenyon Green, J. A. Waters, W. A. Clough, George L. Watt, L. M. Campbell and T. George Holsch, including the subways and motor

CAMP PIKE TEAM GOES AFTER SELECTION HONORS

By the Associated Press. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 24.—The Camp Pike, Ark. (third division) regular army basketball team is about to start on an extended tour covering a large part of the United States playing army teams in many large army posts and civilian teams representing athletic clubs, Y. M. C. A. and several college teams.

This is the first effort of its kind toward the championship of the regular army. San Antonio, Texas, Joes Moines and Chicago will be among the cities to be visited.

## DE KLOTZ ET AL FILE AMENDED PETITION

Claim \$5,000 Votes Illegally Cast At Last General Campaign Election

In compliance with the ruling of Judge W. A. Babcock ten days ago, sustaining in vital part the demurrer of the defendants to the original action, an amended petition was filed last evening by Frank DeKlotz and others against Directors Barker, Brown, Lincoln and Kennedy of the canal company, seeking a review by the court of the recent canal election and granting these four from serving as directors.

Judge Babcock held that the original petition was vague in that the court could not ascertain from it whom the petitioners claimed cast illegal votes or for whom the alleged illegal votes were cast nor whether or not the voting were bona fide stockholders holding stock in their own name on the books of the corporation at least ten days prior to the election.

In the petition filed yesterday the petitioners declared that 35,000 votes were cast for Alvares Barker, Brown, Lincoln and Kennedy by illegal votes. Accompanying the petition an exhibit "B" is the following list in whose names it is contended holders of proxies cast illegal votes: A. Herman Anderson, M. F. Albert, P. G. Bethune, Dahl Township company, Edmund Brown, George A. Buxey, H. C. Coffin, Colwell and Spargur, Emanuel Coombes, E. L. Eaton, Evans & Johnson, Filer Township company, D. B. Fletcher, W. M. Fetzelle, L. J. Greenwalt, Stella Haight, John Hovenden, C. J. Hahn Mrs. O. H. Hanson, George E. Harlan, Ivan Harral, Jesse C. Harris, Ed Hobson, Fred H. Hill, R. B. Howard, James A. Howard Jacob Kohnopp, E. A. Lundon, T. A. Lark, Mary A. Lilly, E. Meunier, W. R. McCormick, H. C. Miller, A. A. Miller, H. J. Moore, T. F. McFarang, Thomas and Mary Nicholson, W. E. Norris, W. L. Norris, Thron Olson, C. G. Peck, R. Phillo, Creed Rutherford, Gail Schroppel, A. Clinton Smith, Harry Smith, P. H. Smith, H. H. Steyer, E. M. Sommer, Twin Falls Land & Water company, B. Williams, A. J. Wilson, James Wilson, Lillian Wilkinson, City of Bluff City of Twin Falls.

Y. W. C. A. WORKERS ARE HONORED BY THE FRENCH

By the Associated Press. PAIR, Jan. 24.—Workers attached to the Young Women's Christian association have been presented with medals by the French government as evidence of "French gratitude" for their labors. These workers have been active in welfare work among the French girls, particularly in the munitions factories during the war. Those who received medals include: Hettie Anderson, Pasadena, Calif.

Meta Glass, Lynchburg, Va.; Agnes Winter, Philadelphia; Clara Cyves, Chambersburg, Pa.; Mary Jacob, Pasadena, Calif.; Grace Hardwick, Indianapolis; Mary Buchanan, Scotland; Alice Woolley, Yankton; Mrs. Sherman Dean, Chicago, and Mrs. Helo Jackson Maynard, Tama, Iowa.

BRANNON WANTS BELLOTT TO BE REASONABLY LIBERAL

By the Associated Press.

BELLOTT, Wis., Jan. 24.—A "reasonable liberal" in the educational policy of Beloit college is the one demand of Dr. M. A. Brannon, which must be met if he remains president of the institution, according to the student publication today. He has endorsed the resignation but students urge his retention.

Dr. Brannon was quoted as saying that unless the men on the faculty were permitted to express their conscientious objections although liberal, he considered the college causes to him educationally.

JOHNNY WHIPS SET-UP

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—Johnny Kilbane, the featherweight champion, had a shade the better of the six-round bout here tonight with Johnny Murray of New York. There was little effective fighting in the first five rounds during which Murray did most of the leading, but the final round was full of action in which Kilbane showed superiority.

LEICHTENSTEIN DYING

By the Associated Press. GENEVA, Jan. 24.—Reports received here from Buchs says the princely of Liechtenstein is dying economically as there is no business. Hotels and principle shops are closed. Nobody accepts Austrian money. Swiss currency only being recognized. Emigration is said to be increasing at an alarming rate.

CHICAGO DEFEATS MICHIGAN

By the Associated Press. CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Chicago defeated Michigan in a western conference basketball ball game tonight, 40 to 22.

CLEVELAND HOCKEY WINS

By the Associated Press. CLEVELAND, Jan. 24.—The Cleveland hockey team defeated Kingston Frontenacs, four out three, tonight.

## CHRISTIAN CHURCH OBSERVE OHIO NIGHT

Message to Be Read from Harding—Address to Be Delivered On the State

This will be "Ohio Night" at the Christian church. It. H. Stevenson, publisher of The Chronicle, will deliver the address on "Ohio," while a message will be read from Warren G. Harding, senator from Ohio, and a presidential candidate. Following the address by Mr. Stevenson, the pastor will deliver a sermon on "An Ideal Twin Falls Home." The musical number for the services will be provided by Miss Edith Crook, who will give a vocal solo, the rendition of "My Home So Fair," by the male chorus and a duet by Mr. and Mrs. C. J. McCormick.

These meetings have stimulated interest to a remarkable degree. The Twin Falls tract is composed of people from all the states, and discussion of the old home commonwealth is always found attractive.

Several of the speakers have gone outside the states they talked of for discussion of timely topics, but most of them have held themselves to talks having intimate connection with the states represented. Mr. Stevenson has announced that he will follow this plan. His talk will be confined to Ohio, Ohio people, Ohio achievements.

## SPAIN PROTESTS THE SELECTION HUN ENVOY

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, Jan. 24.—Spain has protested to Germany against the appointment of Dr. Rosen as minister at Madrid on the ground of his participation in the Moroccan negotiations, with which he was identified in the Paris deliberations over the program of the Algeiras convention.

Although Germany is no longer concerned in the Moroccan situation, it is believed here that Spain's attitude toward Dr. Rosen is directed by recognition of the fact that the issue is likely to come up between Spain

and France and that Spain secretly wishes to "span" French influence by suggesting that the German envoy to Spain have no connection with the name.

TODAY SET APART TO HONOR ARMY NURSES

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Responding to a petition from soldier patients tomorrow has been designated as a "nurse day" in all offices of states where governors have issued proclamations, according to an announcement today by the war department. At one army hospital at least, red roses will appear on army blouses to commemorate the day and special tribute will be paid in many churches over the country to the heroic women of the army.

## LITTLE LUMBER CAMP CROWDED FOR TRIAL

By the Associated Press.

MONTESANO, Wash., Jan. 24.—Conditions resembling those of a boom mining camp prevailed tonight in this little lumber town where the trial of eleven alleged members of the Industrial Workers of the World charged with the murder of Warren O. Grimm, one of the four former service men slain during an armistice day parade at Centerville, Wash., last November is scheduled to begin Monday.

There were said to be 30 rooms available, for late-comers, even private homes being crowded with ynnemen, attorneys and witnesses.

Attorneys have estimated that the trial will last about eight weeks and that at least two weeks will be consumed in choosing a jury.

FINED \$50 FOR PROFITEERING

By the Associated Press. PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 24.—Jacob Hassel, a grocer yesterday pleaded guilty to profiteering in sugar sales and was fined \$50 in federal court. Hassel is the second dealer fined for charging too much for sugar this week.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR RENT—100 ACRES NEAR JEROME, to lease to right party must be taken quick. Address Dr. F. F. McAtos, Twin Falls.

## MEN'S Dress Shoes SPECIAL

Men's high-grade Dress Shoes. Vici kid, calf and tan calf. Five to eight pair lots. Values from \$9 to \$12. Closing out for

**\$7.85**



**\$7.85**

**The Model Barber Shoe Company**

## NOTICE

### AMERICAN LEGION MEMBERS

A meeting of the Twin Falls Post, at which it is desired to have every member present, will be held at the Elks club on Tuesday evening, January 27, at 8 p. m.

A question of unusual interest and importance has arisen suddenly, upon which it is hoped to secure the views of every member of Twin Falls Post.

**PAUL TABER, Adjutant Finance Officer.**

**TOM BERRINGTON, Commander.**

**DON'T FAIL TO COME.**



## All Women's Coats



**Reduced**

GROUP I  
**14.75**

GROUP II  
**22.50**

GROUP III  
**32.50**

The woman who has waited till now to buy a winter coat will certainly walk out of this store with the best value imaginable

The newest styles of the season, the most popular colors are included, while fabrics and workmanship are of the best sort.

The following prices prevail:

**20 Cute Coats For Kiddies, Cost Little Here, Sizes 5, 6 . . . . . 2.95**

"Another Package From Booth's"

**Booth Merc. Co.**



# Theodore Roosevelt's Letters to His Children

Edited by

Joseph Bucklin Bishop

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(Ninth Installment.)

## Merits of Military and Civil Life.

White House, Jan. 21, 1904.

Dear Ted:

This will be a long business letter. I sent you the examination papers for West Point and Annapolis. I have thought a great deal over the matter, and discussed it at great length with mother. I feel on the other hand that I ought to give you my best advice, and yet on other hand I do not wish to seem to constrain you against your wishes. If you have definitely made up your mind that you have an overmastering desire to be in the navy or the army, and that such a career is the one in which you will take a really heartfelt interest—far more so than any other—and that your greatest chance of happiness and usefulness will be in doing this one work which you feel yourself especially drawn—why, under such circumstances, I have but little to say. But I am not satisfied that this is really your feeling. It seemed to me more as if you did not feel drawn in any other direction, and wondered what you were going to do in life or what kind of work you would turn your hand to, and wondered if you could make a success or not; and that you are therefore inclined to turn to the navy or army chiefly because you would have a definite and settled career in life and could hope to go on steadily without any great risk of failure. Now, if such is your thought, I shall quote to you what Captain Mahan said of his son when asked why he did not send him to West Point or Annapolis. "I have too much confidence in him to make me feel that it is desirable for him to enter either branch of the service."

I have great confidence in you. I believe you have the ability, and above all, the energy, the perseverance, and the common sense, to win out in civil life. That you will have some hard times and some discouraging times I have no question; but this is merely another way of saying that you will share the common lot. Though you will have to work in different ways from those in which I have worked, you will not have to work any harder, nor face periods of more discouragement. I trust in your ability, and especially your character, and I am confident you will win.

In the army and in the navy the chance for a man to show great ability and rise above his fellows does not occur on the average more than once in a generation. When I was down at Santiago it was melancholy to me to see how fossilized and lacking in ambition, and generally useless, were most of the men of my age and over, who had served their lives in the army. The navy for the last few years has been better, but for twenty years after the civil war there was less chance in the navy than in the army to practise, and do work of real consequence. I have actually known lieutenants in both the army and the navy who were grandfathers—men who had seen their children married before they themselves had attained the grade of captain. Of course, the chance may come at any time when the man of West Point or Annapolis who will have stayed in the army or navy finds a great war on, and therefore has the

opportunity to rise high. Under such circumstances I think the man who actually has left the army or the navy has even more chance of rising than the man who has remained in it. Moreover, often a man can do as I did in the Spanish war, even though not a West Pointer.

This last point raises the question about you going to West Point or Annapolis and leaving the army or navy after you have served the four regulation years (I think that is the number) after graduation from the academy. Under this plan you would have an excellent education and a grounding in discipline and, in some ways, a testing of your capacity greater than I think you can get in any ordinary college. On the other hand, except for the profession of an engineer, you would have had nothing like special training, and you would be so ordered about, and arranged for, that you would have less independence of character than you could gain from them. You would have had fewer temptations, but you would have had less chance to develop the qualities which overcome temptations and show that a man has individual initiative. Supposing you entered at seventeen, with the intention of following this course. The result would be that at twenty-five you would leave the army or navy without having gone through any law school or any special technical school of any kind, and would start your life work three or four years later than your school fellows of today, who go to work immediately after leaving college. Of course, under such circumstances, you might study law, for instance, during the four years after graduation; but my own feeling is that a man does good work chiefly when he is in something which he intends to make his permanent work, and in which he is deeply interested. Moreover, there will always be the chance that the number of officers in the army or navy will be deficient, and that you would have to stay in the service instead of getting out when you wished.

I want you to think over all these matters very seriously. It would be a great misfortune for you to start into the army or navy as a career, and find that you had mistaken your desires and had gone in without really weighing the matter.

You ought not to enter unless you feel genuinely drawn to the life as a life work. If so, go in; but not otherwise.

Mr. Loeb told me today that at 17 he had tried for the army, but failed. The competitor who beat him is now a captain; Mr. Loeb has passed him by, although meanwhile a war has been fought. Mr. Loeb said he wished to enter the army because he did not know what to do, could not foresee whether he would succeed or fail in life, and he felt that the army would give him a "living and a career." Now, if this is at the bottom of your feeling I should advise you not to go in; I should say yes to some boys, but not to you; I believe in you too much, and have too much confidence in you.

## Senator Hanna's Death.

White House, Feb. 19, 1904.

Dear Ted:

Senator Hanna's death was a tragedy. At the end he wrote me a note, the last

he ever wrote, which showed him at his best, and which I much appreciate. His death was very sad for his family and close friends, for he had many large and generous traits, and had made a great success in life by his energy, perseverance and burly strength.

Buffalo Bill was at lunch the other day, together with John Willis, my old hunter. Buffalo Bill has always been a great friend of mine. I remember when I was running for vice president I struck a Kansas town just when the Wild West show was there. He got upon the rear platform of my car and made a brief speech in my behalf, ending with the statement that "a cyclone from the west had come; no wonder the rats hunted their cellars!"

As for you, I think the West Point education is, of course, good for any man, but I still think that you have too much in you for me to be glad to see you go into the army, where in time of peace progress is so much a matter of routine.

## Irritating Remarks by Quentin.

White House, Feb. 27, 1904.

Dear Kermit:

Mother went off for three days to New York and Mame and Quentin took instant advantage of her absence to fall sick. Quentin's sickness was surely due to riot in candy and ice cream with chocolate sauce. He was a very sad bunny next morning and spent a couple of days in bed. Ethel, as always, was as good as gold both to him and Archie, and largely relieved me of my duties as vice-mother. I got up each morning in time to breakfast with Ethel and Archie before they started for school, and I read a certain amount to Quentin, but this was about all. I think Archie escaped with a minimum of washing for three days. One day I asked him before Quentin how often he washed his face, whereupon Quentin interpolated, "very seldom, I fear," which naturally produced from Archie violent recriminations of strangely personal type. Mother came back yesterday, having thoroughly enjoyed Parsifal. All the horses continue sick.

## Peter Rabbit's Funeral.

White House, May 28, 1904.

Dear Kermit:

It was great fun seeing you and Ted, and I enjoyed it to the full.

Ethel, Archie and Quentin have gone to Mount Vernon today with the Garfield boys. Yesterday poor Peter Rabbit died and his funeral was held with proper state. Archie, in his overalls, dragged the wagon with the little coffin in which poor Peter Rabbit lay. Mother walked behind as chief mourner, she and Archie solemnly exchanging tributes to the worth and good qualities of the departed. Then he was buried with a fuschia over his little grave.

You remember Kenneth Graham's account of how Harold went to the circus and sang the great spher song of the circus? Well, yesterday mother leaned out of her window and heard Archie swinging under a magnolia tree singing away to himself. "I'm going to Sagamore, to Sagamore, to Sagamore, I'm going to Sagamore, oh, to Sagamore!" It was his spher song of joy and thanksgiving.

The children's delight at going to

Sagamore next week has completely swallowed up all regret at leaving mother and me. Quentin is very cunning. He and Archie love to play the hose into the sandbox and then, with their rubber boots on, to get in and make fortifications. Now and then they play it over each other. Ethel is playing tennis quite a good deal.

I think Yagenka is going to come out all right, and Bleistein, too. I have no hope for Wyoming or Renown. Fortunately, Rusty is serving us well.

## Love for the White House.

White House, May 28, 1904.

Dear Ted:

I am having a reasonable amount of work and more than a reasonable amount of worry. But, after all, life is lovely here. The country is beautiful and I do not think that any two people get more enjoyment out of the White House than Mother and I. We love the house itself, without and within, for its associations, its stillness and simplicity. We love the garden. And we like Washington. We always take our breakfast on the south portico now. Mother looking very pretty and dainty in her summer dresses. Then we stroll about the garden for fifteen or twenty minutes, looking at the flowers and fountain and admiring the trees. Then I work until between four and five, usually having some official people to lunch—now a couple of senators, now a couple of ambassadors, now a literary man, now a capitalist or a labor leader, or a scientist, or a big game hunter. If mothers wants to ride, we then spend a couple of hours on horseback. We had a lovely ride up on the Virginia shore since I came back and yesterday went up Rock Creek and swung back home by the roads where, the locust trees were the most numerous—for they are now white with blossoms. It is the last great burst of bloom which we shall see this year except the laurels. But there are plenty of flowers in bloom or just coming out, the honeysuckle most conspicuously. The south portico is fragrant with that now. The jasmine will be out later. If we don't ride, I walk or play tennis. But I am afraid Ted has gotten out of his father's class in tennis.

## Japanese Wrestling.

White House, March 5, 1904.

Dear Kermit:

I am wrestling with two Japanese wrestlers three times a week. I am not the age or build one would think to be whirled lightly on an opponent's head and batted down on a mattress without damage. But they are so skillful that I have not been hurt at all. My throat is a large sore, because once when one of them had a strange hold I also got hold of his windpipe and thought perhaps I could choke him off before he could choke me. However, he got ahead.

The Russo-Japanese war was raging during the spring of 1904. The country at large, and government officials in particular, had been counseled to maintain strict neutrality. Meanwhile states were already lining up for Roosevelt as the republican candidate for the presidency. Postoffice scandals, the Reed Smoot investigation, the Panama questions were all in the president's hands and all Editor.

# MERCIER-LOVES AMERICAN PEOPLE

The Cardinal Hopes to Be Able to Come to the United States Again.

MATINEE. Francis Xavier Mercier, archbishop of Malines, has applied himself energetically to the task of the industrial reconstruction as well as promoting the spiritual progress of Belgium. He paused long enough when I visited him to send the following message of gratitude for the American people for the enthusiastic reception he received during his tour of the states:

"You ask me whether, now that I am, come home, I can give you any message for the American people, with regard to my journey through the states.

"I take up my first words on landing. I then said, 'I have come to see the people, to bring them a message of admiration and gratitude.' These messages I delivered wherever I went and to the best of my ability. And I think my first object has been achieved; I have seen the people, and I use the word 'see' in the sense in which we use it spiritually, meaning to know and to love.

"I knew the American people, and so their dominant characteristics of open-hearted frank spontaneity, his suppressed me and gone to my heart. It is in this fact that I attribute to the current of genuine sympathy which immediately flowed from them to me and back again."

I met the cardinal in the archbishopdom where he received and answered the notes of General von Blumling when that iron-fisted Prussian invader was in command with his headquarters at Brussels. It was here that Cardinal Mercier poured the "burning" which will live in history.

But now Cardinal Mercier is busying himself with thoughts of peace and progress. The end of the war brought to him many problems. "I am always glad to meet an American," he said as he welcomed me into his study. "I learned to love America and Americans during my tour to your wonderful country. I hope to be able to visit your country again."

The cardinal was not the same tired-looking man so many Americans met at the close of his American tour. Then his tall figure was noticeably bent with fatigue. Today he stands erect. The lines which told of physical weariness have disappeared from his face.

"I have traveled much and in many lands," said Cardinal Mercier.

"I have met many people and made many friends. But in my travels I never felt more at home than I did in your country."

"I admire the bigness of America and its people. I do not mean the physical bigness of your country—its great cities, its great buildings, but the bigness of heart and the bigness of mind and purpose."

"There was a touch of sadness in the voice of the cardinal as he discussed the future of the Belgian people. Belgium has made tremendous strides in the matter of its industrial reconstruction, but some institutions have made little progress."

Many of the churches in the archbishop's diocese are in a state of bankruptcy. Technical schools in which boys and girls are taught trades are in a sad state."

I visited one of these schools in Malines, where hundreds of boys are being taught carpentry, cabinet-making, wood-carving and metal trades. This school lacks tools, it lacks seasoned wood and above all, properly lighted rooms."

Plans Big Schools. Lack of coal and consequently lack of electric light was responsible. The cardinal is planning money to build a newer and larger school in Malines and other Belgian cities.

In the reception hall of the cardinal's home I met Marguerite Boylan of Columbus, Ohio, a worker of the National Catholic War Council of the United States. Miss Boylan is engaged in making surveys. The council has opened community houses in the devastated districts and also in the larger Belgian cities.

In the smaller places, like Rouiller and Staden, where the iron fist of the Germans fell heavily, a great work is being done. Many families still live in the cellars of their old homes while the work of rebuilding goes on. They obtain food and recreation at the community houses.

At Liege, the first Belgian city to be rocked by the thunder of the great siege guns of the Germans, older girls are being taught to take their share of the work of Belgian reconstruction.

It is in cities like Liege that technical schools, such as planned by the cardinal, are most needed.

TOO MANY FOR HER. LONDON—The little matter of these little ones caused Emily Springer, servant girl of Sutton, to take poison on the first day the duns were declared for her wedding to a widower. "I knew he had one child," she said, "but four was too many."

Losses by fire in the United States and Canada during November were \$23,456,500 against \$12,333,750 in November last year.

A university in California has more students today than there were in Europe 70 years ago.

# PASSENGER CAR BUSINESS ASSET

Value of Money Is Increased By Its Use Is the Belief of W. E. Smith.

"The rapidly increasing use of passenger automobiles in business is proof that they are a profitable investment," says W. E. Smith, local dealer in Chevrolet passenger and commercial cars.

"Business houses would not buy more and more of these cars except for economic reasons—and these reasons are obvious."

"The passenger car not only cuts cost. It increases the value of money. Traveling expenses when invested in a motor car, show more satisfactory results. It makes the money paid to salesmen yield more business and more profit."

"The salesman's time is valuable and an automobile enables him to see more people and to cover more territory in a day. It makes him independent of other expensive conveyances. It does not limit him to railway schedules."

"He does not have to wait time in unprofitable places. He can get to the right place in the right time. His motor car makes every minute count and saves all his energy for his work."

"And the passenger automobile is proving its advantages, not only in selling, but in every line of business where transportation is a factor."

"This is especially true of the up-to-date, medium weight cars. Their well balanced construction makes them absolutely reliable. Their convenience increased by complete equipment, adapts them especially to commercial needs."

"In addition to these advantages they are as inexpensive to maintain as to buy. The total maintenance cost divided by actual mileage proves how much they save. Increased business proves how much they earn."

"It is at this economic merit, combined with their dependability and convenience that makes medium weight cars such important factors in business transportation."

# AMERICANIZE THE BALKAN FOOTWEAR

Soldiers Find It Impossible to Return to the Primitive—Satala.

PETH, Montenegro—Americanization of the footwear of the Balkans within a few years may be one of the unexpected results of the war. The Serbian sandal or opanchi, of soft pliable leather was abandoned when Serbia was compelled to call upon the allies for equipment, for only the stiff shoe, to which western European and American armies were accustomed, were available. Now, having been habituated to the modern shoe, The Serbian soldier, upon demobilization, finds it difficult to return to the primitive sandal. Supplies of old shoes gathered in

America which were distributed recently by the American Red Cross keep fresh in their minds forever, were snatched up by the peasants' national consciousness. The cap with activity. American business still worn to this day, is brilliant and ready' has begun to exploit this new source of demand so that a few more years probably will see the Balkan peasant wearing American shoes. The war has dealt the venerable headgear of the Montenegrin a telling blow, since 1389.

More than 600 years ago, in 1389, the Serbs who were driven to refuge from the Turk in the mountains of Serbia have come into the glory which Montenegro after the overthrow of was theirs before Kosovo, there vented in Sweden in the empire at the battle of Kosovo, seems to many of them to be no reason for the perpetuation of the sentiment which the cap was calculated to keep alive through the period of adversity of the nation.

WOMEN AND GOLF. From the beginning of the game golf, as first played in the fifteenth century, records show that the women have played it more or less consistently from that time through to the present.

A short distance range finder in the military men.

# IDAHO THEATER MONDAY and Tuesday



Jesse L. Lasky Presents

# VIVIAN MARTIN IN "The Home Town Girl"

A Paramount Picture

Added attraction, a 2-reel Sennett Comedy, featuring

BEN TURPIN in "THE STAR BOARDER"

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Idaho Theatre

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Ladies Buy the Tickets

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Full set of 5-Cord tires. This is a bargain if sold at once. See

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The Westcott frame is not designed simply to carry the weight of the car without bending or breaking but to reduce to the absolute minimum all shock, twist or strain on the body and superstructure, and to do this without a superfluous pound of weight. This is one important reason for Westcott's long life.

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## SHOWS EFFECTS ON AUTO BATTERY

Willard School Makes Study of Various Inquiries in Cells of Batteries.

"A good many things of importance are constantly going inside the box of every starting and lighting battery," says George Row, local Willard battery expert, "yet it is very seldom that any of us has an opportunity of watching these changes as they take place."

"The whole process is showing an unusual way in demonstration given at the technical school conducted by the Willard Storage Battery company. At this school, a number of cells are assembled in glass jars in place of the regular rubber jars and are charged and discharged under conditions which closely approximate the conditions of actual service."

"To show what happens in these cells when impure water is used, several foreign substances are dropped into the various batteries. For one, nitric acid is added; into another, all the salt ammoniac is dropped; a little hydrochloric acid is put in the third. All the results are carefully noted by students. In this way, the Willard service station, experts who attend the school are enabled to tell at a glance not only what impure water is used in a battery, but exactly what sort of impurity is interfering with the proper work of the cell."

## JAPANESE IMPORTS OF LITTLE EFFECT

Steady Growth of Oriental Goods Business Does Not Change American Markets.

WASHINGTON — Despite the steady growth of imports from Japan since the signing of the armistice, officials of the department of commerce today declared that the American markets had been but little affected by the influx of oriental goods. Imports from Japan have increased mainly in value rather than in quantity, it is said.

During the eleven months ending with November, 1919, the most available figures, America imported goods valued at \$387,130,187 from Japan, compared with \$264,269,502 in 1918, and \$238,550,617 in 1917.

One reason for the increase in imports is the shipping facilities now available, officials declare, though Japan's expansion in foreign trade is his sight.

regarded as general. Japanese goods which are sent to this country, however, are of the cheaper grades, it is said, and do not compete with the high-class American manufactures. Low grade paper and cotton goods, tea, vegetable, oils, silk and bamboo manufactures are said to form the bulk of the Japanese imports. The only classes of manufacture in which Japan and the United States are on a competitive footing are toys and a few novelties in which the two countries now lead the world, officials say.

The constant increase in Japan's export trade, not only with the United States, but with the world, indicates a heavy demand will be made in the far east for American machinery and mechanical devices, experts declare. Japan, it is said, can manufacture cheaply low grade goods, but must import machinery with which to do it.

Trade experts seem to concede that Japan will control the trade in the far east in the cheaper lines, but they believe the demand for American manufacturing machinery and office appliances will keep step with the growth of Japanese trade.

No invasion of the American markets by Japanese manufacturers is expected by trade experts of the department of commerce. At present Japan has the advantage over European exporters, they say, because of the unsettled conditions brought on by the war. But when the industries of Europe have readjusted themselves to a return of the normal flow of imports into the United States is looked for. For the next few years Japan's progress as a manufacturing nation will be almost wholly along the lines of her peculiar domestic products and low grade manufactures. It is asserted.

**DUMMIES PEP UP.**  
PARIS — Where once French shop window dummies stood at stiff attention, now they are cast in "snappy" posture, window trimmings are, and the hique ladies had to become more "peppy."

**AIRPLANES FOR PERSONAL USE.**  
More than 500 men and women have bought or ordered airplanes for their own use. In the past three years, according to a statement of Henry Woodhouse, vice president of the Aerial League of America, 12,000 had been ready they could have been sold at once.

**SENTENCE TO DEATH.**  
GENEVA — Henry Criz was sentenced to death for the murder of a Swiss villager and ordered, under law, to pay the expenses of his own hanging. He paid under protest.

An institution for the blind in London has a multicycle which can be ridden by twelve men, the steersman being the only one required to have Japan's expansion in foreign trade is his sight.

## USE MUSTARD GAS AGAINST CANNIBALS

English Explorer to Lead Expedition Against "White Cannibals."

NEW YORK — Mustard gas and machine guns are to be used by Captain Henry de Windt, an English explorer, against the poisoned arrows of a tribe described as "white cannibals" on Tiburón Island, on the Pacific coast, he announced here today. Captain de Windt said he would leave New York in a few days to lead an expedition of six civilians and three score Mexican soldiers to the island. Tiburón is said to have rich deposits of pitchblende from which radium is made.

The island is about 40 miles from Guaymas, Mexico, which, in turn, is only 48 hours by rail from Coronado Beach, Cal. The inhabitants are said to be descendants of Dutch, Swedish and German prisoners who escaped from Mexican prisons several centuries ago. Of sixteen persons known to have visited the island in the past few years, in parties of two and three, only one are said to have returned alive, the others falling victims to the flaxen-haired, blue-eyed "white Indians" as the Mexican people call them.

"Four miles from the Mexican coast," said Mr. de Windt, "Tiburón is easily accessible. Yagui Indians who live on the mainland, call Tiburón the 'Island of Death' for the reason that any person who lands on it is shot by poisoned darts and then eaten by the natives. The cannibals, in addition to bows and arrows, use an ancient blunderbuss. They are supposed to number from 500 to 2,000 persons."

"Besides myself, the expedition I will lead will consist of Mackenzie Grieve, the champion of Harry Hawk, or when he fell during his attempted transatlantic flight; an expert tunnelling engineer; an expert copper mining engineer; Anton Gibson, nephew of President Carranza of Mexico, in whose name the concession permitting the exploration of the island was issued; a man-servant and sixty Mexican soldiers, assigned to the party by the Mexican government. I imagine the searchings on the island will consume some three or four months."

A new type of airplane hangar adopted by the United States government is composed of concrete and steel, and has ventilating windows and doors that can be closed instantly in case of fire inside or outside.

# ANNOUNCING

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## WESTERN AUTO COMPANY



# TAXES BLAMED FOR HIGH LIVING COSTS

Cost of Living Blamed for High Living Costs

WASHINGTON.—The increase in the cost of living proportionately has not hit the individual half as hard as the increase in the cost of the government.

The bureau of labor statistics shows the index figure for the cost of living is 188 compared to costs in 1913-14 and 15. If an index figure were established for the cost of government, on the same basis, it would stand somewhere around 400. The result is the increase in cost of living is, to a very appreciable extent, the result of the increased cost of government and its consequent high taxes.

The cost of Uncle Sam's government to each of his citizens, men, women and children, in 1920, was approximately \$4, and his total government expenditures, exclusive of postal service, \$218,317,000.

By 1900 the per capita cost had moved up to about \$8, covering the cost of the Spanish-American war and the "extravagant" expenditures incident to the "imperialistic" policy that kept us in the Philippines and in Cuba. Appropriations for 1900 amounted to \$545,333,000.

For 1910 congress appropriated about \$793,334,000, or about \$7.78 per capita; and by 1916 this had increased to slightly more than \$8 per capita.

Estimates presented to the present congress, however, for the year from June 30, 1920, to June 30, 1921, call for appropriations of \$4,475,598,255.42, or, on a basis of population of 119,000,000, but \$40.65 per capita. Where has the cost of living anything in that?

To be conservative, however, let us figure next year's governmental expenditures on the basis of estimated expenditures compiled by the experts of the treasury department. These estimate the government's outlay for the fiscal year 1921 at \$4,073,787,955, or \$35 per capita. That is believed to be the irreducible minimum.

Into this cost goes approximately \$1,300,000,000 in fixed charges resulting from the war.

Interest on the public debt will amount to \$1,075,000,000. Sinking fund charges take \$287,000,000. In all, the total fixed charges to be met by the government in 1921 stands at \$1,343,983,000 before any appropriations are made for current government activities.

Of this amount \$376,574,875.52 is interest on loans to foreign governments, the greater part of which has been waived by the government for the next three years, but accumulates as a credit to our account against the time of ultimate settlement.

The nation's gross public debt amounts to \$262,210,530,269, of which amount \$24,928,561,000 has been added since April 6, 1917, when we entered the world war. Loans to the allies and other foreign countries run about 40 per cent.

The mere physical cost of administering Uncle Sam's money chest, as a result of our bond issues and war taxes, is expected to cost \$28,508,332.38 next year, as against \$19,810,392.88 for the current year, and the total expense of the treasury department to aggregate \$73,405,101.36 as against \$60,258,012.58.

A flat sum of \$21,000,000 is asked to cover costs of collecting war revenue taxes. For enforcing the new national prohibition law, including allowances for chemists to test suspicious beverages, laboratory supplies for their work and liquor permits to permit our lawbreakers, \$1,000,000 is to be provided.

Including administrative costs, the revenue bureau alone expects to need next year no less than \$12,258,000, as against \$28,285,000 for the current year. Part of this money, however, would be paid directly back to the taxpayers in the form of refunds amounting to \$12,000,000 of \$1.25 per dollar collected in previous years.

Paper costs, too, affect Uncle Sam's expenses, the more blank forms and stationery needed for next year's work amounting to \$211,000 as against \$30,000 for 1920.

Uncle Sam's total legitimate income for the year ending June 30, 1921, is placed by treasury experts at \$229,500,000, and has probably expenses of \$1,773,787,955, leaving a balance of \$1,544,002,055.

Offsetting this, however, is an increased deficit for the current year of \$1,500,000,000. If it becomes amount of \$1,500,000,000, which many fiscal authorities now doubt. June 30, 1921, promises to find the treasury still with a deficit, after providing for the sinking fund, not figured above, of \$2,269,326,528, if our present program of appropriations and expenditures are carried out.

Included in the estimates for 1921, however, are largely increased estimates for the military establishment which the American people will, doubtless, wish to study closely. Just why our army costs should mount next year as against the current year, when the business of the war was not yet wound up, many will fail to understand. Perhaps they should not. That is for the public and congress

to decide. Just what activities the army is proposing for next year, and the amounts they cost, will be reviewed.

**NOTICE**  
Stockholders meeting of Twin Falls Dehydrating company annual meeting of stockholders.  
The stockholders will meet for the purpose of electing officers. The meeting will be held at Turkish hall at 2 p. m., Tuesday, February 10.  
J. L. MEE,  
Secretary.  
Jan. 21-28-Feb. 4.

## SOCIALISTS WORK ON THE YOUTHS

Communists Have Branches in All the Principal New York State Cities.

NEW YORK.—Agents of the joint legislative committee investigating seditious activities have discovered that young people's socialist leagues to teach communism have been formed in all the important cities of New York state, says Attorney General J. Edgar Hoover. In Rochester and some upstate centers, he declares, junior leagues have been organized to sow the communist seed among the children.

"The committee's investigators have discovered in Rochester and some other important centers upstate that the young people's socialist leagues, an off-shoot of the socialist party of America and commonly called 'Ypsels,' has aligned itself with the communists, and is devoting its time and attention to spreading the principles of communism," Mr. Hoover said.

"The investigators have discovered that the 'Ypsels' have formed junior leagues of boys and girls between 12 and 16, to teach them the principles of communism. There is evidence to indicate that a large part of the instruction is given in schools conducted on Sunday, some of which are called 'Sunday schools'."

"Those whose memory extends back further than a day will recall that during the war the 'Ypsels' were quite prolific in teaching and encouraging young men to become 'conscientious objectors.' Their leagues are all over the state, in all the important cities."

## PUBLIC OPINION GIVES JACK K. O.

Failure to Don Uniform Makes the Heavyweight Champion Unpopular With Fans.

By FRED THURBYVILLE

The American legion posts throughout the country are against Jack Dempsey at every turn. They are trying to block any fight in which he participates.

The rest of the boxing fans of America appear well riled up over the exorbitant demands and chaste attitude of the champion to such an extent that they would as soon see someone else fighting.

And it begins to look as if Jack Dempsey will be glad to accept an offer from London or Paris promoters if he wants to meet Georges Carpentier.

He is another unpopular champion and it might have been different, for personally Jack is likable, and there is no doubt but that he is a wonderful fighter. He is a victim of his associations, perhaps, for had he followed his own choosing he probably would have gone into service and thus saved himself the present embarrassment.

But the war is over and it is now too late to rectify the mistakes he made then.

At best the path of the champion is a hard one. The public expects much of him and he generally fails to deliver what is expected.

But in Dempsey's case the fans might have alluded their enmity more fully to permit the champion going about with his profession. But his manager, Jack Kearns, has tried the profiteering game to his own disaster. The demands made for impossible purses has aroused the disgust of the sporting public. There is no fight worth a half million dollars purse and neither is Dempsey worth three or four times as much as Carpentier.

All of these conditions—the opposition of the American Legion, the disgust of the fans, the attitude of the champion and his manager—have just about killed any chance Dempsey had to meet Carpentier in this country soon.

The governor of California has come out flat-footed in opposition to a match across the Mexican border. The governor of New Jersey says

Dempsey isn't good enough to box in that state.

Dempsey may go to England or France, but if he does there will be fans trailing along. On the other hand there will be a lot of them pulling for the war hero, Carpentier, to bring this about, with team work.

In the meantime there is a growing demand in this country for a bout between fighting Bob Martin, A. E. V., and inter-allied champion Carpentier.

ARE SEEKING OIL

MELBOURNE.—The Australian government has been trying since 1915 to find oil in paying quantities in Papua (British New Guinea), but thus far the English expert in charge of the work has obtained only 3,000 gallons.

## GREY HOPES FOR U.S.-ENGLISH UNION

Declares Fate of the World Depends on America and Great Britain.

LONDON.—An absolute and everlasting alliance between the two great English-speaking nations is the hope of Sir Edward Grey, expressed to me on his way back from his mission to America.

On nothing less than such a union can the world depend for a future peace and prosperity, he insists. I had an exceptional opportunity to discover the views of this British statesman when I crossed the Atlantic on the Adriatic with him.

"The world's future depends on America and Great Britain," said Sir Edward in an exclusive interview. Since my mission to America and my opportunities for becoming well acquainted with American people, I am more than ever convinced that the happiness, peace and well-being of humanity depends on our marching forward in unity.

"With all possible earnestness, I believe that the ties of a common language, literature and democratic ideals should lead America and Great Britain into continued and continuing paths of common endeavor. I say this with no thought of what America or Great Britain may gain for themselves by such a partnership. Through our endeavors the world can be guaranteed the priceless

book to peace so that shall-shock-

humanity may realize the normal peace and regular paths of safety and sanity.

"By our best natural resources and by our 'farsighted' outposts of shipping, business genius and fair play, we can bring this about, with team work."

"Anyone of whatever nationality or ostensible motive who seeks to sow seeds of discord between Europe, Asia and America is rendering a distinct disservice to humanity."

The seeds of discord are sown by the armies and navies of the world, by our joined navies, should we find ourselves in the hands of the enemy, as the British navy is doing.

In his daily exercise program on a ship board he was easily approached; not only by his fellow passengers, but took a great interest in the members of the crew. He spoke eloquently of the fund for the widows of British seamen.

## Do Your Work the Modern Way Use Electricity

The back-achy old washtub used to reign supreme on Monday—and there were other days for cleaning, sweeping, sewing and baking. That time has gone.

Into the home has come electricity, driving modern appliances, to lighten the burdens of housekeeping. If you are using electric service only to light your home, you are missing many of the time and labor saving uses to which other women are putting electricity.

Do the washing with a modern electric washing machine. Clean the house with a vacuum cleaner. Cook on the electric range and do your sewing quickly and restfully on the electric sewing machine. Call at our store today and ask us to demonstrate to you the many electric home helps now on display. We shall also be glad to explain our easy payment plan.

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# Special

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### Ladies Coats

Velour Coats, styled from the latest fall models. Regularly selling at \$98.50, special to close out

## \$49.75

Three-quarter length heavy Velour Coat. Regular \$79.50 value, special to close out

## \$39.75

### Ladies Suits

Broadcloth Suits—Real quality broadcloth, together with real tailoring, make this a value exceptional at regular price, which was \$162.50 special to close out at

## \$81.25

Ladies' Duveltyne Suits—Regular \$100.00 value, special to close out

## \$50.00

Fine tailored suits of first quality velour. Regular value \$52.50, special to close out

## \$26.25

### Ladies Dresses

Regular \$49.50, special to close \$33.00  
Regular \$47.50, special to close \$36.63  
Regular \$63.50, special to close \$47.62  
Regular \$72.50, special to close \$48.24

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