

TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

VOL. 1, NO. 23.

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO, FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

BAUNE WOOD IS OCCUPIED BY FRENCH

TROOPS SCORE ADVANCE, DRIVING GERMANS OUT OF POSITIONS—HAIG'S TROOPS REPULSE RAID IN ALBERT SECTOR—ARTILLERY ACTIVE.

(By United Press.) LONDON, May 3.—French troops made "an appreciable advance" in Hangard wood and occupied Baune wood, southwest of Mailly-Raineval, the French war office announced in its night official communique. Only the usual artillery activity was reported elsewhere. Field Marshal Haig reported the repulse of an enemy raid near Hebuterne, in the Albert sector.

The German war office announced the occupation of Sebastopol, principal city of the Crimean peninsula, in Russia, without opposition. Regarding the west front, Berlin said "the situation is unchanged."

Hangard wood is a mile north of Hebuterne, where American forces are officially reported brigaded with the French. Mailly-Raineval is about midway between the American positions near Hangard and those west of Montelliers.

British Troops Win Fights and local fighting in which the British had the advantage, together with mutual cannonading, was reported by Field Marshal Haig today.

"Local fighting in the neighborhood of Villers-Bretonneux (Amiens front) resulted in our advantage last night," Haig said.

"In successful raids south of Arras and east of St. Yenant, we took two prisoners and five machine guns. "Artillery was mutually active last night between Givency and the Nieppe forest and in the neighborhood of Loos."

GAINS SIGNAL HONOR BY FRANK J. TAYLOR (United Press Staff Correspondent) WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES IN LORRAINE, May 3.—Lieutenant William D. Meyerling has been awarded the distinguished service cross by the commander in chief.

The citation reads: "Lieutenant Meyerling commanded a platoon which was attacked the morning of April 6. He took offensive measures before and during the attack which resulted in the death of the enemy. He handled his men well under fire until seriously wounded. Forced to attend to his wound, he refused assistance and walked through the enemy barrage to the dressing station. He organized the platoon to return to the front to know the outcome of the attack."

"His brave example inspired his men to drive off the enemy, who failed to reach our trenches. Meyerling lost his right hand."

LIEUTENANT COLONEL KILLED (By United Press.) WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES IN FRANCE, May 3.—Lieutenant Colonel Richard H. Griffiths of the Eighteenth Infantry was killed by shell fire on the Meuse front, as he was moving from a dugout.

Griffiths was born in Great Britain, while a naturalized American citizen. While a member of the Eighteenth Infantry in the Philippine campaign with the First Tennessee Infantry. At the outbreak of the present war he joined the Royal Scots but later obtained a transfer to the American forces.

NEW HUN SUBMARINE (By United Press.) LONDON.—A new submarine cruiser has been launched by the Germans, according to reports received here. The new U-boats are driven on the surface by steam engines with telescopic funnels, which are drawn in when submerged. They are armed with 5.9-inch guns, which throw a shell weighing more than thirty pounds. Several of these new submarines are already being built.

IRISH HOME RULE MUST GO THROUGH

GOVERNMENT DETERMINED TO PROCEED WITH PRESENT PLANS LONDON, May 3.—The government is determined to proceed with the Irish home rule, said the parliament reporter of the Chronicle today.

"The bill will be federalistic, providing one parliament for the whole of Ireland. It will be introduced in a couple of weeks."

The bill says: "The situation is the cause of great anxiety. Premier Lloyd George is giving the matter his closest attention. The committee drafting the bill is unable to agree on the essentials."

CALL WITNESSES FROM OVER THE ENTIRE COUNTRY

I. W. W. TRIAL LIKELY TO MAKE NEW RECORD AS TO TIME OCCURRED—A MASS OF EVIDENCE

CHICAGO, May 3.—Predictions of the prosecution that the I. W. W. section trial here would continue at least three months were borne out today with the swearing of first witnesses. The defense expected a trial lasting from two to eight months, possibly a new record.

William Haywood, leader of the 112 defendants, saw a mass of documents from his personal files spread before the court and identified by his stenographer. The court overruled objections of the defense as to the propriety of this evidence.

Evidence by the State The government, having sustained its plea, was prepared to offer a mass of I. W. W. papers, telegrams and letters. One card index to be offered in evidence alone contains 36,000 cards. That is a mere beginning.

The government now expects to call hundreds of witnesses from all parts of the country, including town and state officers from localities where the I. W. W. are alleged to have committed overt acts between August 6, 1917, and their indictment in September, 1917.

MAY SHIPMENTS OF TROOPS BIG

APRIL RECORD IS HEAVY BUT WILL BE EXCEEDED IN CURRENT MONTH

By CARL D. GHOUT (United Press Staff Correspondent) WASHINGTON, May 3.—May movements of American troops to fill the gaps abroad will exceed the record of April, it was stated officially today.

While the voluntary conscription prevents any extensive, dealing in figures, it may be said that the April month exceeded original promise by a considerable number of thousands.

Two facts, following close upon Secretary of War Baker's revelations of official plans for army expansion, came with other information that American troops abroad should be well along toward the two million mark before the year ends. Current schedules are maintained or extended.

Added British tonnage "For troop transport is already in the service." Helps Fighting Forces Brigades of Americans with British and French forces make it possible to carry virtually five times as many soldiers as would be the case were the American divisional organization kept intact and sent across with the necessary supplies.

HUN ARMIES RESTING FOR FINAL EFFORT

BELIEF GROWS CONDITIONS IN GERMANY WILL COMPEL LAST DESPERATE EFFORT TO INFLECT DECISIVE DEFEAT ON ALLIES

By WILLIAM PHILIP SIMMS (United Press Staff Correspondent) WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FLANDERS, May 3.—There is still a high concentration of men and guns opposite the Franco-British lines, and a terrific new outburst is likely at any time.

Hindenburg is playing "possum" until his armies are refreshed—then he will be ready to strike again with all his power.

Under the latest May-time sky, Mars has put the lid on Arranged. Through out yesterday and last night, while the infantry rested, the guns suffered only spasmodically.

The British destroyed a post in the Loos area and the Canadians conducted a raid near Lens, capturing seven German soldiers and three machine guns. The present inactivity reminds one of the mid-winter lull during the days of static warfare.

At a luncheon talk among the military German soldiers, however, that conditions at home necessitate some sort of a decision.

INVITED HIMSELF TO ACCEPT CROWNS

BERNE, May 3.—Kaiser Wilhelm invited himself to accept the crowns of Livonia, Esthonia, Lithuania and Courland, according to a Swiss statement published in Le Volk, the People's Chronicle. This statement was made by one of the members of the delegation that went to the knier to offer him the crowns.

DETROIT POLICE ARE PINING FOR ACTION

DETROIT, Mich., May 3.—Detroit police haven't had enough work to keep them in exercise since Michigan went dry, May 1. They are positively suffering from ennui, it was said at police headquarters today. "Not a single drunk was arrested yesterday or last night. Only a few small disorders were reported."

MAY RESULT IN MORE MEATLESS DAYS SOON

CHICAGO, May 3.—Voluntary reduction in meat diet or another series of meatless days is the alternative presented by Food Administrator Hoover in a wire to the Illinois food administration. Shipments of 75,000,000 pounds of meat per week to the allies mean America must cut down, he said.

BEGINS TRIAL FLIGHT IN NEW FRENCH PLANE

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., May 3.—Lieutenant Georges Flachsen of the French aviation corps left here today for Pittsburgh in a demonstration flight. Lieutenant Flachsen flew a French Spad machine, large numbers of which are being purchased by this government. He expected to make around 140 miles per hour.

WIZARD GETS HINT NOT TO WIZ AGAIN MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 3.—Erwin Schwab, who claimed status of an astrological horoscope legend, told the reichstag "Food committee that the nation of meat, potatoes and bread soon will be reduced, according to advices received here today."

ATTEMPT TO HANG CAUSE OF TROUBLE

ACTIVITIES OF "KNIGHTS OF LIBERTY," "COMMITTEE ON TRAITORS" UNDER INVESTIGATION—TOO MANY TAR AND FEATHER PARTIES

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—Activities of night riders calling themselves "Knights of Liberty" and "the committee on traitors" were under investigation by authorities in several of the bay cities today.

Three tar-and-feather "parties" and one reported case of attempted lynchings were the results thus far of the night riders' work.

At Richmond, Guido Ponich was tarred and feathered and advised to buy a Liberty Bond immediately.

Ben "the knights," tarred George Koester, a brewer, and Koester reported that another man was administered the same treatment at the same time.

Victim Battered Unconscious An unidentified person who declared over the telephone that he was one of the "knights" said the second victim of the San Jose affair was H. Steinmetz, an Oakland tailor. He also said that Steinmetz was hanged until he was unconscious and later taken to the city jail.

Steinmetz is not known in Oakland and he has not yet been found. Koester declared that after the second victim was tarred and hanged, he was taken away, the "knights" yelling "throw him in the bay!"

HEAVY INCREASE IN PAY LIKELY

RAILWAY WAGE ADJUSTMENT BOARD RECOMMENDS MORE WAGES

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Recommendations for wage increases for the men who man America's railroad system, the railway wage adjustment board, has completed its report to Director General McAdoo.

The recommendations will be taken directly to McAdoo, who is now in New York and are expected to be made public soon.

The wage board, headed by Secretary of the Interior Lane, has been working for many weeks on the report. Hearings were held both with the employes and railroad managers to determine upon a fair basis of increase. The workers based their demand on the mounting cost of living and asked increases ranging from 20 to 25 per cent. It is understood that the board's report, if accepted by Secretary McAdoo, will mean total wage payments of approximately a quarter of a billion dollars annually.

Virtually all railroad employes are affected by the wage increases.

KERENSKY FOLLOWERS NOW WITH GOVERNMENT

By United Press.) BERNE, May 3.—Members of the Kerensky cabinet have been released from Nikhon prison and have accepted government positions, according to an unauthenticated dispatch from Petrograd received here today.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN SITUATION SERIOUS

DISPATCHES FROM BUREAU INDICATE DEEP POLITICAL UNREST IN EMPIRE ZURICH, May 3.—The Austro-Hungarian situation "is serious," it is stated in dispatches received here today.

M. Karlo has gone to Vienna to organize the workers and others against Baron Burian and Count Tisza.

The German national press demanding that Premier von Seydler resign.

Recent dispatches declared that Von Seydler had resigned for the second time. His first resignation is understood to have been refused by Emperor Karl.

ADVISES PEOPLE TO KEEP ASSETS IN LIQUID FORM

ANNUAL REPORT OF FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD POINTS OUT DANGER OF OVER-EXPANSION

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Warning of impending radical retraction in all business as a result of America's growing participation in the great war marked the annual report of the federal reserve board today.

The war's progress, it says—whether in favor of the United States or the enemy—will reflect directly on the country's assets and create favorable conditions in the commercial world.

In its effort to counteract any sudden changes in business activity, the federal reserve system has put forward, the general policy of maintaining a strong liquid character of assets, the report points out.

"Our deficiency is not a technical one," it says—rather, it is a shortage of commercial conditions in the future exactly as it has done in the past, hence any falling off in our exports will force heavy calls for ready money," said the report.

Resources Greatly Increased Notwithstanding the unprecedented expansion, resources of the twelve federal reserve banks increased \$2,325,453,000 in the year prior to December 30, 1917, covered by the report. The tremendous gain was about evenly distributed, according to the ratio of reserve capital in each district, showing a generally satisfactory condition through all parts of the country. Total reserves at the close of 1917 were \$2,092,915,000 against \$709,482,000 on December 30, 1910.

Due to the policy of gold conservation, the board ordered withdrawal from circulation activity \$1,000,000,000 of gold. The gold was filled with an unusual issue of federal reserve notes. Federal reserve notes in circulation at the close of 1917 aggregated \$1,216,912,000. On December 30, 1910, federal reserve notes in actual circulation totaled \$275,125,000.

TWO KILLED AND MANY INJURED

BIG BALLOON EXPLODES IN HANGAR AT FT. OMAHA INSTRUCTION CAMP

(By United Press.) OMAHA, Neb., May 3.—Two Fort Omaha balloon school cadets were killed, eighteen seriously injured, two probably fatally, and twenty-five others slightly hurt when a big 35,000 cubic foot gas balloon exploded in its hangar last night.

The dead are believed to be Privates John E. Davis and Vincent L. Beall. Two men were buried and charred beyond recognition. A lack of roof timber on one occasion the flames and a silver tripod the other was not disfigured.

The dead are believed to be Privates John E. Davis and Vincent L. Beall. Two men were buried and charred beyond recognition. A lack of roof timber on one occasion the flames and a silver tripod the other was not disfigured.

ADMITS FACT BUT WOULD JUSTIFY IT

HEARST'S INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE SEES NO HARM IN USING OTHER FELLOW'S PRODUCT AS LONG AS EVERYBODY KNOWS IT

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Charging that the suit was brought to "embarrass its business," Samuel Untermyer, speaking for the International News Service in the supreme court yesterday afternoon, pointed out that the action brought by the Associated Press "was not begun until after the allies in 1915... (and long before we entered the war) refused and withdrew cable service from the defendant."

"Assuming that the court would create a precedent in a case where it would be necessary to preserve a protection against piracy," Untermyer declared, "in this case both parties and their respective members and customers have apparently from the time of their organization acted on the existing conditions and understanding."

The suit was based on the alleged construction of their rights and obligations. The fact that one of them claims that it writes and re-writes the story that it takes from the other, whilst the other does not, is purely a question of business policy that in no way affects their legal rights as determined by their long continued acts.

Refers to Former Case "It may be here suggested parenthetically that the record of the case of the Chicago Tribune vs. Associated Press hardly bears out complainant's virtuous assertion that it 'swipes' only tips from its competitors."

"The Associated Press has successfully contended in the courts that this class of news is public property and cannot now be treated in support of the contrary contention because an unexpected turn in events, brought about by the war, renders it in its interests to do so. Ever since the defendant's organization, it acquired the view that the publication destroyed property in news and it was not until this suit was brought without notice or warning of a changed attitude on its part that it made any such claim. It was in the year 1915 (and long before we entered the war) refused and withdrew cable service from the defendant that the effort was made to embarrass its business by this suit."

No Unfair Element Continuing his argument which lasted about an hour, Untermyer said: "The fact that the Associated Press is in competition involved. The defendant is not seeking to palm off complainant's news as its (defendant's) news, nor as complainant's news, but simply as news that has been made available to everybody."

"There is no such element in this case. "The idea of characterizing as 'theft,' stealing, piracy" and by like injunctive acts in which both parties have for years included the proper and lawful use of which the Associated Press has openly defended in the courts, is but one more illustration of the atmosphere of self-conscious righteousness with which the Associated Press so gloriously surrounded its most questionable claim. It's because it moves in a higher sphere it has the 'courage' to argue in their very excellent brief, that it is

(Continued on Page 2)

ADMITS FACT BUT WOULD JUSTIFY IT

(Continued from Page 1)

In the public interest that it should take 'tips' from the defendant's book because in that way the public gets the benefit of its verification of its competitor's news, gathered at great expense and appropriated by it, but it is immoral for its competitor to re-write its news without such verification."

Ask Permanent Injunction
Contending for the property right in news, Frederick W. Lehmann, representing the Associated Press, asked the supreme court permanently to enjoin against the service, Lehmann declared no injunction would be done.

"Here is a news report," he said, "created by labor and held for sale and exchange. The International News Service did not create and has not received it by purchase or exchange. When it is sold from bodily taking it and entering it, it is simply prevented from reaching where it has not seen."

Of Vital Public Good

Lehmann declared it was vital to the public good that news dissemination be in the clear hands and conducted by honest methods. If it comes to the public from tainted sources the news itself will not escape contamination," he declared.

"I would like any material common to," he said, "in the field of general news, whether it is gathered or disseminated by a cooperative association of newspapers or by an agency conducted for pecuniary profit, it is obvious that the paper which is simply permitted to appropriate the news without payment of any kind, would have a great advantage over its competitor who had paid for it, or who had shared in the labor and pains of getting it."

Shows Effect in West

"In the case of newspapers published in the west the conditions would be because of news dissemination the apparent movement of the sun, we can clip news appearing in the New York morning papers and send to any paper in the Mississippi valley, or to the west of that, in ample time for publication in the regular and the first editions."

"Any person doing this would have a great advantage over the Associated Press. What the Associated Press got through the diligence and daring of its correspondents at more than one battle front and at the colossal cost of transmission by cable across the Atlantic, this man would get sitting securely at a safe desk in New York by the mere use of a pair of scissors."

"May the product of the news-gathering activities of the Associated Press intended as far as it concerns current publications in the daily papers exclusively for its own members, be appropriated, in the manner suggested by the International News Service and sold by it to the common and contact of its business as a news agency in competition with the Associated Press? That is the question presented by this case, and it is answered by counsel for the International News Service, boldly in the affirmative."

Handling News Legitimately

"News, they say, is an account of facts and events and in facts and events no one can have any exclusive right. This is conceded. But the facts and events themselves are not news. The report of them is news. Somebody must be where he can get knowledge of it, and he must be a person of intelligence and experience, competent to determine whether what has happened is of interest and importance enough to constitute news and he must provide prompt transmission or conveyance of the information to the place where it will be put into the course of distribution for publication as part of the day's news."

"The Associated Press does not create the facts or produce the events of which it conveys news. It merely conveys information to its members, but it does create, it does produce, this news budget which gives such information. And to create, to produce, this news budget requires human effort of every kind from the hardest and the highest to the menial, attended sometimes by the greatest perils. It requires also the expenditure of money to second and sustain the human effort."

Friend on Public

"There is here at one and the same time a taking of property of the Associated Press and unfair competition in business. On the one hand the petitioner asks that unfair competition exists only where one dealer sells his product as being that of his competitor. In such cases they say there is double wrong, which the law interferes to remedy. It is to the detriment of the public who do not get what they believe they are buying and the in-

HUN PEACE OFFENSIVE HAS APPARENTLY BEGUN

EVENTS FORESHADOWED IN RECENT DISPATCHES AS TO HUN PLANS FOR ENDING THE WAR WORKING STEADILY TOWARDS CONCLUSION—NO PAINS SPARED TO MAKE THE MOVE A SUCCESS

By ROBERT J. BENDER
(United Press Staff Correspondent)
WASHINGTON, May 3.—Germany's expected "peace offensive" against all moral grounds to have begun. In view of authorities here today the sudden and widespread launching of rumors, printed reports and whispered confidences reaching Washington and involving likelihood of peace proffers from the King of Spain, and even the Kaiser, is merely Germany's same old game to slacken the fighting spirit of her enemies.

And it may be stated that President Wilson is not concerned in the latest war developments. There is nothing to indicate the frank and open negotiations he demands before peace steps may be taken.

Origin in German
It is significant that most of the reports have had their origin in German newspapers or Tenthon's quarters in neutral countries. There is nothing to indicate officially that the pope has changed from his recently known opposition to further peace attempts now. The source and persistence of rumors of a new peace led to general belief that the Kaiser's hope was father to the thought.

However, it is recalled that the pope's last proposal was heralded in neutral countries before it was officially launched. And it was about ten days ago that the Munich, Bavaria, Nachrichten announced the pope would again appear at this time to the "universal conscience" to end the war.

Kaiser "Deeply Moved"
This report has been followed by stories emanating from German and Swiss sources that the Kaiser was "deeply moved" by the scenes of suffering and horror on the battle

front and he was quoted generously as expressing grief that his efforts "to prevent the tragedy" had failed. His foundation for the peace offensive had been carefully laid.

The reasons for the Kaiser's desire for peace may be found, it is believed here, not only in his advantageous position to discuss terms now, but also in growing uneasiness "back home."

Germany's hope of immediate wheat supplies from the Ukraine and considerable iron and manganese from what could not be provided because the peasants were objecting. Besides, the war-ridden Ukraine has no surplus, while in some centers the population is reduced to rationing.

Turnoff Prevents Mining
As for the vital iron ore and manganese, the dispatches said, the turmoil in Russia had prevented the mining of these.

Representatives of the central powers are to confer this week in Vienna with Ukraine officials over the wheat problem.

It is recalled that the Kaiser's "peace offensive" has been heralded in neutral countries before it was officially launched. And it was about ten days ago that the Munich, Bavaria, Nachrichten announced the pope would again appear at this time to the "universal conscience" to end the war.

VARIED SIGNS OF GROWING UNREST

UNDERCURRENT OF DISCONTENT IS PLAIN BUT NO CHANCE OF ACTION

By J. W. T. MASON
(United Press War Expert)
NEW YORK, May 3.—Serious international difficulties of the central powers are following the stoppage of Von Hindenburg's offensive along the western front.

Food political, and dynamic problems have been accumulating in Germany and Austria-Hungary while the world has had its attention fixed on the military operations in Picardy and Flanders. A sudden change of political relations because of new domestic crises is not to be expected but there can be no doubt of the undermining effect on the morale of the Hohenzollern absolutist regime.

Against Democracy
In both Austria-Hungary and Prussia, demands in the local-parliaments for formal reforms are reaching a disquieting stage of insistence. The vested interests have urged against any extension of democracy and are resolved to continue the struggle for their own privileges, regardless of consequences. Compromise solutions, therefore, are not possible.

At the same time, disorders as a result of food shortage are announced by Germany, while the Austro-Hungarian government has been forced to seize the private food stores of the peasants to keep the cities from starvation.

In Ukraine, widely heralded in certain groups of unlimited food supply for the central powers, the farmers are burning their crops rather than submit to the ruthless exactions ordered by the German military authorities.

Pro-German Boycott
At Vienna, the pro-Germans have begun a boycott of Emperor Karl because he is showing a spirit of independence and does not confess to a belief in the omnipotence of the Hohenzollerns. The young emperor's position would be precarious if Germany were to win the war and could dictate terms of peace. In that event, Karl might be compelled to abdicate, so that a puppet monarch would be installed.

Jury to the Fair Dealer who has an Advantage as a Customer
"What right of the International News Service is denied by enjoining it from taking our news and selling it to others. The source of all property rights is labor."

"Here is a news report, created by labor and had for sale and exchange. The International News Service did not create and had not acquired it by purchase or exchange. When it is enjoined from taking our news and selling it to others, it is simply prevented from reaching where it has not seen. No ethical argument is added, or can be, in support of the petitioner's claim. The law says it is to be prevented from reaching where it has not seen. Every court which has had occasion to deal on a like contention,"

agreeable to Germany could be put on the throne at Vienna.

That the accusations of distress and discord are causing uneasiness to the Teutonic leaders is apparent from the recent utterances of Chancellor von Hertling, depicting a too arrogant policy of reaction by the Prussian junkers. These sources, of course, may not by themselves cause a serious result, but they may well contribute to the victory of the allies. In that possibility centers the chief interest of the present domestic troubles of the central powers.

HEAVY DRAFT OF I. W. W. WORKERS

SEATTLE POLICE TAKE IN 213 AT ONE SWOOP AND HOLD THEM

(By United Press.)
SEATTLE, Wash., May 3.—The Seattle police force rounded up 213 members of the I. W. W. last night. They are held in the city jail pending investigation by the federal authorities.

Fifty patrolmen armed with carbines under the personal leadership of Chief Warren made the arrests. They surrounded a hall occupied by over four hundred suspects. All who were over 21 were taken to demonstrate their loyalty were held.

Immediately following, police locks were clamped on the doors of the hall and an order issued by Chief Warren that it remain permanently closed.

BAUNE WOOD IS OCCUPIED
(Continued from Page 1)
this noon, while scouting and guarding French observers.

Melshor spotted the enemy plane, an biplane, below him at an altitude of about 8000 feet. He dove, firing 200 rounds.

The bocho started for home, but his plane was smashed and fell in flames behind the German lines.

Diving at the falling plane to catch it, his work, Melshor struck the Albatross, cutting its top wing to shreds.

PARIS OMBUDSMAN ADVANCE
(By United Press.)
PARIS, May 3.—The capture of an important hill road in the Amiens region was reported by the French war office today.

"Between Halles and Castel we captured Hill 32," the communique said. (Castel is a mile south of Halles, where American troops are fighting on the west bank of the Arve.)

BRITISH EXPERT LAUDS RAILROADS OF UNITED STATES

Tells Congress Committee That They Lead World.

NO GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP

It Would Mean Political Control and Loss of Efficiency, Declaration of Transport Committee on Account of Transportation Situation—Lowest Freight Rates to Be Found in United States.

Washington, D. C.—That the United States is face to face with a serious crisis in its commercial affairs, due to the conditions by which its transportation system is confronted, was the opinion expressed by W. M. Acworth, England's leading authority on railways, before the Nowlands joint committee on interstate commerce at a special hearing held here to enable the committee to hear his views before his departure for London. Two steps are necessary, according to Mr. Acworth, to avert this crisis and to solve the threatening railroad problem confronting the country.

The first is to allow the railroads to charge freight rates sufficient to meet the great advance in operating expenses which is taking place and to enable them to command the credit that now is being refused by the government and improvements needed to meet the growing demands of business. The second is to do away with the multiple and conflicting systems of regulation that now hamper railway operation and to provide one centralized regulatory agency with such local subdivisions as may be necessary.

Higher Rates a Public Necessity.
Mr. Acworth's views on the transportation situation in the United States were expressed in answer to questions by members of the committee, who asked him to apply his knowledge of railway conditions throughout the world and of the experience of other countries with government ownership to the present problem before the United States committee.

"The fundamental factor in the situation is very simple," said Mr. Acworth. "It lies in the fact that you cannot get three-quarters of a cent's worth of work done for less than three-quarters of a cent, no matter whether it is a factory performing it or a government or private enterprise. Freight rates must advance when the cost of performing the service advances as it is doing at present, just as the price of a commodity increases with increased cost of production."

In answer to a question Mr. Acworth said that he thought American freight rates had been at much too low a level for many years. He said that he had reached this low point during the period of cutthroat competition among the roads and had since been held there by regulative bodies. Unless relief be afforded to the carriers very promptly, he said, the result would be a tremendous loss to the people of the whole country through inefficiency of transportation facilities.

Weakness of Government Ownership.
On the subject of government ownership of railways Mr. Acworth said: "It is impossible to obtain satisfactory results from government ownership in a democratic state unless the management is cut loose from direct political control. Neither Australia nor any other country, with a democratic government—perhaps the exception ought to be made of the United States—has succeeded in maintaining a permanent service. In France, in Belgium, in Italy, parliamentary interference never has been abandoned for a moment.

The original figure was based on two million men, indicating that the department is laying the foundation for 4,000,000 under arms by July 1, 1916, the end of the fiscal year."

AUSTRIA MAY BE ON VERGE OF EXPLOSION
(By United Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 3.—The American state department, keeping "closest tab on Austrian internal affairs, believes there is a chance of a serious explosion within Emperor Charles' domain. That there is a chance now of Austria's dropping out is not considered in the official calculations.


Bad news for users of sherberts and ice cream. The war department officials declare that it is planned to increase the present camp capacity fully forty per cent by extensions at the present national guard and national army cantonments.

BAD NEWS FOR USERS OF SHERBERTS AND ICE CREAM
CHICAGO, May 3.—Members of the National Association of "Ice Cream Manufacturers in session here plunged into a sea of milk today to rescue the dairyman.

"The product of 1,070,000 cows will be wasted this summer if you don't use it," dairymen's leaders said. So, since sugar is scarce, sherberts and ice cream will not be made—only ice cream.

AMERICANS WOUNDED WITH THE CANADIANS
(By United Press.)
OTTAWA, Ont., May 3.—The following Americans are mentioned in today's Canadian casualty list:

Wounded: C. F. Thayer, Detroit; F. Proby, Detroit; R. H. Corbett, Chicago; T. R. L. King, Portland, Wash.



EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATORS

have proven their mechanical correctness by getting all the butter fat out of any milk—rich or lean.

The perfect balance of the easy running Empire makes it frictionless and vibrationless. Its simplicity makes it easy to clean and care for.

Every Empire Cream Separator is guaranteed to give perfect service—and there's never a "comeback" on our guarantee.

Call or write for the Empire Catalog and ask us also to tell you about all the advantages of Empire Milling Machines, Empire Electric Plants and Empire Gasoline Engines.

D. C. WATSON COMPANY
DRALERS
TWIN FALLS, IDAHO

MAY SHIPMENTS OF TROOPS BIG
(Continued on Page 2)

from the French was nothing to be desired. The official source for the facts add that the hull in the western straits means merely a breathing spell, and that Germany all summer will keep her strokes.

BIGGEST DRAFT OF WAR IS SENT OUT

(By United Press)
WASHINGTON, May 3.—America's great army expansion program was set in motion today.

The largest single draft call of the war—for approximately 250,000 men—will be sent out by Provost, Marshal General Crowder today.

A special call for 15,000 skilled mechanics will be issued tonight. Mobilization orders for 6000 more privates from every state in the union were telegraphed today.

Meaning Secretary of War Baker, chief of staff General March, and an array of army officers appeared before the house military committee today to explain details of the vast army appropriations asked for the next fiscal year.

The first estimate up for consideration was for the pay of the men. Under the original estimate slightly more than \$1,000,000,000 was asked for this purpose, but the new estimate is nearly double that amount.

The original figure was based on two million men, indicating that the department is laying the foundation for 4,000,000 under arms by July 1, 1916, the end of the fiscal year."

AUSTRIA MAY BE ON VERGE OF EXPLOSION

(By United Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 3.—The American state department, keeping "closest tab on Austrian internal affairs, believes there is a chance of a serious explosion within Emperor Charles' domain. That there is a chance now of Austria's dropping out is not considered in the official calculations.

Bad news for users of sherberts and ice cream. The war department officials declare that it is planned to increase the present camp capacity fully forty per cent by extensions at the present national guard and national army cantonments.

BAD NEWS FOR USERS OF SHERBERTS AND ICE CREAM

CHICAGO, May 3.—Members of the National Association of "Ice Cream Manufacturers in session here plunged into a sea of milk today to rescue the dairyman.

"The product of 1,070,000 cows will be wasted this summer if you don't use it," dairymen's leaders said. So, since sugar is scarce, sherberts and ice cream will not be made—only ice cream.

If Varney Could Make as Good Gunpowder as He Does

FROZEN GOLD ICE CREAM

There Wouldn't Be Any Germany Now

139 MAIN AVE. WEST PHONE 366

GOODING MOTOR CO.

GOODING BUNKER HURLEY TWIN FALLS

Marmon Franklin Paige Chevrolet Cars

G. M. C. Trucks Accessories

GERMANY FACES EXHAUSTION OF HER MAN POWER

SUPPLY OF FRESH TROOPS AVAILABLE FOR STRUGGLE IS SO NARROW AS TO BE NEGLIGIBLE

By HENRY WOOD (United Press Staff Correspondent) WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, May 3.—Although Germany has engaged two and a half million men in the present offensive...

The allies, however, with their new unity of command and superior in trench warfare, coupled with the inability of the Germans again to effect surprise, hold the trump card.

Identify Many Divisions The allies have identified on the west front 200 divisions, (2,472,000 men) out of the Germans' entire total of 2,412,000 men...

Losses Very Heavy The most conservative estimates of German losses are 350,000 men. It is known, however, that there are still 650,000 men in depots with which to replace these losses...

Consequently, Germany can still duplicate her offensive effort to date. But once her losses exceed the above reserves, she is without resources...

AT THE HOTELS HOGGERSON—J. B. Corcoran; E. W. McFarland; Mrs. C. B. Dauds; O. W. Rawlins and wife; P. A. Schanz; Scott; Moore & Dider; E. H. Skellern; Tom McLean and wife; J. W. Bost; G. M. Marlowe; N. W. Wells; G. M. Cooper; House Creek; Walter Casey; Salt Lake; Dan O'Loughlin; Salt Lake; J. C. Livingston; Salt Lake; A. A. Judges; Salt Lake; C. W. Backlin; Salt Lake; H. M. Lewis; Salt Lake; Milton Friend; San Francisco; W. C. Pierce; San Francisco; Sidney Spelt; Cleveland, Ohio; H. A. Price; Jerome; A. L. Pizaro and wife; Great Falls; H. P. C. Conklin; Utica; N. X.; E. A. McKee; Chicago; George W. Bost; Utah; J. E. Croemer; Washington, D. C.; J. W. Hughes; Forest Grove; T. M. Atkin; Rock Creek.

When to Shut Your Eyes. In an article about Thomas Edison in the American Magazine, William Lowell, the vice president of the Edison company, said: "One bit of executive strategy that I learned from Edison has stood me in good stead a dozen times. He had the wise habit of knowing when to shut his eyes. There are times in every organization when controversies arise between even the most loyal and best intentioned subordinates. Sometimes it is the wisest thing for the man at the top to know nothing whatever about them. I learned a great many years ago," said Lincoln, "that in a fight between man and wife, a third party should never get between the woman's side and the man's side."

To Revive Corks. After corks have been used a while they sometimes become so compressed that the contents of the bottle leak out. This may be remedied by putting the corks in boiling water and leaving them until the water cools.

NOT BY PROXY By KITTY PARSONS.

Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

"You can't go to Sumatra, Phebe—it's ridiculous! I couldn't bear to think of your being married by proxy either—sounds too awful."

"But it isn't, mother. If the Dutch won't allow unmarried women to land in their colonies, and a proxy marriage will cover the law, I'll have to have one. They won't let Franz come here now that he's in the front service, and I've got to keep my promise—I can't wait any longer."

"Very well, Phebe. It's your own funeral—wedding, I should say. But I must say I don't think his substitute on the subject has been too ardent."

Phebe flushed slightly, but ignored the thrust.

"The proxy wedding will take place in two weeks, so I suppose I'll have to find a bridegroom pretty soon," she announced calmly.

"Who wants a bridegroom?" asked a young man who had just come to the door of the living room. "Your father told you were up here and I see I'm just in time for something. What can he be pleased to have?"

"Ah, Phebe," laughed Mrs. Burman, shaking hands with him cordially. "I'll leave you to give her some good advice—she won't listen to me."

"Well, Miss Phebe, did you say you wanted a bridegroom?" he ventured, not losing much time.

"I want a proxy one, Captain Seaton, and I think you would make a very good one. Mom, so so scarce in war times, too, that I'm lucky to get such a nice one."

"I don't care much about playing second fiddle, but I'll help you out if I can," agreed Seaton. "What's all the joke, anyway?"

"Oh, it isn't a joke," cried Phebe quickly, and her eyes filled with sudden tears. "I have to be married and go to Sumatra in two weeks and I need a bridegroom dreadfully! Mother doesn't want me to do it, but I've got to—promised him five years ago."

"You must care a lot about him to do all this. Do you love him?"

"I don't know—of course I did—but lately I'm not so sure. He says he loves me."

"Believe him; I do myself." Phebe caught her breath in a sob. "Oh, please don't joke," she begged him chokingly.

"I'm not joking, Phebe! I've exacted for a long time the first day you came to camp to see your brother."

"It's almost more than a man can bear, but I love you—love you—love you," he whispered.

Phebe ran hastily up the stairs to her room, where she stayed in solitary confinement for some hours.

The next morning at the breakfast table, Mrs. Burman handed Phebe a package.

"What does it do, dear, I think it's a photograph from Franz."

The girl ripped open the package nervously, and pulled out the contents. It was really a picture of her fiancé, but she did not turn it over to her mother. For an instant she had expected her to do. Instead, she threw it back in the paper, and with a few words of excuse, hurried from the room.

Safely tucked in her own room she again took up the picture and looked at it for a long time in silence. After the inspection was over she placed it on her dressing table, face downward, and throwing her arms on the bed, burst into a flood of hysterical laughter.

"Oh, oh, oh!" she gasped. "He's fat and bearded and looks like the wild man from Borneo more than my Franz. He's a perfect stranger—an awful stranger!"

"I've been wrong, Franz," she wrote him. "I'm not the girl for you at all. I must have changed and you'd never know me. I'm not domestic and I'm thin and scrawny—a do little girl. Tell me where you found me over there to take my picture—I deserve the best. Write at once."

Two endless weeks it took by, and then the answer came. It seemed to shake it like a bomb through the air.

"I congratulate them. The end and follow your desire is thirteen and we were not suited."

"My dear young man, I shall respect and adore from the United States."

Seaton, from Canada arrived. "Enter the same period to 1911," he announced. "The figures furnished by the census for the first nine months of the year 1917 was 3,277, for 1918, 2,222, and for 1917, 29,918. The total cash and effects brought in by immigrants does not show if it is proportionately increase for the year 1918 as did the number of immigrants. The total of cash and effects for 1917, \$2,158,878 for 1918, \$3,919,136 and 1919, \$2,914,083 for 1917.

Testing A Bee's Speed. An experiment was once made to determine how fast a bee could fly. The bee was attached to the roof of a mill which attained a speed of 80 miles an hour before the bee was left behind.

ONE REGISTRATION IS HELD SUFFICIENT

ATTORNEY GENERAL SAYS VOTERS LISTED BEFORE PRIMARY NEED NOT REGISTER

A voter who registers prior to the primary election need not register again for the general election, according to the opinion of Attorney General T. A. Walters, copy of which has been received by E. J. Finch, county clerk.

The registration law of Idaho, as they existed prior to 1913, says the attorney general, provided for the registration of electors biennially, prior to each general election. At the time of the enactment of this provision, the law did not have a direct primary law. When the primary law was enacted in 1909, it provided in section 57 thereof that no person should be qualified to vote at a primary unless, at the time of the primary, he is duly registered in the precinct where he offers to vote. This provision has never been changed.

In 1913 the ten existing registration laws were repealed and a law was enacted providing for continuing registration and making it unnecessary for a person who had voted at the last preceding general election to register again for any general or special election. This law continued in force until the passage of the 1917 law. The 1917 law was an attempt to go back to the old system of registration, and while it is in some respects defective, the intent to return to the old system is so clearly indicated that a construction to that effect must be placed upon the law if at all possible.

"The law now provides for registration next preceding the primary election and registration from the Saturday following the election to the Saturday next preceding the general election. It does not state specifically that registration for the primary election shall continue in force and effect for the general election, but there is nothing in the law negating that idea."

CHINA LOSING TRADE IN TEA

General Opinion That Scientific Cultivation of the Plant Has Begun Too Late.

China's tea trade is not keeping pace with the world's consumption of tea. Scientific cultivation instead of old-time methods and the use of machinery are being used in the effort to regain the lost commercial ground.

The ministry of agriculture has established model farms, and the first ground on it was sent to the general public. It is said to have been of good quality, but no details are yet available of the equipment and methods employed.

Foreign tea men seem to have little faith in the results of this attempted reform and consider it unlikely that Chinese teas will ever regain the leading place in the markets of the world. It is said that Chinese teas have less tannin than other teas, and that the finer grades are unimpaired in delicacy of flavor; but the average tea drinker seems to find the teas of India and Ceylon satisfactory.

How Toasts Originated.

The custom of drinking the health of the most popular man at the table has its foundation in the ancient practice originated by the Greeks and adopted by the Romans of drinking to the gods and the dead, observes an exchange.

The Greeks and Romans later began the practice of drinking to each other, and from this arose the custom of toasting living men. But health drinking in its modern form, originating in England in the roasting days of Charles II, begins with the custom of drinking to the ladies or to any woman who has happened to be the reigning belle of the court.

Many and various were the quaint customs associated with the toasts of those days. For example, in certain companies of military officers etiquette demanded that the cup should be passed from hand to hand.

In many midnight gatherings of Alibon, gentlemen slanted themselves in order to drink with their blood the health of the woman on whom their hearts were set.—Kansas City Journal.

Uncle Eben.

"Talk is cheap," said Uncle Eben, "for de manufacturer. But it may be expensive for de customer, dat gives up valuable time listenin' to it."

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS "Headin' South"

Story by ALLAN DWAN Directed by ARTHUR ROSSON under supervision of ALLAN DWAN Photographed by HUGH McCLUNG and HARRY THORP



An ARTCRAFT Picture

IT'S FAIRBANKS! THAT'S ALL YOU WANT TO KNOW! THAT MEANS IT'S THRILLING! VAUDEVILLE MOORE & DIDIER Two Pretty Young Ladies in a Singing and musical act—and THEY CAN SING GEORGE DE KLINDT Novelty Comedy Equilibrists and Juggler

Idaho Theatre

TONIGHT AND SATURDAY

ALL WILLING TO PAY FARES

Reason Why Citizens of Lima, Peru, Do Not Seek to Evade Their Street Car Obligations.

If fare registers were to be placed in the street cars of Lima, Peru, there would be a loud protest. This is not because it is easier to dodge the conductor under the prevailing system.

On the contrary, the travelers of Lima are willing, even anxious, to pay their fares. Perhaps that doesn't seem human, but the explanation is that upon receipt of the fare a numbered ticket is presented to the passenger, and it is a valuable lottery ticket.

The car lines are divided into four sections for the monthly and semi-monthly drawings conducted by the railway company. In the three important sections a cash prize of \$150 is offered. The fourth section offers a prize of \$50.

Does the public approve of the lottery? Does it? Well, 23,600,000 persons ride last year.

Silkworms of the Sea. Plenty of worms live in the sea, and some of them are very beautiful creatures. Which latter fact ought to be consoling to ourselves, inasmuch as there are naturalists who contend that the earliest ancestor of the human race was a marine worm. But the so-called "silkworms of the sea"—the designation being purely figurative and poetical—there are multitudes of a creature known as the "pinna" and native to the Mediterranean. It spins a silk so beautiful that in ancient days the fiber was reserved exclusively for the weaving of royal garments. This silk is spun by the mollusk to furnish an anchor line by which it fastens itself to a convenient rock. It is extremely fine and very strong. Cleaned, dried and passed through combs, it is reduced to delicate threads of a lustrous brownish-yellow hue, which are woven into gloves, stockings and other articles. A pair of stockings of this material today costs \$8.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Worth Remembering. "A man don't aint thinkin' 'bout hisself," said Uncle Eben, "don't think his brain enough exercise to keep him from gettin' nervous-minded."

STROBRIDGE COAL & FEED CO.

Now Located Opposite Old Yards Fourth Avenue South

COAL

Same Old Phone, No. 240 Same Old Service New Location

Dry Climate Cigars

When you pay 10c or more, you are entitled to a cigar that has fine aroma and mildness. Dry Climate cigars have these desirable qualities. The tobaccos are AGED and BLENDED in a DRY CLIMATE; therefore excess nicotine is cut out and natural aroma is developed.

"Union Made" in Denver since 1883. MACAULEY BROS., Distributors Sold at Most All Good Cigar Stands

Classified Ads. Bring Results

The little business getters that will sell, rent, exchange, buy, find help, find a job or a wife, are the Want Ads. For quick results use them. One Cent a Word—Minimum charge 5c

Large advertisement for classified ads with text: "The little business getters that will sell, rent, exchange, buy, find help, find a job or a wife, are the Want Ads. For quick results use them. One Cent a Word—Minimum charge 5c"

GERMANY FACES EXHAUSTION OF HER MAN POWER

SUPPLY OF FRESH TROOPS AVAILABLE FOR STRUGGLE IS SO NARROW AS TO BE NEGLIGIBLE

By HENRY WOOD
(United Press-Staff Correspondent)
WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FLECH, May 3.—Although Germany has engaged in a half million men in the present offensive to date, conservative calculations show she is still capable of duplicating this offensive effort.

The allies, however, with their newly equipped and superior to fresh reserves, coupled with the inability of the Germans again to effect a surprise, hold the trump card.

The fatal consumption of German activities is indicated by the fact that while the enemy began March 21 with half a million men in the front line, they have been obliged since to engage five times that number.

Identify Many Divisions

The allies have identified on the west front 200 divisions, (2,472,000 men) of the Germans' entire total of 242, including those on other fronts. To date, the Germans have engaged 140 separate divisions in the present battle—many two or three times making a total value of 318 divisions engaged. This leaves sixty-six unengaged, of which ten are Landsturm and Landwehr incapable of offensive work.

Losses Very Heavy

The most conservative estimates of German losses are 350,000 men. It is known, however, that there are still 450,000 men in depots with which to replace these losses without even calling on the class of 1920, which ordinarily will not be mobilized until October.

Consequently, Germany can still duplicate her offensive effort to date. Once her losses exceed the above reserves, she is without resources until the daily arrival of British, American and Italian divisions is assuring the allies an incontestable superiority, and final victory.

AT THE HOTELS

ROBERTSON—J. B. Corcoran; P. W. McFarland; Mrs. E. D. Dauda; G. M. Hawkins and wife; P. A. Schanz; Scott; Moore & Diler; F. H. Skiller; Tom McKenna and wife; J. W. Baxter; J. J. Merlo; McLean; N. W. Weller; G. M. Cooper; Housa Creek; Walter; George; Salt Lake; Dan O'Loughlin; Salt Lake; J. C. Livingston; Salt Lake; A. A. Judges; Salt Lake; C. W. Backton; Salt Lake; J. M. Brannon; Jr.; St. Louis; Milton Frank; W. G. Anderson; G. A. Pierce; San Francisco; Sidney Spole; Cleveland, Ohio; H. A. Price; Jerome; A. L. Pinard and wife, Great Kills, S. D.; E. C. Conklin; Utica, N. Y.; F. A. Mann; Chicago; George Dalton, Nori, Utah; J. E. Cressner; Washington, D. C.; W. H. Hughes; Forrest Grove; R. M. Atkin; Rock Creek.

PERBINE—N. A. Lockwood; Ogden; E. C. Doyle; E. Louis; Jas. Quinn; J. J. Logan; Utah; John E. Welch; G. M. W. G. Bodenhamer; A. W. Athey; E. E. Kiersted; Boise; C. W. MacPherson; Jarbilge; E. A. Austin; Jarbilge; Mrs. Fred Lowe; Rogerson; Ernest D. Phelps; Halley; L. Dix; Carey; Homer; L. Hedges; Denver; W. J. Branson; W. T. Lake; W. E. W. Veasie; Jerome; W. T. Veasie; Jerome; D. C. Brown; Wm. Harkins; T. Perry; Jarbilge; E. Robinson; Grand Island; H. B. Miller; Taylor; Covett; Rock Creek; Joe Durand and wife; Geo. Durand; W. E. Hibbard; Pocatello; Mrs. Nellie; Hot Springs; P. A. Hess; Hot Springs.

When to Shut Your Eyes.

In an article about Thomas Edison in the American Magazine, William Maxwell, the vice president of the Edison company, said:

"One of the excellent strategies that I learned from Edison has since been a good stead a dozen times. He had the wise habit of knowing when to shut his eyes. There are times in every organization when controversies arise between even the most loyal and best intentioned subordinates. Sometimes it is the wisest thing for the man at the top to know nothing whatever about them, to let them work themselves out. I learned a great many years ago that 'Lions' that fight between man and wife, or third party should never get between the woman's skillful and the man's expertise."

To Revive Corks.

After corks have been used a while they sometimes become so compressed that the contents of the bottle leak out. This may be remedied by putting the corks in boiling water and leaving them until the water cools.

NOT BY PROXY

By KITTY PARSONS.

"You can't go to Sumatra, Phebe—it's ridiculous! I couldn't bear to think of your being married by proxy else—it sounds too awful."

"But he's not, mother. If the Dutch won't allow unmarried women to land in their colonies, and a proxy marriage will cover the law, I'll have to have one. They won't let Franz come here, and I've got to keep my promise—can't wait any longer."

"Very well, Phebe, it's your own funeral—wedding, I should say. But I must say I don't think his cablegrams when the subject has been so ardent."

Phebe flushed slightly, but ignored the thrust.

"The proxy wedding will take place in two weeks, so I suppose I'll have to find a bridegroom—pretty soon," she announced calmly.

"Who wants a bridegroom?" asked a young man who had just come to the door of the living room. "Your father told me you were up here and I see I'm just in time for something. What can I do please?"

"Ah," Phebe laughed. Mrs. Barnham, shaking hands with him cordially. "I'll leave you to give her some good advice—she won't listen to me."

"Well, Miss Phebe, if you say you want a bridegroom, you've ventured, not losing much time. "I want a proxy one, Captain Seaton, and I think you would make a very good one. Man are so scarce in war times, that I'm lucky to get such a nice one."

"I don't care much about playing second fiddle, but I'll help you out if I can," agreed Seaton. "What's all the joke, anyway?"

"Oh, it isn't a joke," cried Phebe quickly, but her eyes shined with merriment. "I have to be married and go to Sumatra in two weeks and I need a bridegroom dreadfully! Mother doesn't want me to do this, but I've got to—I promised him five years ago."

"Who's the lady?" asked Seaton. "You must care a little about him to do all this. Do you love him?"

"I don't know—of course I did—but lately I'm not so sure. He says he loves me."

"I believe him, I do myself!" Phebe could hear her breath in a sob. "Oh, please don't joke," she begged him chokingly.

"I'm not joking, Phebe! I've cared for you ever since the first day you came to school, so you know that."

"It's almost more than a man can bear, but I love you—love you—love you," he whispered.

Phebe ran quickly up the stairs to her room, where she stayed in solitary confinement for some hours.

The next morning at the breakfast table, Mrs. Barnham handed Phebe a package.

"Do open it, dear, I think it's a photograph of the lady."

The girl slipped open the package nervously, and pulled out the contents. It was really a picture of her fiancé, but she did not turn it over to her mother for inspection, as that lady expected her to do.

He sat back in the chair, and with a few words of excuse, hurried from the room.

Safely locked in her own room she again took up the picture and looked at it for a long time in silence. After the inspection was over she placed it on her dressing table, face downward, and throwing herself on the bed, burst into a paroxysm of hysterical laughter.

"That laughing and half crying, she went to her desk and took out a cable gram. It was a long one, but evidently a great relief to her mind.

ONE REGISTRATION IS HELD SUFFICIENT

ATTORNEY GENERAL SAYS VOTERS LISTED BEFORE PRIMARY NEED NOT REGISTER

A voter who registers prior to the primary election need not re-register for the general election, according to the opinion of Attorney General E. J. Walters, copy of which has been received by E. J. Finch, county clerk.

The registration laws of Idaho, as they existed prior to 1917, says the attorney general, provided for the registration of electors biennially, prior to each general election. At the time of the enactment of this provision, Idaho did not have a direct primary law.

When the primary law was enacted in 1917, it provided in section 27 that no person should be qualified to vote at a primary unless, at the time of the primary, he is duly registered in the precinct where he offers to vote. This provision has not been changed.

In 1913 the ten existing registration laws were repealed, and a law was enacted providing for continuing registration and making it unnecessary for a person who had voted at the preceding general election to register again for any general or special election. This law continued in force until the passage of the 1917 law.

The 1917 law was an attempt to go back to the old system of registration, and while it is in some respects defective, the intent to return to the old system is so clearly indicated that a construction to that effect must be placed upon the law if at all possible.

This construction has not been changed, and it is in some respects defective, the intent to return to the old system is so clearly indicated that a construction to that effect must be placed upon the law if at all possible.

General Opinion That Scientific Cultivation of the Plant Has Begun Too Late.

CHINA LOSING TRADE IN TEA

China's tea trade is not keeping pace with the world's consumption of tea. Scientific cultivation instead of old-time methods and use of machinery are being used in the effort to regulate the local commercial ground.

The ministry of agriculture has established a model farm, and the first tea grown on it was sent to market this year. It is said to have been of good quality, but no details are available of the equipment and methods employed.

Foreign tea men seem to have little faith in the results of this attempt, and consider it unlikely that Chinese teas will ever regain the leading place in the markets of the world. It is said that Chinese teas have less tannin than other teas, and that the finer grades are unassured in deficiency of flavor; but the average tea drinkers accept the teas of India and Ceylon satisfactory.

How Toasts Originated.

The custom of drinking the health of the most popular man at the table has its foundation in the ancient practice originated by the Greeks and adopted by the Romans of drinking to the gods and the dead, observes an exchange.

The Greeks and Romans later began the practice of drinking to each other, and from this arose the custom of toasting living men. But health drinking in its modern form, originating in England, in the roasting days of Charles II, begins with the custom of drinking to the ladies or to any woman who happened to be the reigning belle of the court.

Many and various were the quaint customs associated with the toast of company. For example, in certain companies of military officers etiquette demanded that the cup should be passed from hand to hand.

In many midnight gatherings of Alsatian gallants stabbed themselves in order to drink with their blood the health of the woman on whom their hearts were set.—Kansas City Journal.

Uncle Eben.

"Talk is cheap," said Uncle Eben, "foh de manufacturer. But, it may be expensive foh de man dat gives up valuable time listenin' to it."

Worth Remembering.

"Don't ever think 'bout hisself," said Uncle Eben, "don't give his brain enough exercise to keep him fah gettin' narrow-minded."

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

"Headin' South"

Story by ALLAN DWAN
Directed by ARTHUR ROSSON under supervision of ALLAN DWAN
Photographed by HUGH McCLUNG and HARRY THORP



An ARTCRAFT Picture

IT'S FAIRBANKS! THAT'S ALL YOU WANT TO KNOW! THAT MEANS IT'S THE BILLING!

VAUDEVILLE

TONIGHT AND SATURDAY
SEE DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, MARY PICKFORD AND CHARLIE CHAPLIN SELLING LIBERTY BONDS AT WASHINGTON—"DOUG" ADDRESS THOUSANDS AND CHARLIE DOES THE STUNTS THAT MADE HIM FAMOUS—THREE SHOWN IN THE WEEKLY PICTORIAL

Idaho Theatre

MOORE & DIDIER
Two Pretty Young Ladies in a Singing and musical act—AND THEY CAN SING
GEORGE De KLINDT
Novelty Comedy Equilibrists and Juggler

ALL WILLING TO PAY FARES

Reason Why Citizens of Lima, Peru, Do Not Seek to Evade Their Street Car Obligations.

If fare registers were to be placed in the street cars of Lima, Peru, there would be a loud protest. This is not because it is easier to dodge the conductor under the prevailing system. On the contrary, the travelers of Lima are willing, even anxious, to pay their fares. Perhaps that doesn't seem human, but the explanation is that upon receipt of the fare a numbered ticket is presented to the passenger, and it is a valuable lottery ticket.

The car lines are divided into four sections for the monthly and semi-monthly drawings conducted by the railway company. In the three important sections a cash prize of \$100 is offered. The fourth section offers a prize of \$50.

Does the public approve of the lottery? Does it? Well 23,500,000 persons rode last year.

Silkworms of the Sea.

Pleats of worms live in the sea, and some of them are very beautiful creatures. Which latter fact ought to be consoling to ourselves, inasmuch as there are naturalists who contend that the earliest ancestor of the human race was a marine worm. But the so-called "silkworm of the sea"—the designation being purely figurative and poetical—is a bivalve mollusk properly known as the "pinna" and native to the Mediterranean. It spins a silk so beautiful that in ancient days the silk was reserved exclusively for the weaving of royal garments. This silk is spun by the mollusk to furnish an anchor line by which it fastens itself to a convenient rock. It is extremely fine and very strong. Cleaned, dried and passed through combs, it is reduced to delicate threads of a lustrous brownish-yellow hue, which are woven into gloves, stockings and other articles. A pair of stockings of this material today costs \$5.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Same Old Phone, No. 240

Same Old Service
New Location

STROBRIDGE COAL & FEED CO.

Now Located Opposite Old Yards
Fourth Avenue South

COAL

Dry Climate Cigars

When you pay 10c or more, you are entitled to a cigar that has fine aroma and mildness. Dry Climate cigars have these desirable qualities. The tobaccos are AGED and BLENDED in a DRY CLIMATE; therefore excess nicotine is cut out and natural aroma is developed.

"Union Made" in Denver since 1883.
MACAULEY BROS., Distributors
Sold at Most All Good Cigar Stands

Classified Ads. Bring Results

The little business getters that will sell, rent, exchange, buy, find help, find a job or a wife, are the Want Ads. For quick results use them. One Cent a Word—Minimum charge 15c

THE TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

Published by The Twin Falls News-Publishing Co., Inc., at Twin Falls, Idaho

Independent afternoon newspaper issued every day except

TODAY'S NEWS TODAY.

A. READ, Publisher JOHN C. HARVEY, News Editor H. M. SIMS, Manager

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Table with 3 columns: Rate, Term, and Price. Includes 1 year \$10.00, 6 months \$6.00, 3 months \$3.50, 1 month \$1.00.

Entered as second-class matter April 1916, at the postoffice at Twin Falls, Idaho, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

THE HERBERT WAY

Herbert's International news service through its attorney in court, admits its use of news bulletin boards and newspapers in the securing of the news items which its wires carry to its clients and the necessity of such action in order that it may have news of its wires to carry, but justifies itself on the ground that there is no misrepresentation involved, as it does this, not surreptitiously, but publicly and openly, paying for the paper which it so uses.

MY PLEDGE

I, Citizen of the United States, willingly subscribe to the Third Liberty Loan in the sum of \$10.00. My Country may never be ashamed of ME: I may be a true gentle man-gentle woman: I may work earnestly at whatever it is my privilege to undertake: I may honorably accept MY part to uphold our Liberty, our Manhood, our Womanhood—the best life offers: I may EARN my right to National Liberty: that I may honestly defend in ALL ways at all times my heritage of Freedom that it is our heritage to fight for, live for, defend-at any sacrifice: I will NEVER fail my good friend, MY COUNTRY. That has given me home, education, protection: My children shall be able to stand with pride. MY father and MY mother are Americans and Patriots! I shall ever honestly respect my God-given rights to "Liberty, Life and Pursuit of Happiness"; that I may support my Country with my life, my fortune, my strength; that I may be true to the "Great Seal, Loyalty and Obedience": I will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States"; fully realizing the magnitude of the value and the value of National UNION for collective and individual happiness, life, liberty, PEACE: I may live with "allies" toward our own, with "Charity—Love for all": I subscribe to "A Government of the people, by the people and for the people," obedient to the ONE RULER, God; to the LAW of God; for "Liberty is the fulfilling of the Law."

BUY LIBERTY BONDS and furnish the means to arm and feed our soldiers and make them victorious.

BOY SCOUTS TO GET 'DUMMY' RIFLES

NECESSARY ADJUSTS TO MILITARY DRILL PROVIDED FOR BY POPULAR SUBSCRIPTION

Orders were placed Thursday for 100 wooden rifles to be used by Boy Scouts and students of the Twin Falls high school in military drill under direction of Sergeant W. B. McCracken, in charge of the local marine corps recruiting station. The fund for this purpose was raised by subscription among the business men, the initiative in the matter being taken by W. H. Decker, president of the board of education, Sergeant McCracken and A. Gilbert. It is expected that the "dummy" rifles will be received in time for their use by the Boy Scouts and students in connection with the Memorial Day observance on May 30.

The rifles ordered closely resemble the military rifle in size and appearance. It is of the type used by junior military organizations throughout the country, and that has been used in regular army training camps where the military rifle has been available to the boys and students. Whereas the military rifle weighs approximately 10 pounds, it is not equipped with bayonet, but is fitted with the swivel by which stocks may be formed.

The combined membership of the Boy Scout troops under leadership of C. E. Munson is about 65 at the present time, and is rapidly increasing. Fifteen boys were initiated as Scouts last week. As rapidly as possible uniforms are being secured by the Scouts.

FINDS PLANS LAID FOR CONSERVATION

MRS. Z. FAY FOWLER, BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS LEADER, SPENDS WEEK HERE

Mrs. Z. Fay Fowler, state assistant leader of the boys' and girls' conservation club, is spending the week in Twin Falls.

Thursday was spent in the rural districts, inspecting the progress of various conservation projects. A great deal of enthusiasm is evident among the pupils of all schools and the summer's work under the direction of F. A. Smith, county leader, O. E. Donnan, district leader, and J. C. Anderson, and Miss Daecke, home demonstration agent, promises to excel that of previous seasons.

Proof of World's Great Age

When we compare the age of man, Assyria in its prime, and the various parts of Europe show that a low class of primitive man lived upon earth at least 250,000 years ago, and for 25,000 years a high type of civilized man is now central France.

AMERICAN BLOOD WETS TRENCHES

Have YOU Proved Loyalty By Buying Liberty Bonds

BY JOHN LEISH TAIT

There are some tremendous lessons to be learned from the present status of the world strife. One of the most momentous of them is a lesson to Americans and to Americans—a lesson to you and me—a personal lesson which we shall do well to accept in its fullest, personal application. It is the lesson of INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY. In this war of American soldiers is set upon the trenches, and the base hospitals are ministering to the American wounded. The shadow of the "Lost American" is cast over the world. Has fallen across your threshold and mine. It is no longer a job detached and apart from us. We are in it. It is the blood of our sacrifice that is on the altar. It is now a personal affair.

The Confessions of a German Deserter

Written by a Prussian Officer Who Participated in the Ravaging and Pillaging of Belgium

CHAPTER VI

At 12 o'clock, midnight, we were alarmed and half an hour later were on the march. The cool night air felt good, and despite our weariness, we were in rapid progress. At half past one o'clock in the morning we arrived at Cheppy. It had been completely plundered. We halted here for a brief rest and watched preparations being made for the execution of two little Frenchmen who had supposedly concealed a French machine gun with its crew from the Germans. The sentence was executed in such a way that the people were shown who their real rulers now were.

The little town of Pogny, located midway between Chalons-sur-Marne and Vitry-le-Francois, fared no better than Cheppy, a fact which we discovered when we entered there at nine o'clock. We were now considerably nearer the spot where the guns were firing, and retiring of wounded and the mutilation columns showed us that we were very close to the front. At four o'clock in the afternoon, we arrived at Vitry-le-Francois after a forced march. The town was filled with wounded, but the town itself was not damaged. The only thing that was missing for the Germans when we were ordered into the trench was that we were ordered into the trench without being given any rest. We were within three kilometers of the battle line, when we came within reach of the battle area, and the shells began to erupt every foot of ground. Thousands of corpses of German soldiers indicated at what enormous cost the Germans had brought up all available reserves. The French were not far from getting the reserves into action and increased the artillery fire to unheard-of violence. It seemed impossible for us to be able to break through the German lines, but the shells exploding every minute. We were ordered to run the gauntlet of this hell in single file.

Lying prone upon the ground, we saw how the first of our men attempted to run. The first of the shells bursting around them, like madmen; others were buried under ground thrown up by the high-power explosive, or torn by shrapnel or grenades. Two men had barely reached the line when a well-directed shot from a gun of a large caliber burst directly at their feet. When the smoke cleared, there was no trace of the men.

You can imagine the feelings of those who had barely reached the line and were witnessing this spectacle and waiting their turn. An officer cried: "Next! It was my turn. As if I were a night-mare, I sprang up, my gun in my right hand, shouting: 'That's my turn! That's my turn!' I dodged two shells just as they burst and ran close to several others, bursting the same instant. A number of times I sprang back, then shot again, running to and fro like a madman, shouting: 'That's my turn! That's my turn!' I dodged two shells just as they burst and ran close to several others, bursting the same instant. A number of times I sprang back, then shot again, running to and fro like a madman, shouting: 'That's my turn! That's my turn!' I dodged two shells just as they burst and ran close to several others, bursting the same instant.

Presently some wounded were brought up. There were about 48 men, and a sergeant took command. Nothing was seen of our officers. We continued to wait. Several German batteries. Many had suffered heavily in death and wounded, which lay around their guns destroyed by enemy fire. Other batteries still managed to make good use of their more ammunition could be gotten through to the front.

We paused to rest. Several artillerymen approached us, and a non-commissioned officer asked them why they did not fire. "Because we have used up all our ammunition," was the answer of one of the battery men. "It is impossible to bring ammunition through this barrage!"

"No need to be a pessimist, but there is no more ammunition. That is why we cannot get any. At Neu-Chateau we started like wild men after the enemy. Men and best died from the transporters and other mediums of transportation were left in their damaged condition in the ruins of Neu-Chateau, as we dashed into the heart of France. We raced on, blindly and thoughtlessly, thereby interrupting communication with our base. We ran directly into the trap set for us by the French. Before the first ammunition and other relief supplies reach us we will all be killed."

Our trench was filled with several gallons of water and underneath that water. In this morass lay dead and wounded, thrown together. It became necessary to make room and so the dead were thrown over the parapets. At one o'clock in the night men came from the trench and took away some of the wounded, but for those wretches lying in No Man's Land there was no help.

CHAPTER VII

To complete our night, we received orders during the night to attack the French at 4:15 in the morning. We made our preparations under a pouring rain. Promptly at 4:15 we went over the top, jumping over corpses and wounded men. We were forced to retire before a hail of machine gun fire, and sustaining a large number of unnecessary casualties.

Hardly had we regained our trenches when the French attacked us. They came within three meters of our trench, and here their attack broke down under our fire. They too had to retire with fearful losses. Three times in two hours the French attacked us with heavy losses and no results. We were at our wit's end. Unless help came soon it would be impossible for us to hold the position. We were tortured by hunger and thirst as well as being wet to the skin and were so exhausted that we could hardly stand.

At ten o'clock the French attacked a fourth time. They came on in enormous numbers. Our leaders recognized the danger of our position and ordered us back, abandoning the wounded and much booty. By a superhuman effort we did manage to save the machine guns and ammunition. We retreated.

As we approached the enemy's trenches, we were met with a hail of machine gun fire and double-quick geyser hurled to the temporary protection of hastily thrown up dugouts. A hard rain had set in. The field around us was covered with dead and wounded. The French were firing wildly, which made its occupation by the defenders difficult. Many of the wounded men were paralyzed from lying on the slimy ground. All were without bandages. They begged for food and water. But we had none for ourselves. They pleaded piteously, just for a scrap of bread. Many of them had lain in this inferno for two days, without having eaten anything whatever.

We were scarcely established when the French attacked en masse. The occupants of these trenches, whom we had reinforced had already repulsed several of these attacks. They urged us back and forth, and the French were repulsed to the advancing masses. We returned to the exhortations of the infantry officers: "Fire, fire, harder, harder!"

We fired until the barrels of our rifles became so hot that they could not be touched. The victims of our fire already lying in heaps in No Man's Land between our lines and the enemy's were increased by hundreds. The attack was repulsed.

It was a day of rain and rains. All about us in the darkness we heard the wounded weeping, moaning, imploring. Their cries are augmented by other wounded closer. All called for bandages, but we had none left. We were all so muddy and filthy and with them covered the gaping wounds. Men are dying constantly. There are no doctors, no bandages, nothing. The wounded must be assisted, but first the pain must be relieved.

The rain falls harder constantly and we are all wet to the skin. We shoot blindly into the night. The fluctuating fire of musketry becomes strong, then weaker, then strong again. The "Sixers" are scattered among the inferno. My neighbor touches me: "Play," he calls. "What do you want?" I ask. "What are you?" "Come here," he hisses. "Why are you here? Will you murder me like those over there. Soon they will return from over there, and the fun will be on again. Do you hear the others weep?"

Suddenly he started again: "I was shot at them until they stop weeping. That is fun. And again he laughed, maniacally, and louder, then before: "I realized finally that this man had lost his reason. A man passed bringing ammunition and I asked him to fetch the commander at once. The officer arrived, accompanied by an infantry sergeant. He had a very important matter that my neighbor had been firing on the wounded, talking nonsense, and undoubtedly was insane. The lieutenant was hardly out before I was 'infected' by the same."

"Did you see anything?" he asked. "No. No. No. I hear them moaning and weeping. As soon as I hit one he is quiet for a while." "The lieutenant nodded to me. He tried to take the gun from the man, but he was so muddy and filthy and sprang back to cover. From there he held while standing among the wounded, until a moment later, he himself fell, riddled by many bullets.

The drama had only a few spectators, and was hardly out before it was forgotten. Anything but sentiment. The blind firing continued. The cries of the wounded became constantly louder. Why? These wounded lying between the two fighting lines exposed to the fire of both parties. It can only help them for it would be insanity to return into No Man's Land.

Ever louder and with more heart-rending pleadings, the wounded called for their stretchers or help for water. At the most a cursory or a oath in the only response.

Looks on Love as Complicit. A woman always feels herself complicated by love, though it may be from a man incapable of wrong and ever or perhaps even her sternest. Abel Stevens, 'Life of Madame de Staël'

Advertise in the Classified columns of The News. Somebody will want it.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS

But it's a good thing Father hasn't a weak heart



CHILDREN PROVE PATRIOTISM IN WAR STAMP SALE

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF \$618 FROM SALE CONDUCTED IN THREE TWIN FALLS SCHOOLS

The total of \$618.09 realized from the Thrift Stamp campaign conducted in the grade schools of the city on Thursday afternoon by Superintendent Carl G. Elton, M. A. Strong, W. F. Graham and A. G. Gilbert, county war savings stamp director, far exceeded the expectations of the promoters. The Washington school, which has seven rooms and 320 children, brought 264 stamps and fifteen baby tokens, a total of \$152.40, averaging \$2.91 per room. At the Lincoln school, which has seventeen rooms and 668 children, 741 thirty-cent stamps and two baby tokens were purchased, a total of \$259.67, making an average of \$2.10 per room. The Lincoln finished with 310 stamps and six babies, totaling \$104.71, and averaging \$1.0 per room. This building has seventeen rooms and 620 pupils. The Elton school, which has four rooms and a group picture taken and from a report every "kiddie" registered a Twin Falls smile.

PHYSICIANS UNITE TO BOOST HOSPITAL

ORGANIZATION OF MEDICAL MEN IS EFFECTED TO CO-OPERATE IN EXTENDING USEFULNESS

An organization of physicians of Twin Falls county to co-operate with the board of trustees and with the county commissioners in extending the usefulness of the general hospital being built here by the county to be opened about June 1, was effected at a meeting of practically all of the physicians of the county in the commissioners' room at the court house Thursday evening. The organization is known as the Twin Falls County Hospital association. Officers were elected as follows: president, Dr. F. A. Dwight, Filer; secretary, Dr. Charles Wetzelberg, Twin Falls. As a committee to confer with the board of trustees when occasion should arise, the following were named: Dr. J. H. Murphy, Dubbi; Dr. F. A. Dwight, Filer; Dr. Charles Wetzelberg, Twin Falls; Dr. J. N. Davis, Kimberly; Dr. W. H. Clouck, Twin Falls. A committee also was named to draft by-laws which are to be adopted at the next meeting of the association on Thursday evening, May 9, when permanent organization of the association will be effected. The association is to equip the operating room at the hospital, and an institution is to be extended by it to churches, lodges and other organizations and individuals to furnish rooms of beds.

BOND SALES ARE CLIMBING DAILY

OFFICIALS NOW BELIEVE CAMPAIGN WILL CLOSE OVERSUBSCRIBED

WASHINGTON, May 3.—With two days more to go in the third Liberty Loan campaign, the nation early today was \$165,000,000 short of the maximum quota of the \$3,000,000,000 in subscriptions. Overnight reports brought the total subscriptions to \$2,835,000,000—a gain of about \$17,000,000. Loan officials are now confident of a substantial oversubscription. Reports from Dallas and San Francisco claimed that those districts have obtained their quotas. The Chicago district has won the honor of being the fourth to reach its quota officially. Subscriptions for that district this morning aggregated \$403,641,000. Its quota was \$400,000,000. In the New England district, New Hampshire, Maine, Connecticut and Vermont have attained their quotas. Massachusetts and Rhode Island are expected to go over the five today.

THEY WORK FOR YOU

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

CLASSIFIED RATES One insertion, per word 1c One week, per word 5c One month (30 insertions) 15c Minimum charge for any classified ad, 15 cents. Ad must run for a stated period of time. PHONE 32

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Marx 10 years old, wt. 1400 lbs. 1/4 mile west on state highway. Ray Hughes. FOR SALE—Good work team. Apply 242 South Main. FOR SALE—Second hand store at Filer, Idaho, doing a good business. Address Box 866, Filer, Idaho. FOR SALE—Good sound calves for sale at one cent per pound; excellent stock for home use also potatoes at 50c cwt. Anchor Hay, Grain & Feed Co., 240 Sixth Ave. West, phone 23. Free delivery within the city limits. FOR SALE—Two Ford, one Maxwell and one Reo; see our used cars before buying; one horsepower electric motor and air compressor. Johnson Auto Sales Co., 214 & 234 Shoshone St. FOR SALE—Monarch No. 2 visible typewriter in first-class condition. Factory rebuilt. Address 241 Main avenue east, Twin Falls, Idaho. BIRD BOWS FOR SALE at 25¢ Sixth avenue west. Telephone 23. PURE BRED BLACK MINORCA hens for sale. 249 Sixth avenue west. Telephone 23. FOR SALE—The furniture belonging to Mrs. W. E. Regan; complete for five rooms; must be sold by May 15. Call at 461 Fourth avenue north or phone 471-1. FOR SALE—57 acre ranch 1 1/2 miles from Twin Falls; \$200 per acre. E. A. Moon.

FOR RENT

HOUSE FOR RENT—and furnished for sale; 4 rooms modern. P. E. Den 302 Fourth avenue east. FOR RENT—40 acres plowed; see Hollister. See H. M. Sims, News office. FOR RENT—Two farms near Dubbi for a term of three years; the buildings are new and ready for occupancy. Edwina Damman, 205 Seventh avenue north. Phone 634-J. FOR RENT—Several farms. Edw. Damman, 205 Seventh avenue north. Phone 634-J.

WANTED

WANTED—4 carpenters; wages per day. E. A. Moon, contractor. WANTED—Man to clean up yard; mow lawn, etc. Address L. N., care of Twin Falls News. WANTED—Money wanted—We have loan for private money as follows: \$2500-60 acres, \$1500-20 acres, 5 years 8 per cent, first mortgage; also \$500-2 corner lots and building at 10 per cent, valuation 40 to 50 per cent. Or write Ripley & Timm, the Real Estate, Filer, Idaho.

MEAN TO STAMP OUT OBEDIENCE

Authorities Will Put Stop to Practice Too Long Prevalent in the Virgin Islands

The American officials of the Virgin Islands have taken steps to deal with the novel but serious crime of obedience which has long been practiced in the islands. Matthew Francois has been arrested and incarcerated as an obnoxious woman, and announcement has been made that prompt action will be taken by the Americans to show that this wicked and shameful practice must cease. The oath is a form of first cousin of the voodoo of darkest Africa, which is said to be still practiced in the interior of Hayti, and which has not been entirely stamped out in other islands of the West Indies group. The oath man or woman sets up as a sort of witch doctor professing to cure all ills by use of charms, to be skilled in the preparation of love philters, and of concoctions that are believed to be certain to bring harm to the enemy of the victim who pays. Superstition still has such strong hold on the minds of those who believe in obedience that they pay their good money and protect them in court until cases at times have become the bane of officials. Often convictions are only brought about through deep laid plots and skillful work on the part of the police.

BRAZILIAN CONSULS NAMED FOR AMERICA

(By United Press.) RIO DE JANEIRO, May 3.—Appointment of Brazilian consuls announced today included: Francisco Garcia, Pereira Leao, to New Orleans; Ferreira Costa to San Francisco; and Pedro Nunes to Chicago (vice consul). A decree has been issued recognizing the consular service to facilitate commerce between the Americas.

SUCH A SMART BROTHER

But It is Entirely Probable Sister Did Not Appreciate His Peculiar Form of Wit.

A young lady in Lakewood is of the opinion that she is grown up—which opinion she is not encouraged either by her parents or her older brother. He is fifteen, brother is sixteen. She thinks that young men should be allowed to call on her in the evening; brother, however, insists that she should be called on by the foot of the stairs and called—'Molly! Quit cuttin' paper dolls an' come downstairs. One of your playmates wants to see you!'—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BOLSHIEVIK TROOPS PUT UP HARD FIGHT

(By United Press.)

ZURICH, May 3.—Bolshevik troops in the Crimea, equipped with armor and tanks, heavy artillery, and well led, are desperately attacking German forces on the railway between Theodosia and Dramlik, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung. It is reported that the Bolsheviks are massacring German colonists, the newspaper said.

Great Tibetan Industry.

By far the largest herds of musk deer are to be found on the southern shores of the Koko-Nor, and the supply of musk there (of Theobald) is larger than the quantity that comes through Sungan. In fact, great quantities of musk do not come to Sungan at all, but are sent east to Yachow, in Honan, where fair is held in the ninth and tenth months, many of the Sungan traders visiting this place. At Tachow, musk is the most valuable export, practically every hog reckoning with it, and nearly all the Tibetans who come from the interior bring some with them. The price of musk there was thirteen times its weight in silver.

Many Americans Enter Canada.

Three and a half times as many emigrants from the United States into western Canada arrived during the first nine months of last year as during the same period in 1916, according to figures furnished by the department of immigration. The number of such persons for the first nine months of the year 1917 was 8227; for 1916, 2402, and for 1917, 29916. The amount of cash and effects brought in by these immigrants does not show the same proportionate increase for this year over 1916 as did the number of persons. The total of cash and effects was \$2,676,700 for 1916, \$3,919,400 for 1917 and \$5,103,400 for 1917.

Testing a Bee's Speed.

An experiment was made to see how fast a bee could fly. The hive was attached to the roof of a train which attained a speed of 80 miles an hour before the bee was left behind.

USE SPECIAL TRAIN

(By United Press.)

CHICAGO, May 3.—Arrangements were made today for a special soldiers' train from Camp Dodge, Iowa, for next Wednesday's match here between heavyweight Earl Caddock, champion heavy-weight wrestler, and Altkok Zlyanok.

ICE CREAM MUST BE UP TO STANDARD

STATE FOOD AND SANITARY INSPECTOR J. E. WHITE HEREBY ADJUSTS MISUNDERSTANDING

State Food and Sanitary Inspector J. E. White arrived in Twin Falls last night to correct a misunderstanding. Mr. White said that in addition to the regular line of inspection of sanitary conditions he would take up and adjust what appears to be a misunderstanding of the side law by the manufacturers of ice cream as much of the cream on the market does not meet the better standard of 14 per cent.

FORD MAY BECOME CANDIDATE FOR SENATE

(By United-Press.)

DETROIT, Mich., May 3.—Henry Ford has become the involuntary object of a movement to place him in one of Michigan's vacant seats in the United States senate to succeed William Alden Smith, retiring. The "campaign" is of a smouldering character and politicians here have little idea when it will break out into the open, or whether it will actually break at all.

WINS TWO FALLS

(By United-Press.)

LINCOLN, NEB., May 3.—John Park, aspirant to the heavyweight wrestling crown, was awarded two falls over Yusuf Hussain here last night.

FOR EXCHANGE

SEWING MACHINE EXCHANGE—305 Shoshone St. South; slightly used machines of all kinds; repairing of all machines; a specialty; all work guaranteed satisfactory. E. A. Clifton, Mgr. Phone 69.

LOST

LOST—Strayed or stolen, dark bay horse about 1000 pounds, mane about 6 in. long, small sore on right shoulder, brand B A; about 8 or 10 years old. If seen or heard of, notify W. W. Clay Smith, Filer, Idaho, Clover planting station.

LOST

LOST—Society pin; gold key set with diamonds and pearls. Finder returns to "H" care of News, or phone 119 for liberal reward.

STRAYED

STRAYED—One brown horse, weight 1300; above up in both shoulders. Photo 608-JE. H. E. Laird.

STORAGE

Special facilities for storing WOOD. Phone 815. Earl Fruit Co.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

BUSINESS CARD RATES One insertion, per line 1c One week, per line 5c One month, per line 15c PHONE 32

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

J. O. OSBOOD—Office with DeLoe-Lee Co., Phone 693.

DESIGNER

MRS. JESSIE P. PATTON—Designer and dressmaking. Phone 283-J. Second avenue north.

ATTORNEYS

SWEBLEY & SWEBLEY NORTH & STEPHAN, B. & T. B.

THE MAIL SERVICE

Mail going east closes . . . 6:30 a. m. Mail going west closes . . . 11:45 a. m. Mailing east closes . . . 5:45 p. m. Mail going west closes . . . 2:30 p. m. Mail to St. Helena closes . . . 12:00 p. m. General Delivery—Open weekdays a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open Sundays.

AS EVER PRINTING

OF THE KIND YOU WANT WHEN YOU WANT IT WE NEVER DISAPPOINT THE NEWS Job Printing Department

Be Sure to Read This Remarkable Narrative In This Newspaper

\$3500.00 on hand for farm and city loans. Lowest rates. H. E. POWERS Over City Pharmacy

FOR EXCHANGE—Job printing for money. Our work is like your money—the best. Twin Falls News.

Confessions of a German Deserter :: A thrilling story of the pillaging of Belgium as told by a young Prussian officer who participated and who, escaping after the battle of Mons, made his way to America and is now registered as an alien enemy. Be Sure to Read This Remarkable Narrative In This Newspaper \$3500.00 on hand for farm and city loans. Lowest rates. H. E. POWERS Over City Pharmacy

WIBLE STUDENT IS HELD UNDER ESPIONAGE ACT

FEDERAL WARRANT IS SERVED ON PRENTICE G. GLOYSTEIN, AS RESULT OF ACTIONS

Warrant of arrest on charges violating provisions of the espionage laws was served Tuesday afternoon by Deputy United States Marshal C. W. Chuecke upon Prentice G. Gloystein of this city, a leading member of the local organization of the International Bible Student's association, an institution founded by the late Pastor Russell. Mr. Gloystein was arraigned before United States commissioner C. C. Higgins at the time for his hearing was set for 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon next. He furnished cash bond in the sum of \$250 to secure his appearance. Complaint is made against Gloystein on the grounds that he had procured a publication issued by the association of which he is a member, wherein it purported to give an explanation of why a book, "The Finished Mystery," published by the association had been suggested for ruling of government officials. The explanation given, that influence of an orthodox clergy, both Catholic and Protestant, had been exerted upon the government to this end. Arrests have been made and federal authorities are investigating similar cases in Boise, Seattle and Portland.

DISCLAIMS SALE OF TOBACCO TO MINORS

WILLIAM TARR RESISTS CHARGE BROUGHT ON TESTIMONY OF BOYS WHO PAY FINES

Although two 16 year old boys on Thursday paid fines of \$10 each in probate court for smoking cigarettes which they may have sold to them by William Tarr, proprietor of a Main avenue south grocery store, Tarr announced that he would fight the case when arraigned that day in the same court upon complaint filed at the instance of Probation Officer John H. Autt. The penalty upon conviction of sale of tobacco to minors is fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$100. Proprietor Pays Fines. Dwight H. Cannon, proprietor of a billiard room in the basement of the Big White Store building at the corner of Main avenue and Second street south, pleaded guilty Thursday in probate court to a charge of permitting minors to enter in his establishment, and paid a fine of \$25. He explained that he exercised every possible precaution to prevent minors from frequenting his place, and that the offense of which he was charged in this instance had been committed probably in his absence. The boys whose possession of Cannon's establishment cost the proprietor the amount of the fine, also were prosecuted at the instance of the probation officer in probate court, and each paid a fine in the sum of \$25. One of the boys was 16 years of age and the other was 17. They were found playing pool in Cannon's establishment by the probation officer Wednesday night.

DRAFT ORDER TOO SLOW FOR FIGHTING SWISS

ANDRIANUS BOUMAN ASKS TO GO TO CAMP WITH NEXT SELECTIVE SERVICE QUOTA

Along with Twin Falls county's quota of 10 registrants to leave under the new draft law on Friday, May 3, for Fort Melowick, California, three that are not citizens, Andrianus Bouman, a native of Switzerland, who registered in Twin Falls and is now a resident of Los Angeles. He is interested out of order at this time by permission of the local board in conference with his own request. Bouman says that he has waited long enough to be reached in a draft call; that he is anxious to be at the front and that he cannot be called soon enough. The next contingent from his county, along with those of other southeastern Idaho districts, will go to Fort McDowell in a special train by way of Ogden.

SKILLED SERVICE AT NATION'S DISPOSAL

SIXTEEN REGISTRANTS OF COUNTY APPLY TO FILL PLACES OF MEN PERTINENT NEEDS

As applicants for places for men of special training to be inducted out of order into the military service, sixteen registrants of Twin Falls county had filed responses to the "Nation's Want List." Monday morning report of the number of applicants and their qualifications was made by the local board to Adjutant General C. S. Mooley. Employed in Arsenal Charles W. Plummer, one of the three applicants for a place as machinist in the General Pershing's Force, although a registrant of Twin Falls county, is employed now as a gunnaker in an arsenal at Havaspot, Iowa. The other applicant for place in the service as a machinist is Wayne B. Lawrence of Twin Falls. Following are the other applicants with the qualifications given: Chauffeurs—Jerey D. Smith, Twin Falls; Tom Berzington, Twin Falls; Earl O. Smith, Jarbridge. Technicians—Raymond E. Lareby, Twin Falls; Archie E. Williams, Murtaugh; Walter P. Jones, Twin Falls; Clerks—George Seer, Twin Falls; Archie Lloyd Sigman, Twin Falls. Surveyor—Joseph D. Slemma. Electricians—A. E. Dickey, Dohi. Carpenter—Lyle E. Smith, Twin Falls. Automobile machinist—William Tate, Twin Falls. Cook—Giuseppe Joseph Dettoni, Twin Falls. Cannery stockkeeper—Vernie D. Nink, Crossville, Tenn.



FEATURE AT AND ORPHEUM—LAST TIME TONIGHT.

HONOR ATTORNEYS ENTERING SERVICE

COUNTY BAR ASSOCIATION ORGANIZATIONS TAYLOR CUMMINS AND OAKL L. DELONG

One of the most carefully appointed and best arranged banquets held here some time was that of the Twin Falls County Bar association, which place at the Marine hotel on Wednesday evening. The gathering consisted of the annual session of the body at its addition was in the nature of a social to two of its members, Taylor Cummins and Oakl L. DeLong, which have been actively engaged in practice in Twin Falls.

Patriotic Proliferation

M. J. Snowley of Twin Falls served toastmaster, upon the invitation of an association's president, H. C. Threlk. The speeches were brief and to the point, with a note of humor in the line through the entire program. All tribute to the men in whose honor an affair was held in a manner which was the universal esteem in which it is held among lawyers and laymen. Those on the program were: M. J. Snowley, C. A. North, C. A. Walters, W. Chapman, and brief remarks were made by a number of others. The program concluded with speeches by M. J. Snowley and Mr. Cummins in which he warmly told of the motives primarily his act in offering his services to country.

REPRESENTS STATE AT NATIONAL CONFERENCE

JOHN W. FLEESHER, BOISE CHILDREN'S HOME SUPERINTENDENT TO ATTEND. Dr. John W. Fleesher, superintendent of the Idaho Children's Home, Friday night, who left Friday morning forokane after spending several days on official business, announced that he had been designated to represent the state at Idaho at a national conference of corrections officials at Kansas City, May 15-18, and also that he had accepted an invitation to deliver the baccalaureate sermon at Oktawa, Kansas, on Sunday.

ODGE WOMEN HOLD DISTRICT MEETING

REMARKS OF BUBB, FLEER AND TWIN FALLS MEET WITH SISTERS OF KIMBERLEY. The district meeting of the Rebekah was held at Kimberly Wednesday afternoon and evening. In the presence of the staff of officers put on a degree work of one new member.

Hafer Takes Building Permit

Hafer has taken out a municipal building permit for construction of a residence valued at \$12,000, on Fifth avenue north between Fourth and Fifth streets. The estimated cost is \$1800.

LOCAL BRIEFS

PREDICTION FAIR WEATHER

Fair weather tonight and Saturday is predicted by the department of agriculture. A forecast through the local telephone exchange this morning. Temperature was highest yesterday at 110 degrees at 6 o'clock p. m. and lowest at 42 degrees at 7 o'clock a. m.

GOES TO WASHINGTON

Attorney James H. W. left this morning for Washington, D. C. in connection with matters in the supreme court.

MARRIAGES

Mrs. E. A. Babcock, with Court Reporter Holly M. Brainin, returned Wednesday evening from Addison, where he has been presiding at sessions of district court for three weeks past. On Monday, the judge and reporter will go to Rupert to open a term of district court for Minutka county. Enlists in Navy—Wayne Ellsworth Gurley of Twin Falls has enlisted at Portland for four years' enlistment period in the navy, according to word received by the local board. Plan May Dance—The Junior Social Improvement club will hold a dance in the Parish hall Friday evening, May 10. All members and associate members are requested to be present at the dance plans for the formal May dance to be held the latter part of the month. Books War Stamp Sales—The Thrift Bank window displayed by the Idaho Department store this week has been unique and artistic. Credit for the engagement is due E. G. St. John, who has also received his set of card printing. A booth erected in the city goods department will further the sale of W. S. B. it is expected.

COMMERCIAL STUDENTS ENROLLING

Monday evening, May 6, M. S. Hoover will open his business college on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, until May 29, when the regular sessions will begin.

OFFERS ROOM TO REAL GROSS

Proprietor of the Curry Mercantile company, has offered the Curry auxiliary of the local Red Cross for the summer in his building. The women of this district are doing splendid work and a great deal is being accomplished for such a small territory.

ON TRIP TO PORTLAND

Mrs. A. R. Osterland left Thursday evening for Portland, where they will spend an indefinite time.

PERMITS TO ENTERTAIN

The pupils of the Washington school will give an entertainment at the Idaho theater on Friday, May 10, under the direction of Miss Grace Bryant, supervisor of music.

BROOKS BUILDING HOME

Permit has been issued to A. Brooks for construction of a residence, 262 1/2 feet, on Fourth avenue north between Fifth and Sixth streets. The contract has been let to E. A. Mason. The estimated cost of the building is \$2100.

TEACHERS FINISH PATRIOTIC WORK

CLASSIFYING OF REGISTRANTS ACCORDING TO OCCUPATIONS DONE BY VOLUNTEERS

Teachers of the Twin Falls schools Wednesday night finished the work which they began several weeks ago in response to call of the local draft board for assistance in the work of classifying registrants according to their occupational qualifications. Practically all of the teachers of both the grade and high schools have had a part in this work, the leadership being taken by Miss Elizabeth Shottwell, principal of the Lincoln school, who was present and at work on every occasion when the teachers assembled in the office of the local board after school hours for this purpose. The war has been a tedious one, making heavy demands upon the time of the teachers already burdened with the responsibilities imposed by the war upon the schools, but their response has been characterized by cheerfulness and efficiency, and as a result of their work, Twin Falls county, which is one of the largest in the state in respect to number of registrants, is one of the first to complete its occupational classification.

LITTLE GIRL VICTIM OF AIRGUN ACCIDENT

Daisy Sjurston, four years old, sustains painful injury when trigger pulled. Accidental discharge of an air gun in the hands of a playmate Wednesday afternoon resulted in a painful injury to Daisy Sjurston, four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Sjurston, Fourth avenue east. The leaden pellet penetrated the little girl's cheek to the depth of nearly one-half inch. Medical attention was called, and recovery without incident is anticipated.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

M. S. Lowry to T. P. Fott, \$800, 1 1/2 block S. 1st McCallum Ave. Dohi. E. G. McKinley to G. Jaffe, \$29, 15 S. G. McKinley to Z. S. Dranson, \$3075, 1 1/2 block 8th E. H. A. Luff to G. H. Bell, \$475, 1 1/2 block S. E. P. E. Moon. The Parsy Trust & Savings Bank to G. H. Bell, \$1,133 and 4 and 1/2 block S. 10-17.

ANNOUNCES NEW MEATLESS PROGRAM

FURTHER ECONOMY AND ELIMINATION OF WASTE WILL MAINTAIN BALANCE

FOOD—May 3.—Food Administrator R. F. Hixon has been directed by Herbert Hoover to make the following announcement concerning a new meatless program: "The food administration is extremely desirous of securing economy in consumption of all kinds of meats without restriction of meatless days for the present. The seasonal decline in volume of animals coming to market is now in progress and its volume will undoubtedly further decrease during the next few months as is usual, but the probable amount of such decrease is yet obscure. "The necessities for shipment abroad to our army and allies are very large and amount to roughly seventy-five million pounds of meat and meat products of all kinds per week against present normal, of less than fifteen million pounds. Even with these large shipments the allies have found it necessary to reduce consumption of all kinds of meats and poultry to an average of about one and one-quarter pounds per week per person in order that no further draft should be made upon shipping that is now required for the transportation of our soldiers. "Our consumption of meats is about three and one-quarter pounds per week per person and if we are to make both such balance during the short marketing season we must have further economy. "If the public will continue in rigorous elimination of waste and will further economy by reducing the quantity required for each meal of all kinds of meat, poultry, more particularly of beef, and will restrict its purchases accordingly, the food administration hopes that the necessary balance can be maintained. "A general reference to these recommendations will avoid the inconvenience which arises in many directions on meatless days and will cause less interference in daily preparation of food. "There is now a reasonable abundance of milk products which can well be substituted in various forms. "The shortage of fish during the past several months is due to the scarcity of naval requisitioning of trawlers and elimination of fishermen for the navy should be considerably relieved by the expansion which has been arranged for in other forms of fishing." Reporters Have Limitations. "The average public reporter knows his limitations and never attempts to write up a swell wedding, if you are going to commit suicide or murder send for the police reporter, but if you are going to get married please call up the society reporter.—Athletic Globe.

POPLAR GROVE GIRL WINS FIRST HONORS

MISS RUTH BROWN MAKES HIGHEST AVERAGE AMONG PUPILS COMPLETING EXAMINATIONS. Premier honors for the highest average among 67 pupils of the Twin Falls county schools who completed the state eighth grade examination in April, were won by Miss Ruth Brown, pupil of the Poplar Grove school, whose average for the examination in all subjects was 98 per cent. The examination questions were based upon the subjects of reading, spelling, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammar, history, physiology and civics. Following are the averages made by the seven pupils who made next high marks: Eva West, Rogerson, 90.5; Mae Whitt, Curry, 90.5; Minnie Cohen, Hollister, 90.4; Wilma Brown, Poplar Grove, 90.3; Hazel Russell, Poplar Grove, 90.3; Gertrude Willis, Rogerson, 90.2; Jessica Willis, Rogerson, 90.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Charles Castello of Dohi is spending several days in Twin Falls on business. Mrs. A. J. Green was called to Nebraska Thursday by the death of her mother. Loads of Bibles. One hundred and twenty-five cases of Bibles arrived at Olevi Everett, Ariz., for the Red Cross on Thursday, each with the regulation load of 80 pounds on his head, in single file, to take these Bibles to their destination through the bush. There was 25 Bibles to each un-lined case, making a total of 3100 copies, which, it is believed, will be sold to the natives within the year.

FORMER HEAVYWEIGHT JOINS BRITISH FORCES

By (United Press.) SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—Tommy Duran, former heavyweight champion of the world, was a British soldier today. He enlisted last yesterday after talking it over with his old friend, Sergeant F. E. Wells, formerly "Doc" Wells, pugilist and hockey player. Wells lost an arm at Ypres and is now on guard duty. Noni-Brunso, "White" is Duran's real name, claims Hannover, Oa, as his home. Only One Possible Victor. There are two sides to every question, but only one side can be the right side and only one side can come out on top. Optimistic Thought. Recollection affords the purest of enjoyment.

THE ORPHEUM THEATRE

Last Showing Today—Friday—Matinee and Night. Bessie Barriscale. HAROLD MAO GRATH'S Wonderful Mystery Romance entitled Madam Who?

the unwritten chapter—A woman's life—ever hunting and being hunted in turn. Every smile a deceit, every truth a lie; always alert, purring, plotting, scheming, trifling with fire, with death, with infamy; shunned by friends, despised by foe; ready to die in shameful oblivion—it was MADAM WHO? BESSIE BARRISCALE THE STAR HAROLD MAO GRATH the author

2 HIPPODROME 2

Complete change of pictures Saturday with same acts. Coming Monday and Tuesday WILLIAM S. HART in the 2 part western drama entitled "A KNIGHT OF THE TRAIL"

TWIN FALLS TITLE & ABSTRACT CO.

ABSTRACT BLDG. HARTFORD HAIL INSURANCE. DON'T TAKE CHANCES ON THE WEATHER