

TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

VOL. 1. NO. 60.

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO, SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1918.

PRIOR FIVE CENTS

AUSTRIA DECISIVELY DEFEATED BUT COMPELLED TO CONTINUE FIGHTING

TOTAL AVAILABLE FORCES ARE GATHERED FOR FINAL EFFORT

Premier Orlando Says Enemy Will Exert Last Remaining Strength, and if Necessary, Use Last of Reserves in Order to Secure Some Sort of a Success--Italian Troops Quietly Confident

ROME, June 22.—The Austrians unable to retire, will employ all their available reserves in a desperate effort to secure some sort of a success. Premier Orlando declared, "In conversing with deputies today, the Austrians are fighting with unparalleled desperation and violence." The premier said, "It is certain there will be still more fighting. The Austrians, unable to retire, are bound to exert their utmost, if necessary by engaging all their reserves—for the purpose of securing some sort of a success.

"In one sector alone 5,000 enemy dead are buried. "The attitude of the Italian population in the rear of the line is magnificent. Their confidence is sublime."

TROOPS IN FRANCE WELL ACROSS THE 900,000 MARK

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMIES IN THE FIELD, June 22 (night)—The battle for control of the all-important Montello crest is still under way as this dispatch is filed.

The Allies are known to have made some gains, and have taken more than a thousand prisoners, but how extensive their operations there have been cannot be determined at this time. The latest reports received at headquarters showed that Italians had reached the outskirts of Nervano, on the southeastern edge of Montello, and were fighting toward the river.

Enemy prisoners declare that the Italian attack in this sector frustrated an Austrian attack, which was planned to be launched just an hour after the Italian began.

Italians Continue to Gain Ground
LONDON, June 22.—Italian counter attacks gained ground both in the Montello sector and in the region of the Zenson on the Piave, it was indicated in overnight official reports. Elsewhere on the front strong Austrian attacks were repulsed.

BILLIONS ASKED FOR ARTILLERY PROGRAM IN HOUSE

NEW FORTIFICATION BILL CARRIES BIGGEST SINGLE APPROPRIATION IN MILITARY HISTORY—TRENCH WARFARE BELIEVED OVER

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The largest field artillery program in military history is provided in the new fortifications bill reported to the house today.

The new artillery program, Representative Howard, chairman of the fortifications committee, explained, indicates clearly that this country's military experts believe days of trench warfare are practically ended and that a war of movement is in prospect.

Of the total \$5,435,000,000 appropriation authorized in the bill, \$1,000,000,000 is for munitions, field and siege cannons and ammunition.

To Reduce Fortifications
"The big gun program is framed with the expectation that we should be able to reduce and reduce German fortifications to conquer," Borland said.

Another \$40,000,000 is provided for one thousand 4.2 inch howitzers to produce snail and other high explosive shells. These shells will be sold after the war for \$25,000 each for use in making dry goods.

For searchlights and anti-aircraft guns mounted on motor trailers the committee appropriated \$2,000,000 and funds in addition. Searchlights are going to France and some were available for coast defense.

ONLY RAIDING AND PATROL ENCOUNTERS THROUGH RUSSIA
STOCKHOLM, June 22.—Workmen in the Njstal-Nogved district have started a revolt against the Bolsheviki. It was learned here today. The movement is spreading throughout the district. The Bolsheviki are being arrested.

IS FORTUNE JUST AHEAD?

OLD-TIME BIBLE IN TWIN FALLS MAY BE WORTH THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

In the city of Twin Falls—anybody can look at it—there is a copy of an edition of the Bible printed in London by Robert Barker in the year 1606.

The Twin Falls book is of the edition known as the "Brichtes Bible." It is in a splendid state of preservation, printed in old English type of a quaint and curious style, and has a wooden frontispiece, which carries with it an air of antiquity impossible to mistake.

FIX PRICES OF FIR AND PINE PRODUCED IN NORTHWEST

QUOTATIONS WHICH GO INTO EFFECT JUNE 15 APPLY TO ALLIED, GOVERNMENT AND CIVILIAN PURCHASES—RETAIL CHANGE IS SMALL

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Maximum prices for fir logs and fir lumber produced in the Pacific Northwest were announced by the war industries board today. They are effective for a three months period, which began June 15.

Douglas fir prices, applying to lumber manufactured in the Pacific northwest, represent an average increase of approximately 42 1/2 per cent over the present rates. It was officially announced. Yellow pine prices are increased approximately \$4.80 a thousand.

Prices Apply to All
The new prices apply to government, allied and civilian purchases alike, it was officially stated. Since milk, feed, it was a thousand heads and prices on yellow pine have averaged higher than the civilian trade than the government, the new schedule will not result in higher prices to the public, although the government will have to pay more, it was declared.

FAMOUS CHURCHMAN CALLED BY DEATH
DUBUQUE, Iowa, June 22.—John Joseph Keane, retired archbishop of the Dubuque diocese Roman Catholic church died here early today after an illness of several weeks. He had last Sunday when prayers for him were asked at all masses.

1,000 FROM IDAHO
BOISE, Idaho, June 22.—A call for one thousand men from Idaho was received today by Adjutant General Moody. The new contingent will entrain for training camps July 23.

CIRCUS TRAIN TELESCOPED BY TROOP SPECIAL

OVER ONE HUNDRED EMPLOYEES OF WALLACE HAGENBROCK SHOW ARE KILLED AND INJURED IN REAR-END COLLISION WITH ARMY TRAIN

GARY, Ind., June 22.—At least 48 persons were killed today when an army equipment train of the Michigan Central railroad crashed into a Hagenbrock Wallace circus train at Ivanhoe, Ind. More than 100 were injured, many seriously.

Thirty bodies have been brought to Gary and 16 have been taken to the morgue at Hammond, Ind. Fire broke out in the wreckage and many of the bodies were charred beyond recognition. Other bodies are believed to lie in the debris.

Hospitals at Gary and Hammond are filled with the injured. Doctors and nurses are being brought here from Chicago.

The wreck occurred at daylight. According to railroad men the circus train stopped at Ivanhoe because of a hot box. Flagmen were sent back to set flares.

May Be Defective Signals
The equipment train was said to be running at a speed of 30 miles per hour when it crashed into the circus train before the signals were set has not been determined.

The engine of the equipment train tore its way through four Pullman coaches, during wreckage several bodies were hurled to death, striking cliffs for help.

Wrecking cranes that arrived soon after the crash could not be used for some time because of the intense heat.

DUEL MONARCHY IN DESPERATE STRAITS
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY IS ON VERGE OF COLLAPSE—COUNTRY MAY GO WAY OF RUSSIA

(Continued on Page Eight)

THE TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

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TODAY'S NEWS TODAY

R. A. HEAD, Publisher; JOHN C. HARVEY, News Editor; H. M. SIMS, Manager

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Table with 2 columns: Rate (Carrier, Office, Retail), Duration (1 year, 6 months, 3 months, 1 month), Price (\$6.00, \$3.50, \$2.00, \$1.00)

Entered as second-class matter April 9, 1916, at the postoffice at Twin Falls, Idaho, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

THE HUN YAMN FACTORY

Mos are a standardized product of the Potsdam gang, and the Allies will go slow in giving credence to any news, regardless of how acceptable it may be, that might by any stretch of the imagination, have its origin in Berlin.

It has been said on the best of authority, corroborated by travelers from Germany, that a common practice of the Potsdam gang is to send out stories of famine, strikes, and other forms of internal dissension, all of a purely fictitious character, merely to get it into the press of the enemy.

Whether the seriousness of the Austrian situation is real, or greatly exaggerated to fit into some Potsdam scheme, remains to be seen. The time has passed, however, when the people of the allied countries are apt to be fooled by such devices.

The reports of rioting in Vienna will have the effect of encouraging the Allies to prosecute the war with even more—certainly not less vigor. They have resolved to win this war with words and not with words. They have seen so many evidences of German duplicity that they will not be content to sit at a peace table with the Huns until the Potsdam gang is done for.

That Austria may prove a tremendous liability to the German war machine is, however, quite within the range of possibilities, and with the tremendous defeat their armies have sustained at the hands of the Italians, it is not to be expected that the morale either of their armies or of their people will be anything but lapsed.

This, with unsatisfactory food conditions, more or less political unrest, and the precedent established of having gained at least some advantage by the recent riots, is apt to lead to more trouble, and the Central Powers are hardly in a position to give a great deal of attention to internal affairs.

Growing unrest in Russia and increasing successes on the part of the Anti-Bolshevik factions add to the menace that stalks German autocracy from the east. Neither should it be overlooked that a serious disturbance in Austria makes communication with Turkey and Bulgaria more difficult.

ITALY ON THE JOB

The diversion of the Italian frontiers attempted on the Italian frontier ended up like a Sunday School picnic in a thunderstorm. Everything seems to have passed out wrong. In the first place the Italians didn't tick as easily as the German schedule called for.

It upon herself, and the gratitude of the Allies will flow out to her for the trouncing she gave the enemy. It is one of really few entirely satisfactory episodes of the war during recent months.

HARD FOUGHT SUIT DRAWING TO CLOSE

Attorneys Argue Merits of Claims of Relatives to Estate of John Allen, Deceased

Trial before a jury in district court here in the case of Glen C. Pritchard, administrator of the estate of John Allen, deceased, against Mr. and Mrs. John Kelley, which has been in progress since Monday neared its close this morning when the arguments of attorneys was begun. In this case the validity of a deed to eighty acres of land in the vicinity of Buhl given July 18, 1916, by Allen to the Kelleys is attacked by the administrator on the grounds that Allen was at the time mentally incompetent and that undue influence was brought to bear upon him by the Kelleys.

Attorneys for the administrator in this case are E. M. Wagon and J. F. Ferris of Twin Falls, Arthur W. Ostrom of Buhl, and Turner Oliver of Spokane. The Kelleys are represented by E. A. Walters and Shad L. Hodgins of Twin Falls.

DROPS DEAD AT BREAKFAST TABLE

Orral F. Lark of Filer Dies Suddenly at State Sanitarium, Where He Was Received Recently

Orral F. Lark, son of Thomas Lark of Filer, dropped dead at the breakfast table Saturday morning at the state sanitarium at Blackfoot, to which institution he was committed June 18, according to word from the superintendent received here. Mr. Lark suffered from a mental breakdown resulting from overwork on his farm at Filer.

BYRAN JOINS MARINE CORPS

KANSAS CITY, June 21.—William Jennings Bryan has enlisted in the marine corps. No, this Mr. Bryan is not the famous Nebraskaan. While working on his farm near Waxahatchie, Texas, he suddenly decided to take an intensive course of training as a Hun fighter.

NEW PREMIER NAMED AMSTERDAM, June 22.—M. Mallot, one of the Belgian leaders who opposed that country's entrance into the war, has been appointed premier, a Sofia dispatch announced today.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

The regular semi-annual stockholders' meeting of the Idaho Department Store, Ltd., will be held at the office of the company on Monday evening, July 1, at 8 p. m.

Optimistic Thought. Rejoice today, for tomorrow you may be ash.

Classified Ads are cheap—effective.

TO WOMEN AND GIRLS WHO KNIT. Let every stitch you knit remind you of the financial fabric that money-savers are weaving...



IN THE LIMELIGHT

LOYALTY LEAGUE ORGANIZER



Col. R. F. Dickerson of Springfield, Mo., organizer of the National Loyalty League, already has established the organization in a number of states, but says he will not rest content until every American, regardless of sex or age, is enrolled in its membership.

In 1916, when the war with Mexico seemed inevitable, Colonel Dickerson raised a regiment of more than 2,000 men in less than ten days.

NAVY SECURES NINETEEN RECRUITS IN BURLEY

Ensign Delany Well Pleas'd with Results—Young People Will Receive Special Training

Ensign H. W. Delany of the U. S. navy, with medical examiner Dr. B. V. R. Hooker, assisted by Chief Yeoman C. H. Allgood, L. L. Curtis, D. H. Stevens and Dr. R. Groets, spent the past week in Burley enlisting recruits for the navy.

FOR EXCHANGE—Job printing for money. Our work is like your money—the best. Twin Falls News.

CARL RODIGER. This is Carl Rodiger, alias 'Karl Schorsch', the aged partner of the German spies in America, who has been captured by operatives of the federal government.

Chautauqua Week. TWIN FALLS CHAUTAUQUA, JUNE 20-28. L. E. FLINT, Superintendent; MARY FARRINGTON, Junior Superintendent.

SATURDAY: Morning-Series Lecture, Superintendent; Junior Chautauqua. Afternoon-Entertainment, Morrison-Smith Company; Lecture, 'The World's Greatest Need.' SUNDAY: Morning—Loyal Services at all churches.

We Have Some Real Bargains in FARM LANDS, IRRIGATED LANDS CO. First Nat'l Bank Building

Are You Patriotic? Are You a Good American? Then Come to Twin Falls July Fourth to the Patriotic Rally and RED CROSS DAY. Combine your patriotism and a good time by spending the day here.

"COLLECTING THE HUN"

By LIEUTENANT PAT O'BRIEN
OF THE BELGIAN ARMY



SYNOPSIS

CHAPTER I—Introductory. Pat O'Brien tells of his purpose in writing the story of the adventure.

CHAPTER II—Tells of his enlistment in the Royal Flying Corps, his training in Canada and his transfer to France for active duty.

CHAPTER III—Describes flights in which he was shot down. He was rescued by a man whose name was made a prisoner of war.

CHAPTER IV—He is taken to the officers' prison camp at Courtrai. There he begins his search for a means of escape. By great good luck he makes his escape and flies away two daily rations of bread.

CHAPTER V—Describes how German hospital staff barbarously neglected the daily rations and starvation diet was returned to the flying line. Witnesses the flight of his best comrade.

CHAPTER VI—He conceals a map of Germany and sets out through a winter in a trench, guided by night, guided by the stars and avoiding the watchful eyes of the Huns as he makes his way to the east.

CHAPTER VII—For nine days he travels, traveling at night, guided by the stars and avoiding the watchful eyes of the Huns as he makes his way to the east.

CHAPTER VIII—For several days he struggles on in a weakened condition through the wilderness in the direction of Belgium.

CHAPTER IX—He secures terrific help from a Belgian who guides him from house to house, living like a hunted animal for hours. He spends some time in the train as he crosses into Belgium.

CHAPTER X—When well on his way he meets a Belgian who offers him a night in a Flemish peasant, who feeds him and directs him to a man in a belt, who will help him to get a map.

CHAPTER XI—By reaching with help from a Belgian, he escapes the hands of German soldiers and reaches the Belgian city where he finds that the map is the property of his comrade.

CHAPTER XII—Huller forces a passport of O'Brien and promises to aid him in getting into Holland. Later Huller and his associates demand that O'Brien be obedient man for their services and that he be obedient man for their services.

CHAPTER XIII—He escapes the Huns and stays in an unoccupied house with the secret for the escape he has up in his night forays.

CHAPTER XIV—To gain confidence for getting into Holland, he ventures one night into a moving picture theater patronized by German soldiers.

(CHAPTER FIFTEEN) (Continued)

One night I walked boldly across a park. I heard footsteps behind me and turning round saw two German soldiers. I showed up a rifle to let them get ahead of me. It was rather dark and I got a change of the uniform of the German military authorities had picked out. The soldiers had not gone more than a few feet ahead of me when they disappeared in the bushes like one of those peeping pictures on the moving picture screen.

As I wandered through the streets I frequently glanced in the cafe windows as I passed. German officers were usually dining there, but they didn't conduct themselves with anything like the light-heartedness which characterizes the allied officers in London and Paris. I was rather surprised to find that in this part of Belgium they were much freer than they would have been in Berlin, where I understood, food is comparatively scarce and the restrictions are very strict.

As I have said in my own country in this city I was in some respects worse than it had been when I was making my way through the open country. While I had a place to sleep and any clothes were on, longer consistently soaking, my opportunities for getting warm were considerably less than they had been. Nearly all the time I was half famished, and I decided that I would get out of there at once, since I was entirely through with Belgium.

My physical condition was greatly improved. While the lack of food showed itself on my face, I had regained some of my strength, my wounds were healed, and my ankle was stronger. My thoughts were still considerably enlarged, I felt that I was in better shape than I had been at any other time my leap from the train, and I was ready to go through whatever was in store for me.

CHAPTER XVI

I leave for the Front.

To get out of the city, it would be necessary to pass two guards. This I had learned in the course of my walks at night, having frequently traveled to the city limits with the idea of finding out just what conditions I would have to meet when the time came for me to leave there, but the German soldiers' uniforms, however, no longer worried me as it had at first. I had mingled with the Huns so much in the city that I began to feel that I was really a Belgian, and I assumed the indifference that they seemed to feel.

I decided, therefore, to walk out of the city in the daytime, when the sentries would be least apt to be on the

probably in the neighborhood and proceeded very gingerly.

After I had got about a mile away from this spot I came to an humble Belgian house and I knocked at the door and applied for food in my usual way, pointing to my mouth to indicate I was hungry and to my ears and mouth to imply that I was deaf and dumb. The Belgian woman who lived in the house brought me a piece of bread and two cold potatoes and as I sat there eating them she eyed me very keenly.

I haven't the slightest doubt that she realized I was a fugitive. She lived so near the border that it was more for that reason. I appreciated more fully the extent of the risk she ran, for no doubt the Germans were constantly watching the conduct of those Belgians who lived near the line.

My theory that she realized that I was not a Belgian at all, but probably some English fugitive, was confirmed a moment later, when, as I made ready to go, she came on the arm and indicated that I was to wait a moment. She went to a bureau and brought out two pieces of fancy Belgian lace which she insisted upon my taking away, although at that particular moment I had as much use for Belgian lace as an elephant for a safety razor, but I was touched by her thoughtfulness and pressed her hands to show my gratitude. She would not accept the money I offered her.

I carried the lace through my subsequent experiences, feeling that it would be a *dux savonar* for my mother, although as a matter of fact I had known that it was going to do my day's work for me for a long time. At the moment, as it did, I am quite sure she would rather I had not seen it.

On one piece of lace was the Flemish word "Charity" and on the other the word "Experience." At the moment I took these words to mean "Charity" and "Experience" and all I hoped was that I would get as much of the one as I was getting of the other before I finally got through. I learned subsequently that what the words really stood for were "Charity" and "Hope," and then I was sure that my kind Belgian friend had indeed realized my plight and that her thoughtful souvenir was intended to encourage me in the face of the most dire known before me.

I didn't let the old Belgian lady know, because I did not want to alarm her unnecessarily, but that night I slept in her backyard, having early in the morning before it became light.

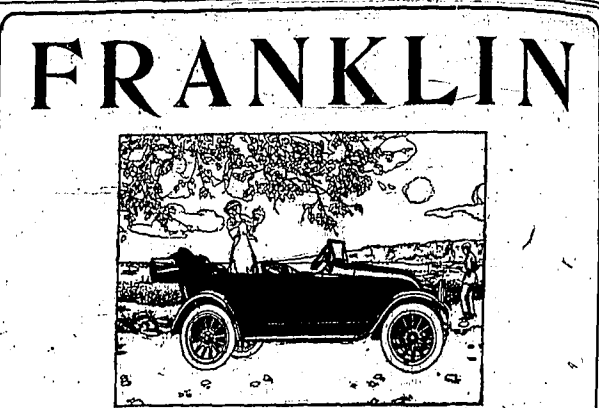
Later in the day I applied at another house for food. It was occupied by a father and mother and ten children. I hesitated to ask them for food without offering to pay for it, as I realized what a task it must have been for them to support themselves without having to feed a hungry man. Accordingly I gave the man a marked and then indicated that I wanted something to eat. They were just about to cheerfully and apparently and they let me partake of their meal, which consisted of a hogs head of some kind of soup which I was unable to identify and which they served in ordinary work basins. I don't know that I ever used the basins to wash in as a rule, but whether they did or not did not worry me very much. The soup was good and I enjoyed it.

All the time I was there I could see the father and the eldest son, a boy

about seventeen, were extremely nervous. I had indicated to them that I did not understand, and they said they would talk to me, but they did not seem to make them any more comfortable.

I lingered at the house for about an hour after the meal and during that time I had a chance to call on the eldest daughter, a young woman of perhaps eighteen. She called eyed me very suspiciously, although I must have resembled anything but a British officer. They spoke French and I did not understand a word they said, but I think they were discussing my probable identity. During their conversation, I had a chance to look around the room. There were three or four other two fairly large and one somewhat smaller, about fourteen feet long and six deep. In this smaller room there were two double-decked beds, which were apparently intended for the whole family, although I think they were divided up among sleep in that one room will ever remain a mystery to me.

(To be continued)



The Cool, Summer Car Is the Franklin

During the heat of summer the motor car is a favorite method of finding the cool places. Even the car's movement results in the creation of a breeze.

With the water-cooled engine on these summer days the engine quickly heats the car to an unusual degree, with accompanying discomfort to the driver and whoever may be on the front seat.

With the use of the Franklin car all this annoyance and discomfort is avoided. The Franklin driver and his company get no engine heat, but are permitted to enjoy the cool breeze created by rapid movement.

It is one of the smaller comforts, but life after all is made up of many small things—not the least of these being comfort.

With the Franklin, however, there are so many other points of distinctive excellence that their statement is only a cataloging of deficiencies in other makes of automobiles.

The Franklin rides easily over rough roads—it uses the minimum of gas, oil and tires to secure a maximum of comfort, safety and satisfaction.

The Gooding Motor Company is having difficulty in securing even half as many Franklins as it can easily sell. But we keep trying.

Just now we have a few. Come in, see and ride in one—buy it and be happy ever after.

Gooding Motor Co.

GOODING TWIN FALLS BUHL BURLEY

opens at 10 o'clock. The Y. P. B. C. E. meets at 7:15 o'clock.

No evening service—Chaunauqua.

The following musical program will be given at the morning service at 10 o'clock of Austin D. Thomas, organist-director.

Organ prelude, "Jerusalem the Golden" (variations) (Spark).

Anthem, "My Soul Longeth" (Marston).

Soloist, Mrs. O. P. Davall.

Offertory, "Madrigal" (Gimmet).

Solo, "My Task" (Ashford)—Miss Maria Roberts.

Organ postlude, "Processional March" (Higgs).

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Corner Fourth avenue and Second street. W. Newton Scott, Pastor. Sunday, June 23, the pastor will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Alchemy of Influence." The evening service will be withdrawn.

ABENEGION EPISCOPAL—Corner Second street and Third avenue north, Twin Falls, Idaho.

Regular morning Sabbath School at 10 a. m. E. L. Ashton superintendent. Subject of lesson sermon for June 23, "The Union, including Man, evolved by Atomic Force." Sunday school opens at 10 o'clock and receives pupils up to twenty years of age. Wednesday evening meeting is held at 8:30, at which hymns and talks on Christian Science healing are given. A free reading room is also maintained in the church, where authorized Christian Science literature may be read and obtained. It is open from 8:30 to 9:30 p. m. except on Sundays and holidays at 520 Third avenue east.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—O. L. Bent, minister.

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DETERMINE FOR YOURSELF

THE BUSINESS MAN WHO IS USING THE SERVICE OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF TWIN FALLS DOES NOT NEED TO BE REMINDED OF ITS VALUE—BE KNOWN.

IT IS TO THE INDIVIDUAL WHO IS NOT AS YET ASSOCIATED WITH US THAT WE WOULD EMPHASIZE THE MANY HELPFUL FEATURES OF OUR MODERN, COMPREHENSIVE BANKING SERVICE.

BUSINESS MEN ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO MAKE A PRACTICAL TEST OF OUR FACILITIES.

WE SPECIALIZE IN COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO

Mrs. G. J. McCormick
No services in the evening on account of Chaunauqua.

The Church of the Glad Hand.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Asher Healin Broad, pastor. Meeting worship at 11 o'clock. Sermon theme, "The New Bible." The Bible school

