

TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

VOL. 1, NO. 88

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1918

PRICE FIVE CENTS

AMERICANS GO TO ASSISTANCE OF THE FRENCH, PUSH HUNS BACK TWO MILES

YANKES FIGURE IN A BRILLIANT COUNTER-ATTACK WITH THE FRENCH

NO SURPRISE IN LATEST HUN EFFORT TO ADVANCE

IMPROVEMENT OF AERIAL OBSERVATION AND WORK OF INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS ENABLED ALLIES TO GIVE HUNS HOT RECEPTION

By ED L. KENN (United Press Staff Correspondent)

LONDON, July 17.—One of the chief causes in the lack of success in the German fifth and most ambitious drive this year is the great improvement in the allied intelligence work since the previous enemy effort. This is due largely to our steadily growing aerial superiority, which renders even partial supplies at this time impossible. Not only was the general location, but almost the exact frontage of the prospective attack long known, enabling the most effective counter preparations, among which was the massing of sufficient reserves without depleting the lines to the north.

Allies Were Ready
In these preparations the extent of the American participation can not now be fully revealed. It was merely checked, instead of definitely held, it must so far be considered an inglorious defeat, inasmuch as in spite of the lengthiest and most elaborate precautions none of the German objectives has been achieved.

The net result has been only isolated penetrations on comparatively light held front positions without even penetrating the main battle lines and all at the heaviest cost.

Drive a Failure
The early supposition that this drive was probably a "side show" now seems erroneous. British and French military authorities generally agreed that developments show the German concentration on both sides of Rheims was too great to allow effective operations anywhere else until later.

OAKLAND STRIKE CALLED OFF AND WORK RESUMED

BOILER MAKERS VOTE UNANIMOUSLY TO GO BACK TO WORK—TROUBLE BROUGHT TO END

OAKLAND, Cal., July 17.—Six thousand striking shipyard workers returned to work today, ending a two-day strike which started Monday morning when 3500 boiler makers refused to go to work. They claimed back pay was due some of them because of reclassification under the War wage scale agreement.

More than 10,000 men were out of work yesterday as a result of the strike. Twenty-five hundred shipyard laborers struck yesterday in sympathy with the boiler makers. They also returned to work today. Carpenters, electricians and other workers were thrown out of employment temporarily by the strike.

Back Pay Cause of Split
The boiler makers voted unanimously yesterday afternoon to return to work today.

Officials of the Bethlehem corpora tion, the largest yard affected by the strike said the total back pay claimed by the men was not more than \$1,000.

HUNS ARE SWEEP BACK TWO MILES AND ACROSS THE MARNE SOUTH OF DORMANS ON FOUR-MILE FRONT—ENEMY BRIGADES ON OTHER SIDE OF RIVER NOW UNDER FIRE—HALF OF TERRITORY TAKEN FIRST DAY OF DRIVE HAS BEEN RECAPTURED BY ALLIES

LONDON, July 17.—American and French troops counter-attacking on a four-mile front south of Dormans have swept the Germans back 3,000 yards (nearly two miles), bringing the enemy brigades across the river under artillery fire, it was learned from an authoritative source this afternoon.

Remaining German positions south of the river—which marked the "barrier" advanced toward Paris, for the new drive, have thus been reduced to a scant and precarious foothold. The enemy yesterday advanced three miles south of the river to Feaugy (five miles east and south of Dormans). The German positions here are menaced by the French and American counter-attacks just to the westward.

Except in the Marne valley the fighting on the Champagne front was only fluctuating in character up to noon.

The French already have recaptured about half the territory they lost in the latter rush, in some places recapturing their original front line.

By JOHN B. GANDY (United Press Staff Correspondent)

PARIS, July 17.—4:40 P. M.—THE SITUATION IN THE CHAMPAGNE WAS AUTHENTICALLY PRONOUNCED "EXCELLENT" IN THE MIDDLE OF THE AFTERNOON. THE ENEMY IS GENERAL LY HOLD EVERYWHERE.

More hard fighting is expected, but the general impression is that the German effort will not continue long.

Americans Repulse Attacks
The Germans attacked the Americans at Pruzay five times, unsuccessfully. It is believed that the Germans (Pruzay is seven miles southeast of Rheims. This is the first intimation that Americans are serving in that sector. The original American sector east of Rheims is near Mainz de Massacre.

The Americans have scored some marvels between Chateau-Thierry and Monville-les-Port (on the south bank of the Marne, 10 miles east of Chateau-Thierry).

They outbowed the enemy gained three kilometers, toward Epernay (14 miles south of Rheims and 25 miles east of Chateau-Thierry). But he is still 13 kilometers from Epernay.

Rheims Holds Out
Between the Marne and Rheims the French army has repulsed all attempts, while between Rheims and Fismes de Massiges, despite the loss of Pruzay, the enemy has advanced only three kilometers in three days.

Possession of Rheims naturally has become essential to recapture of one of the Germans' chief strategic objectives. The enemy command wanted to split the Champagne front. This has now been changed to simple tactical objectives, the whole battle front from the Boches are turning back from the direction of Paris, and trying to push eastward and southward.

PARIS, July 17.—The battle is proceeding furiously on various sectors along the whole front, from the Marne in the Champagne, the French war of fire reported today.

The fighting is particularly violent south of the Marne (where Americans, after clearing their own sector of the Germans, are aiding the French to their right). Other battles are proceeding between the Marne and Rheims, and east of Rheims. At no point have the Germans made any considerable gains.

Enemy Progress Slow
"South of the Marne the Germans are pushing forward war forces and in the evening attacking the heights north of St. Agnan and LaChapelle-Montholon. They penetrated La Montholon, the battle is proceeding furiously on the wooded slopes to the southward."

Fighting Violent
(St. Agnan is nine miles east and south of Chateau-Thierry and two miles and a half south of the Marne. LaChapelle-Montholon is a mile and a half east of St. Agnan. These points

(Continued on Page Two)

THE WEATHER
Fair tonight and Thursday is the forecast for the Twin Falls district of the department of agriculture weather bureau as transmitted this morning through the local telephone exchange.

HUNS TALK PEACE WHEN FORCE IS UNAVAILING

VON HERTLING THINKS IT GOOD TIME TO QUIT OR IS ENDEAVORING TO FOOL GERMAN PEOPLE ONE MORE—WOULD HAVE THEM BELIEVE ALLIES PROPOSE TO DESTROY GERMAN NATION

AMSTERDAM, July 17.—Chancellor von Hertling, supplementing his recent rebuking speech with an interview declared that Germany is ready to evacuate Belgium when the colonies are restored and the way reopened to the colonies, the Wolff Agency announced today.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister Buzian's peace chat was drowned out today by the roar of the big guns.

Officials paid no attention to it, considering it only more Teuton propaganda and said that it contained nothing of interest to American or her allies.

America is prepared to fight on for peace and it is no moon to

ROOSEVELT'S SON IS KILLED IN AIR DUEL

GLAD SON HAD CHANCE TO SERVE

QUESTHAY, N. V., July 17.—"QUESTHAY'S mother and I are very glad that he got in the Army and had the chance to render some service to his country and to show the stuff that was in him before his fate befell him," Colonel Roosevelt said today.

Roosevelt declared the death of his son would have no effect on his plans. His speech at the Republican convention at Saratoga will be delivered Friday.

He and Mrs. Roosevelt will not return to New York late this evening and will spend the night in town at the Hotel Langham.

He has not yet received any official word from the war department.

PARIS, July 17.—Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt, son of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, was killed when his airplane was brought down during a fight near Chateau-Thierry on Sunday, it was reported in dispatches by Paris newspapers.

Quentin's cousin, Captain Philip Roosevelt, who was in the trenches, saw the formation fall, but did not learn his identity until later.

Roosevelt's machine, which is on full view, fell behind the German lines in full view of the American positions.

The newspapers say he was attacked by a German squadron while returning from a patrol flight on the Chateau-Thierry front. He suddenly lost control of his machine, the reports said, "having probably received a mortal wound."

CINQUE DELAYS REPORT OF ROOSEVELT'S DEATH

By FRED A. PERGUBON (United Press Staff Correspondent)

WITH THE AMERICANS ON THE MARNE, July 14.—(Delayed by confusion) Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt is believed to have been shot down following a running fight with German airplanes northwest of Chateau-Thierry.

Four American airmen chased a squadron of Boche planes behind the enemy lines. Roosevelt has not been heard of since. It is not definitely known whether he was shot down or forced down and taken prisoner. If he were taken prisoner it is believed German airmen would have dropped a note announcing his capture.

One machine was seen falling in flames during the battle, but one of the American aviators declares he believes it was one of the enemy. No one definitely saw Roosevelt fall, but he has been given up as lost.

Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt is the youngest of Colonel Roosevelt's four sons, all of whom are in service in

YANKES HELP FRENCH CLEAR SOUTH BANK OF MARNE

AMERICANS FINISH TASK AND TURN TO HELP ALLIES—FRENCH PRAISE FIGHTING QUALITIES OF YANKS—REFUSE TO SURRENDER

By FRED A. PERGUBON (United Press Staff Correspondent)

WITH THE AMERICANS ON THE MARNE, July 17 (6:40 a. m.)—American troops, having shown the Germans back across the Marne in the sector east of Chateau-Thierry, are aiding the French to clear the enemy from the south bank further to the eastward.

Cooperating with the French, the Americans have partially cleared Condéville and have retaken Hill 231 and the village of LaChapelle-Montholon. (The Condéville is south of Coignemont and its western flank evidently formed the American right flank Hill 231 and LaChapelle-Montholon are a short distance to the eastward of the wood. The Americans entirely cleared the south bank of the Marne in the region from Moisy to Jaulgonne, a front of more than two miles.)

It now develops that the Americans never completely evacuated Moisy, on the south bank of the river, five miles east and north of Chateau-Thierry. One platoon hid in a cellar as the Boches rushed in. As the enemy flowed past the cellar, they were assembling a floating flood this way carrying a hold on, fighting desperately and inflicting great losses.

Summated But Fought On
The main force of Americans fell back slowly, contesting every inch of the ground with the gray-clad infantry. The little group in the cellar fought on, like an island in a rushing torrent.

Then, when the American counter-attack drove the Germans back upon the river, the platoon—what remained of it—hid in the cellar, waiting for the Boches to rush in with machine guns. There was a joyful reunion when the little garrison was again absorbed into the American ranks.

French Praise Yankees
Two companies of Americans (500 men) in attempting to flank a large force of retreating Germans, drove forward so rapidly that they were cut off and surrounded in a wood. Called upon to surrender, their answer was a crashing volley. Before the Boches could recover from the surprise the doughboys rushed them with bayonets and cut their way back to the American lines, with surprisingly few casualties.

The Americans today received the highest praise from the French command for their excellent work in the last two days' fighting.

Morale Shining
German morale is said to be much lower than in any previous phase of the offensive. They have already made a large part of their reserves. Prisoners brought the Boches' increasing respect for American fighting qualities and declare the German losses were extremely heavy.

Fall in Objectives
A map from the captured German officer shows that the two American hospitals, deliberately bombed by German airmen last in the rear of our lines Monday night, were plainly marked.

General cases have been reported of Boches being captured while wearing American and French uniforms.

DOES IT!

DOES IT PAY TO TAKE TIME TO BE WITH GLAZIERED RABBIT? DOES IT PAY TO KNOW RATHER THAN TO GUESS ABOUT THINGS IN GENERAL? ESPECIALLY ABOUT BUYING OPPORTUNITIES!

10 PER WORD

GEM STATE'S HONOR ROLL

Died of Disease: N. H. HAWKINS
Water, Idaho
(Entire Casualty List on Page 2)

CLAIM VICTORY FOR LEAGUE IN IDAHO NEXT FALL

CO-OPERATIVE SPIRIT IS THEME AT JOINT MEETING OF FARMERS AND UNION MEN IN PARK

Demomcing their industrial and political enemies in vigorous language and charging them with having deliberately instigated a campaign of misrepresentation designed to bring into question their motives and patriotism, speakers representing the Nonpartisan league and organized labor, addressing a gathering of fifteen hundred persons in the city park Tuesday afternoon, declared their unity of purpose and expressed confidence in their ability to obtain control of the political machinery of the state in next fall's election, thus emulating their success in North Dakota.

The principal speaker was Judson King, secretary of the Popular Government party, a national organization promoting the recall and initiative measures. Mr. King took an active part in the league's campaign in Minnesota and North Dakota, and in touring Idaho with the league's officials for state offices. The initiative and referendum are parts of the league's program. A. W. Muir, of Pocatello, a representative of organized labor, and Joe Burns, also of Pocatello, and acting as an authority on power and electrical matters, both made short talks, reserving their efforts for the labor meeting at the Lavering in the evening, where they were the principal speakers.

Senator G. Z. Guck of Kimberly, league candidate for lieutenant governor, introduced the speakers after a brief talk of his own. Speaking for the league he thanked the city officials for coming to the opening of the meeting in the park, and contrasted the reception the league had received in Twin Falls to that in Boise, where he said, the mayor and his "super-patriots" of the council had refused to temporarily suspend the state constitution, in denying the right of one of their speakers to address the state convention.

Following jokingly to the Ford on which he stood as one of the new party's emblems, Mr. Zuck launched into a discussion of the league's program of a farmer- and labor-controlled legislature, and the farmer and laborers of the state were waving hands in this movement," the speaker stated, "because in many respects their interests are identical. They have faith and confidence in each other's integrity. Neither demands any special square deal. If you believe in a square deal you are with us. If you are opposed to a square deal you are against us. That is all we are asking."

Was There and Know? "A farmer and laborers' legislature will place government in the hands of Idaho in the hands of the people—where it belongs. Do not be afraid of sending farmers to the legislature. You simply can't make a mistake. At the same time it is a good thing to have some bunch to Boise than I have sometimes in the past—and I know because I have been there myself."

Shot at Alberton This reference to his own experience in the state senate four years ago brought forth a storm of laughter. The speaker was frequently interrupted by applause as he launched his threats at the "boss-driven" legislature. Much amusement was evident when, in speaking of the democratic principle and methods of the league, especially in its selection of candidates when he said "I was advised by telephone of their selection and invited to come in, I said to myself, 'I don't want to do with a dialer upon a man's back, gubernatorial aspirant who had 'plastered' the telephone poles between here and Boise with his photographic camera."

Muir Talks Patriotism "A. W. Muir, vice-chairman of the Idaho Federation of Labor was introduced as "representative of organized labor." Mr. Muir proceeded at once to a denunciation of those who were endeavoring to bring upon the workers to organized labor and the league. "I want to say to you," Mr. Muir declared, "that the farmers and the laborers of the United States are the backbone of this nation. They are fighting it out for the same ideal that the farmers and laborers have fought every war in which the United States has been a party.

Farmer Too Easy to Blame "You don't have to waste time trying to find where the farmer's back is bent," he said, "because it doesn't stand. If he did he would cease to be a farmer or a laborer. He works! "But what we propose to do is to get the state out of the hands of the democracy safe for Idaho. And incidental-

TO ANNUL FALLS LINE FRANCHISE COUNCIL TAKES STEP TO REMOVE RAILS OF DEFUNCT CONCERN

Steps toward annulment of the franchise under which nearly five years ago the Twin Falls Electric Railway company laid tracks through this city to Shoshone falls and operated for a time the first electric storage battery cars west of the Mississippi river, were taken at the meeting of the city council Monday night, when City Attorney John E. Davies was instructed to institute proceedings to this end. The franchise was granted on condition that it might be rescinded upon failure of the company to operate over its lines for a period of 30 days.

Company is Defunct The electric cars were removed about two years ago, and there has been no service over the line since the discontinuance last summer of the use of a gasoline motor car. The company is defunct, and it is understood that the holders of the first bond issue are to salvage the rails and ties.

An move to rescind the franchise will a year ago was halted when the city council requested that the city take action in the regard until the rails might be worked, beginning at the falls and moving toward the city. The council accepted to this request but no rails were removed. In the event of the failure of the company or the bondholders to remove the rails at this time, it is suggested that the right of way be condemned and the rails removed by the city and county administrations.

County is Interested It is regarded as likely that the county commissioners will decide to have a railway company franchise sold. This step is desired desirable on the part of the county for the reason that the grade built by the company for a distance of about a mile south from the falls and the grade for a mile north, and hard surfaced with crushed rock while road work is in progress on the grade at the south side of the canyon at the falls.

Prison President He told of several ways in which the work of the city had been brought to the attention of the administration and made the statement that President Wilson himself was familiar with the league's plans. He said that the league and the city had had their correspondence, that both were after the president, that the president proposed to take their litigation with away from them by taxation and that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

He said that the league had been successful in getting out of quick wealth was removed. The president's writings were entirely in accord with the league's ideas, he said, and the league used President Wilson's name in their propaganda.

affording the allies an advantage, of which they are taking full measure.

ENEMY STRIVES DESPERATELY TO MAINTAIN SLIGHT GAINS

LONDON, July 17.—The second day of the new Champagne drive was limited to frantic efforts by the Germans to maintain local gains they won in their limited raid. The outstanding feature of the battle, as reported by the official communications, was that night artillery concentrated the bulk of the allies on most parts of the front indicated by the great number of counter-attacks.

Yanks Get Most Huns

It has been established that the German losses were extremely heavy. The night Paris official report also said that great numbers of prisoners were taken, but the only figures obtainable are 2,000, of which 200 were taken by the allies in their counter-attacks on the Marne. Berlin claimed more than 13,000 prisoners.

Take No Objectives

At no point in the fifty-mile battle front did the enemy even come close to attaining any of his ambitious goals. He failed to capture objectives of the greatest gains, either claimed by the Germans or admitted by the French, are less than four miles. These are between Rheims and the Marne and between Rheims and Prunay and Rhims.

Lines Re-established

The American lines north of the Marne were completely re-established by their counter-attacks, which lasted from noon for the night. To the right of the American position, the Germans retained their bridgehead on the south bank. Americans aided the French there by co-operating in the latter's attacks, recapturing several small villages won by the French.

The battle line now apparently runs from Vaux southward to Azy, north-eastward along the right bank to Courment, thence southward across the valley to the vicinity of St. Agnes, eastward to La Chapelle-Montboudon, north-eastward across the Marne to Ghistelles-Bur-Marne, thence eastward and northward to Poutry, thence northward to the vicinity of Le Neuville, eastward (north of Rheims) to Belenay, south-eastward to Prunay, eastward to Frons, north-eastward to the original line to the Saippe river (from north to south), thence eastward to Souain, eastward to Perthes-Luruis, thence sharply north-eastward to the original line and eastward along the original line to Main de Massiges.

British Raids Successful

LONDON, July 17.—The British conducted another successful operation east of Villers-Bretonneux last night. The advance was reported today. There was artillery fighting on the hills between the Picardy and Flanders fronts.

"We carried out a successful minor offensive east of Villers-Bretonneux last night, taking some prisoners and machine guns," the statement said. "An attempted enemy raid in the same sector was repulsed. We made successful raids at Hulluch this morning. The enemy was repulsed."

Hostile artillery was active on the Somme and the Ancre, north of the Scarpe, northeast of Bethune, and north of Bailleul."

Deny Berlin Prisoner Claims

LONDON, July 17.—The Germans delivered five severe attacks on the sixteen-mile front between the Saippe valley and Main de Massiges yesterday evening, but were repulsed with the heaviest losses, it was learned from an authoritative source today. The French and Americans lost no ground in their casualties were extremely light. The German estimate of 13,000 prisoners is declared to be grossly exaggerated.

Pershing's Men Break Up French Raids

WASHINGTON, July 17.—General Pershing today, cables under date of July 15, reported that east of Chateau-Thierry where they "were being repulsed, American forces counter-attacked and drove the enemy back, taking 200 prisoners."

"The Yngve five french raids attempted by the enemy broke down under our fire," he added. In his communique of the 16th, which contained reports on the fighting of the 15th, Pershing added:

"American troops east of Rheims co-operated with the French in repulsing the enemy attack. They maintained their positions at all points and captured a number of prisoners and machine guns. The enemy counter-attacks attempted after artillery preparation to attack our lines on a front of 10 1/2 miles. The attack broke down under our artillery fire."

REVOLUTIONISTS BURN AIR SHEDS; DESTROY PLANES

TWIN DELIGANS AND TWO HUNS ARRESTED BY GERMAN AUTHORITIES

AMSTERDAM, July 17.—German officials here today reported that a group of revolutionaries, including two Belgians and two Germans have been arrested. Nivelles is 17 miles south of Brussels.

HIGHWAY SERVICE STATION GAS, OILS AND GREASES WHERE YOU DRIVE ACROSS THE CORNER

TODAY'S CASUALTIES THEATRE BATHING SUIT ROMANCE MABEL NORMAND'S NEWBET Still enjoying the applause of her America as the natural result of her "Joan of Plattsburg," Mabel Normand greets her admirers from the piano of screen comedy-drama in her latest Gaiety production, "The Venus Model," which comes to the Orpheum theatre Thursday. The sprightly star has no equal as a comedienne, and it is in a role written especially for her by Burton that the display of her unique gifts that Mabel Normand promises to please her audiences when she discloses herself as "The Venus Model"—the romance of a perfect fit, the story of a girl who found a fortune in a bathing suit. The play is a skillful blend of everything the public wants Mabel Normand to give. Not a star on the screen can handle an amusing situation as she can. In any artistic expression so much by a flashing look through upturned lashes. Few feminines' luminaries wear beautiful clothes as Mabel Normand wears them, nor are many actresses so completely in command of their opportunity to fascinate an audience as Mabel Normand. The play which the most amusing moments of the play cluster—Chuckles, laughter, mystery, suspense and surprise are all cleverly woven into this quick-action play.

ROOSEVELT'S SON IS KILLED

(Continued from Page One) France. He is 23 years old. He received his commission as a lieutenant in the 101st central Postal Battalion, 1917, having earlier training at Miraflores, N. Y., on May 1. He received a short course of intensive training under French instructors in France before going to the fighting front.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT LEARNS OF SON'S DISAPPEARANCE

NEW YORK, July 17.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was greeted by the news of Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt's disappearance was given him over the telephone early today from the New York bureau of the United Press.

He listened without interruption, asking the great news be taken to give him the latest full news. "Not a word, not a thing."

"Heard nothing from the front. The news of Lieutenant Roosevelt's disappearance, given him by the United Press was his first intimation that anything had occurred. The former president had just arisen and was preparing to breakfast when called.

After the conversation over the telephone Colonel Roosevelt quickly reviewed his notes and told friends that he would say nothing until he had had notice of some sort had reached him. He was expected to have something to say later in the day.

SEDITION EDITOR FACES FIRING SQUAD

Conviction Grows Out of Bofo Pasha Intrigue Over Got Long Terms of Imprisonment

PARIS, July 17.—M. Duval, former manager of the newspaper, *Donnet*, was sentenced by a firing squad today. He was convicted of treason in the second of the "Bofo Pasha" trials, growing out of the Bofo Pasha intrigue.

The second trial, which was begun April 10, resulted in the conviction on May 15 of Duval and his six alleged accomplices. Duval was sentenced to death, while the others received penalties from two to ten years imprisonment.

C. A. Schmidt, Lemars, Iowa. M. E. Butler, Cedar Falls, Iowa. M. S. Minkley, Leona, Iowa. G. B. Hays, Leona, Iowa. O. G. Roworth, Dorchester, Neb.

THIS IS A SNAP Splendid 40-acre ranch. Best soil, fine buildings, good outbuildings etc. Only one mile from Twin Falls. \$250 Per Acre IRRIGATED LANDS CO. First Nat. Bank Building

Smoke "Mozart" Cigars MILD HAVANA. Try Them---You'll Like Them MACAULEY BROS. Cigar Distributors TWIN FALLS, IDAHO

THE BEST MEATS

When you want something especially good in the meat line—a choice cut to fry, roast or boil, you will find it here. We carry a complete line of

FRESH AND CURED MEATS

SAUSAGES, POULTRY, FISH
OYSTERS AND GAME IN SEASON.

THREE DELIVERIES DAILY

AMERICAN MARKET

JONES & DUNN

SUCCESSORS TO
MODERN PACKING COMPANY

Shoshone and Second St.

Phone 245

LIKES TO COOK FOR AMERICANS

GIRL WHO MAKES DOUGH-NUTS AND PIES WOULD NOT CHANGE JOBS

WITH THE AMERICAN BOYS AT THE FRONT—We are grateful to be over here with my army and feel we are having wonderful luck to be able to make doughnuts and pies for our hit in the war.

We had no idea at all what our work would be when we first came but we were quite prepared for anything. We only feared that we would not be sent to the front and would be abandoned to remain in the rear.

At Dordeun, when I landed and met the colonel, my first words were to ask him to send me as far forward as he could. He smiled and said nothing so I waited in suspense.

Glady, my sister, had come over earlier, and was then "somewhere in France at the front." There was joy for me when the colonel gave me orders to go to the little village where my sister was working, the most advanced point at which women were allowed in our army, and probably to any army.

I had anticipated a gradual advance into the zone of the army from one post to another and was trying hard to keep from letting my eagerness get where they were thickest from getting the best of me. My delight was all the greater on that account.

There is no way to tell how happy we are to be here. Our soldier boys are the best to the world. They appreciate the finest thing we do for them and are constantly with greater kindness than we can ever show them. They are awfully good and gentle and thoughtful around us, in spite of the strain they are under on both sides.

The other night during a heavy barrage from both sides, when shells were breaking on the edge of our woods, a doughboy stood under our window to reassure us if we became alarmed. We did not learn of it until morning when he asked us if we had been scared. I said, "Why, no, you didn't hear us make a sound, did you?"

He was on guard. "No," he responded, "you didn't say 'Hello' for two hours but I stayed there because I knew you couldn't be asleep and must be frightened. If anything had happened, I might have helped you."

At the time of the bombardment of our kitchen in the Siecheprey entile, when I was picking up a few things in the hut preparatory to our enforced departure by the general's orders, they shells were bursting on all sides within a few yards.

A cannonfuter who had been very good to us came in to help me, and as the shells burst he said in such a quiet voice, "I think we had better stand against this wall for a few minutes. If a shell should strike in, the wall would fall so. Here we will be safe."

When he went on talking quietly about other things, and made no effort to be afraid.

CATTLEMAN FACE HEAVY LOSSES

PORTLAND, Ore., July 17.—Cattlemen of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, as a result of a shortage in hay, will lose heavily, it became known today. Although hay is higher than ever previously at this period, it can not be had in plentiful quantities.

Three by Cliff—by W. S. B.

DEMAND FOR COAL INCREASES

FUEL ADMINISTRATION TAKES STEPS TO ELIMINATE WASTE

GOODING, July 17.—One of the vexed questions with coal dealers during the past has been that of overcharging for both coal and freight on its commodity. It has always been a complaint of dealers in Idaho that the average car of coal has been at least 1,000 to 1,500 pounds short of its billed contents, and that the dealer has been compelled to pay both for coal and freight that he did not secure. When it was pointed out that claims could be made for such overcharges there has come back the reply that the dealer is not to be paid for coal more than it amounted to, and this in many cases no return was ever secured. There are well authenticated cases where cars have been billed at five and six tons more than the amount delivered, and where the dealer was compelled to pay for both coal and excess freight, and is still waiting for his money.

Establish Freight Claim Department

It will be of interest to coal dealers and to some extent to consumers to learn that director general of railroads has decided to establish a department to take up the subject of claims for loss of coal loaded in open toasters. It is not known just when this new department will be ready to receive and act on complaints, but it is anticipated by some that the department will be in working order in the immediate future.

Local dealers have always contended that the loss occasioned in this way was equivalent to an overhead charge ranging from 10 to 35 cents a ton on all coal handled.

100,000,000 Tons More Needed

The United States fuel administration now estimates that the demand for coal during the year ending March 31, 1919, will be 100,000,000 tons more than the coal mined during the previous year. For the purpose of meeting this enormous surplus demand extensive plans have been put into operation to conserve the consumption of fuel and to eliminate every cause of waste.

These plans include careful investigation of all large industrial plants, elimination wherever possible of private electric power plants and the substitution of plants derived from a central power company, development of increased efficiency in plants using direct heating, this including brick making and pottery plants, and conservation in domestic consumption, and the strict enforcement of the policy of the fuel administration to restrict consumers to the minimum amount adequate to meet most urgent needs.

Pittsburg was the first locality in which inspections were made. The reports from that place showed the average wastage of fuel to be between 20 and 30 per cent.

Utah Beehive Coke Prices

A formal order has just been made fixing the maximum price at which Utah beehive coke can be sold, the order going into effect on July 9, 1918. The maximum price to be paid for Utah coke, shall be \$8.80 a ton for smelting or furnace coke, and \$9.80 for 72-hour selected furnace coke. Consignment of coke from the Utah mines has been used in the Copoy d'Alens mining regions during the past year.

Makers Limited

Under an order of the United States fuel administration of date of July 3, all brewers and manufacturers of non-alcoholic drinks made from cereals, are limited in the use of coal for manufacturing purposes, to one half the average amount used annually from January 1, 1915, to December 31, 1917. There are several of these establishments in Idaho but it is not believed that any of them will be compelled to curtail output on this account.

Florida has also been made the subject of a similar order. It has been decided in the case of greasyhouses using in excess of 40 tons of coal annually, that with the approval of the fuel administration may operate to full capacity by the use of acreage.

EXPECT OCCUPATION OF RUSSIAN CITIES

STOCKHOLM, July 17.—The Russian press expects German occupation of Moscow and Petrograd, in view of rapid developments in the Murman region, the Bolsheviks are conspiring with the Germans by permitting them to pass northward over the Murman railway, through Petrograd and Sevastopol Junction.

Chekhov has appointed in many cities besides Petrograd and is reported to be spreading rapidly. The Germans are laying up all of the industrial machinery in all parts of the country.

DENSES TROOPS ON MURMAN COAST

WASHINGTON, July 17.—No American troops have been landed on the Murman coast and none have been shipped, Secretary Baker said. A small number of natives or blue jackets have been landed from American vessels but there are no soldiers in the landing party.

MRS. BENJAMIN CRAM



Mrs. Benjamin Cram of Baltimore and New York has organized the Travail Franco-American to establish an exchange market for America and French goods.

LEAVES PROPERTY MOSTLY TO WIFE

NEW YORK, July 17.—The estate of Major John Purroy Mitchell, former mayor of New York, who was killed in an airplane accident, is estimated in his will at more than \$10,000,000 personal property, and more than \$1,000,000 in real estate. He will leave \$10,000 to Mary Purroy Mitchell, his mother, and the balance to his widow, Mrs. Olive Child Mitchell. In addition to the property listed in the will, the former mayor was known to have life insurance policies amounting to about \$100,000.

Never Learned It

We asked the young lady across the way if she ever used the thesaurus when she had anything to write and she said she'd never learned to operate it and still used her fountain pen.

Real Gravelly Plug has been chewed for its real tobacco satisfaction ever since 1831. It's made the good old Gravelly way.

Peyton Brand
Real Gravelly
Chewing Plug
10¢ a pouch—and worth it.

Gravelly Plug is made from pure tobacco leaves and is not mixed with any other tobacco.

P. B. Gravelly Tobacco Company
Danville, Virginia

RETAIL AND WHOLESALE PRICES OF WHEAT SUBSTITUTES IN TWIN FALLS

Below are given when flour substitutes prices established by the special commission acting under authority conferred by the Administrator H. E. Dickholz.

	Wholesale Price	Retail Price
Corn meal, 10-9 lb sacks	\$ 5.50	70 9/10
Eastern corn meal, 10-9 lb sacks	5.50	70 9/10
Corn meal, 4-2 1/2 lb sacks	5.50	170 3/4
Corn flour, 100 lb bulk	6.75	85 1/2
Corn flour, 8-12 lb sacks	7.25	100 1/2
Corn flour, 4-2 1/2 lb sacks	7.00	200 24
Barley flour, 100 lb bulk	4.50	60 1/2
Barley flour, 4-2 1/2 lb sacks	5.50	150 24
Barley flour, 8-12 lb sacks	4.75	100 12 1/2
Whole rice, 100 lb bulk	11.50	12 1/2
Rice flour, 100 lb bulk	11.50	12 1/2
On flour, 100 lb bulk	7.00	10 1/2
On flour, 4-2 1/2 lb sack	7.50	8 1/2
On flour, 10-9 lb sack	7.50	110 9 1/2
On meal, 10-9 lb sack	7.50	85 1/2
On meal, 20-3 1/2 lb pkgs	6.30	35 3/4

CONSERVATION COMMISSION

When You're "Up in the air"

It steadies and sustains

Oh, what a flavor in this WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT and how it lasts! Um-m!

WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM THE FLAVOR LASTS

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT CHEWING GUM THE PERFECT GUM LASTS

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM THE PERFECT GUM LASTS

WRAPPED IN UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

BUILDING HOMES FOR CAPITOL WAR WORKERS

Department of Labor Will Construct Hotels and Restaurants at Washington for Use of Employees

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 17.—The United States civil service commission announces that it is now in a position to state definitely that steps will be taken at once to relieve the congested living conditions in Washington, which have been an obstacle in the way of recruiting the civil service to meet war needs. The commission is advised by the department of labor that the erection of temporary hotels and restaurants, to be conducted under government supervision for the use of federal employees in Washington, will begin at once.

It is expected that the first units will be ready for occupancy early in September. Accommodations will first be provided for approximately 5,000 persons. Additional accommodations will be provided as they are needed. Each room will be arranged for the occupancy of two persons. In the meantime, the room registration office, which is conducted by the District of Columbia council of defense under the auspices of the council of national defense, is able to provide rooming and boarding accommodations for the new appointees. At the latest report the room registration office had on its lists more than 5,000 rooms which had been inspected and found available for government employees.

Those who arrive on late trains may find accommodations for the night by applying at the booth of the district council of defense, which is prominently situated in the union station, where all trains arrive.

NO WELL DEFINED GERMAN OBJECTIVE

By ED J. REEN (United Press Staff Correspondent)

LONDON, July 17.—The fifth phase of the German offensive which began in an attack on a fifty-mile front, extending from Chateau Thierry eastward beyond Reims, appears to be a success in that it has reached the sea in fact as large a portion of the French army as possible, without any definite geographical objective. This is the majority opinion of expert military men here. "The enemy really intended the drive as a big offensive, it was learned. It is extremely unlikely he will be able to strip another drive while the present continues. The French command continues satisfied with the situation which is characterized as distinctly good."

WORKERS VOTE TO RETURN TO JOBS

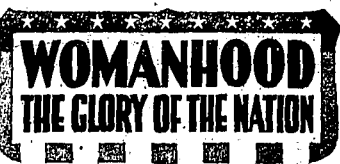
OAKLAND, Calif., July 17.—Striking shipyard workers voted unanimously yesterday afternoon to return to work this morning. The vote was taken after a three-hour session in the public auditorium behind closed doors. More than 10,000 men have been out of employment since yesterday as a result of the strike. The strikers announced that they agreed to return to work will hold only until August 7, at that time they announced, if the shipyards do not agree to the Mary award, the strike will again be called.

PRISONERS GIVEN HEARTY WELCOME

ROME, July 17.—Three hundred Italian prisoners who escaped from a Hungarian concentration camp last month, were given the heartiest welcome, according to dispatches reaching here. Among the men escaping was an army pilot, who was stark naked. He clothed himself with a bishop's robe which was purchased for \$800 francs.

SHOWING TODAY One Day Only THE ORPHEUM THEATRE TODAY One Day Only

The great patriotic film subject, conveying to the American people emotions so vital and a lesson so powerful that its presentation will leave its indelible impress on your memory.



This highly dramatic spectacle is endorsed by the highest official authorities of our land as a moulder of patriotic sentiment and an inspiration to the people.

IT DEPICTS THE LOVE OF A MOTHER FOR HER CHILD AND THE LOVE OF A WOMAN FOR HER COUNTRY J. STUART BLACKTON'S SOUL-STIRRING 10-PART PRODUCTION BE SURE AND SEE THIS EXCEPTIONAL FEATURE-USUAL ADMISSION

Coming Tomorrow—MABEL NORMAND in "THE VENUS MODEL" A 6-Part Comedy Drama—A story of a girl who found a fortune in a bathing suit. Also two excellent acts—Dashington's wonderful dog act and George Hall, comedy act. A program of merit. Always a good variety—Always your money's worth.

APPEALS CASE TO THE PUBLIC

STATE FOOD ADMINISTRATION EXPLAINS POSITION ON CLOSING RULE

Announcement was made Monday night by Federal Food Administrator E. F. Bicknell that his opening and closing order will stand except that it has been modified with reference to Saturday night closing when all business must remain open until 11 o'clock if it so desires.

On Saturday night all business may remain open until 11 o'clock if it so desires. Most markets may open an hour earlier and close an hour later than the hours designated in the original orders for stores generally.

Commercial Economy Measure Idaho's food administrator made the following statement Monday night in connection with the opening and closing order.

"The order issued regulating the opening and closing hours of business generally in Idaho was not a food administration order calculated to conserve food, but was a commercial economy measure.

"It is difficult to put into operation any measure that will not work some individual hardship but these must be suffered for the general good.

"The necessity for the conservation of food still exists and this order will save sugar, meat, flour and other foodstuffs which it will do away with a lot of unnecessary drinking and eating and will thereby promote thrift.

Twin Falls Radiator Works. Frozes, retwined and worked radiators made like new. Come and see us before buying new radiators. We guarantee to satisfy.

LOCAL BRIEFS

Schoolman in Visitor—Professor Wurwas, member of the high school faculty at American Falls and director of the choir of the First Baptist church of that city, is a Twin Falls visitor this week.

Comes Back to Enlist—Arnold Franks, a former student of the local high school, who left here for his home in Alberta, Canada, some months ago to enlist in the Canadian army, was rejected there because of his United States citizenship, so has returned here to try again.

Rabbit Poisoner Here—W. R. Crouch of Postville, representative of the department of agriculture biological service, who is in charge of government work for the extermination of rabbits here, through distribution of poison among the farmers, was a visitor at the farm bureau office here Tuesday.

Two Jobs Quartermasters—William J. Powers of Dubu, and Robert C. Walden of Rupert, were accepted by the local United States army recruiting station for enlistment in the quartermaster corps and left here Tuesday evening for Salt Lake to complete their enlistments.

Appointed on Committee—W. A. Munnick, master of Twin Falls lodge A. F. and A. M., has been appointed by Grand Master Sherman M. Coffin of Boise as a member of the credentials committee at the meeting of the sons who would take a soft drink in the evening cannot get it will not drink it a double amount the next day. I think it can be safely estimated that a 25 per cent saving in sugar will be effected.

With all due respect to the men who met in protest against the order and whose names are affixed to the protest I do not consider that it is representative of Boise's business interests and with two exceptions there is a notable absence of protests from drugstore either. There are no surrounding community. I have been advised by Dr. Norman Beckley of Boise secretary of the Idaho Pharmaceutical association that the organization will have no part in the protest.

Provision for Farmers "The amendment permitting all business that so desires to remain open Saturday evening until 11 o'clock makes abundant provision for the shopping of farmers because surely if a farmer shops more than once a week. They are too busy to come to town often. The crops will not get up the order and be informed my father a farmer who cannot accommodate himself to the new hour. In some fields where it is the practice of farmers to trade before 8 a. m. the order would Monday night will care for the business of the county. The legislators to authorize earlier opening hours where by agreement the merchants desire them and the only condition attached is informally.

Who should be the beneficiary of the new second army being the lines just as much as in the army the does the actual fighting and we are the army behind the lines.

Who carry the matter to the public appears in the newspaper in relation to the regulations and request all our citizens to make a ready compliance with the new hours and to go to the extent even of withholding their patronage from any concern that remains open in defiance of these regulations.

PROPOSE SEWER BOND ELECTION

BLUE LAKES SALES AGENTS ASK PROVISIONS FOR TRENCH LINE

The request of the Postville Security Trust company for a bond election in Twin Falls to vote funds for the installation of a trunk-line sewer to serve the Blue Lakes, Jones, Ashton, Golden Rule and Moorland additions to the city was read at the meeting of the city council Monday night and an action was taken in regard to it at that time. Engineer's estimates place the cost of the proposed improvement at approximately \$17,000. The Postville company is sales agent for the Blue Lakes addition which was formerly known as the Perrine "Eighty." Extensive improvement work on this tract is being done by the sales agent's present plan to agree with purchasers of residence lots within it.

The calling of a bond election to extend the sewer system to these additions is rendered advisable on the score that a trunk line is to be constructed. Where connection for the sewer system other trunk lines it is the practice to extend the sewer system through the organization of local improvement districts wherein the cost is assessed to those served by the improvement.

East Lawn Gets Extension Under the local improvement district plan the extension of the sewer system to the East Lawn addition was guaranteed at the Monday meeting of the council, when no protests were filed against the assessment of costs against the taxpayers of the addition. The council appointed a committee composed of R. M. Williams, H. S. Cowling and Dr. H. G. Callwell to supervise the installation of the sewer extension in this addition.

Protest on part of some residents of the Elm Park addition against connecting with the sewer system in compliance with orders of City Plumbing Inspector Alex W. Murray, was registered with the council but no action in the inspector's orders was made.

Pass Municipal Budget The budget carrying estimated expenses of the city for the fiscal year beginning May 1, 1919, in the sum of \$11,700 was passed by the council at this meeting as well as the spring tax assessment rolls amounting to approximately \$9,000, there being no protests against either measure.

Idaho grand lodge which convenes in Moscow on September 15. Mr. Munnick has expressed his purpose of attending this convention.

Burley Masons Invite—in return for the invitation extended early in June by the Twin Falls lodge, A. F. and A. M. Burley Masons to attend a meeting of the local lodge, officers of the Burley lodge have invited Twin Falls Masons to meet with them at a seasonable date, probably during the latter part of September.

PERSONALS

Mrs. P. B. Johnston is spending several days with relatives at Junction Idaho.

Mrs. R. M. Stutiff, of Mancello Kansas, accompanied by her daughter, who arrived here Monday to be the guest for an indefinite time of her son Dr. R. A. Stutiff. They made the trip by auto.

P. B. Johnston is spending several days in Ogden on business.

Mrs. D. W. Wheeler, of Blackfoot, Idaho is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. E. Wheeler, of Boise.

W. H. Smith, of Amsterdam, was a business visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. and Mrs. E. J. Trombitz and Mrs. and Mrs. Adolph Albrothson, of Idaho, motored here Tuesday to spend a few days.

C. B. Brannon, of Dubu, is spending several days here in the interest of his business.

R. Patrick, of Rock Creek, was transacting business here Monday and Tuesday.

Asher B. Wilson and daughter, Miss Patricia, have returned by auto from Portland, having left Mrs. Wilson as a patient in Portland.

Attending Church Convention—Among the Twin Falls people in attendance at the state convention of the Christian church in session at Burley from Tuesday evening until Thursday day this week are the following who left here this morning: W. W. Updegraff, Mrs. A. W. Updegraff, Mrs. M. J. Westwood, Mrs. G. E. Allen, Mrs. Fred Carson, Mrs. J. C. Allen, Mrs. W. L. Peairs, Miss Lucille Updegraff.

Outside of Man's Rights. The "mental neutrality" which is born of ignorance or inertia is the worst enemy we have. We have no intellectual right to be ignorant when information lies at our hand, and we have no spiritual right to be weary when great moral issues are at stake.—Amos Reppner.

COUNCIL VOTES DISREGARD RULE

Noting unanimously to disregard the rule fixing business hours in Idaho recently promulgated by State Food Administrator H. F. Bicknell, the Twin Falls county council of defense at its meeting here Tuesday night directed its secretary, E. L. Macvillar, to communicate word of its action by telegram to Mr. Bicknell, Governor Alexander and National Food Administrator for Herbert Hoover. Following the message sent to Mr. Bicknell:

"At a meeting of the council last night a motion was passed putting ourselves on record unanimously as being opposed in its entirety to the ruling recently made by you for the closing hours of business places in Twin Falls county; it being the opinion of the council that until proper authority was shown that it would be the decision of this council that the ruling be disregarded."

The telegrams to Governor Alexander and Mr. Hoover are identical and are as follows:

This council went on record at its regular meeting last night as being opposed in its entirety to the recent ruling of Food Administrator Bicknell in reference to the closing hours of business places, and that until proper authority is shown for such ruling, the council recommends that same be disregarded.

ANNOUNCEMENTS There will be no social meetings of the ladies of the O. A. R. during the month of July.

The Royal Neighbors of America will hold their next regular meeting at 1. O. O. F. hall on Friday evening July 19. All visiting members welcome.

Attending Church Convention—Among the Twin Falls people in attendance at the state convention of the Christian church in session at Burley from Tuesday evening until Thursday day this week are the following who left here this morning: W. W. Updegraff, Mrs. A. W. Updegraff, Mrs. M. J. Westwood, Mrs. G. E. Allen, Mrs. Fred Carson, Mrs. J. C. Allen, Mrs. W. L. Peairs, Miss Lucille Updegraff.

Outside of Man's Rights. The "mental neutrality" which is born of ignorance or inertia is the worst enemy we have. We have no intellectual right to be ignorant when information lies at our hand, and we have no spiritual right to be weary when great moral issues are at stake.—Amos Reppner.

INVESTIGATION IN COUNCIL (Continued from Page One) a former member of the Nebraska legislature, who prefers to be known as "the power fighter," Judson King of Washington, D. C., secretary to the National Popular Government league, and A. W. Muir of Postville, district vice chairman of federated labor organizations, Elmer Aman of Piler, president for payment of the ball rent by contribution from among those in attendance were in charge of J. W. Hayes of Twin Falls.

Dumb Show Indicates Aims Not less effective than the speaker in indicating the political purposes of the union laborers and farmers represented at this meeting, were palely staged between addresses. To

TELEGRAPHS OPPOSITION TO HOURS FIXING TO FOOD ADMINISTRATORS

Noting unanimously to disregard the rule fixing business hours in Idaho recently promulgated by State Food Administrator H. F. Bicknell, the Twin Falls county council of defense at its meeting here Tuesday night directed its secretary, E. L. Macvillar, to communicate word of its action by telegram to Mr. Bicknell, Governor Alexander and National Food Administrator for Herbert Hoover. Following the message sent to Mr. Bicknell:

"At a meeting of the council last night a motion was passed putting ourselves on record unanimously as being opposed in its entirety to the ruling recently made by you for the closing hours of business places in Twin Falls county; it being the opinion of the council that until proper authority was shown that it would be the decision of this council that the ruling be disregarded."

The telegrams to Governor Alexander and Mr. Hoover are identical and are as follows:

This council went on record at its regular meeting last night as being opposed in its entirety to the recent ruling of Food Administrator Bicknell in reference to the closing hours of business places, and that until proper authority is shown for such ruling, the council recommends that same be disregarded.

ANNOUNCEMENTS There will be no social meetings of the ladies of the O. A. R. during the month of July.

The Royal Neighbors of America will hold their next regular meeting at 1. O. O. F. hall on Friday evening July 19. All visiting members welcome.

Attending Church Convention—Among the Twin Falls people in attendance at the state convention of the Christian church in session at Burley from Tuesday evening until Thursday day this week are the following who left here this morning: W. W. Updegraff, Mrs. A. W. Updegraff, Mrs. M. J. Westwood, Mrs. G. E. Allen, Mrs. Fred Carson, Mrs. J. C. Allen, Mrs. W. L. Peairs, Miss Lucille Updegraff.

Outside of Man's Rights. The "mental neutrality" which is born of ignorance or inertia is the worst enemy we have. We have no intellectual right to be ignorant when information lies at our hand, and we have no spiritual right to be weary when great moral issues are at stake.—Amos Reppner.

INVESTIGATION IN COUNCIL (Continued from Page One) a former member of the Nebraska legislature, who prefers to be known as "the power fighter," Judson King of Washington, D. C., secretary to the National Popular Government league, and A. W. Muir of Postville, district vice chairman of federated labor organizations, Elmer Aman of Piler, president for payment of the ball rent by contribution from among those in attendance were in charge of J. W. Hayes of Twin Falls.

Dumb Show Indicates Aims Not less effective than the speaker in indicating the political purposes of the union laborers and farmers represented at this meeting, were palely staged between addresses. To

By the Power company to be in one instance, \$22.48 over cost of \$15.53, and in another, \$23.34 over a cost of \$2.56.

TWIN FALLS TITLE & ABSTRACT CO. ABSTRACT BLDG. HARTFORD HAIL INSURANCE DON'T TAKE CHANCES ON THE WEATHER