

AUSTRIA WANTS PEACE REGARDLESS OF TERMS

WIRE COMMUNICATIONS DOWN AGAIN AS RESULT OF ANOTHER BLIZZARD

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 28.—Wire communication between the Rocky Mountains and Pacific coast regions and the east, was again crippled today as the result of another storm in Kansas following local blizzards and high winds in Kansas and Nebraska during the last week end. The government, which took the only two wires working today, was being served over lines routed from Denver via El Paso, Tex., and Billings, Mont., east. Prospects for press wires, which received preference next to the government, were not very good, wire company officials said. The new storm area developed yesterday near Stafford, Kans., leveling long stretches of wire. The Friday and Saturday breaks near Grand Island, Nebr., and Garden City, Kans., were still undergoing repair today.

REPLY TO WILSON'S NOTE RENEWS ASSURANCES OF PEOPLE'S RULE

People's Government Conducting Peace Negotiations Declares Foreign Minister Solf—Military Powers Subject to New Popular Rule Its Claim Set Forth—Looks at Armistice As First Step Towards Just and Enduring Peace

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Autocracy has been ended in Germany, Foreign Minister Solf claims in his reply to the late note from President Wilson, according to an official Berlin wireless message here today.

The German reply states that the peace negotiations are being carried on by "a peoples' government" in whose hands rest, both actually and constitutionally, the power of making deciding conclusions.

The military are placed under the powers of the reichstag in the new reforms, stated the German note to President Wilson.

The German government now awaits the Allies' armistice proposals, stated the note.

The German reply follows:

Text of Reply
"The German government has taken cognizance of the answer of the President of the United States.

"The president is aware of the far-reaching changes which have been carried out and are being carried out in the German constitutional structure, and that the peace negotiations are being conducted by a people's government in whose hands rest, both actually and constitutionally, the power to make the deciding conclusions.

"The military powers are also subject to it.

"The German government now awaits proposals for an armistice, which shall be the first step toward a just peace, as the president has promised in his address."

Versailles Conference Meets Tomorrow
WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The German reply reached the Swiss legation today. It was practically the same as the peace note which was received at President Wilson probably would not reply to the "German acknowledgment" as the whole question of an armistice is now up to the military commanders of the United States and Allies, subject to the approval of the Versailles conference, which meets tomorrow.

"The next word on the situation is expected to come out of Versailles or Paris."

MUST WEAR MASKS OR SPEND TIME IN JAIL
Hundred and Two Persons in San Francisco Arrested for Violating to Don New Head Dress

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—One hundred and two persons have been arrested within the last twenty-four hours for failure to wear, or wearing improper, influenza masks. All except a dozen who were without funds were released under \$10 bail.

CUBAN STEAMSHIP SUNK
Believed to Have Struck Mine Laid by German Submarine

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The sinking off Barragosa of a Cuban ship en route from Cuba to New York was reported today to the navy department. Officials believe that the ship was sunk by striking a mine, many of which were scattered by German submarines during the last raid on the Atlantic coast.

Steamer Mandalay Reported Ashore
EUREKA, Cal., Oct. 28.—The steamer Mandalay is ashore 15 miles off Crescent City. No details of the wreck are known here.

SEPARATE PEACE IS SOUGHT BY LEADERS OF DUAL EMPIRE

President's Terms Regarding Czecho-Slavs and Jugo-Slavs Accepted—Asks Wilson to Arrange Armistice

FEAR REVOLT OF AUSTRIAN PEOPLE; ROYALTY SEEKS REFUGE IN CASTLES

Paris, Oct. 28.—Austria, replying to President Wilson, accepted all his conditions, it was learned officially from Berna today.

Austria accepts Wilson's terms regarding the Czecho-Slavs and the Jugo-Slavs. The president said that Austria must negotiate directly with the Czecho-Slavs and Jugo-Slavs, who desire to establish independent nations.

Austria, it is said, declares her readiness to enter negotiations immediately, regardless of the result of other negotiations, and ask Wilson to take appropriate measures towards an armistice and peace.

GERMANS SLOW DOWN YANKEES ALONG MEUSE

Ordered to Hold Ground at All Costs—Launch Desperate Counter Attacks—Planes Bomb Communication Lines

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES IN FRANCE, Oct. 28.—The Germans are now attempting to hold back the Americans advance along Meuse. The enemy has been ordered to hold their ground at all costs, and has launched bitter counter-attacks along the east bank.

However, the American pressure continues, threatening the enemy's communications on a 25-mile front on both sides of the river.

One hundred and fifty American bombing and battle planes shot up German trenches and traffic on the German bombs besides dropping five tons of bombs on enemy concentration areas yesterday.

Leutenant Hickenacker, American ace, bagged his twenty-first victim within the American lines yesterday.

Riotous Scenes Attend Debate in Reichstag
BERNE, Oct. 28.—Riotous scenes attended a debate on the Polish question in the reichstag at Berlin, stated, advisers reaching here today.

Foreign Minister Solf declared the program of President Wilson did not mean that the city of Danzig should be ceded to independent Poland.

AVIATORS COSE LIVES
Falling Plane Strikes Another—Both Drop to Earth Killing Officers

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The loss of two airplanes and deaths of three naval aviators on the Belgian front was reported to the navy department today. In falling, one plane struck the second.

The aviators killed were: Second Lieut. Harry C. Norman, Davenport, Ia.; Second Lieut. Caleb W. Taylor, Philadelphia, Mississippi; Lieutenant Ralph Talbot, South Weymouth, Mass.

GEM STATE'S HONOR ROLL
Killed in Action
LEUT. RAYMOND C. HILL
Lieutenant

ALEPPO, GENERAL ALLENBY'S FIRST OBJECTIVE IN ASIA MINOR, REACHED

WAR SUMMARY
Capture of Aleppo by the British in Asia Minor, establishment of a strong bridgehead on the east bank of the Piave in the continued Italian offensive, and an important advance by the French on the west front between the Oise and the Serre were the most important developments on the fighting fronts in the last twenty-four hours.

The British Tenth Army, cooperating with the Italian Eleventh Army, crossed the Piave river on a front of about ten miles, advancing a depth of three miles, it was officially announced. They reached the line of Roncadello to midway between Olmadolmo and San Polo, where they are in liaison with the British. Fourteenth Army. Later the Allies captured Tezzo and Burgomellonotte.

The French advance between the Oise and Serre rivers resulted in an advance of about five miles on a front of more than fifteen miles. The important town of Crecy-Sur-Serre was occupied and the French reported the general line of Vertaignemont wood, Landfray, St. Bertaignemont, Moncou-le-Neuf and Montigny-Sur-Crecy. Advanced elements reached Guise. The French front at the close of the fighting resulted practically straight from Guise southward to Crecy-Sur-Serre.

On the northern portion of the line, the Germans yesterday launched several counter attacks but all broke down. Enemy counter assaults were repulsed also in the Champagne, Argonne and Meuse regions.

SHORT-CUT IS PROVIDED
Allied Members of Expeditionary Forces May Become Real Citizens by Stroke of Pen

PARIS.—Unnatural soldiers of the American expeditionary force may become citizens of the United States by signing a document—thereby, cutting short the usual process by five years.

Under a general order from Gen. Pershing the applicant merely signs a paper which combines all the complicated processes of naturalization. Even if he had lived in the United States but a few hours before enlisting, the applicant has the same privilege. Subjects of enemy nations, if considered loyal, may renounce their allegiance and become American citizens by the same process. Before allowing a soldier to take the step, commanding officers are instructed to ascertain that the alien understands his action and is sincere in his desire for citizenship.

Peace Talks Has Bad Effect on War Work
WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Military men today were hoping that peace negotiations would come quickly. They said peace talks having a demoralizing effect on the nation's war work.

Austria Refuses Use Wires to Bulgaria
WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Austria is refusing its former ally, Bulgaria, to pass over telegraph wires into the dual monarchy.

ITALIANS TAKE 4,000 PRISONERS
Capture Important Mountain Slopes—Take Many Machine Guns

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY IN THE FIELD, Oct. 27.—(Delayed)—The slopes of four mountains wrested from the Austrians in the new Allied attacks on the Brenta-Plave front in Italy, were found strewn with enemy dead. The heights were retained by the allied forces in the face of the most determined enemy counter attacks. A separate battle was fought for each peak.

More than 4,000 prisoners, including 60 officers, were taken by the Italian forces. Many machine guns were also captured.

Recapture of the peaks, which were lost to the Italians in the Austrian drive last December ended the Austrian menace of a descent upon the rich Italian plains.

The bulk of the enemy's resistance

SEA SPARES NO LIFE TO TELL OF MISFORTUNE
One Hundred and Fifty Bodies Thrown Upon Bleak Rocks—Four Women, All Dead, Found Lashed to Life Raft

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 28.—Slowly and reluctantly the northern seas are giving up their dead. Through the storm-tossed waters came the wireless message last night that 150 bodies, so far unidentified, had been recovered from the bleak rocks and surging waters, victims of the Princess Sophia disaster.

British Tradition Upheld
Cashed on the barren rocks of Lincoln Island last night in the darkness and the storm was a collapsible raft with the bodies and unidentified bodies of four women lashed to it. There in the storm-lashed sea that thundered on the cliffs, the officers of the Cedar, the gallant vessel that had tried so hard to save them, found them. Far past help, four women were lashed to the raft; who they are is yet unknown, but of one thing the fleet of searching vessels is certain, and that is that British traditions in disaster at sea—beginning with the "women first"—were in the minds of the Princess Sophia's officers and crew when they realized that they faced death in the raging waters. Their orders were given to first save the 50 women and children huddled on the deck of the doomed steamer. No boat or raft could live in such a sea, the boats were reported, and would a life belt avail a man or woman in the fight for life. The waters, raised to mighty waves that towered a full 30 feet above the swirl reef, must have crushed and smashed any boat made by man. There could have been no hope for anybody. But the story of the raft is eloquent.

No Survivors
All last night the watching fleet who peered into the darkness for survivors stood to their backs. Jaggle of a gale from the northeast, and a blizzard that blew the heavy snow in impenetrable clouds about them, the indefatigable women fought to rescue any one who might have survived the disaster. So far the bodies remain unidentified and are now lying at Juanca.

JAP HULLS UNSEAWORTHY
WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Four hulls which the Japanese government transferred to the United States for war shipping purposes proved unseaworthy, but Japan has promised to replace them, it was officially stated here today.

(Continued on Page Eight)

MACHINE GUN NEVER CLEANED OUT BY CHIEF

Ute Indian Wouldn't Salute But Shows Up Strong in Fighting Qualities—Absence of Formality is Overlooked

PARIS.—"The Chief" has smiled for the second time since he came to France—and it is the talk of the 1st Infantry.

"The Chief" is Private Ross, a full-blooded Ute Indian. About a year ago he threw up his job leading sheep in the barren hills of Southern Arizona, walked 60 miles down to Bialar, "rode the rode" to El Paso and enlisted. In the training camp he was nicknamed "The Chief." There also was discovered that "The Chief" had unusual scouting abilities—both hereditary and acquired.

He was assigned as battalion scout. That's when he smiled the first time. "The Chief" is hardly a model soldier. He has been admitted to the mess "light" for "No, sir," and shakes his head for "No, sir." Although he has a fair command of English, he talks very little. Once only he was detected saluting an officer—this was when he had gone to the kitchen three times to get a leave pass. The third time he saluted.

Chief Made Good
Little "The Chief" wiped out all the blue black marks for sins of omission in the fighting up on the Vesle. A lone machine gun in a stone building about 200 yards in front of the Americans was holding up the advance. It was broad daylight. "The Chief" was the machine gunner. The tank of silencing the machine gun was given to "Chief" Ross and a picked patrol of three other men.

The patrol disappeared into the brush and "The Chief" leading with his pistol ready to wave his hands in his hip pockets. "The emplacement was spotted" in the upper window of the stone house. Two men were left out in the bushes to draw the fire of the gun, while "The Chief" crawled up toward the side of the building, and his companion on the other. Ross crawled up to the side of the building unobserved, and edged around to where he could see the muzzle of the machine gun protruding from the window. Two shells and well-placed grenade burst in the room with the Germans, killing two and shattering the machine gun. The surviving German executed a strategic retreat through the rear window and slid down to the ground behind the building where he would be protected by another machine gun farther back.

Indian Cunning Helped
It was sure death to try to reach the running German from either side of the building. The German was cunning but not so cunning as "The Chief." He swung himself up to the window and crawled up to the roof toward the ridgepole. From that point of vantage he could see the enemy without danger to himself.

Three shots stopped the fleeing boche. That was when "The Chief" smiled the second time, the boys of the 1st Infantry declare. Some of them aver that "The Chief" smiled the Ute war-whoop, surprising the Germans so much that they stopped firing for a few minutes.

On the morning of the incident on the Vesle, so the boys say, "The Chief" almost smiled. A lieutenant expressed a desire for a pair of German field glasses within the hearing of Ross. That night he went out and came back with the glasses with a fine pair of German glasses. As he presented them to the lieutenant he merely said: "Heap easy," and almost smiled.

WAR WORKS HARSHIP ON PRETTY BLONDS

Chemical for Producing Golden Effect in Booming Scarves
PARIS.—Another horror of war. Many of the pretty blond girls one used to see in Paris are becoming brunettes. At least, The Daily Mail of Paris says so. The priests the following:
"The necessities of war chemistry have led to a great scarcity of peroxide of hydrogen, generally used for producing the golden tint known as peroxide blond. Many women who were blond in opposition to the intentions of nature have had to come out in their true colors."

TAOUMA ADOPTS STERNHEIT MEASURE AGAINST INFLUENZA

TAOUMA, WASH., Oct. 22.—Still more stringent regulations to halt the ravages of influenza here were put in force by Mayor Riddell today, when all persons coming in contact with the public through business relations were ordered to wear masks. As a further means of lessening the spread of the disease the health officers urgently requested all persons who do not absolutely have to come down town, to remain at home. The epidemic is worse today than at any previous time. Twelve deaths were reported Sunday.

The Yanks Are Coming—the Yanks Are Here



The scene which greeted the soldiers as they stepped into the trench at St. Mihiel which had stood thus since 1914.

South American Huns In Panic Condition

Returning Editor Tells Interesting Story of Effort of German Refugees

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Six German ships were destroyed by their crews in the harbor of Coronel, Chile, late in August following a series of allied successes on the western front, according to Louis Falk, American editor, who reached San Francisco today from the South American front. South American huns, he said, were panicky over German reverses.

SHIPYARDS WORK WILL NOT BE RECOMMENDED

Liberty Plant at Alameda Will Remain Closed, According to Official

OAKLAND, Calif., Oct. 22.—Resumption of work on the Liberty ship yards at Alameda is not likely, said Rear Admiral H. H. Rousseau, U. S. N., who is here today on an inspection trip. Work on the shipyards, which were designed to build army transports, was stopped several days ago after the government had spent \$2,500,000.

Store-contest in its sharp in war times as at any other period. Read the ads to confirm this.

THE AUTO REPAIR SHOP

Which is located on Cor. 3d and Shoshone Sts. will repair your car and repair it right. You should look them up or PHONE 69

The best butter made in the Intermountain Country

STERLING

Ask your grocer for it Made by the Sterling Creamery, Twin Falls

Hundreds of Thousands of WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARIES are in use by business men, engineers, bankers, architects, physicians, farmers, teachers, librarians, clergymen, by successful men and women the world over.

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ARMY BAKERY SELLS BREAD TO RED CROSS

Does Excellent Work in Face of Unusual Obstacles—Hard Put in Winter When Ovens and Boilers Are Flooded

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 22.—"Where do you get this fine, white bread?" is the question asked hundreds of times a day of the girls in the Red Cross canteen at Dijon.

This follows the explanation that the bread is obtained from the army bakery presided over by Capt. Ward, who has made a record famous throughout the army in France.

The plant started in October, 1917, with an output of 18,000 pounds of bread per day. It is now shipping 510,000 pounds of bread every twenty-four hours. And it doesn't tell the boche anything to say that the army bread factory is located a few miles from Dijon because its output is shipped over a territory of 180 miles.

Winter Conditions Hard

To get in the supplies of flour, salt, yeast and sugar needed for half a million pounds of bread is no small job, with transportation facilities what they are. Then, the 230 tons of baked bread must be made and shipped on an unloading schedule or some of Uncle Sam's soldiers will go hungry.

As the summer progressed, conditions have become easier at the army bakery in France. All through last winter and spring the bakery site was a sea of mud. French army camions, which are notoriously venturesome, refused to risk themselves in the deep mud which surrounded the ovens.

All the fighting of the early months of 1918 was not done in the front trenches. The baker boys fought in trenches half full of water in front of their ovens and boilers.

No Swarming Allowed

How they faced the job is evident from the signs they placed on the ends of those bakery trenches. "No Fishing Allowed!" "No Bathing Permitted!" were among signs displayed by men who made a job of the hardships incident to their part in winning the war. Some wore bakery at home; most of them were not, but they all went cheerfully to work in hip boots baking bread in a morass of mud when that was the job assigned to them.

The forces employed at the army bakery shop numbered more than 2,000 by the end of August. Every section has a trademark, which is baked in the loaves it turns out. Every shipment is inspected, checked and dated, so that in case anything goes wrong the responsibility can be placed exactly.

Used by Red Cross
The bread from Capt. Ward's bakery is sold to and served by the American Red Cross canteen because it feeds from 8,000 to 10,000 soldiers per week on their way to and from Eastern sectors. Not all of them stop for bread, but the minimum ration served is coffee with milk and sugar.

Outside the canteen are five 10-gallon containers suspended from a framework. Each container has four spigots at the bottom for filling cups. When a troop train of 1,200 or 1,500 men is to be served there are no minutes to be wasted, but you can imagine what has happened sometimes when you see the sign displayed above the rack: "Fill your cups. Don't drink out of the spigot."

FOR EXCHANGE—You bring the money. Our work is like your money—the best. Twin Falls News.

Don't you want it? Advertise it in the Classified Column and get rid of it.

I. W. W. Forces Violate Rules of Health Board

Ten Members Under Arrest for Holding Session in Defiance of Law

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Ten alleged members of the I. W. W. were under arrest here today charged with violating the influenza regulations by holding a meeting.

They are alleged to have thrown an American flag into a fireplace during the session. City and federal authorities are investigating.

TWELFTH DISTRICT IS SAFELY OVER THE TOP

Liberty Loan Quota Exceeded by Twenty-five Million, According to Officials

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—The twelfth federal reserve district has subscribed its Liberty Loan quota by about \$25,000,000, those in charge of the district campaign said today.

Every town and county in the district went over the top for Liberty. Exact totals are not yet compiled.

HE HAD UNBREAKABLE

LONDON.—A French journalist, while making a visit to the British grand fleet, was taken for a trip on a destroyer.

There was a heavy sea running. Throughout the night the Frenchman lay in his bunk and did penance for a little. When morning came, feeling a bit better, he went on deck.

"Morning," said the captain cheerily. "Have you breakfasted today?"

"No, m'lord," said the Frenchman gravely. "I have not breakfasted. On the contrary!"

BOY TELLS HOW HE RAISED PRIZE WINNING SPUDS

Keith Smith of Hansen, Submits Story on His Summer's Vocational Club Work Showing Value of Experience

Keith Smith of Hansen, a member of the Twin Falls county boys' and girls' vocational club, raised this year's prize potatoes of the Idaho Rural and Early Six Weeks varieties on a plot 30 rods long and 4 rod wide. He exhibited specimens of these potatoes at the vocational club fair in Twin Falls and in the boys' and girls' section at the county fair, winning second prize on the latter exhibit.

His story on the growing of these potatoes has just been handed in to Miss Hannah Spence, county club leader. It shows that the total cost of growing the potatoes was \$6.50 and that the estimated value of the crop is \$6.45, giving him a profit of \$1.25.

Experience Most Valuable.

According to Miss Spence, his story which is one of the best so far submitted by club members, shows that his profit in the undertaking in respect to the experience gained is beyond calculation in dollars and cents.

Here is the story:

The most important thing is to have good spuds. It has been proven that hill selection gives best results, and by this I mean that the growth of the vines should be watched and then the most healthy vines should be marked somehow. When the potatoes are ready to dig the marked hills should be dug by hand and the best potatoes selected.

Soil Condition Important

It is also very important to have the soil in good condition and the seed dipped with the proper kind of dip of poison. It is better to have alfalfa grown and manured in the fall and plowed deep in the spring. The alfalfa crop is better because the alfalfa has been stored nitrogen in the soil. It is generally better to irrigate the ground before it is plowed.

When alfalfa is better because the alfalfa has been stored nitrogen in the soil. It is generally better to irrigate the ground before it is plowed. The potatoes upon the amount of moisture in the soil when plowing time comes. The best dip I have found is corrosive sublimate at the rate of four ounces of sublimate to 30 gallons of water, using a wooden vat and leaving the potatoes in the solution for 20 minutes.

Irrigation and Cultivation Have a Great Deal to do with this Crop.

They should first of all be planted about three to four inches deep and then ridged up by the planter and immediately with a drag or old pulverizer make a dust mulch to hold the moisture in the soil. Follow this with a harrow and keep the soil covered until you see you are breaking the vine. After this use a good cultivator and keep the soil up so that it is mellow all the time.

When soil is dry that it will not stay in a ball when pressed in the hand it is time to irrigate. After this irrigation the soil should not be allowed to get dry. Keep them cultivated faithfully till the vines get too heavy.

BARGAIN!

Fine 5 room house. Well located in east part of town, 1 block from school. Splendid lot with fine shade and lawn, large porch, closets, bath and large basement.

This house is well built and will make a fine home, and is located where it will increase in value.

MUST BE SOLD BY NOV. 1st.

PRICE, \$2900.00. Only \$500 down.

Irrigated Lands Co.

First National Bank Building

For the cultivator to get through, then go in with a shovel and kill them. They should be kept moist from the time they are first watered and until they are grown so that they will grow evenly and then mature in dry soil.

Plans for Next Year.

I have been awarded four prizes on my two kinds of potatoes and I think that next year I shall start to better seed. I have better soil, give my spuds better attention, and then get higher prizes on them.

I had one thing happen to my potatoes that was a mystery. When they should all have sprouted and stuck their heads out of the ground there were but a few doing so. I dug into the soil only to find worm eaten pieces of potatoes. I had one row of potatoes that were not dipped which did not have this "worm" but limited green and produced potatoes. I have since learned that my trouble was allowing my seed potatoes to remain too long in the digging solution.

I have followed these directions as nearly as possible, lacking time taken by the other farm work and neglecting to do some things I should have done. One topic has been suggested, "How I Shall Spend My Potato Profits," and I will say that I expect to apply this on a sheep buying fund.

GUESTS HIM TEN DAYS

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Alexander McMillin split on the sidewalk here today. Policeman Harold Levy saw him. "Don't do that again," warned the officer. McMillin split on the officer—police Judge Oppenheim sentenced him to ten days in the city prison one hour later.

TURKEY SMITHY

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Oct. 22.—Prisoners in the city jail this morning started to leave their cells when "Zoom" as J. Fenroy, straiter, collapsed in a heap from an attack of Spanish influenza after unlocking the cell doors. Police officers arrived in time to drive the men back to their cells.

FIGURES STILL GLEAMING

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 22.—With a record of 1,771 Spanish influenza cases and 99 deaths, and with the epidemic still on the upgrade, Mayor Baker today threatened to close all stores, if they continue to disobey the spirit of the restrictions now in force.

DON'T LET YOUR BATTERY FREEZE

A BATTERY fully charged will stand the severe cold weather much better than a weak one. We are prepared to take care of your battery. Come in and have your battery examined and charged before it has a chance to freeze.

Idaho Auto and Supply Co.

"Fill the Public Offices As You Would Hire Help"

WHEN you employ an assistant, you seek one you know can and will do the work as you want it done. The business in the court house, state house and legislature is your business. Through your selection of the persons who are to fill the public offices, you are responsible for the manner in which it is transacted. The selection of the proper persons to fill these offices demands thorough investigation into the records and qualifications of the candidates in order that the public business may be done most satisfactorily and your responsibility vindicated.

Here Are Candidates on the Republican Ticket Who Ask Your Vote on the Grounds of Qualifications, Experience and Well-Known Personal Integrity

Eight of these candidates have had experience previously in the offices for which they are aspirants; six are candidates for re-election. They have made good, and they stand on their records. The other candidates have proven in private life and in their business experience, their qualifications to fill the offices for which they are aspirants. YOUR INTERESTS ARE SAFE WITH THEM.



T. E. MOORE
For County Commissioner

William W. Parish has been a resident of Twin Falls county for 14 years. He owns and operates successfully 240 acres of farm land in the vicinity of Twin Falls. He came here from Clio, Illinois, where he was proprietor of a hardware and implement business, and a member of the county board. He taught school for five years in Illinois before entering business. He has served here as a member of the school board in the Maroon and Twin Falls districts, being re-elected a trustee in the Twin Falls district this year.

As an ardent advocate of constructive and progressive undertaking, T. E. Moore of Filer, has been prominent in the office of county commissioner to which he seeks reelection. Here also he has gained experience and familiarity with the affairs of the county that render his services invaluable. A native of Michigan where he was identified with the manufacturing industry, Mr. Moore came to this county in 1905 and engaged in farming until elected commissioner. In addition to managing his farm, Mr. Moore as a private citizen is president of the First National bank at Filer.



WILLIAM W. PARISH
For County Commissioner

The election of W. F. Breckon of Kimberly, as a commissioner, will place at the service of the county the benefits both of his business acumen and his wide personal familiarity with the county and its varied interests gained during his residence here since 1907 when he removed from Pettee, where he farmed for 20 years. Mr. Breckon is a real estate dealer. He is a director of the county fair association. He was a member of the Kimberly school board for 5 1/2 years and was postmaster there for 3 1/2 years.



W. F. BRECKON
For County Commissioner

Years of experience bringing thorough familiarity with the duties of the office for which he is an aspirant is the record upon which C. G. Higgins of Twin Falls bases his claim for election. A native of Colorado, and a printer by trade, Mr. Higgins has been for 23 years a resident of Idaho. He was clerk of the district court in Thomas county, Kansas, for two years; chief deputy clerk in Ada county, Idaho, for two years; deputy sheriff in Ada county for five years; chief deputy clerk in Twin Falls county for two and one-half years, and during the past eight years he has been United States land commissioner.



C. G. HIGGINS
Clerk of the District Court and Ex-officio Auditor and Recorder.

On the trials alone of capability to discharge the duties of the office efficiently and economically, Mrs. Emma Longley Warren is a claimant for the office of county treasurer. Since being left a widow 14 years ago, Mrs. Warren has managed her own affairs, making the way not only for herself but raising to manhood her three sons, two of whom are now in the military service. During her residence of six years in Twin Falls, Mrs. Warren has been one of the most efficient teachers in the Twin Falls public schools. She is a woman, whose election to the office of treasurer will place Twin Falls county most fortuitously in line with 16 other Idaho counties which are served by women in this capacity.



MRS. EMMA LONGLEY WARREN
For County Treasurer

George W. Wilcox, candidate for reelection, is the first Twin Falls county assessor in whose assessment rolls for two successive years, no change have been made by the state board of equalization. New and increased demands have been made upon the office since 1914. Collection of detailed agricultural data is required. Additional duties have entailed additional expense, but the office under Mr. Wilcox administration has been conducted as economically as efficiency would permit. Mr. Wilcox is willing to leave it to the decision of the voters whether his training, experience and ability qualify him to serve as assessor for another two years.



GEORGE W. WILCOX
For County Assessor

A Delegation That Will Honor the County "Successful Farmers, Every One of Them"

The farmers of the nation are fulfilling a great trust devolving upon them in the winning of the war. It is certain that legislation in their interests will receive generous consideration at the hands of the next Idaho legislature. The Republican candidates for the legislature from Twin Falls county can be depended upon to support every measure for the interests of the farmer because they are their own interests.

Other measures also will claim the attention of the next legislature. Twin Falls county especially is interested in legislation that must be enacted to secure the rehabilitation of one of its great irrigation enterprises.

Women are demanding and should have a larger voice in the shaping of the law under which they live as citizens. It is right and proper that every interest should have representation in the lawmaking body. It is impossible that these representatives can be committed in advance to any program that will fulfill every contingency and give equal justice to all. In the Republican candidates for the legislature the voter of Twin Falls is presented with an opportunity to elect representatives who are truly representative of all the interests of the county; who are not "hamstrung" and upon whom nobody holds strings, but who can be depended upon to acquit themselves as legislators in a manner in which the county can be proud. Their integrity and good business judgment is the best guarantee the voter can have.

JOSEPH H. SHAVER
For State Senator

Twin Falls county can do better in the selection of its senator than to elect Joseph H. Shaver of Castletown to that position. A native of Vermont, leaving a business in New York in which he spent several years, Mr. Shaver came to Twin Falls in September, 1906, and was on a ranch one mile south of this city for one year. He entered the employ of the Great Shoshone & Twin Falls Water Power company in October, 1907, and was actively and continuously identified with that institution until March, 1915, when he resigned to engage in farming at Castletown, where he is making a specialty of raising registered Hampshire sheep. He was director of the Canal board in 1906. During his connection with the power company his work took him over southern Idaho, and parts of Oregon and Utah, and he gained accurate first-hand knowledge of general agricultural and economic conditions. His information as to the power industry has been placed at the disposal of the public in his forthright plans to develop a municipally owned and operated power property in this county.



MRS. GARRIE HARPER WHITE
For Representative

Enlisted among the leaders of thought and action in Twin Falls county is Mrs. Carrie Harper White of Twin Falls. The versatility of her capability and achievements appears in her record here while the wife of a farmer and the active manager of their 160 acre farm when her husband, Captain John E. White was called last January into active service in the army medical department. She has been president for three years of the Federation of Rural Women's clubs and of the Twin Falls Parent-Teachers association. She resigned as a director of the County Farm Bureau, which she took a prominent part in organizing, and as an official in war relief work to become a candidate for the legislature. Mrs. White is a native of Cleveland, Ohio. Completing courses in art and decorative design in New York and Boston, she taught these subjects for three years in her native city, and was married in 1906 to Dr. White, after assisting him in the founding of the Nordrach Ranch sanatorium. She also drew the plans for the Modern school and assisted Dr. White, the medical director, in the building and operation of the institution for three years.



JOSEPH E. CONOVER
For Representative

In the fall of 1876, after five successive crop failures, Joseph E. Conover, at the age of 23 years, having served throughout the Civil war as a member of the 80th Illinois regiment of volunteers and losing his right arm as a result of a wound received in battle, went bankrupt. He owed \$20,000 and had lost his farm. He was advised to go into bankruptcy. He refused; secured more credit, and three years later he paid every dollar owed. Having cleared his financial record, Mr. Conover sold the farm which he had regained and entered into the grain business with which he was identified for 25 years. Prior to coming to Twin Falls in 1913, Mr. Conover was for 14 years overseer of a 300 acre farm in Illinois. With his two sons, Mr. Conover owns and operates 480 acres of land on the Twin Falls and Salmon River tracts. His experience as a public official has been limited to one term as treasurer of Mason county, Illinois, to which he was elected in 1869.



CARL J. MILLER
For Representative

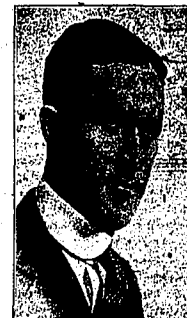
Eight years ago Carl J. Miller came to Castletown from Walla Walla, Washington, where he had worked as a post-office clerk. He had worked for a year at Castletown as a farm laborer; then invested in land on his own account. He is today the owner of 400 acres of well improved farm land. He is farming more, and is counted among those who know him, as one of the most successful young farmers of the state. He has never before been an aspirant for public office, nor taken a prominent part in politics, although he has consistently taken an active interest in public affairs, more particularly in the affairs of the Canal company. His work is as good as his bond and his opinion is one that bears great weight among those who have been associated with him.



O. P. DUVALL
For Probate Judge

"I am not here to secure a conviction but to see that justice is done," said Frank L. Stephens, Republican candidate for reelection as prosecuting attorney, appearing in the prosecution of a criminal case. That statement stands out as the distinguishing feature in his administration of the office. It is a policy that has won for him in this campaign, the support of lawyers and citizens generally without regard to political affiliation. In his official capacity Mr. Stephens has developed strong capability as a trial lawyer. In addition to the duties heretofore incumbent upon the prosecuting attorney, this office, in the past two years, has been called upon to discharge many new and important functions, all of which have been performed efficiently by Mr. Stephens. He is a native of Indiana, a graduate of the University of Michigan, and has been a resident of the county for six years.

Recognition of the rights of boys and girls brought before him for violation of laws or as delinquents has been the outstanding feature in the administration of his office as judge of the juvenile court by Probate Judge O. P. Duvall, Republican candidate for reelection to that office. He is the first probate judge in Twin Falls county to enlist the assistance of a woman assistant probation officer. In the discharge of the duties devolving upon the probate court, Judge Duvall has merited and won the approval of every attorney and of every citizen who has had business in his court. He is a native of Kansas, where he had his first experience in the work of the probate court. He has been a resident of Twin Falls county since 1911, when he came to Idaho and made his home in Hollister.



FRANK L. STEPHENS
For Prosecuting Attorney



A. N. (DELL) DEBRAUVE
For Sheriff

Unification of the work of the county schools to the end that the pupils in the rural districts may enjoy the same educational advantages as those in the city districts has been the aim and purpose of county superintendent, Miss Brittomant Wolfe, candidate for reelection. Under her administration of the office during the past two years, a system of records have been installed showing the status of every child enrolled in the schools of the county; the regular reports of each teacher and the financial standing of each district. Miss Wolfe is a graduate of the Fort Collins, Colorado, high school; private tutoring in university work, and a student of the State Normal College, Olathe, Kan. She holds an Idaho teacher's life certificate.

That, if elected to the office of sheriff, he will render strict enforcement of existing laws and a business like administration of the office is the promise made by A. N. (Dell) Debrauve, 14 years residence, a property owner and taxpayer in Twin Falls, who says that Debrauve means just what he says in this promise. A native of Kansas, a farmer and stockholder for 23 years and a druggist by profession, Mr. Debrauve came to Idaho in 1900. Leaving Potlatch in 1904, he came to Twin Falls and was the pioneer druggist of this county. He served as president of the school board in Twin Falls in 1905 and 1906 and was one of the board which adopted the first rural centralized school system in Idaho. He served also as a member of the Twin Falls city council in 1907.



MRS. BRITMOMANT WOLFE
For County Superintendent of Public Instruction



P. J. GROSMAN
For Coroner

The election of P. J. Grosman means that the county will be served in the important office of coroner by a competent official who is thoroughly familiar with the duties of the office. As a business associate of the late C. J. Walker, Mr. Grosman was county coroner and was called upon frequently to serve in that capacity. A native of Indiana and a graduate of the Massachusetts College of Embalming at Boston, Mr. Grosman arrived here in 1905 and was the first embalmer to practice his profession in Twin Falls. In January, 1912, he entered business to produce and sell on Saturday, November 2.

THE TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

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An independent afternoon newspaper issued every day except Sunday

R. A. READ, Publisher JOHN C. HARVEY, News Editor Telephone 63

Today's News Today

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Table with 2 columns: Rate, Carriage. Rows for 1 year, 6 months, 3 months, 1 month.

Extended as second-class matter April 9, 1918, at the postoffice at Twin Falls, Idaho, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

HALLOWEEN

Over a string of years now the public has looked forward about this time of year to a series of petty thefts, small annoyances and little samples of destructive activity along various lines...

For several years past in Twin Falls, dozens of householders have been compelled to spend from five to fifteen dollars in cash on the day following the celebration for repairs of various sorts.

There never was a man yet worthy of the name who could not sympathize with the spirit which leads to all this. To get into mischief is just as natural as sleeping and eating to the average growing boy.

This year there should be less of this sort of thing. No excuse will serve to cover the class of deprecations to which this city has been subject in the past.

It's up to the parents to see that the principles of a safe and sane celebration obtain. And it's up to the city police force to assist in the good work should the warning pass unheeded.

HIS NAME IS BRACKEN

We are inclined to watch with a good deal of interest the candidacy for County Commissioner of W. F. Bracken Kimbly. Mr. Bracken is an old resident of this section, has at all times been active in public affairs and has given freely of his time to every worthy cause which has yet come up where it has seemed that his services were likely to be of benefit.

As a member of the County Fair board, Mr. Bracken has shown himself to be a man of broad gauge habit of mind. The operation of this year's fair was accomplished in a manner which renders it far and away the most successful so far held, financially and every other way.

the operation of the business as a business, not a job, the careful administration of the funds of office and the maximum of results for the minimum of expenditures.

Mr. Bracken says he believes in good roads, say kind of roads which will be passable in good and bad weather, of a character of manufacture to be dictated by the people who will use them.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

MORNING REPORT The following casualties are reported by the Commanding General of the American Expeditionary Forces:

Table with 2 columns: Category, Count. Rows for Killed, Died of wounds, Died of accident, etc.

KILLED IN ACTION

Cap. Arthur S. Houts, Euclid, O. Maj. Walter Green, Fort Worth, Tex. Capt. A. Holden, Lancaster, Pa. Oscar C. Key, Waco, Tex.

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WAR CORRESPONDENTS TELL HOW CARRIER PIGEONS ARE TRAINED

By FRED R. FERGUSON

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE.—Pigeons must be schooled and prepared for battle just the same as men.

Of the thousands of pigeons flying over the front line carrying messages, and playing their part in the fight against Germany, half have been carefully trained. Having natural "homing" instinct owing to their breeding the birds practice their themselves, but are actually assigned to the "pigeon corps" because of their knowledge of the birds.

When a flock of pigeons is installed in a certain cote, it is kept confined there for several days. The birds are given but little food. Not long well fed, and therefore very strong, they will fly only a few hundred yards from the cote. Upon their return they are given more food. Next day they are liberated again. This time they will fly somewhat further than the first day, and again their ration will be increased.

Training Starts

By the third day, the pigeon really goes to work schooling itself. The bird's instinct is to become thoroughly familiar with the country about its home cote. The flock will take to the wing on being released, and spring in an ever widening circle about the cote. All the time, as it flies, each bird is studying the terrain, landmarks by which it can find its way home.

Life in the front line isn't any easier for a pigeon than for a man. Consequently a bird's "trick" in the trenches on a stable sector is only 48 hours. At the end of that time, if not sent back with a message, the pigeon is released to fly home for a dry roost and a good meal.

Face Common Enemy

In the trenches pigeons also face the common enemy of the messenger and gas. When not on duty, pigeons are kept in a dugout and are reasonably safe from shellfire. But for the gas which they would be exposed to instant death if they were not protected by gas masks.

up about "gas masks" for the birds, the impression being given that each pigeon was equipped with a tiny mask of some sort.

Carried forward with each basket of pigeons is a big square container resembling a piece of tarpaulin. That's the pigeon's "gas mask." Made of strong, heavy water-proof material, this "gas mask" fits over the entire basket of pigeons. It is lined on the inside with chemically treated material that neutralizes the effect of gas.

In addition to gas and shellfire the pigeons have the enemies of the soldier to combat in carrying out their mission. A heavily wooded district is especially dangerous for war pigeons. Many of the birds have been killed in such places, not by bullets or shells, but by hawks.

Stations Short

If the pigeon lives through shellfire, gas, escapes hawks, and arrives near its cote safely, still another danger may be waiting, if the bird is nervous and refuses to be "trapped," in many cases the message by the birds mean life and death. Consequently there can be no delay in getting them from the pigeon's little message box once it arrives at the cote.

Pigeons have played a prominent part in all fighting in which American forces participated, from the first raids in Lorraine through the battle in Cantigny, the fighting through the Marne region and on to the St. Mihiel victory. Originally 2,000 birds were brought to France for the purpose of training.

- Wm. H. Waldron, Newark, N. J. Chas. H. Wood, Alameda, Tex. Jno. S. Olce, Vermillion, R. D. Robt. T. Beaver, Flushing, N. Y. Harold Berne, New Brunswick, N. J. Walter H. Boettner, Wellsville, N. Y. Louis Emil Bollate, Carrollton, Pa. Walter J. Bork, New York. Lewis A. Bright, Red Cloud, Neb. Geo. H. Hunter, Elizabeth, N. J. W. Burns, New York. David C. Campbell, Cleveland. Theo. Carr, Chester, Pa. Michael J. Connor, Yankton, N. Y. Jno. T. Gudmoe, Brooklyn, N. Y. Leand S. Cunningham, Delaware. Henry L. Curtis, Corinth, Tex. Rufus Davidson, Norfolk, Va. Geo. C. Dougherty, Wilmington, Del. Leroy A. Doyle, Comstock, N. Y. Geo. L. Fouk, Meriden, Ia. Carmelo Frasca, Greenville, Tenn. James N. Carrol, Slaton, Tex. Harvey T. Chadwick, Charlotte, N. C. Henry W. Champion, Washington, N. Y. Wm. C. Champlin, Jersey, Ga. J. Chas. E. Christianson, Greenleaf, Ia. Jas. B. Oldson, Bridgeport, Tenn. Ben. H. Higginson, Greenville, O. Edwin Jacobson, Elm, Minn. Floy Fletcher Johnson, Ivanhoe, N. D. J. J. Kelly, Kent, Ohio. Chas. Bernard Kehoe, St. Louis, Mo. Floyd M. Key, Kirkwood, Mo. Alfred A. Lucas, Pasadena, N. J. Robert J. Marshall, New Creek, Mo. Edward C. Meyer, Gayle, Kan. Francis E. Pearson, Bernard, Kan. Geo. W. Fifsch, Cleveland, O. Preston F. Fryer, Easton, Mo. Leo O. Reyoux, Bristol, Tex. Wm. G. B. Rollins, Greenville, Tenn. Ole S. Ole Skatrum, Minneapolis.

EVERYTHING IN FURNITURE UNIVERSAL RANGES AND HEATERS WHITNEY BABY CARRIAGES WHITTALL RUGS OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE Vincent Furniture Co. Next Door to Lavington Theatre Phone 406

Tobacco Smoke a Disease Preventive DID YOU KNOW IT? Our Imported Manila Cigar "Los Angeles" NOW 6c TRY ONE MACAULEY BROTHERS

POTATO BAGS New Wheat Bags for Spuds While They Last at Below Cost SELL YOUR SPUDS AND BEANS TO US Munson & Harder Produce Co.

EDWARD W. KILPATRICK, N. Y. DIED OF WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION

Edw. W. Kilpatrick, Buffalo, N. Y. died of wounds received in action. Capt. Chas. B. Duncan, Jacksonville, Fla. Lieutenants Saml. Haselbrot, Philadelphia. Richard B. Bookwood, Brooklyn. Romeo Shapsdorf, Brooklyn, N. Y. Jno. R. Wingate, Waterville, Ia. Sergeants Jas. R. Naughtin, Corydon, Ind. Frederick H. Bayer, New York. Geo. Humphrey, Bristol, Tenn. Taylor E. Lewis, Superior, Neb. Daniel D. Reagan, St. Louis, Mo. Corporals Oscar Galliard, Ridgefield, Pa. Vernon N. Jones, Orangeburg, S. C. Jacob Kreis, Shoboyon, Wis. Arthur J. Kropfle, Milwaukee. Hugh B. Meuser, Abingdon, Ga. Earl D. Sullivan, Topeka, Kan. Wm. W. Con, Burdett, N. Y. Raymond L. Eberle, Pittsburg, Mo. Mech. Ira Moorehouse, Mahanika, Mo. Wagoner Tony Tospowich, Newark, N. J. Privates Jas. Augustin, Kinder, La. Jno. J. Blankenship, Closter, W. Va. Fred J. Futala, Philadelphia. Patrick J. Gallagher, New York. David W. Hanna, Kipticree, S. C. Herbert M. Hill, Fort, N. H. Grant Holt, Newport, N. H. Chas. Hunt, Davis, Okla. O. Quiler Richardson, Readyville, Tenn. Jesse A. Tidemann, Jamestown, N. D. Emanuel Trautman, Atlas, R. D. Jas. Tucker, New York. Robt. Tuzenow, Ashbury Park, N. J. Jno. J. Wargo, Mahanika City, Pa. Chas. W. Wilbur, Maryland, Md. Winfield F. Brown, Fairfax, Tex. Geo. S. Carr, New York. Jas. Chestnut, Delaplanche, Ark. Charlie Drummer, Charleston, Ga. Claude Eddy, Holtville, Ind. Raymond A. Goeke, St. Paul, Minn. Roger M. Hockaday, Hokefort, N. C. Josiah B. Howell, Detroit. G. D. Hutton, Rutland, O. Henry H. Kappa, Kansas, Kas. Wm. B. Kent, Kansas City, Mo. Wm. P. Gurtz, Hamilton, Pa. Frank G. Lachner, New York. Harburt J. McCallum, New York. James McDevitt, Lomax, Ill. Wm. F. Montgomery, Louisville, Ky. Donald J. Moore, Phillips, Mont. Polmanio Olivieri, Belleville, Pa. Wm. C. Ruff, Salt Lick, Ky. Wm. R. Shaffer, Morgantown, W. Va. Saml. J. Shuman, Portland, Me. August F. Soucheck, Chesapeake, Wis. Ray E. Stewart, Holden, Mo. Chas. J. Sullivan, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wm. H. Sullivan, Valley Falls, R. I. Sebastiano Tarsa, Leonia, N. J. Bartley J. Weston, New York. DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES Privates Milton J. Greenall, St. Louis. Michaela Seara, Brooklyn. Virgil H. Stephens, Okmulgee, Ala. DIED OF DISEASE Lieutenants Marcus T. Casey, Richmond, Wis. Herbert F. Thorpe, New York. Leuber W. Westenhaven, Paris, Ill. Sgt. Donald Post, Madison, Tenn. Sgt. Major Horace W. Williams, Jersey City. Corporals Glen D. Baird, Panama, Cal. Cornelius H. Davis, Parkersburg, Ia. Pinkney H. Burton, Greenboro, N. C. Ellsworth Vernon Lanning, Kane, Pa. Fred Russell Robinson, Charleston, Mass. Jas. G. Ward, Bayouville, La. Mech. Charles W. Fornay, Ocala, Fla. Det. Waggoner Loren J. Spennema, Townsend, Mont. Col. Leonard J. Stange, Philadelphia. Telegrapher Jesse W. Dycus, Liberty Hill, Tex. Privates Will Burdell, Lyon, Miss. Wm. Carter, Philadelphia. Jno. G. Beighton, Cambridge, Md. Jno. Cronin, Marlville, Minn. Herman E. Eaton, New York. Benj. Fowler, Scotts, Miss. Jas. Glasse, Clay, Ga. Stephen S. Gauss, Salem, Mass. Isaac Gilliam, Savannah, Ga. Jas. Hall, Bardsville, Ga. Louis Hall, Clayton, La. Emile H. Hanks, Bayne, La. Charles H. Harlan, Charleston, S. C. Lucien W. Ragslan, Milroy, Pa. Nels Klepp, Bagley, Minn. Ward Knoder, St. Paul, Minn. Arthur C. Ledbetter, Canton, Kas. Harry H. Leo, Wilmington, Vt. Herman H. Leouis, Logan, Ia. Jos. Lovardowski, Liver, Lake, Minn. August Y. Lindgren, Sandston, Minn. Ernest C. Linneman, Oxford Furnace, N. J. Jas. W. Long, Cockeaville, Mo. Murphy Lemrick, Hot Springs, Ark. David G. Lydell, Aurelia, Ia. Herbert S. Lytton, Philadelphia. Newton Major, Madison, Fla. Wm. H. Mear, Princeton, Minn. Dava L. Martin, Orlando, Fla. Jas. W. Martin, Sherman, Ky. Charles D. Melton, Spiceland, Okla. Thos. B. Miller, Bradsville, Ky. Benj. J. Mills, Louisville, Ky.

- (Continued on page five)

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR Here's the Ford Sedan—a mighty comfortable car for every day of the year. Has most enjoyable refinements combined with all the utility of the touring car. Finely upholstered—almost luxuriously—with plate glass sliding windows, it is cool in hot weather while dry and warm in fall and winter. It is the regular simple-to-handle and over-enduring Ford chassis with a bountiful body—the family car that not only pleases with its comfort but saves money in low first cost and after operation. Let us give you a demonstration. Touring \$525.00 Roadster \$500.00 Coupelet \$450.00 Sedan \$475.00 Truck \$550.00 P. O. B. Detroit, Michigan WESTERN AUTO COMPANY TWIN FALLS, IDAHO

Popular Fall Styles for Men Uncle Sam Liberator of Men

FAIR BUILDINGS OCCUPIED BY SEAMEN FLYERS

E. J. Scheneberger of Twin Falls, Gives Description of Surroundings at His Station at Gulfport, Mississippi

Descriptive of the surroundings to which he is situated as a member of the navy at the naval aviation training station at Gulfport, Mississippi, a letter has been received here from E. J. Scheneberger of Twin Falls, in which he says:

The country right around here has quite a lot of trees, a variety of pine, lots of orange and mandarin, the Gulf-coast thorn is in good measure. The principal industry, so far as I have seen, seems to be separating oil-skins and stumps from their large salt-lakes. Most of the mechanics and business men, if you can call them such as Italians and take it from me they are experts in their lines.

The training station itself is a small place. The main buildings were built for a Miss. Centennial Exposition which was called off on account of the war. Seven large buildings are used for recording ship, armory, commissary, canteen, saltery and mess hall, post office, and executive affairs. They all seem to have been built for their respective purposes. In addition there are one hundred and fifty other buildings for barracks, officers quarters, garage, etc.

There are at present about three thousand, two hundred and thirty in this camp, at least sixty per cent of them are enlisted in the aviation service but so far all of the flying has been done with seaplanes and gliders. The purpose of this camp, as near as I can find out is to give the recruit a preliminary training and teach him the seaplane thing.

This camp has been very lucky so far in regard to the present epidemic which is so prevalent in other camps. We have at present three hundred and fifty-seven cases in the isolated ward and the majority of these are not at all complicated, as they are in the north. Only one died, and that one this morning. The warm weather we are having tends to eliminate most of the dangerous flu pneumonia.

There are four hundred and twenty from near Twin Falls, two from Jerome, H. R. Reynolds, a boy by the name of Roper, R. H. Walker of Burley, H. A. Rafter who used to be the agent for the Jeffrey car in Twin Falls and myself.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

Lee Morrill, Newberry, Mich. Frank J. Nazarey, Milburn, N. J. Stephen M. O'Brien, Detroit, Mich. Fred Oils, Lansing, Mich. Bert Owens, Kansas City, Kas. Homer J. Paine, Englewood, Ia. Jas. Patterson, New York, N. Y. Otto V. Popp, Rochester, N. Y. Cleveland Deane, Atlanta, Ga. Ben L. Scott, Concord, Ga. Fred Shackelford, Pontiac, Miss. Thos. H. Smith, Quaker, W. Va. Fred P. Blazoff, Victoria, B. C. Geo. S. Stout, Shicklucan, Pa. Harry Swanson, Chiltonville, Ark. Geo. E. Wells, Pittsburg, Pa. Leonard S. Ward, Hawthorne, Fla. Robt. F. Ward, Asheville, N. C. Herbert Weich, Jackson City, Kas. Henry Weiler, Brooklyn, N. Y. Ben J. Welch, Simpson, La. Jas. Williams, Monroe, La. Lee T. Willis, Pine Park, Ga. Pearl E. Armstrong, Keosauqua, Ia. Orville C. Baker, Newkingsport, N. Y. DIED FROM AEROPLANE ACCIDENTS

Lt. Walter Goldard, Jr., Washington, Ill.

School Children's EYES SHOULD BE EXAMINED

Many children are hampered in their studies by defective sight. Parents should ascertain whether glasses are necessary. It will be our pleasure to correctly inform them.

PARROTT OPTICAL CO. Dr. Robt. A. Parrott, Mgr. IDAHO'S LEADING OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN 115 Main Ave. East Phone 217

PHONE 66 We'll Call for Your LAUNDRY. TROY LAUNDRY AND DRY CLEANING CO.

FARM LOANS LIBERAL RATES AND TERMS It will pay you to see me before placing your farm loans. O. A. ROBINSON, Trust Building, Twin Falls, Idaho. Phone No. 651.

Farm Loans City Loans TWIN FALLS BIBLE & RESTAURANT CO.

Table with 2 columns: Category and Count. Includes PRISONERS, AFTERNOON REPORT, DIED OF WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION, and ORGANOIDS.

Organoids: Harvey O. Ackerman, Oshkosh, Wis. Wm. Johnson, Madison, Wis. Donald McCool, North Wales, Pa. Kenneth L. Mueller, Waterloo, Ia.

MORE MEN PASS SERVICE TEST

Twenty-two Out of 31 Registrants Examined in One Day Qualify

Out of 31 registrants, who submitted Saturday to physical examinations before the local board here, 22 successfully passed the tests for general military service; four were referred to the decision of the medical advisory board; two were classified as capable of special or limited service and three were rejected.

- List of names: Lester Barnes, Twin Falls; Jesse James Woods, Salt Lake; Edwin Dewey Snyder, Jerome; William Lewis Snyder, Jerome; Clarence Edward Carey, Twin Falls; Oscar Dunsath Greyer Bryan, Hansen; Ardon Mitchell Sanders, Hansen; Charles Arthur Frantz, Hansen; William Frank Chandler, Bush; Isaac Harvey King, Bush; Albert Leighton Palmer, Twin Falls; Virgil Willard Badolfer, Twin Falls; Markwood Lewey Lahr Filer, John Dewey King, Bush; Clifford Jennings Kendrick, Bush; Oscar Kenneth Wenacott, Kimberly; Dick T. Hankins, Twin Falls; Paul John Jones, Rogerson; John Victor Johnson, Kimberly; Ben Brockley, Twin Falls; Robert John Hemphalen, Twin Falls; Robert Benjamin Payne, Twin Falls.

Referred to medical advisory board: Clyde Lenocor, Twin Falls; Milton Bates Bolton, Twin Falls; Theodore Franklin Cheney, Twin Falls; Charles Edward Cabret, Twin Falls.

Special or limited service: John William Balmore, Twin Falls; Harry Richard Murray, Twin Falls.

Disqualified: Frederick William Dunke, Twin Falls; Lorenzo William Grabel, Twin Falls; Joseph Ward Lamonte, Three Creek.

Hugler Fred Argill, Pittsburg, Colo. Edwin T. Brandell, Graham, Minn.

Harold R. Archer, Oakville, Conn. Joe P. Barce, Elizabeth, N. J. Urban Bergeron, Menasha, Wis. Thos. L. Burnett, Hendersonville, Tenn. Wm. F. Burns, Brooklyn, N. Y. Christ E. Ciges, Davenport, Cal. Wm. F. Conwell, Brooklyn, N. Y. Guy L. Cooper, Everett, Wash. Wm. L. Crockett, Tangier, Va. Disqualified: Frederick William Paul Euell Paulus, New York, N. Y. Wm. Forth, Philadelphia. Howard Barton Frampton, Wilmington, Del.

Wm. A. Hanna, Leeds, Ala. Ruel L. Huston, Fresno, Cal. Jas. Johnson, Butte, Mont. Geo. J. Johnson, St. Maria, W. Va. Stanley E. Kuna, Stevens Point, Wis. Otto Lindeman, Sebawang, Mich. Frank R. McCormick, Towanda, Pa. Wm. McHenry, Iron City, Tenn. Ira H. McKee, Rougemont, N. C. Patrick M. Padden, Brooklyn, N. Y. Mark Matthews, Concord, N. C. Walter Smith, Greenwood, Del. Virgil H. Miller, Mohrly, Mo. Wm. J. Mitchell, Lowell, Mass. Harry L. Myers, Titusville, Fla. Stephen H. Ralston, Exeter, N. H. Henry Jno. Ramwell, Burkettsville, O. Willie Rice, Saluda, S. C. Harry I. Riker, Hoboken, N. J. Wm. G. Ruth, Abell, Pa. Clifford L. Shafer, Chicago. Louis J. Shutz, Leisoring, Pa. Norville Smith, Creek, N. C. Walter Smith, Greenwood, Del. Jno. R. Thompson, Princeton, Ia. Wm. F. Turner, Webb City, Mo. Paul L. Werns, McCracken, Kas. Wm. H. Werns, J. Beta, Mo. Perry F. Wymora, N. W. Minot, N. D.

DIED OF DISEASE: Major Edgar M. Graham, Louisville, Ky. Capt. Geo. A. Handley, Bayou Heights, La. Capt. Ralph Oldham, Long Leaf, La. Frank L. Gill, E. St. Louis, Ill. Gen. D. Haddock, Ridge Park, Ill. Richard T. Martin, Perth Amboy, N. J. Henry J. Forester, North Towanda, N. Y. Organoids: Harvey O. Ackerman, Oshkosh, Wis. Wm. Johnson, Madison, Wis. Donald McCool, North Wales, Pa. Kenneth L. Mueller, Waterloo, Ia.

Big Closing-Out PUBLIC SALE TUESDAY, OCT. 29

2 Miles North and 2 Miles East of Filer and 2 1/2 Miles North and 4 Miles West of Twin Falls

We have sold our ranches and will sell immediately after lunch at 11 o'clock all stock and equipment as follows:

25-Head of Horses-25 Implements and Harness

- One pair black, Molly Mules, 4 years old, weight 3000. One pair brown Mules, mare and horse, 7 to 9 years old, weight, 2800. One pair gray Mules, mare and horse, 4 and 5 years old, weight 2500. All well mated and good workers. One pair black Geldings, 4 and 5 years old, weight 3700. One pair black Mares, 6 years old, weight 3000. One pair bay and black Geldings, 6 and 8 years old, weight 3200. One pair brown Gelding and Mare, 4 years old, weight 2700. One pair bay Geldings, 8 years old, weight 2500. One black Horse, 5 years old, weight 1400. One bay Horse, 8 years old, weight 1350. One pair brown, 2 years old, well mated. One Mare and sucking Colt. Four Saddle Horses. Terms—\$10 and under, cash; over \$10.00, ten months time at 10 per cent; 5 per cent on sums over \$10.00. Auctioneers: Z. S. Branson, E. O. Walker, R. L. Shearer. G. H. Shearer, clerk.

ORMSBY & BROWN, Owners

SNAP 170 Acres Near Hansen Fine, very deep, rich soil, entirely free from rock, all smooth and easy to irrigate, with 150 acres now in cultivation and 20 acres still unimproved. Now 3-room house, new barn, hog-proof fence, electric light and power on place now. This ranch is one of the best money-makers on the tract, but is owned by speculators who have been wanting it. We have purchased it to be a splendid opportunity for anyone who can handle a ranch of this size. Can make easy terms. Price \$150 per acre. Irrigated Lands Co.

George Laypole, Georgetown, Ohio. Eliza Lyers, Toll City, Ind. John C. H. Martines, Dallas, Tex. Simon Pawkes, Detroit, Mich. John W. Reed, Suffolk, Va. Charles Rippenko, Cookeville, Tenn. John Carter, Ballston, Ohio. J. M. Tackewick, Milwaukee, Wis. Thos. L. Baker, Lancaster, Ohio. Homer Barnhart, Duncan, Fla. Ohio. John Carter, Ballston, Ohio. John F. Giffner, New York, N. Y. Thomas Giffard, Tillamook, Ore. Eddie W. Haddock, Hines, Ala. Steve Emdin, Columbus, N. M. Thos. J. Kustman, Fairport, Ohio. Joe Marconi, Cantonara, Italy. Athol Naesler, Marico, Iwerich, Mass. Jas. W. "Lavin, Winterset, N. C. Melvin A. O'Connell, Detroit, O. Everett Phillips, Cincinnati, O. Wyene Pittman, Newberryport, Mass. Joe W. Wallace, Pittsburg, Pa. PRISONERS:

James J. Bell, Alexandria, La. John J. McKenna, North Colma, Mass. Hannibal B. Woodward, Wilson, Ohio. DIED OF AEROPLANE ACCIDENT

John Harold Buckley, Longmont, Colo. James R. Crowe, Sherfield, Ala.

LENGTHEN SCHOOL HOURS TO MAKE UP LOST TIME

Portland Infirmary Believed to Be on Decrease—Influenza Deaths Yesterday

PORTLAND, ORE., Oct. 22.—Influenza cases are believed to be on the decrease in Portland, although figures to prove this were lacking early today. Eleven deaths from the disease were reported yesterday, which is the largest number for a 24-hour period here.

In order that the schools may make up lost time after the epidemic passes, they will have slightly lengthened sessions, if a recommendation from School Superintendent Grant is approved.

FOUR LAZE FOR CLASSIFICATION

FOUR SALE—5 room modern bungalow, price \$3000, \$200 cash, balance monthly. Phone 800 J.

FOUR SALE—Ford coupe, used two months, has about 460.00 worth of accessories. Price \$725.00. Address Dr. Newberry, Filer.

Farm Efficiency Appliances. Call or write us for the EMPIRE CATALOG. Ask us also to tell you all about Empire Milking Machines and Empire Gasoline Engines. D. C. Watson Company TWIN FALLS, IDAHO. Image of a milk can with a handle.

PUBLIC SALE FRIDAY, NOV. 1 FREE LUNCH AT NOON, SALE IMMEDIATELY AFTER 1 mile south, 1-2 mile east and 1-2 mile west of Meadows St. Bridge. All Stock, Implements and Household Goods to be Sold. C. H. BOEHM

"FOUL STRIKES" OF THE NONPARTISAN LEAGUE LEADERS

Falsity of Statements Circulated by Them Shown by Official Declaration of the Idaho Liberty Loan Committee--Affidavit Shows That D. W. Davis Received No Free Electric Service

The leaders of the Nonpartisan League are adopting the foul means they have practiced everywhere they have operated. With the tactics of the porch climber they have burglarized the Democratic party of Idaho—a party of responsibility and standing—and carried it off as an organization, but not its members, to their cave of irresponsibility, malice, cunning, deceit and disloyalty. They have followed this up by foul personal attacks on all Republicans and Democrats who oppose them. It was natural that I should be included in their "foul strikes."

I Stand on My Record of 2 Years in Idaho. Ask Comparison With the Records of the Nonpartisan League Leaders and Their Candidates.

The affidavit on this page correctly and truthfully states my connection with the late Senator Brady and explains the receipt of electric service by me at my home in American Falls.

The statement over the signature of the Liberty Loan Committee leaves no question as to the deliberate malice and untruthfulness of the statement that I profited personally by reason of my connection with the Liberty Loan Committee of the State of Idaho.

LEGITIMATE AGREEMENT

The contract which I entered into with Senator Brady was fair. The services performed by me for the Senator and the Company consisted in securing of rights of way and sales of property for his company.

I have known for many months that the unscrupulous leaders of the Nonpartisan League would endeavor to connect me with the so-called Power Trust, but knowing that the contract which I had made with Senator Brady was founded on a valid consideration, was fair, just and honest, I made no effort whatever to conceal the same, but on the other hand, in view of the action of the Power Company in discontinuing the service since this attack has been made upon me, I have instituted suit to vindicate my contract rights.

MERELY CREDITOR OF THE COMPANY

As the report of the auditor shows, I have never had any dealings with the present Power Company other than receiving from them that which Senator Brady owed to me, the payment of which obligation they assumed when they purchased the plant. I am merely a creditor of the Company.

Anyone who will examine my record should be satisfied that I would not sell my independence for so paltry a bribe as a little electric service in my home, and all who know my record for twelve years in the state of Idaho should be convinced that in my dealings with Senator Brady I was honest and above board and had no dealing whatsoever with the present so-called Power Trust.

NORTH DAKOTA PORCH CLIMBERS

I am not surprised that the gang of North Dakota Porch Climbers, who are now operating in Idaho under the name of the Democratic Party, which name they stole at the primaries, should endeavor by trickery and subterfuge to smirch my name as well as make unscrupulous attack on the late Senator Brady, whose lips have been stilled by death and who cannot make an explanation in his own behalf.

I trust that this showing will clear the situation as far as the charge of being connected with the Power Trust is concerned, especially when considered in connection with the fact that the same unscrupulous gang of political pirates have attempted to create the impression that I profited personally from my position as chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee of Idaho when they well knew that their statement that I did so profit was a deliberate and malicious lie, as is proven by the statement of the Liberty Loan Committee on this page.

I take it that at this late date the voters of Idaho will not be deceived by malicious falsehoods emanating from such unsavory and disreputable sources.

D. W. DAVIS.

Their "Foul Strike" 1

These Nonpartisan League leaders, who in their disloyal acts and their exhibition of malice are not supported by the loyal and hard-minded members of the League, reproduced a letter I had written asking the support of farmers and laboring men.

I still ask that support and expect to receive it as I have in the past, but as I have plainly stated, I have not wanted the support of the Nonpartisan League leaders.

I am ashamed to think they deceived me even for a moment, but I recall that they even deceived Roosevelt for a time, and that they have deceived temporarily many other honest citizens.

This "foul strike one" at me is typical of the methods adopted by the Nonpartisan League leaders wherever they have operated.

Their "Foul Strike" 2

Again, with characteristic malevolence and wolf-like cunning these Nonpartisan League leaders attempted to discredit me because as a builder of Idaho I gave my services to aid a struggling electric light company. Others did the same thing. The company could not pay us cash and we further helped them by entering into an agreement for electric service. In my case this was to cover my residence only and no other service, although I used power elsewhere.

This agreement was to be in full force and effect until 1921. It was not in any sense a free service, but something for which I had paid in advance.

I shall insist in court on the company that has succeeded to the business of the original company, and which assumed this agreement as it did all other liabilities of the old company, living up to that agreement.

I ask you to read the following affidavit, and without further comment on this purely personal and legitimate transaction, I leave it to you:

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO
Affidavit of M. E. Hughes.

In the Matter of Free Service by the Idaho Power Company to D. W. Davis.

STATE OF IDAHO,
County of Ada, ss.

M. E. HUGHES, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: I am a resident of Pocatello, Idaho, but carry on my business at Mountain Home, Idaho, where I am president of the Community Power company and in that capacity am managing the cultivation, farming and improvement of about 1000 acres of land. I am also acting as secretary of the Mountain Home Co-operative Irrigation company, a private irrigation system irrigating about 8000 acres of land in the vicinity of Mountain Home. To these enterprises I now give my sole time and attention. I was first connected with or interested in or with the Idaho Power company.

I was the vice president and general manager of the Idaho Consolidated Power company, with its general offices in Pocatello, Idaho, from 1908 to September, 1912. This power company generated electricity at American Falls and distributed it throughout southeastern Idaho, including as one of its markets the town of American Falls. The company was owned by the late Senator Brady, and I was closely associated with him from about 1907 until his death. The Idaho Power company is now the owner and operator of the American Falls generating plant and the system of transmission and distribution connected therewith. I left the Idaho Consolidated Power company for this power company until May 1, 1917, at which time I took up other employment.

I know D. W. Davis of American Falls, Idaho, and have been acquainted with him ever since I became connected with Senator Brady. Mr. Davis was running a bank at American Falls when I became acquainted with him, and was engaged exclusively in carrying on business of Senator Brady in business, and was his close personal friend prior to Mr. Brady's death as mentioned above in the state of Idaho. I know that Mr. Davis gave considerable time and attention to looking after the business interests of Senator Brady while he was absent in Boise acting as governor of the state of Idaho, and while the senator was absent in Washington in the United States senate.

It was not an uncommon thing for Senator Brady to authorize the furnishing of free service, and I now recall that a number of firms in American Falls accepted free service, among them being Phillips & Greenwood, and the American Falls Development company, which had five years' free service for the city water-

works pumping plant; the Remington hotel, which was furnished free service for a number of years for a large electric sign; Campbell Machine, which had three years' free service for their large mercantile institution, as did also its successor, the Evans Mercantile company. No other was free service furnished to the American Falls Tanning company, but also a building site was donated. There are others that I cannot now recall. D. W. Davis was also furnished electricity at his home only, and he probably had free electricity furnished to him than the others whom I have mentioned.

Service was granted to him in 1914 under a special contract with Senator Brady himself. My first notice of it was the receipt of a letter from Senator Brady, his late secretary, furnished after his term of office as governor had expired. It seems that he had recently purchased an interest in the First National bank of American Falls, of which Mr. Davis was president, and he was also elected as a director and as vice president of the bank. Mr. Davis had rendered Senator Brady business service to Senator Brady, and in consideration thereof paid for, as I understand, further attention to be given by Mr. Davis to Senator Brady's business interests, electrical service at his home for a period of 10 years was granted to Mr. Davis. According to the receipt of that letter on, no specific charge was made against Mr. Davis. I never raised any question about the right of Mr. Davis to receive this service, and never took the matter up with the officials of the Idaho Power company. Even after I became manager of southeastern Idaho for that concern I took it for granted, and I still believe, that Mr. Davis was under a valid contract and agreement with Senator Brady; that he had rendered valuable business services, which, to my knowledge, were worth a great deal more than any electrical service that could be furnished to him for a given period of years than Mr. Davis could possibly live, and that this contract could not be eroded by the power company simply because Senator Brady had sold his interests.

It never occurred to me that any question whatever could arise that Mr. Davis was receiving anything that he had not a clear right to receive under his contract with Senator Brady. I cannot yet see why the power company should be especially anxious at the expense of Mr. Davis by being allowed to evade performance of the contract that was made fairly and openly before the Public Utilities Commission existed. Further deponent says: not M. E. HUGHES. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23 day of October, 1918. CHARLES M. KAERN, Notary Public for Idaho, Residence, Boise, Idaho.

Their "Foul Strike" 3

As all citizens know, I was Chairman of the third Liberty loan drive, and gave it all my time.

The Treasury Department allowed \$6,800 to Idaho for the expenses of this campaign, but less than \$2,000 was expended. Oregon, in contrast, spent \$18,000.00, with the approval of the national government.

Now these Nonpartisan League leaders are repeating the libelous statement that I personally profited by the drive. This outrageous falsehood was circulated by the Nonpartisan League leaders during the fourth Liberty loan drive, and the Idaho loan committee, feeling that the circulation of this false report was interfering with the drive, made a statement which dissipated the suspicions being aroused against the loan campaign, and also completely exonerated me. The committee stated that I had not received a cent for "personal services." I appended the statement of the committee.

Boise, Idaho, Oct. 10, 1918.

Hon. D. W. Davis, American Falls, Idaho.

Dear Mr. Davis: Referring to the article published in the Power County News under date of Oct. 4.

In justice to the state Liberty loan committee and to you as chairman of the committee during the second and third Liberty loan campaigns, we believe a statement of facts is due from us.

We do not care to dispute nor deny the figures given in the above mentioned article, but will confine our statement to the actual facts and figures.

The expense incurred during the second campaign was \$1899.10. This was the exact amount expended by the committee and for which the federal reserve bank at San Francisco reimbursed the committee.

OFFICIALLY REFUTED

The items of "personal" and "traveling" to which the writer of this article seems especially critical and which he endeavors to create the impression was money actually paid to you for your time, do not represent the facts, as these items were for expenses incurred by the authority of the whole committee. The system of accounting adopted by the treasury department, specifically provides that accounts be rendered by the chairman and distributed under a number of various heads.

All checks issued by the federal reserve bank for reimbursements for these expenses are made payable to the chairman of the state committee as a safeguard against improper distribution and is done under a ruling of the treasury department.

RECEIVED NO PAY

The writer of this article is mistaken when he infers that this money was paid to you for your personal services, which he estimates at about \$20 per day, as you were not paid one cent for your services, which you loyally and patriotically gave in carrying both the second and third Liberty loan campaigns to a complete and successful conclusion, as all of the people of Idaho are well aware.

RESIGNATION LIE NAILED

We further desire to confine our statement to facts and not "rumors" regarding your resignation as chairman of the committee. You were not asked nor requested by the officials of the federal reserve bank at San Francisco to resign as chairman. On the contrary you were requested and urged by them to remain as chairman. You, however, voluntarily requested the committee to accept your resignation as chairman, which after due consideration, it did, and unanimously informed Monte B. Gwinn for chairman to succeed you and he was duly and formally made chairman by the governor of the federal reserve bank of San Francisco.

Trusting this statement of facts by the committee, all of whom attach their signatures hereto, will be given proper consideration by the writer of the article referred to, and that he will be fair enough to correct any wrong impression his article may have given, we are, very respectfully yours,

(Signed) MONTIE B. GWINN,
CRAWFORD MOORE,
F. F. JOHNSON,
G. E. HINTZ.

Idaho Liberty Loan State Central Committee.

I am perfectly willing to leave these matters to the fair-minded people of Idaho, and I court any comparison with the records of the Nonpartisan League leaders of their candidates.

D. W. DAVIS.

