

TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

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PRICE FIVE CENTS

POLICE HUNTING FOR ANARCHISTS

PERPETRATORS OF BOMB OUTRAGES IN DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WILL LEAVE NO STONE UNTURNED IN SEARCH FOR EVIDENCE.

HEAD OF PITTSBURG I. W. W. ARRESTED AFTER HAND TO HAND REVOLVER DUEL

PITTSBURG, (P)—Robert Johnson, president of the I. W. W. here, and internationally known as a radical, was arrested at I. W. W. headquarters. When detectives and federal agents entered he opened fire with a revolver, several bullets passing through the clothing of a detective.

WASHINGTON, (P)—Department of justice agents and police through the country today were hunting the organized bands of anarchists who last night launched what they called an attempt to overthrow the government by assassinating with high explosive bombs government officials and prominent men opposed to the spread of organized lawlessness.

Explosive took place in Washington, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Newington, Mass., Boston, Philadelphia, Paterson, N. J., and New York. None of the men for whom the bombs were intended was hurt, but one man, a watchman in New York, was killed, several persons were injured, buildings wrecked and in Washington the police officers themselves were blown to pieces when an infernal machine intended for Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer exploded prematurely.

Unidentified conductor's identification check, found in front of Mr. Palmer's residence shows that the anarchists arrived in Washington at 10:30 o'clock last night from Philadelphia. He went directly from the Union station to the Palmer home. Only a few minutes before the explosion he was seen alighting from a street car a few blocks away by C. E. Briggs of Marion, S. C.

Washington, (P)—Senator Lodge, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, told the senate today he had seen in New York a copy of the treaty with Germany, given out by an American representative at Paris, but withheld by the state department from the senate.

The statement caused a sharp debate upon the course of President Wilson and the state department regarding the publication of the treaty text.

"The treaty is in New York," said Senator Lodge. "I saw a copy of it yesterday. It was offered a copy, but I refused to accept it, saying it would be put into my hands without being published. I heard of four copies in New York. How many more there may be throughout the country, I do not know. As far as I can make out the only place it is not allowed to come is the senate of the United States."

SCANDINAVIAN NATIONS ALL DECLINE TO BLOCKADE

PARIS, (P)—Sweden and Denmark have notified the peace conference that they will not join in a blockade of Germany in the event of a German refusal to sign the peace treaty. They state that a blockade could be undertaken without their violating their neutrality.

PROTECT PROMINENT MEN
The homes and persons of prominent officials and business men in Washington and elsewhere were protected today against further outrages.

Accident Saved Palmer
The police are confident the plans to blow up the residence of the attorney general and kill its occupants would not have succeeded had not the anarchist in his excitement in the darkness, stumbled on a leveler. The explosion from the front door, it was obvious, he intended to place the powerful infernal machine. The coping tripod fell and when he saw the output was apparently off the bomb.

Fashionable Neighborhood
The neighborhood in which the explosion occurred is one of the most fashionable in Washington. Two doors away lives Senator Swanson of Virginia.

(Continued on page four)

PENNY MINTAGE IS INCREASED

Coppers Disappear and Demand for Them Increases Steadily to Pay Taxes.

WASHINGTON, (P)—Every mint in the United States has been to work by Director Ray Baker turning out one-cent pieces in an effort to keep pace with the enormous demand for this coin. In the month of May, 24,000,000 pieces have been pushed to 90,000,000 a month.

"There have been approximately 3,000,000 one-cent pieces coined in this country," Mr. Baker says today, "but when they have gone is a mystery. The sub-treasuries are inundated with orders from banks, which keep issuing the copper coins for use in payment of odd cent taxes and street car fares, but the demand continues."

The May output of the mints was 64,984,000 coins, of which 60,978,000 were one-cent pieces. Nearly six times in large demand, 8,413,000 being coined, the remainder of the production being 853,000 half dollars, 176,000 quarters and 370,000 dimes.

Police Find More Fragments of the Blownup Anarchist

Search Continues for Associates by Department of Justice.

WASHINGTON, (P)—No arrests had been made this afternoon in the plot to assassinate with high explosive bombs many government officials and prominent business, but police and agents of the department of justice throughout the country were hunting associates of anarchists who were to place while attempting to use an infernal machine at the house of Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer.

The department of justice identified by the police a number of persons whose names have been made public. The police expect to be able to identify his associates, some of whom undoubtedly were concerned in explosions which took place last night in several cities.

Throughout the day the police continued to discover portions of the dead man's anatomy. Toes, and thumbs, were found. One ear also was located.

Palmer Back at Work
The attorney general went to work as usual at his desk later in the day leaving the search for the plotters in the hands of subordinate officials who defend that any general roundup of "reds" had been ordered throughout the country, but admitted that many were under investigation.

Congress and all official Washington deeply stirred by the news outbreak by enemies of law and order considered what steps might be taken to curb a national menace.

President Robinson Demands Regulation of Road Employees

Head of Railroad Association Scores Government Management of Railroads.

WASHINGTON, (P)—Demand that railroad employees submit to government regulation of their companies was made by President Blaine M. Robinson, today at the convention here of the American Short Line railroad association.

"While government regulation of the carriers is demanded as the most equitable method," he said, "the employees are left to exercise their own will with which they often do in a most arbitrary way. The wage demands have absorbed already the \$1,000,000,000 rate increase which is being paid by the public."

In view of the "reckless extravagance" of the government in all its business, Mr. Robinson said, the demand for railroad economy was "ridiculous."

TWIN FALLS AS EXAMPLE

Bols Good Bonds Advocates Bonds for Fund of \$2,000,000

(Special to The News)
BOISE—The voting of \$1,250,000 highway bonds in the Twin Falls highway district and of \$500,000 bonds in the Boise district is pointed out as an argument in favor of the raising in Ada county of a \$2,000,000 fund for permanent highways. One-half of this amount would be raised by the county and the balance donated by the federal government, friends of the movement profess.

WORLD NEWS EVENTS

OPENHEGREN, (P)—Ethonian and Finnish forces have taken Petrograd, according to an un-verified telegram received by the National Hindende.

WASHINGTON, (P)—Modification of the war-time prohibition law so the working man may have light wines and beer was urged today by representatives of organized labor at the first of the hearings by the house judiciary committee upon liquor measures.

OHIOAGO, (P)—Harry Johnson, an aviator of Denver, left Ashburne field, Chicago, at 8:45 o'clock this morning in a Canadian-Curtiss airplane with the intention of flying to Denver. He purchased the machine here yesterday. He expects to arrive in Denver about noon tomorrow. Johnson carried two passengers and expects to make the trip with one stop.

EL PASO (P)—More than twelve hours after urgent official messages sent by Luis Sandoval, Mexican vice-consul here, were relayed to Chihuahua City from Saltillo, by wireless the messages remain unanswered. Sandoval, in response to inquiries, was informed that Saltillo would transmit his telegrams to that point by the wireless to Chihuahua City last night.

Texas and Oklahoma Thousands Strike on Paris Subway

NEW YORK, (P)—More than 3,000 former national guardmen from Texas and Oklahoma arrived today on the transport Troc. The principal unit was the 11th infantry, 26th division, of 6,500 men. A dispatch from 4,000 men that were approximately 13,000 men are out in the general strike in the Pas de Calais mining region.

TWO CONCESSIONS MAY BE ALLOWED GERMAN

148TH ARTILLERY LISTED FOR EARLY RETURN HOME

Adjutant General Harris Advises Governor of Change in Status.

BOISE—The 148th field artillery regiment has been designated for early return from Europe, Adj. Gen. F. C. Harris advised Gov. D. W. Davis Monday.

It was originally planned that the artillerymen should sail for home May 25, but these plans were later changed. The exact date of the home-coming has not been fixed, but it is regarded as likely that the troops will move some time this month.

The regiment includes the Twin Falls, Coeur d'Alene, Sandpoint and Nampa units. The Second Idaho regiment, it participated in the Marne defensive, the Meuse, St. Mihiel and Argonne offensives and is now stationed with the army of occupation at Bendorf Germany.

SOLDIERS END GERMAN STRIKE ABOUT COBLENZ

Would Deport Participants Who Threatened to Go Out Because Rhenish Provinces Want to Set Up as Republic.

ALL PROMPTLY WENT BACK ON THEIR JOBS

Effort of Proposed Republic to Secure Recognition Fails to Show Official Authority; Americans Work with British

COBLENZ, (P)—A general strike throughout the American occupied zone of the Rhenish provinces ended at nine o'clock today as a protest against the reported launching of the Rhenish republic in Wiesbaden. It was very brief, however, being only four hours in duration, the workmen returning to their labor at one o'clock this afternoon after being warned that any subsequent strike would be considered a crime by the American military authorities.

The principal strikers were the railway employees and the street car workers at Trier and Koblenz. The American sent work to the labor leaders that unless the Germans returned to work by one o'clock the leaders and other strikers would be reported into sections of Germany unoccupied by American troops.

The inter-allied railway commission reported that all the workers had returned to their jobs, except a tiny group of Communists.

Telegrams intimating that recognition of the Rhenish republic reported to have been established on Sunday is denied, have been sent to commanders of the army of occupation along the Rhine. They bear the signature of Dr. Dorten, said to have been named president of the new republic, but the officials of the American Third army have not received any official notification of any such action by the new government.

Dr. Dorten asserts that delegates of Rhenish Prussia, old Mosan, Rhenish Hesse and the Palatinate, after meeting in Aachen-Capelle, Maxence and other places, have decided to inaugurate the Rhenish republic on June first. After declaring that the Rhenish republic is willing to conclude immediate peace, the telegram states that the people of the Rhine lands have no desire to escape their war obligations as far as occupation is concerned and that they are seeking recognition at the peace conference. The identity of Dr. Dorten is unknown to Americans here.

The Americans are co-operating with the British and have adopted an attitude of taking any action necessary against demonstrations within the occupied areas.

Some Germans say there are no indications that the Germans generally desire a republic and attribute the movement to a handful of intriguers, but they are unwilling to permit the American army to become a battle ground for rival factions.

The American authorities decided today that the high treason against the inhabitants of the American occupied area, so far as the German government was concerned. They reached this conclusion as the result of a message sent by Berlin warning civilians not to promote the establishment of the Rhenish republic.

FORMER WYOMING OFFICIAL FINED FOR STORING BOOZE

DENVER, Colo., (P)—Herman B. Gates, former state treasurer of Wyoming, was fined \$300 and costs in police court today for having liquor in his possession. Gates now lives in the fashionable Capitol Hill district and was fined by the police Friday night and several hundred gallons of whiskey was seized. The fine was paid.

COUNCIL OF FOUR IS CONSIDERING MODIFICATION OF TERMS OF TREATY

General Conditions Unchanged Throughout Europe. Late Rumors of Capture of Petrograd by Esthonian and Finnish Troops. Bolsheviki Regime in Hungary Tottering.

VIOLATION OF ARMISTICE TERMS BY GERMAN TROOPS REPORTED BY POLES

PARIS, (P)—Two changes in the German peace terms, one territorial and the other financial, are being considered by the council of four, it became known today. It was stated today that President Wilson is consulting American experts on specific objections raised.

The financial question is the possibility of the acceptance of the German proposal to pay an indemnity of 100,000,000 marks which would involve dissolution of the allied financial commission to which the Germans strongly object. It is understood that this proposal has strong support in certain quarters.

The second proposal is for a blockade in Silesia in order to guarantee to Germany a coal supply from the Silesian mines.

Experts of the United States, France, Great Britain and Italy on the invitation of the American peace commission, are expected to meet as soon as possible to exchange views regarding the answer to the German counter-proposal.

Dr. Karl Renner, Austrian chancellor, and head of the peace mission of the former dual empire, is expected to leave Paris for Switzerland today. It is probable he will proceed as far as the Austrian frontier where he is expected to meet members of his cabinet, who will discuss with him Austria's answer to the allied terms. The Austrian reply is due June 17.

There has not yet been an official statement of the date when the allies will present their proposals to the Germans. An unconfirmed telegram received in Copenhagen from Valdes reports that Esthonian and Finnish troops have taken Petrograd.

Dispatches reaching Paris from Vienna via Basle state that the Bolsheviki regime in Hungary has been replaced by a government headed by Bela Kun, former minister of commerce, in the Karolyi cabinet. Herr Gerster is reported to have been invited to go to Paris to confer with allied representatives.

WOMEN VOTE QUESTION UP

Chairman Watson Calls Matter of Constitutional Amendment Before U. S. Senate.

WASHINGTON, (P)—The senate failed to reach a vote today on the house woman suffrage resolution and final action is expected tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, (P)—Today was woman suffrage day in the senate. In accordance with formal notice given last week by Chairman Watson of the woman suffrage committee, the house resolution proposing submission of an equal franchise constitutional amendment was called up for what its friends hoped was final action.

A vote before adjournment was believed possible by advocates, but opponents doubted whether a roll call could be reached today.

RATE FIXING BILL CALLED

Senate Committee Favors Giving Control of Wire Charges to Interstate Commission.

WASHINGTON, (P)—The senate interstate commerce committee by unanimous vote today declared favorably on a bill by Chairman Cummins restoring at once the rate-making powers of the interstate commerce commission.

No provision was made for continuing regulation rates which recently were increased by order of Postmaster General Burleson whose action was sustained yesterday by the supreme court. Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal Telegraph Cable company, in recent letters to members of congress urged immediate return of the rates provided a twenty per cent increase in the rates by his company.

BARBER SHOP LAW INVALID

District Judge McCarthy Grants Writ in Test Case at Boise

(Special to The News)
BOISE—The law passed by the last session of the legislature providing that "it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to keep open for business a barber shop, or any place where a city of the first or second class after 7 o'clock p. m., on any working day," was declared to be unconstitutional by Judge Charles P. McCarthy of the district court in the matter of the application of Charles W. Pearce for writ of habeas corpus, a test case brought for the purpose of ascertaining the validity of this section of the statute.

IDAHO WEATHER

Tonight and Wednesday fair; cooler tonight with light frost.

HUDSPETH SENDS STRONG PROTEST

Telegraphs Mayor of El Paso to Oppose Permitting of Mexicans to Enter Texas

EL PASO, Tex., (P)—Mayor Charles Davis today received a dispatch from Representative Hudspeth in Washington to the effect that Acting Secretary Polk is reconsidering his refusal to allow Mexican troops to pass through the United States. Hudspeth says his response to the Mexican government.

WASHINGTON, (P)—State department officials said today that the American government was not reconsidering its refusal to allow Mexican troops to pass through the United States from Sonora to Chihuahua and that there was no intention of reconsidering at this time. In view of outbreak of the Mexican federal troops there were regarded by officials here as a prospect that the United States would

WILSON ASKING EXPERT ADVICE ON THE TREATY

Consulting American Advisers on Economic Phases of German Reply and on Question of Reparations.

PARIS, (AP)—President Wilson met the American experts at the Hotel De Crillon this morning and discussed with them the question of the replies to be made to the German notes on reparations and the economic phases of the peace terms. The meeting later developed into a general conference of the full American delegation over the German counter proposals.

Brig. Gen. George H. Harries, the chief American military adviser regarding German affairs, attended the meeting from Berlin. It is believed that his visit is for consultation regarding the military measures to be taken in the event of a German refusal to sign the peace treaty.

S. DAK. SENATOR GUNS FOR BOLSHEVIKS



South Dakota Senator Sterling B. Dow is gunning for bolshevism. He will introduce a bill in the next congress asking that unloyal aliens be deported without trial if caught participating in revolutionary plots to prohibit the red flag and censorship of literature which preaches disloyalty.

MOWRY APPEAL IN HIGH COURT

Presbyterian Minister Convicted by Japanese in Korea; Carry Up Case.

PYEONG YANG, Korea.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—The full text of the judgment recently passed by the Pyeong Yang district court on Rev. E. Mowry, an American Presbyterian missionary, of Mansfield, O., has been made public. Mr. Mowry was sentenced six months penal servitude for sheltering Korean agitators. The judgment says:

"The accused, a pastor of the American Presbyterian mission and professor of the Sojitsu college at Pyeong Yang, established by the Presbyterian mission, became friends of, and associated with, three Korean students of the said college and two other Korean students of the Sojitsu middle school, also belonging to the American Presbyterian mission.

PROPAGANDA OVER GOBLENZ

German Writers Pretend to Give Impressions of Army of Occupation.

COBLENZ.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Considerable anti-American propaganda has been published in German newspapers since the occupation of the Rhine zone by the American army. Some of their writings set forth wild purports to be their own opinions of the conduct of the American and the feelings of the Germans in the occupied territory.

The writings of one German in a Leipzig newspaper have afforded much amusement to the American intelligence officers who he wrote with the evident intention to put Americans in a bad light before the German civilians.

JESS IN SHAPE



Champion Jess Willard is in condition right now for defense of his title against Jack Dempsey, at Toledo, O., July 4. Unbeknownst to friends he was doing light work at his Kansas home and in making a moving picture recently he has trained down to within easy reach of his fighting weight.

VILLA PICTURESQUE IN HIS VILLIANY

Likes to Do Spectacular Things in Charming His Enemies; Parral a Sample.

EL PASO, Tex., (AP)—Mexicans seldom do anything without an eye for the picturesque and Francisco Villa seems to react to the spectacular. When he attacks a town it is usually on some holiday. He almost always starts his assault just before dawn to heighten the effect and gallops into town, once it has fallen, with all of the awe-inspiring trappings the Mexicans love. Even at Columbus, N. M., Villa donned his one and only full dress uniform, pinned his valor medals to his breast and charged at the head of his bandits.

Attacked on Easter.

The attack and capture of Parral on Easter Saturday and Sunday is an illustration of Villa's capacity for doing the picturesque. The attack on the town was started from the side of Sierra de la Cruz, (the hill of the Cross) on Holy Saturday when all of the natives were wearing their mourning dress to the little adobe church. All day the battle was fought and late into the night. Next morning, as the bells were calling the faithful to Easter morning mass, Villa made his victorious entry into the town riding his big white horse and silver spurs clanking to the center of his street.

HOME GUARDS CREATE ROW

Organized Under Pretense of Keeping Order They Join the Spartacist Movement.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, (AP)—Control of the "Home Guards" has become so acute a problem in various parts of unoccupied Germany that the Prussian government has attempted to meet the situation with regulations to cover all the units, according to information reaching American intelligence officers. Numerous Home Guard companies from town to town have been ordered to be Spartacist nests, when disorders developed, but on the other hand Home Guards serving only on call are easy to recruit and are generally needed in the city community because of the half-Spartacist and half-robber bands which have appeared almost everywhere.

MARCONI SUIT UP IN FRISCO

Seven Million Dollars Involved in Case Against Kilburn and Clark on Patents.

SAN FRANCISCO, (AP)—Seven million dollars in claims and damages, \$4,000,000 of them before the United States Court of Claims, and the right of many trans-oceanic and coastwise vessels to use wireless sets are involved in the case of Marconi Wireless Telegraph company against Kilburn and Clark Wireless company of Seattle, filed before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals here for appeal from a district court judgment in the United States District Court in Seattle.

Aim At Independence

"On March 1, 1919, the above mentioned five students, in conspiracy with the Korean members of the Presbyterian church at Pyeong Yang supported the movement aiming at the independence of Korea, started by Harki and his associates, who held a meeting of many Koreans, Christian believers and Korean students on the ground of the Sojitsu school on March 1.

BORN WHILE NAPOLEON WAS EXILE AT ELBA ISLE

PARIS, (AP)—Paris has just lost a centenarian in the Marquise d'Havrincourt, born December 31, 1814, when Napoleon was planning his last effort in the Isle of Elba. She was nearly 105 years old. The Germans sacked her chateau in 1870 and again in 1914.

Can Purchase Many Things

The writer has been told that the marvelous things one can purchase in the American occupied territory. It was related that American stores had been established where all kinds of food was sold at unbelievably low prices. That is all very true—but the German inhabitants are permitted only to look through the windows of these stores. They can buy nothing. Everything is for the troops only. And only to be gazed at by the Germans are the doughnuts, the chewing gum and the soft drinks of Coblenz, and which are baked from early morning until late at night by the American soldiers in no less than twenty great bakeries.

Supervision of the Home Guards

provides that they shall be under the supervision of the local district and town authorities, with the cooperation of the workmen's councils and farmers' councils. War contracts must be obtained so far as possible. A pledge to the republican form of government and loyalty to authority must be taken. Officers shall be elected. No one elected shall have full authority.

Claimed Infringement

In the original suit the Marconi company claimed patent infringement on certain transmitting and receiving apparatus features, and set the monetary damages at approximately \$3,000,000. The United States navy, however, charged with using some of the patents claimed exclusively by the Marconi company, and a pleading for \$4,000,000 damages was filed in the Court of Claims. The action was started in August, 1918.

March Through Pyeong Yang

"Then they proceeded through the streets of Pyeong Yang. The five students above mentioned who were being searched for by the police went to the accused, Rev. Mowry, and requested him to give them a shelter at his house in the hope that there they would not be arrested by the police. The accused, knowing the fact that the students were being traced by the police on account of their participation in the independence movement and the mob disturbance, complied with their request and gave shelter to them during March 5 and April 4, thus violating the law."

By Spies Prevalent

The writer touches on the work of the military police, saying: "A very unpleasant institution in Coblenz is the spy system. Possession of American property is forbidden. Whoever buys from American soldiers cigarettes, food, shoes and clothing and is caught with the goods is punished with a drastic fine or prison sentence."

WIRE RETURN IS DUE SOON

Senator ellog Reports Favorable Progress on Telegraph Measure.

WASHINGTON, (AP)—Favorable report on the bill of Senator Kellogg, republican of Minnesota, for the immediate return of the telephone and telegraph wires to private ownership was ordered today by the senate interstate commerce committee after the measure had been amended so as to continue existing telephone rates for sixty days after final action by congress. The vote of the committee was unanimous.

Defendants Deny

The Kilburn and Clark company held that there was no infringement as it used a transmitting and receiving apparatus completely different from the Marconi patents. On December 11, 1916, the Seattle court adjudged that certain of the claims of the Marconi company regarding what are known as the Orin or Ledge patents were sustained, but that the patent right has expired and no damages should be forthcoming. Certain other patent claims of the Marconi company were sustained, but it was held that there was no infringement on the part of defendant company.

THIEVES GET MILLION IN A CHICAGO SAFE

Came in Form of Government Check for Soldiers and Had Been Cashed to Meet Demands at Camp Grant.

CHICAGO, (AP)—One million, ten thousand dollars in currency was seized by twenty-four hours when thieves lowered a 300 pound steel safe from the fifth floor army headquarters building down the fire escape early on Sunday morning, it became known today.

Valuable papers were in the safe, but the amount of money contained is not revealed.

The government sent a check for \$1,000,000 to pay off soldiers being mustered out at Camp Grant and one for \$10,000 for pay of Chicago and Port Sheridan employees. The checks were received on Friday morning, a holiday, but Camp Grant needed money and the big check was cashed by the federal reserve bank. The smaller check was not cashed until Saturday.

Placed with Annoyance

"All in all, judgment of the Americans may be summed up thus: They do not in reality behave worse than would any other army of occupation, although the soldiers do annoy the population—annoy it in many respects. And that is the desirable state of affairs. Thereby the idea of separation, which has already made considerable progress here and there in the Rhineland, will lose more and more of its supporters, and it will be easier for the people of the Rhineland to remain a part of the empire."

GERMAN ATTACK ON THE POLES

Invading Force Driven Back After a Sharp Encounter on the Frontier.

PARIS, (AP)—A German detachment, 1,200 strong, from East Prussia, crossed the Polish frontier and attacked the Polish advance guards, according to a Havas dispatch from Warsaw. Polish reinforcements were hastily summoned and counter attacks between Casowice and Grajevo. In a short, sharp action the Germans were repulsed with heavy losses.

Navy Causes Postponement

The navy department secured a postponement of the hearing until after April 9, 1919. "If the war should be over at that time," as it felt a prior judgment might affect its war activity. A motion was entered in the Circuit Court on April 7, 1919, by the Marconi company asking for a continuance hearing.

To Find a Capable Office Helper

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ROSA LUXEMBURG BODY FOUND IN GERMAN CANAL

Held Fast in Dike It Escaped Attention of Divers for a Long Time.

BERLIN, (Sunday, June 1) (AP)—The body of Rosa Luxemburg, the radical socialist, who was killed by a mob in Berlin early in her reign of terror, was found in the Landwehr canal. The body had been found in the Landwehr canal. The body is held fast in the dike, preventing its recovery by divers.

Wireless in Court Room

The case was evolved further by the installation and working of the opposing wireless sets in the court room.

Technically the case revolved around this contention:

The Marconi apparatus contains a closed primary oscillating circuit and an open oscillating circuit, the two inductively coupled and tuned to each other, effecting wireless transmission. The Kilburn and Clark apparatus according to the defendant claims, contains a non-oscillating primary circuit inductively coupled to an open oscillating circuit. The Marconi action claims that there is an inductive coupling in the opposing mechanism and therein lies the infringement.

Don't be content with an undesirable furnished room—for in the classified you will find good ones advertised.

many big vessels and business concerns of apparatus containing the questioned patents. A judgment for the Kilburn and Clark company would mean a loss of the present wireless claims and the right of the defendant corporation to enter generally into the wireless business.

GUYER HOT SPRINGS Season 1919

To open June 7th

Opening Dance June 6

Music by Lyon's Zylophone Jazz Band

E. W. Schubert Management

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Alfalfa, grain, field peas, potatoes and root crops can be successfully grown.

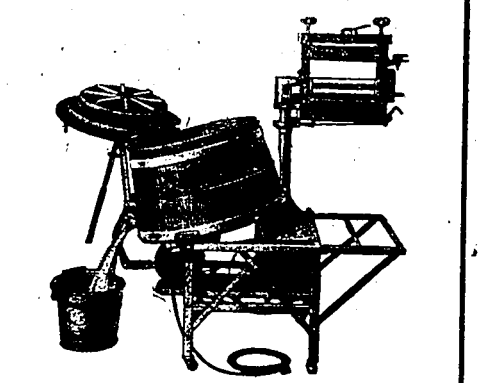
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Ask for Demonstration of the Woodrow Electric Washer

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ROSS L. DOUGLAS, Manager

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO

IRELAND WANTS INDEPENDENCE FOR HER GAIN

Claims That Investors Are Discouraged Through Assertion That She Cannot Govern Herself.

LIMERICK, Ireland — (Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Scores of thousands of American soldiers eagerly have grasped the opportunity to attend the schools which the army now is providing for all the men of the American Expeditionary Force, under the direction of the Educational Corps.

SOLDIERS ATTEND THE SCHOOLS OF THE ARMY

Primary Grades Put in Where Needed; Spend Many Hours at Careful Study.

PARIS — (Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Scores of thousands of American soldiers eagerly have grasped the opportunity to attend the schools which the army now is providing for all the men of the American Expeditionary Force, under the direction of the Educational Corps.

ter them. Floundering through the mud of some little hamlet where American soldiers are stationed, one is likely to stumble upon such a school in full operation. An army chaplain recently chanced upon such a school the pupils of which were standing on the benches because the floor was under six inches of water and in a room dimly lighted by candles stuck in bottles. The sergeant-teacher was using a piece of tarred paper as blackboard. It was 11 o'clock at night and fourteen men whose military duties prevented them from attending in regular hours composed the extra class.

Symbol of Spirit. This little scene is emblematic of the spirit with which the American soldiers have taken advantage of the educational training offered them by the army school system.

Men in some cases are working eight, ten and twelve hours a day at military duties and then studying at night in the post schools, tired in body but doggedly determined. In some cases they have voluntarily worked at night so as to be allowed to attend a lecture or school session in the day time. Illiterate men who have been taught to read and write often ask permission to take their dog-eared primers home with them when their divisions start for America. Thousands of such men have been started on the road to education in the past few months. But it must not be mistakenly assumed that all the soldier boys are coming back "with a higher education." The big idea of the educational corps is to give a man a start and enable him to "find himself," so to speak. Many a soldier has been a round peg in a square hole back

home. The army is helping these men to get started on the right groove. Practically it is the key word of all the educational work. The soldier is not going to school merely for the "fun of it." He wants results that will help him with his job back home and he is getting them. Vocational training is an important and successful feature of the post school and there are few trades that are not taught in some of them. In the academic course, history, English and mathematics hold the major places. If there is sufficient demand for the teaching of a given subject it is placed on the curriculum. Agricultural courses are provided in many of the schools and find many pupils. Fifty per cent of the men in the army are from rural districts and many of them intend to return to their farms. Thousands of city men who have had

their first days of outdoor life since they joined the army declare they will never return to the office stool. They like the independence of the farmer and hope to go into agricultural work when they return. The practical phases of farming are being taught to the men. Teaching of citizenship is an important course. Under this head come labor problems and subjects vital to the national welfare. IDAHOANS ON CASUALTY LIST Current casualty lists reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces include the names of the following Idaho men: Wounded severely, Private Alvin W. Long, Boise; wounded degree undetermined, Private John M. White, Weston; wounded slightly, Wagoner John A. Roberts, Blackfoot.

England Makes Profit

"Material advantages have come out of every movement of the Irish for freedom, but the main grievance remains," said Mr. De Valera. "The one point is we are heavily over-taxed. This year England is making a profit of twenty million out of us. That is she is taxing us thirty-five millions and giving us a government which costs her no more than fifteen millions. These figures are not ours but hers. We have England's word for it."

"Ireland has improved its position in the past years, but we have not advanced industrially. We lack capital and we lack confidence because England and England's agents have told us that we are not fit to govern ourselves, that we lack those essentials which make for self-government of the mass and therefore of the individual. Our farming population, absorbing this sentiment through oft repetition, have withheld their money when it was needed by Irish enterprise. They have deposited it in banks, vast sums of it, and the money has been loaned to Englishmen for the development of English industry."

Merchant Marine Gone

"Limerick some 75 years ago had a prosperous mercantile marine. Now the Shannon bears not on its bosom a single ship that can call Limerick its home port."

"Also we had a fine textile industry, with more textile workers in Ireland than there were then in England."

"We have here the finest river in the world for shipbuilding. We could line the shores of the Shannon with luscious shipyards and workshops. But the people who would take the initiative have not the money, and because we are told we are not capable of self-government, the people who have the money will not lend it to those who could use it."

Cannot Help Herself

"The world is passing through an industrial crisis. Every nation—American, English, France and even Germany, is making preparations for world trade. But Ireland is not allowed to take any industrial step that would help her people here at home. Why, the British government even refused me a passport when I wanted to go to America to place the natural advantages of Limerick before your investors and shipowners. So here we are, high and dry, with the ocean of prosperity all around us."

"We could only take the steps necessary to develop this country if we were assured Ireland would be allowed to make its own laws and put its own government for in no other way could we give American investors any guarantee that England would not tax their investments out of existence."

Must Help Themselves

"I don't have many days of faith in what the rest of the world is going to do for us unless we do something for ourselves. We have stated our principles and at the present time a government of the people of Ireland is in office in Dublin. Of course this government can't have any real power until England withdraws her army of occupation and she is being brought about by pressure from outside of Ireland."

BILL SAWED MUCH TIMBER

Former Emperor Has Cut Up Two Thousand Trees During His Experience.

AMERONGEN, (AP)—Former Emperor William sawed the 2000th tree recently in the presence of the Benick family and the Burgomaster of Amerongen. The tree has been cut up into blocks labeled with "W. 1st" and seven have been presented to friends in Amerongen.

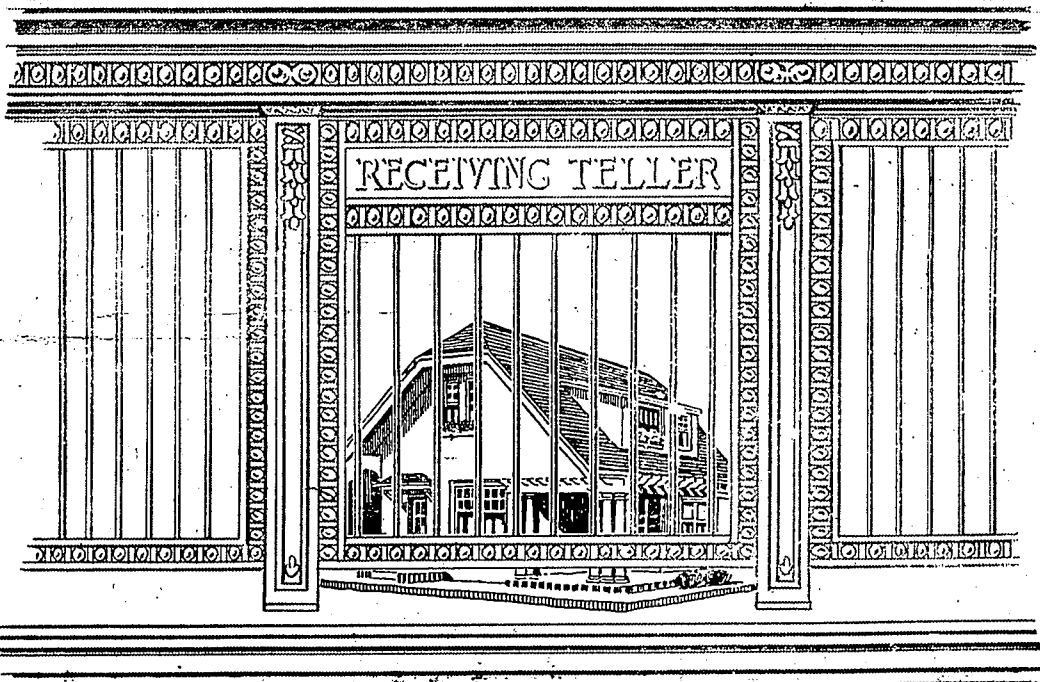
Festivities Indulged In

There were festivities at the castle in honor of the confirmation of Count Benick's young son, Herr Hohenzollern's sawing companion. After the religious ceremony, the boy was summoned to the castle where the one-time monarch congratulated him and gave him a gold tie-clip representing a crowned eagle, personally attaching the clip to his companion's tie.

In the village one occasionally hears such questions as: "What is the fellow doing here; formerly he had no use for Amerongen. The sooner he clears out the better, for you never know what may happen to us while he is here."

Answers and answers of classified ads are practical folks, seeking quick solutions for immediate needs.

The "possible buyers" of your property are "logical readers" of the classified.



If You Would Save Money Easily Build It Into a Home

Every man knows he ought to save money. You know you should. The only reason you don't save is because it is a difficult thing to do.

We are living in an age of comforts and luxuries. When you have a ten dollar bill in your pocket with no definite place in view to put it, there is a very strong probability that it will be spent for something or other of doubtful permanent value. If you wish to save money easily you must establish a strong and constant motive for saving.

When you build a house you obligate yourself to save so much each month. It might be no more than an average rent and again it might be much less. In return for rent money you receive a slip of paper which is absolutely useless but when you make a payment on your home you have invested so much money. It is yours; it cannot get away.

While the money you put into building will be invested in the safest of all securities, it will always be loose and available. If you should run into an unforeseen emergency which demands money you can always obtain it with your property as security.

Every dollar put into your home grows in value. When you entirely own your property it is worth far more to you than the actual number of dollars invested. If you have located wisely and built well you can always sell at a profit. Furthermore you will have acquired the prosperity habit—the habit of managing your money and getting ahead.

In building your own home you not only have selected the safest and most sensible method of saving but you are doing your duty toward your wife and little ones and insuring a happy, secure future for yourself.

No-man really wants to go through life dependent for the shelter of himself and loved ones upon his daily work. Yet this is exactly the case among so many renters. What would happen if your earnings should cease—perhaps forever? Would your family be homeless, or secure in a home of their own?

For the present comfort and safety of your family it is your business to begin saving today. For their future welfare it is right that you come to a full realization of the actual danger of useless spending. And the safest, surest, best way to save is to begin building your own home at once.

There is no real reason for delaying longer. Nothing can be gained by waiting. Authorities concede, it is true, that building costs are somewhat higher today but they also state that costs cannot be lower for some time in the future as yet unforeseen.

For any information you may desire on any subject pertaining to locations, plans, finishings, furnishings, equipments, costs, information concerning architects, contractors, etc.—call at the Building Information Office. Not a thing to sell, but a great deal to give away!

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF A GREATER TWIN FALLS BY

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Twin Falls Title & Abstract Co.
Nibley-Channel Lumber Co.

Salladay Hardware Co.
Ernest White.
Ostrander Lumber Co.
Idaho Power Co.
Twin Falls National Bank.

TWIN FALLS DAILY NEWS

ROYN A. BEAD, President JOHN C. HADVEY, News Editor Telephone 11

Today's News Today

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THE ANARCHIST PLOTS.

Mark Twain, in several of his imitable essays, touches on the disposition of some sentimental folks to make heroes out of murderers and other law-breakers. The idea that they will be the objects of notoriety and of a certain degree of maudlin sympathy from a few foolish persons if caught, undoubtedly impels many weak-minded people, filled with the unhealthy sophistry of violent agitators, to commit deeds such as those perpetrated or attempted by anarchists last night.

There will no doubt be some who are personally harmless who will accept as true to some degree the charge set forth in the copy of "Plain Words" found on the body of the man who was blown to death by his own bomb in front of the residence of the attorney general of the United States, that prosecutions for sedition are to blame. Every person proceeded against for opposing the prosecution of the war was looked upon as a martyr by the perverts who sympathized with him, and these prosecutions have doubtless been used to stir up the perpetrators of crimes; but to fail to prosecute would have meant a cowardly neglect of duty on the part of officials and would have resulted in the killing of thousands more of the brave boys who were fighting to secure liberty for all the people of the world, including the misguided criminals who throw bombs. Hence, only those lacking balance and sound patriotism will say that the prosecution of those opposing the laws, enacted for the protection of American independence and nationality, in accordance with the constitution, are responsible for such crimes.

That the principal object of these criminals is not to avenge real or fancied wrongs by officials in discharge of their duties is made clear by the fact that the sole victim of the bomb outrages of May 1 was former Senator Hardwick whose family and servants suffered from an explosion of an infernal machine sent to his home. Now Hardwick was a senator who fought almost every measure looking toward the prevention of anti-war activity. He denounced the espionage law, the draft law and other measures of the sort and was so persistent in this respect that, although a democrat, President Wilson denounced him for failure to sustain the war, and he was defeated at the primaries on this very issue. This fact is notorious and must have been known to the man who sent him the bomb.

Government officials are reported today to be puzzled over the destruction of a church by anarchists, if the sole object was to punish certain individuals. The fact is that the punishment of individual officials was only an incident. The main object of the anarchist is to overthrow the social order. The church stands in his way. The idea of the Creator as a law giver sets up an ideal for human beings to follow; the ideal of progress within a law made in conformity to the Universal Plan; the anarchist hates the idea of law, therefore, down with the Creator and with everything that does Him honor. Similarly an official, any official, being in some degree a representative of law, is to be stricken down, therefore, Hardwick, who opposed the espionage law, was just as much an object of hatred by this class as Judge Landis or Attorney General Palmer, who enforced it.

No such law prompted the assassination of McKinley, who was also personally loved by all regardless of party. But he stood for government, therefore, he must be killed.

These soft sentimentalists who condemn efforts of this sort by expressing pity for the perpetrators, on the theory that these anarchists in a muddled way are standing up for equal rights, fail to see that what the anarchist wants is not equal rights at all, but the most not equal sort of class domination. He is not satisfied with having the proletarian have a share in government in proportion to number; he wants the rule of a single class and the suppression of the rights of all other classes, including the organized laborers.

In Russia the Bolshevik, adopting in practice the theory of the anarchists, overturned the social revolutionary party of Kerensky, eliminated the moderate party of social democrats, dissolved organizations of peasants and of regular labor unions and drove out at the point of the bayonet a national assembly elected by the votes of all the people. They did not want popular rule, they wanted their own despotism.

During the war, the department of justice of the United States was assailed by two classes of critics. One thought it was too severe, another thought it not severe enough. In some degree the department officials pleaded guilty to both charges.

That, in fact, it admitted that in a few instances the prosecutions were carried on with such zeal by local district attorneys that men were actually convicted on insufficient evidence. On the other hand, they admitted that certain district attorneys showed a degree of laxity that indicated a lack of full realization of conditions. Those who were convicted without a fair trial have generally been able to get the verdict set aside and a new trial granted. Where trials were unfair the department and the people generally deplore the fact, and there is nothing in such conditions to warrant the conclusion that human society must be violently overthrown.

But the trouble with the anarchistic critics and their sentimental sympathizers is that their grievance is not against the manner in which the law was enforced, but against the law itself. They deny the right of the organized state to provide for its own protection.

According to Emma Goldman, anarchy is to be defined as philosophy of government based upon the theory that all government is founded upon violence and not upon the democratic consent of the governed. Anarchism presupposes the idea that man as a whole is a pretty decent sort of chap and may be depended upon to be right of his own free will and accord, without any law or legal rules of conduct whatever.

The falsity of this sort of reasoning was never seen to better advantage than in the crime of the last twenty-four hours. Crimes which nothing under heaven can justify and which no cleansed mind or woman would attempt to condone. Anarchy itself is organized criminality towards God and man.

Directly opposite lives Rear Admiral Theodore S. D. The house of Helmer H. Bryn, Norwegian minister, adjoints that of Admiral Jewell and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin B. Roosevelt lives a short distance away.

Residence in the entire block were damaged. Windows were shattered and the fronts of the houses were marked by pieces of flying concrete. Pieces of the anarchist were blown through some of the windows.

Several persons were injured nearby houses, including the sons of the Norwegian minister, were thrown from their beds by the force of the explosion.

All available men of the bureau of investigation have been assigned to the case.

Congress Ready to Act Leaders in both the house and senate said today they were ready to act immediately in passing any legislation necessary to deal with acts of violence designed to overthrow the government, but some believed existing law was sufficient.



German Suffering Not Apparent Little Evidence of Actual Want in Occupied Area, According to Eye Witness in Letter to Twin Falls Business Man.

That Germany is not suffering half as much as she would have the world believe and that, as a matter of fact, the indications are that she has suffered less from the war than any single nation involved, are points set forth in a letter of unusual interest received from a former comrade in France by L. L. Breckenridge of Twin Falls. Germany was compelled to quit, but that she was defeated, or will acknowledge even to herself that she was beaten is not apparent in the attitude of the German population or in the conditions which obtain in that portion of the country now in allied hands. The letter is of unusual interest in a number of ways and may be accepted as a first hand analysis of actual conditions existing within the observation of the correspondent. It follows: "Germany looks perfectly beautiful on these lovely May days. They have such well filled fields, such clean streets, such well built homes, such substantial roads and bridges, and so many evidences of thoroughness everywhere that one could hardly but wonder why they ever made such a great mistake as to start this war. Surely they were on a high road to commercial greatness if they had but been satisfied with that form of conquest. When I read that they raise 25 bushels of wheat on every acre they sow, while we raise an average of 12 to 18 bushels, on every acre we sow in America, I feel that these old farmers have some lessons for our boys. They (the boys) would do well to learn to make fun of their ox teams, or cow teams in fact, and of their

old-fashioned plows and harrows, never over thinking that their 25 bushels of wheat per acre may come into competition with our 12 bushels per acre, in a few years. It is remarkable what little expense these people have in producing the big crops they raise. They pay nothing for fuel, nothing for labor, live very simple, so everything they get is 'valued.' And I can see no evidences of poverty except here. I've been in Cologne a dozen times; also in Bonn and Cologne; and have lectured in some eighty villages and cities, and while there is an absolute lack of some things like fats, still they have an abundance of vegetables and eggs, it seems to me. There is a shortage of meats and it will be some time, as all forms of stock were killed to make fats in the war. In many ways, I suppose, it is true that they have suffered severely from the war, where the casual visitor does not see or appreciate it. But they do have fine homes. Homes like the one we occupied in St. Omer are to be seen here, with all modern conveniences, in all of the better class villages. Even every little village almost has its electric lights and its sewerage.

men had been killed by the explosion, because parts of two legs were found where they had been, and a hand, however, was established only one man had been killed.

Evidence that the plot was carefully planned was contained in a pamphlet entitled 'Plain Words' found at the home of Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer, whose house in the fashionable section here was partly wrecked by a bomb, being thrown there at a time has come when the social question's solution can be delayed no longer; class war is on and cannot cease until the complete victory for the international proletariat.

The pamphlet, one of a large number scattered about after the bomb, which had been intended to destroy Mr. Palmer, contains a list of names which led to his the author of the crime, was signed "The Anarchistic Fighters." It undoubtedly was intended as a slight to show the reign of terrorism was on.

Palmer Active Prosecutor Mr. Palmer has been active in urging anti-Bolshevik measures and the attack on him as well as on various court judges and officials as representatives of law and order are obvious to the authorities, but government agents were at a loss to understand the attempt to destroy him at a church in Philadelphia. The full list of cities in which explosions occurred were New York, Washington, Cleveland, Pittsburgh two, Philadelphia two, Boston, Pitts-

ers in Newtonville, were part of the nationwide plot. Pamphlets entitled "plain words" were found scattered outside the houses, some also in the wreckage. No one was injured in either explosion. Absence of the Hayden family probably saved their lives.

Radicals Routed Up A roundup of radicals was begun by agents of the department of justice and in a short time fifteen men, mostly Russians, had been arrested as suspects in the wrecking of five homes here in the nationwide bomb outrage.

Searching in Ohio CLEVELAND, (AP)—Police of Cleveland, Columbus and other cities are today searching for two men who are believed to have planted the bomb at the home of Mayor Harry L. Davis late last night. No one was injured.

The bomb was planted under a cellar window in the neighborhood of the residence of a Jew. The explosion occurred north side of the house. Windows in many houses for several blocks were broken and also in the houses of Mayor Davis was seated on the lawn on the opposite side of the house with his wife and several friends when the explosion occurred.

Pittsburg Police Active PITTSBURGH, (AP)—A squad of policemen and detectives was thrown around Pittsburgh today in an effort to apprehend the perpetrators of two bomb explosions in different sections of the city. The outrages were directed against United States District Judge W. H. S. Thompson, and W. W. Sibbey, chief inspector of the bureau of immigration. No one was injured.

Investigate in Philadelphia PHILADELPHIA, (AP)—Authorities are investigating the bomb explosions which late last night badly damaged the rectory of a Catholic church and the residence of a Jew. Three persons were injured, one seriously. One man has been arrested. The front of the church was torn away and a woman in the neighborhood was injured. An aged woman was injured when the

TROOPS GET A RIGHT TO GO INTO MEXICO

Officers in Uniform Given Privilege of Entering; Warm Welcome Given by General Obregon to Visitors.

NOGALES, Ariz., (AP)—Acting under instructions from Washington, Colonel Earl Carnahan, commanding the military subdistrict of Nogales, accompanied by Collector of Customs Charles C. J. Bowyer, Major Wirt S. Bowman of Nogales, crossed the international border yesterday and obtained the permission of President Carranza of Mexico, Sonora, for officers of the United States army in uniform to enter Nogales, Sonora. This official announcement was made here today.

The president gave the American officials a warm welcome and immediately granted their request. The visitors also were received by General Alvarez Obregon and Collector of Customs Diaz of Sonora, both of whom announced they were pleased to see the United States renewing its efforts to promote friendly relations with Mexico.

Demands Protection of Americans WASHINGTON, (AP)—Reports of disturbed conditions in the Yaqui valley in Sonora have caused the state department through the American embassy in the city of Mexico to request that Mexican authorities be stationed enough of their troops in that section to safeguard American lives and property.

On Official Business LAREDO, Tex., (AP)—General Canillo Aguilar, Mexican minister of foreign relations arrived early today at Nuevo Laredo, opposite Brownsville, on his way to Washington to report to the president. The purpose of the trip was given as "official business."

LAREDO, Tex., (AP)—Andres Garcia, Mexican consul general at El Paso, arrived here today to confer with Canillo Aguilar, the Carranzan minister of foreign relations, who is on his way to Washington. Garcia had not been summoned to Mexico City as had been reported.

Reports Misleading Garcia, who received of some here "privately" pay his respects to the cabinet officials, and many news reports on the situation in the state of Chihuahua were very misleading and exaggerated. It was stated that bandit activity had increased, he said, there had been no developments of importance.

Men Reported to Have about 2,000 men on the way to attack Chihuahua City, he said, but so far as he has been able to learn the attack has not yet been made. When it comes, however, it will be defeated by the most effective force yet opposed to him," Garcia predicted.

WILLARD GETS UP FOR TOWNWORK

Big Bruiser Takes Up Task of Training in Earnest; Is in Good Condition.

TOLEDO, (AP)—Thoroughly rested from his tiresome journey from California, Jess Willard is ready to settle down to training in earnest on the shores of Maumee bay for his heavyweight championship contest with Jack Dempsey here July 4. The title-holder plans to leave on the road for five miles, and to do his first boxing in the camp this afternoon.

Tom Rickard, promoter, was so pleased with the road work of Willard's condition that he had picked the winner of the match would be a guess.

GENERAL STRIKE CALLED

VAN COUVER, B. C., (AP)—A general strike was called here at 11 a. m. today.

Advertisement in the Classified columns.

Interior of the Jeweler's house was wrecked.

The automobile used by the men who bombed the Catholic church was found early today abandoned in Fairmount park. The car had been stolen.

The police are searching for clues to the identity of the man who was killed in exploding a bomb at the home of Attorney General Palmer in Washington.

Had May Have Helped CHICAGO, (AP)—Possibility that some of the alleged radicals taken in a raid several days ago were connected in the widespread bomb plot was advanced today by the reason no explosions took place here last night. Of the score of men arrested in the raid, eight now are awaiting deportation.

After first reports of explosions special guards were placed about homes of several public men here.

"My business is different - I can't advertise." Stop right there, please. The very fact that your business IS different is the reason you CAN advertise.

If all stores were exactly alike, advertising would be a difficult problem.

The question is not, "Can I use advertising?" It is, CAN I SURVIVE WITHOUT ADVERTISING?

COMPETITION is growing keener.

Business men are feeling today more than ever the tremendous business building power of publicity. They are talking about their merchandise and their service to thousands of people daily through their newspaper advertisements.

According to Bradstreet and Dun, 84 per cent of business failures are among firms WHO DO NOT ADVERTISE.

RECOGNITION RHENISH PLEA

Two Telegrams Forwarded by Dorten to the Paris Peace Conference.

WIESBADEN, (AP)—Dr. Dorten, a former state's attorney and head of the provisional government of the Rhenish republic yesterday forwarded two telegrams to the allied peace delegates at Paris. In one he announced that the delegates of the Rhenish republic had assembled at Wiesbaden and proclaimed the Rhenish republic, adding:

"They do not propose to shirk the obligations connected with the work of restoration in Belgium and Northern France. They implore the protection of the French authorities against their opponents and beg the privilege of coming to Paris for negotiations."

The second telegram was as follows: "Everything is quiet in France. The majority of the population is with us."

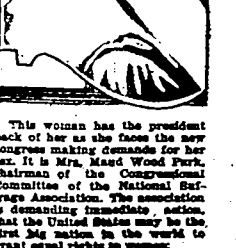
WYOMING GIRL UP FOR MURDER

Under Arrest in Hasting, Neb., for Killing Her Own Little Baby.

HASTINGS, Neb., (AP)—Complaint charging first degree murder today was filed in district court by the county attorney against Minnie Owen said to be a former resident of Douglas, Wyo., who yesterday killed her two months' old baby by slaying it with what she called a "kitchen knife." The woman is being held pending an investigation as to her sanity. She came to Hastings last April.

Rusty Steel. To clean rusty steel, oil well the rusty parts and set aside in this state for two or three days. Then wipe dry with clean rags and polish with emery or pumice stone. When very rusty and a little polish is desired rub the article with a little slack lime.

PRODS CONGRESS FOR EQUAL RIGHTS VOTE



This woman has the president back of her as she faces the new congress making demands for her sex. It is Mrs. Wood Park, chairman of the Congressional Committee on the National Suffrage Association. The association is demanding immediate action, that the United States may be the first to pass a law which would grant equal rights to women.

FILTERED WATER PROMISED CITY IN SHORT TIME

Supt. John J. Pilgerrim Says Filtration Plant is Being Tested Out and Pure Water for Twin Falls at Hand.

On Monday, next week, under the present plans, filtered water will be delivered to Twin Falls consumers through all of the mains and pipes of the municipal waterworks system. This is the statement made today by John J. Pilgerrim, superintendent of waterworks.

The announcement has been deferred from the several days past because of leaks developing in the settling basin from which water is taken into the filter beds, although the filtration plant proper has been completed and ready for operation for nearly five weeks.

Limit to Come Off
On the day that filtered water is turned into the mains, Superintendent Pilgerrim stated, the law for lawn sprinkling will be suspended. The new filtration plant has a capacity of 2,000,000 gallons every 24 hours. Superintendent Pilgerrim estimates that one-third of the capacity will be ample for the maximum present needs of Twin Falls. This gives 200 gallons daily for each consumer.

Only filtered water will be delivered through the mains once the filtration plant is set in operation, and it will be delivered through the mains once the filtration plant is set in operation, and it will be furnished both for domestic use and for lawn sprinkling.

BACCALAUREATE PROGRAM FOR KIMBERLY GRADUATES
Members of Senior Class with Relatives and Friends Attend Commencement Exercises.

Real Estate Transfers
Furnished by the Twin Falls Title and Abstract Company

Square Amended Complaint
Cattlemen Suing Suit Against Local Sheepmen for \$25,000 Damages.

Relieve Note Sureties
Jury in District Court Says Maker Alone Responsible for Payment.

Telephone Coal
Nibley-Channel Lumber Company

LUCK LOOMS BIG AS FACTOR WITH LOCAL ANGLERS

Conflicting Reports on Fish to Be Found in Various Streams Are Brought Back by First Day Excursionists.

Except where high or muddy water would have not so much of the efforts of the most skillful angler, the results of fishing excursions in this region on the opening day of the season Sunday, so far as Twin Falls fishermen are concerned, were not very encouraging in proportion to the skill or luck of the individual fishermen engaged. Out of four parties for instance, returning from the day's fishing on Bliver creek, two reported splendid catches and two reported no luck at all. The same is true with respect to fishermen who, reporting to the Mallard river, Rock creek, Salmon river and Sand springs, according to the reports brought back by the fishermen, were without disappointments for the anglers, while no luck seems to be fact on Ballinger creek, Wood river or Flat Creek.

Stories They Tell
Out of the reports brought back by Twin Falls fishermen on Sunday, and nearly every town man wearing an unusual touch of sunburn is to be suspected of being spent the day at the water's edge with his fishing outfit—the following have been most discussed:
D. R. Johnson and party on the Mallard river, caught the limit, using flies.
Delivered to the Mallard river, Frank McAuley, Edwin A. Wilson on Bliver creek, report great luck with the use of flies and spinners.

Guard Against Trouble
The filtration plant is being tested out at the present time under the supervision of representatives of the Pittsburgh Filter Company, which is the principal contractor. Supervising Engineer, Carl E. Painter, Superintendent Pilgerrim and Julius Gagnon, who is to be in charge of the plant.

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Breath of School Days in These



Organdy, white and figured Georgettes and gips are the "school day" fabrics which the miss is to wear this summer in remembrance of study hours which have retreated. All are frilled and tucked until distinct character of the individual is brought out in the selections. Hemstitched net trills, pinnings of lace, fringes and postures combined in some one of the four new models shown here by Fashion Art delineators.

BOARD DEFERS ITS ACTION ON NURSES' HOME

Opens and Considers Bids on General Contract and Plumbing Heating; Early Award is Indicated in Statements.

The county commissioners Monday opened three bids on the general contract for construction of a nurses' home to be built on the county general hospital grounds and considered as many proposals for the installation of plumbing and heating fixtures as the building, but took no action either to accept or reject any or all bids.

Real Estate Transfers
Furnished by the Twin Falls Title and Abstract Company

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Real Estate Transfers
Furnished by the Twin Falls Title and Abstract Company

GEORGE WASHINGTON IS ORDERED READY

President's Special Ship Prepares to Sail at Twelve Hours Notice After June 5.

BREAST, (AP)—The liner George Washington, in which President Wilson has three times crossed the Atlantic, has been ordered to be ready to sail on 12 hours' notice at any time after midnight June 5. Vernon with 6,000 regulars from the sixth division under command of Major General Walter H. Gordon, sailed this morning for New York, The Sibony and the Oriana, each carrying 4,000 men of the eighty-first division, sailed last night for Newport News.

CHANGE OF BUTCHERS IN BRITISH EMPIRE
Tired of Those to Whom They Were Assigned, Getting Patronize New Store.

LONDON, (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—Nearly everyone in England has changed butchers in the past few weeks or is doing so now. When strict rationing was in force each householder was compelled to register with one butcher and buy all meat from him. People were standing in line for the butcher's supplies, his shoppers were cleaned every day before his customers could get what they wanted, and he was irritated at price and allotment. A few sharp words and soon the butcher and the consumer were hardly on speaking terms. This went on during the war because the butcher if he had meat was forced to supply the registrant, he could not over-charge him and the registrant was forced to purchase from that butcher.

Real Bargains!
50x65 concrete garage. Fully equipped lot 50x125 each. Price for all \$2,500.00, \$3,000 cash, balance 3 yearly payments.

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50x65 concrete garage. Fully equipped lot 50x125 each. Price for all \$2,500.00, \$3,000 cash, balance 3 yearly payments.

FARM SOCIETY MEETS IN THE UTAH CAPITAL

First of Series of Gatherings at Which Many Organizations Will Make Effort to Combine to Push Common Interests.

SALT LAKE CITY, (AP)—The first of a series of meetings of farmers' organizations to be held in western states for the purpose of accomplishing a fusion of all economic, agricultural, horticultural and distorting organizations in the United States, opened here today under the auspices of the International Farmers' association, formerly known as the Intermountain Association of Sugar Beet Growers.

Among the speakers scheduled to address today's gathering are United States Senator Thomas F. Gore, Gifford Pinchot, Dr. W. J. Spillman, editor of the Farm Journal of Pennsylvania; J. A. McSparran, master of the Pennsylvania state grange; Charles S. Barrett, national president of the farmers' union; Milo D. Campbell, president of the National Federation of Milk Producers, and Morris McAnulty, president of the farmers' union of Kansas.

Other Meetings Scheduled
According to A. A. Elmore of Spokane, president of the Washington State Farmers' union, who is chairman of the organization committee of the National Board of Farm Organizations, it is hoped through the series of meetings to be held in western states this month, to federate the farming organizations of the sections represented.

In a recent interview outlining the purpose of the meeting, Mr. Elmore said that besides the purpose of forming a national organization of farmers, a second purpose is to secure support of the farmers for the proposed plan to erect a national temple of agriculture in Washington, D. C., in which would be housed the various national farmers' organizations, and a third purpose, to bind together all farmers organizations of the nation into one body, which can make its influence felt in the affairs of the country.

Excellent hog feed for sale. The Twin Falls Flour Mills. (Adv.)

Paris Has Its Own Little Monte Carlo

PARIS, (AP)—It may not be generally known that Paris has its own Little Monte-Carlo a few miles from its gates with a beautiful Casino where roulette and other gambling games may be played, and containing a club (without any intricacies of election) where baccharat and its like may be indulged in. Its name is Engle-Joe-Elites the bath and mineral waters of the little town being of medical value sufficient to cover the Casino as a necessity for its visitors.

The dangers of a gambling center at the very gates of Paris led the chamber of deputies to vote in 1913 that no casino should be allowed within sixty miles of the capital. The bill was still before the senate when the war began and Engle-Joe's Casino became a hospital and is to be brought up for discussion again soon.

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Any Wireman Can Install
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AMERICAN ELECTRIC CO.
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USED CARS AT Bargain Prices

One Five-Passenger Cole in Good condition.

MAGEL BROS.

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BETTER FEELING MANIFESTED IN BOTH AMERICAS

Secretary Redfield Addresses Pan-American Conference on Mutual Service in Commerce.

UNLESS ALL SERVE ALL WILL FAIL HE DECLARES

Mexicans Make Diplomatic Protest Concerning Address of Speaker Gillett Before Gathering Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, (AP)—Secretary Redfield, the principal speaker at the morning session of the Pan-American commercial conference today. He was followed by Minister Tudela of Peru.

Pointing out how American business men now were able to extend credit and no longer were compelled to depend upon the fleets of competing nations to handle their goods, he announced that at the request of the shipping board, he had suggested a shorter steamship routes, one to the north and one to the south of South America, not only for communications between the United States and the South American countries, but also for communications between two states of South America themselves.

WASHINGTON (AP)—Diplomatic protest has been made by the Mexican embassy against the speech delivered by Speaker Gillett yesterday at the Pan-American congress in which he declared Mexico the greatest impediment to the establishment of satisfactory trade relations between the American republics.

STRIKERS QUIT DAILY PARADE TOPARLIAMENT

Personal Interview Instead; Military Rule Probable on Account of Attitude of Police.

WINNIPEG, Man., (AP)—Strike sympathizers who have made three parades to the provincial parliament since Friday and who yesterday announced a similar demonstration would be held today, changed their minds shortly before noon. A small party proceeded to Victoria park for a mass meeting and several of the leaders went to parliament to obtain a personal interview with Premier T. O. Norris.

Military Protection Likely. Possibility of military protection for Winnipeg was increased today. It was announced at the city hall that executives of the policeman's union have formally notified the city that if an attempt is made to enforce the new policeman's pledge, the entire police force will go on strike.

For the first time since the sympathetic strike was declared, the Labor News today assailed the railway brotherhoods. This statement was published for the first time in the newspaper, a settlement, there were the old Tories of the labor movement, but the strike committee in accepting their offer of mediation has shown a willingness to try all avenues that might lead to a settlement.

Service Men Drop Out. Officials of the War Veterans' association explained that the majority of returned soldiers who figured in the previous parade "accepted the advice of their executives" to refrain from further demonstrations. The parade "probably fell through" because of this fact.

SYLLMAN SUCCEEDS WANDERLIP AS PRESIDENT

NEW YORK, (AP)—Frank Arthur Wanderlip announced today his resignation as president of the National City bank. Mr. Wanderlip was elected president in January, 1909. James A. Stillman, son of the late president of the bank who bore the same name, was elected in his place.

OLD WARSHIPS ARE SCRAPPED

Several Out of Commission and Others Will Soon Be Used for Targets.

WASHINGTON, (AP)—Twelve pre-dreadnought battleships will be relieved of active duty with the fleet placed out of commission and eventually broken up for junk or used as targets by more modern vessels under plans now being worked out by the navy department. The ships are of the "mixed battery" type and are not considered to be of any value against latest fighting craft.

Four of the battleships, the historic squadron comprising the Oregon, Indiana, Iowa and Massachusetts, have already been relegated to the scrap yard. The remaining eight, apparently doomed to the same fate, are the Kearsarge, Kentucky, Illinois, Alabama, Wisconsin, Maine, Missouri and Ohio.

Cost Large Sum. The twelve vessels, built between 1883 and 1901, represent a total expenditure for hulls and machinery of more than \$75,000,000.

Some Broken Up. The ships long ago outlived their usefulness as combat units in a fighting fleet, although when they were built they were among the most formidable war vessels afloat. All were used during the war with Germany as training ships or coast defense units.

May Sink Four. It has been suggested that a number of the vessels could be well utilized as coast defense units by sinking them in shallow water at the entrance to the more important harbors, making them virtually forts. It is possible that four of them will be used for this purpose.

With these twelve ships stricken from the navy register, the fleet will comprise forty dreadnaughts and pre-dreadnaughts, 29 of them of the most modern type and eleven of slightly older class. Included in the dreadnaught class are the Iowa, Massachusetts and South Carolina class through the new Colorado and Massachusetts classes, not yet completed.

QUITS FIGHT ON CHARGE

A. T. Dalsell, Denied Continuance, Pleads Guilty to Charge Possession. Albert T. Dalsell, charged with illegal possession of intoxicating liquor, whose case was set for trial in district court here Monday, waived the statutory time for entering a plea of guilty when his motion for continuance of the case was denied by the court. Saturday next was set as the time for pronouncing judgment in the case.

Several tax cases on even if your tenant moves away, avoid evictions and losses through an expert advertising campaign in the classified.

BERLIN ORDERS ARREST OF THE DENISH HEAD

Would Jail Dorten; Protests Made Against Ill Behavior of French Officials in Occupied Provinces of Rhineland.

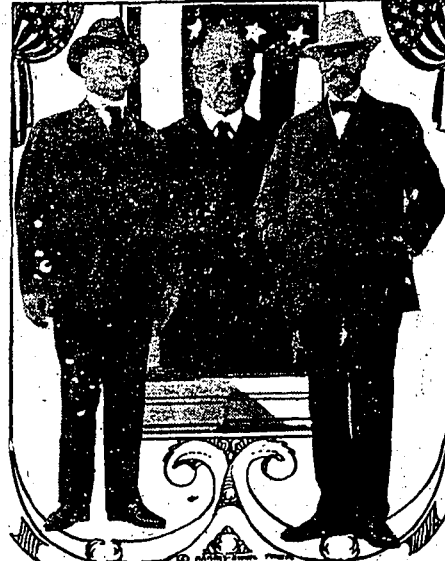
BERLIN, (AP)—The German government has issued an order for the arrest of Dr. Dorten, president of the new Rhinish republic, the North German Gazette announces. The government also, the newspaper states, has ordered protests both at Paris and at Spa, the headquarters of the armistice commission against the behavior of the French authorities in the occupied area.

Believed Former Assistant. The president of the new Rhinish republic probably is Dr. H. A. Dorten, of Oberkassel, who has been a well-known adviser regarding Dr. Dorten stated that he was from Bonn and held a civilian office before the war. Dr. H. A. Dorten is a member of the German directory as an assessor at Oberkassel.

If you have something to sell, your road to market is a short and pleasant one, leading through the classified.

Twin Falls Title & Abstract Co. ABSOLUTE BUILDING. Farm and City Loans.

Pilots in Reconstruction Congress



The eyes of the nation are on Washington as new legislation vital to our progress in the reconstruction period is promised. The shifting of power in this session means new faces as Republicans replace Democrats. On the right is Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas, Republican whip in the Senate. In the center, a new picture of Speaker Frederick H. Gillette, of Massachusetts, at his desk in the House. On the right, Senator Albert Cummins of Iowa, president pro tem of the Senate and ranking member of the committee on interstate commerce, which has charge of railroad legislation.

MEXICAN NATION HAS MUCH TRADE

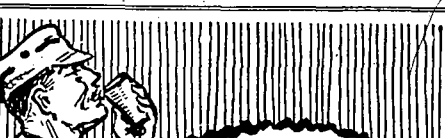
Report Shows Large Imports and Exports; State Exempts Enterprise from Tax.

WASHINGTON, (AP)—The report of the Mexican government to exports for the year 1918, received today through official channels and shows the total export business as \$67,305,451, 65 cents, of which Great Britain took 4,372,000, 074,300 francs. There was shipped to Europe goods valued at 6,034,000 pesos, of which Great Britain took 4,372,000 pesos; Spain 1,056,400 pesos and France only 6,000 pesos.

FAMOUS DICKENS RESORT IS TO BE PUT ON SALE. IPSICH, Eng., (AP)—The Great White Hotel, one of the famous of Dickens Inns, is to be sold.

GERMANY TO INCREASE HER TAX ON TOBACCO. BERLIN, (AP)—Germany plans to materially increase its income through increased cigarette and tobacco taxes.

These are exactly the conditions established as an inducement for investors of development to enter the Tampico oil fields. The Mexican government observed the tax exemption provisions only two years. The Diaz government then was overthrown and the succeeding governments in Mexico have levied and collected taxes.



Men who work hard need the "punch". This beverage adds to their noon day lunch.

Advertisement for Blatz beer, featuring the Blatz logo and text: "Refreshing, Nourishing, Strengthening. Always the same good old BLATZ. Made by Blatz - Milwaukee. W.C. Blatz & Co., Dist'rs. Twin Falls and Postville, Idaho."

Today's Markets

Chicago Livestock. CHICAGO, (U. S. Bureau of Markets) (AP)—Hogs—Receipts 69,000; market opened 10c to 15c lower than yesterday's general trade, mostly 10c to 25c lower; curly top \$20.50; bulk \$20.10; 20.35; heavy weight \$20.20; 20.40; medium weight \$20.10; 20.40; light weight \$19.75; 20.10; heavy packing sows \$19.75; 20.10; packing sows rough \$19.25; 19.75; pigs \$18.75.

Omaha Livestock. OMAHA (AP)—Receipts 15,500; market generally 10c to 15c lower; heavy weight \$19.00; 19.25; medium weight \$18.85; 19.10; light weight \$18.60; 19.35; light hogs \$19.10; 19.75; heavy packing sows, smooth \$19.75; 19.85; packing sows, rough \$19.50; 19.75; pigs, medium \$17.75; 18.75.

RED CROSS DOES GREAT WORK FOR THE BELGIANS. BRUSSELS, (AP)—Since the armistice, the American Red Cross commission for Belgium has distributed some 8,000,000 francs for the benefit of various Belgian charitable works; 1,300,000 francs to help Belgian refugees returning to their homes; 1,000,000 francs for the mutilated soldiers and civilians; 1,250,000 francs for delicate children; 2,000,000 francs for organization combating tuberculosis; 120,000 francs for military hospitals; 250,000 francs for civilian hospitals, and 50,000 francs for building wooden houses for Germans in 1914 and where nearly 7000 people are now living in the ruins of their devastated homes.

NEW YORK Produce. NEW YORK, (AP)—Butter weak; creamery higher than extras 54 1/2c; 55c; creamery extras 53 1/2c; 54c; firsts 53 3/4c; packing stock current milk No. 2, 44 1/2c; 45c.

NEW YORK Cattle. NEW YORK, (AP)—Cattle—Receipts 10,000 and 1000 calves; slow; steady, \$14.75; 15c; heifers \$10.00; 11.00; cows \$10.00; 11.00; calves \$12.50; 14.00; stockers \$7.25; 8.25.

BERLIN, (AP)—Germany plans to materially increase its income through increased cigarette and tobacco taxes. Smokers see prospects of further hardship in this. The cigarette tax yielded 520,000,000 marks in the first nine months of 1919. Simultaneously, cigarettes steadily deteriorated in quality until they both were expensive and wretchedly poor.

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Kansas City Livestock. KANSAS CITY, (U. S. Bureau of Markets) (AP)—Hogs—Receipts 22,000; market 10c to 15c lower than yesterday's general trade, mostly 10c to 25c lower; curly top \$20.50; bulk \$20.10; 20.35; heavy weight \$20.20; 20.40; medium weight \$20.10; 20.40; light weight \$19.75; 20.10; heavy packing sows \$19.75; 20.10; packing sows rough \$19.25; 19.75; pigs \$18.75.

St. Joseph Livestock. ST. JOSEPH, (AP)—Hogs—Receipts, 5000; lower; top \$20.45; bulk, \$20.30. Cattle—Receipts 1500; steady; steers \$12.10; 12.75; cows and heifers \$9; 10c; calves \$7; 14.75.

Chicago Produce. CHICAGO, (AP)—Butter, unchanged. Eggs—Lower; receipts 66,878 cases; firsts 38 1/2c; 39c; ordinary firsts, 37@38c; at mark, cases included, 38 1/2c @ 39 1/2c; storage packed firsts 41c @ 41 1/2c; extra 42c.

Omaha Livestock. OMAHA (AP)—Receipts 15,500; market generally 10c to 15c lower; heavy weight \$19.00; 19.25; medium weight \$18.85; 19.10; light weight \$18.60; 19.35; light hogs \$19.10; 19.75; heavy packing sows, smooth \$19.75; 19.85; packing sows, rough \$19.50; 19.75; pigs, medium \$17.75; 18.75.

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Boyd Hospital LABORATORY Twin Falls, Idaho

Advertisement for Boyd Hospital Laboratory, featuring text: "Established 1905. A new department of the hospital, fully equipped to lend valuable aid toward making a diagnosis. Without a proper diagnosis, no disease can be properly treated. Diseases, such as typhoid, syphilis, malaria, tuberculosis, anemia, influenza, obscure diseases of the blood and nervous system, Bright's disease, and cancer, can be diagnosed by laboratory tests alone. In nearly every disease known, valuable diagnostic, as well as prognostic aid can be given by careful examination of the blood, urine, sputum, gastric contents, specimens of tissue, such as cancerous and tuberculous glands, bacterial examinations of pus spinal fluid contents, and inflammatory exudates, such as pus in the lung, etc. No disease is of such minor importance that the patient is not justified in demanding every means toward an accurate diagnosis."