

TIMES Want Ads Get RESULTS for Others, and Will Get Results for YOU

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OLD VOL. XIII. NO. 54.—NEW VOL. I. NO. 101.

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1918

YANKES PUSH NORTHWARD ON THE BATTLELINE

ADVANCE FROM MEUNIERE WOOD. IN DRIFTING RAIN STORM.

Fismes Reported in Flames by Aviators

Lumber Jacks Consolidate With Other Americans—Hun Efforts to Recapture Clerges Fall—Touons Abandon Guns.

Henry G. Welos, (I. N. S. Staff Correspondent) WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY AT THE MARNE, Aug. 2.—Despite a heavy downpour of rain the Americans have continued their operations toward Meunier wood, thrusting the Germans back.

The French war office in its communique Thursday night announced the capture of the height north of Grand Hure, Clerges and Meunier wood. There were no military hand to hand conflicts there.

The British gladly admitted, no that the rolling barrage which opened the way for the infantry came from the threats of American cannons as well as from British and French guns.

Newton C. Parke, (I. N. S. Staff Correspondent) WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY AT THE MARNE, Aug. 2.—(Night)—Some fighting developed today along the eastern front held by the Americans east of Fere on Tardennois, when the Germans, backed by strong mortars, made a desperate attempt to recapture Clerges and east as from our positions across the Ourcq by turning the right wing.

A few prisoners taken by us reported that they had been ordered to recapture Clerges and east as from the Ourcq, at the same time turning against our right.

ALLIES MAKE MOST IMPORTANT ADVANCE SINCE RETREAT OF HUNS BEGAN

ADMINISTRATION POWER BILL IN THE HANDS OF COMMITTEE

FORGET END OF WAR SAYS LINDBERGH
CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—"Forget when the end of the war will be, think what you can do to-day," said Lindbergh.

AUSTRO-GERMAN MOVE ON ITALY THOUGHT NEAR

VIGOROUS PREPARATIONS MANIFESTED IN SWITZERLAND

Austrians Try to Claim Recent Battle
Some Heave That Mackensen May Succeed in Supreme Command of the German Armies as Result of Recent Defeat.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Another Austro-German offensive against Italy is impending, according to the Swiss newspaper reports, reaching the Italian embassy in Rome cables this afternoon.

ROME, Aug. 2.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg has been summoned to Germany great with the prospect of the report that he may succeed Field Marshal von Hindenburg as chief of staff of the German army.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Jack Dempsey, who says he will claim the heavyweight championship of the world from Willard regarding his challenge in the next two weeks, today signed for another title, today.

There were no military hand to hand conflicts there. The British gladly admitted, no that the rolling barrage which opened the way for the infantry came from the threats of American cannons as well as from British and French guns.

WIRE UNION AGAIN RULED OUT BY W. U.

TELEGRAPH COMPANY FIRES MEN WHO JOIN THE ORGANIZATION
Matter Is Appealed to President

Company Holds That Declaration That Management Would be Unchanged Meant That Union Men Would be Held Taboo.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Emergency legislation to meet the present power shortage in the east, which is hampering many war industries, including ship building, will be asked by the administration as soon as Congress reconvenes.

Win or Lose by Jan. 1 Hun Game

Military Leaders Determined to Close This War—Are Will Sweep Backward.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 2.—With a total of twenty-one men locked out up to nine o'clock this morning, and the present action had been taken by the Western Union Telegraph Co. this city.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 2.—Five new counts, charging the Western Union Telegraph

TIGHTEN POCKET AND CLOSE IN ON VILLE EN TARDENNOIS TODAY

All Leading Roads From Soissons and Rheims Brought Under Allied Guns and Fismes, Bazoches and Braisne Under Harrassing Fire—German Retirement to the Vesle Considered Assured—Thirty-five Thousand Prisoners Captured Since July 18—French Capture Goussancourt—Britons and Gaul Wipe Out Salient on Ourcq-Aisne Watershed.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—(1:50 p. m.)—The capture of Ville en Tardennois by the Germans is imminent and a slow retirement of the Germans to the Vesle river was predicted by competent military critics this afternoon.

(By Earle C. Raven, I. N. S. Staff Correspondent) LONDON, Aug. 2.—(12:30 p. m.)—The most important allied advance since the German retreat started on the Marne was made when the French captured the Ourcq-Aisne watershed, it was learned here this afternoon.

The allied advance, which began between the Aisne and Marne rivers yesterday, and has continued ever since, has put the whole German front between Fere on Tardennois and Ville en Tardennois in peril.

French, American and British troops are striking over a wide front along the western flank and the lower side of the German salient gaining from one to three miles and increasing the total number of German prisoners since the beginning of the counter-attack on July 18 to about 35,000.

The fighting continued into the night, the French war office in its communique today stating that "fresh progress has been made at last accounts the allied battle line in that zone was a bare six miles from the Vesle river, while heavy pressure continued in the direction of the German-held railway junction at Bazoches and the German base at Fismes.

On the lower side of the rapidly diminishing German salient the French have captured Goussancourt, following the fall of Meunier wood to the Americans.

KATZBE: FEARS ASSASSIN
LONDON, Aug. 2.—Fearing assassination, the Kaiser has redoubled the body guard, said a dispatch to the Daily Express this afternoon.

Uncle Sam Helps Allies Out Well

Loans Great Sum to Assist Allies in the Struggle to Lick Kaiser Wilhelm.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Up to July 17 the United States has loaned to seven of her twenty-one war allies a total of \$5,790,217,670. The distribution was in this manner: To Great Britain, \$1,465,000,000; to France, \$719,000,000; to Italy, \$590,000,000; to Russia, \$1,817,729,760; to Belgium, \$124,000,000; to Serbia, \$7,695,000; and to Cuba, \$5,000,000.

This war time borrowing from the United States by these allies is continuing to the amount of about \$400,000,000 to \$500,000,000 a month.

Practically all this money loaned to these foreign nations has been spent right in the United States upon purchases by those allies of munitions, food and war supplies. The exceptions are that about \$50,000,000 of the loan to Russia was disbursed in Russia, a small part of the loan to Serbia spent in Serbia, and a little of the loan to Cuba spent elsewhere.

Heretofore the United States has never made foreign loans, and normally the government has not had available any such enormous surplus of cash as implied in the total of these loans. The vast wealth of the nation, not in money in the federal treasury, but in the developed possessions of the people and in their continuous earning power as a democracy, made up now of 105,000,000 citizens.

For war purposes the United States called upon the people to lend their money, their services in installment, and at a fair rate of interest—a rate higher than that paid by any savings bank.

Thus far, since America's entry into the war nearly fifteen months ago, there have been three of these great loans by the people and the people have received as security issues of government bonds.

The first loan called for \$2,000,000,000 to be raised, and was subscribed for to the extent of \$3,435,225,650, but the issue was limited to the \$2,000,000,000 with interest at 4 1/2% per annum. The second loan called for \$2,000,000,000, and was subscribed for to the amount of \$4,317,322,410, but was limited to an issue of \$3,858,766,150, with interest at 4 per cent. The third loan called for \$1,000,000,000, and was subscribed for to the amount of \$1,817,729,760, with interest at 4 1/2% per cent.

The total subscribed for the three American war loans was \$5,000,000,000. The total subscribed by the people was \$12,522,276,000. The total interest to them in bonds was \$365,000,000. For the three bond issues the people signed up \$136 worth of bonds for every \$100 of the loan.

All the amount allotted, except \$622,512,593 not yet due, has been paid in full to the government as the installments become due.

A total of \$9,032,270,907 has, therefore, been advanced by the people of the United States, forming a most remarkable popular fund with which to conduct the war. Out of this fund it has been possible to loan to the seven allies \$5,790,217,670, practically all of it for the purchase of supplies in this country, and still to have a balance of \$3,242,053,460 in gold coin and gold bars, and \$498,324,224 in war materials, or a real cash total of \$2,899,229,794 on hand. Allowing for existing liabilities, there yet remained a net balance in the treasury of \$1,817,729,760 in hard coin of the republic.

Fourth Liberty Loan is to be offered for popular subscription in the United States next October. But aside from the liberty loans, which the people have not only readied to oversubscribe to the extent of nearly 35 per cent, the United States has huge additional resources available to conduct the war and assist her twenty-one war allies.

Take for illustration, the revenues and disbursements for the fiscal year that ended with last June. There was only \$180,000,000 received that year from import taxes, and \$110,000,000 from customs for the last pre-war years. But there was \$2,314,000,000 from income and gift taxes, and \$1,000,000,000 more than the preceding year's revenues of only \$500,000,000 from such sources. The income tax alone yielded \$1,264,000,000 more this last fiscal year than the year before and enough to offset the war caused customs shortage of \$150,000,000 in duties collected and yet leave an income gain of \$1,244,000,000 for general war purposes of the republic.

The miscellaneous revenues this past fiscal year were \$222,514,000, or 12 per cent of \$2,012,514,000 of the preceding year. Panama canal tolls yielded \$6,000,000. The sale of war service and thrift stamps, and the new loans to the government on the basis of a 25-cent unit of deposit, yielded \$397,000,000 where there had been no such source of income the year preceding.

Altogether, the past year's receipts by the United States government from taxes and other revenues and the liberty loans was \$11,193,175,370. The disbursements, after the payment of the usual cost of running the government, Panama canal costs, and expenses of \$1,000,000, the purchase of farm loan bonds, \$100,000,000, and \$14,000,000 of the \$100,000,000 worth specially authorized by congress, and the loans made to the seven borrowing allies, showed a net balance of \$64,047,000 available solely for army and navy, for emergency withholding, and for food administration, a total of \$1,264,278,728 for similar purposes during the preceding fiscal year, nearly 18 months of which marked the nation's active participation in the world war.

ANCHOR HAY, GRAIN & FEED CO.

Dairy Feed, Alfalfa Meal, Etc.

BOISE-PAYETTE LBR. CO.

Idaho Lumber for Idaho People

ELDRIDGE CLOTHING CO.

Men's Furnishings

OSTRANDER FURNITURE CO.

Furniture, Stoves, Carpets, Rugs, Etc.

HART'S

Dry Goods, Ladies' Wear, Shoes

OSTRANDER LUMBER CO.

Exclusively Home Owned and Home Operated

IDAHO POWER CO.

Light and Power; Electrical Appliances

HOOSIER FURNITURE CO.

Furniture, Stoves, Carpets

BIG WHITE STORE

Dry Goods, Groceries, Men's Furnishings

TWIN FALLS MILLING & ELEVATOR COMPANY

Manufacturers of Idaho's Flour and Shonemist

Why Take Unnecessary Risks?

If you were in the market for a home—a place where you intended to live for many years, perhaps spent the balance of your days there—would you buy "sight unseen" simply because a real estate dealer told you he had just the place you wanted? Well, if you did commit such an unheard-of piece of foolishness, you would deserve just about what you would get in such a case—STUNG!

No, certainly you would not buy a home, or a horse, cow or automobile without seeing same. You want to be satisfied that your particular likes and desires relative to these things are met as nearly as possible. Then why send out of town for what you eat-and wear? Go to the home merchant FIRST; then you can SEE just what you are getting—and in most cases at a money-saving price.

In excess of all army and navy and other war preparations of the preceding fiscal year.

During the fiscal year ending with June of 1917 the revenues of the United States were generally from the following sources: Customs taxes on imports, \$675,000,000; interest revenues from on alcoholic liquor, tobacco and a variety of industries, \$354,000,000. New emergency revenue, \$395,000,000; corporation-income taxes, \$180,000,000; and individual income taxes, \$180,000,000. Sale of public lands to settle claims, \$14,855,000, with \$454,000 worth in Montana, \$49,600 worth in Colorado, \$185,000 worth in Wyoming, \$183,000 worth in California, \$113,000 worth in Utah, \$129,000 worth in Oregon, and \$118,000 worth in Alaska. Profits from collapse of precious metals, \$111,000,000. Premiums on war risk insurance, \$11,500,000. Fees from articles patented, \$2,000,000. Revenues from lichen reservations and lands, \$18,000,000. Public debt receipts, \$2,425,000,000. Postal revenues, \$300,000,000. Other \$295,000,000 from from sale of postage stamps to the people. Panama canal tolls, \$4,000,000. Forest reserve sales of property, \$2,700,000. Consular fees in foreign countries, \$1,500,000.

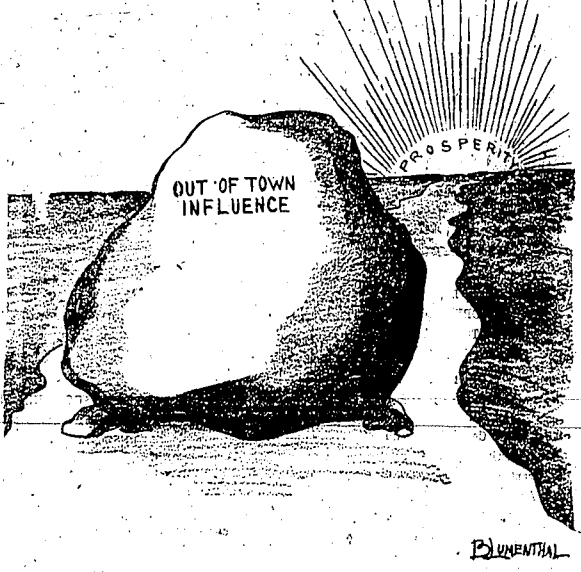
The total receipts for the fiscal year ending with June of 1917 were \$3,882,000,000. The total disbursements were \$2,853,000,000. The year showed a net balance gain of \$929,000,000.

Roman Meetings on War Monopolies Held

Lectures on Meat, Milk and Bread, and the Cause in the Ancient City of Rome.

ROME—James Agnew continues his campaign of Italy's after-war problems by proposing monopolies of food products for the benefit of Italian cities. In addition to state monopolies on coffee and tea, they would be conducted in conjunction with the national government.

The three monopolies Mr. Agnew proposes are of meat, bread and milk. Of bread, he says, the making and sale have been conducted extravagantly and impractically for years. The number of bakers is excessive, the result being that the output of each one is too small to support the industry (tool, manual labor, rent) and above all, the general expenses (fuel and lighting) of the household of the proprietor. These expenses therefore force upon the consumer a high price and increase the cost of bread.



In the Road

What are you doing to erase from our community this evil-guard that stands in the road of our progress? A few people cannot accomplish for what it takes the strength of the entire community to do. Are you going to sit tight and let the other fellow do it? The influence of the mail order house is great, because they have amassed great fortunes by giving the people a class of merchandise, the local merchant could not handle and retain your trade. We are asking for an effort on your part to eradicate this evil from our midst. Your co-operation in this movement will accrue to your own benefit. Let us clear the road, let us admit progress and prosperity into our midst, let us resolve to patronize the home merchant.

BUY AT HOME

That which should be uppermost in thought, aim and ambition of every citizen of Twin Falls is to make this the best town in the entire country—best from financial, industrial, social, educational and moral standpoints: an ideal place to call "home" "Do Your Bit."

the consumer, who pays the enormous profits each hauler adds in turn.

He discusses the profits of brokers, commission men, wholesalers and retailers and indicates the measures the municipality of Rome has taken to reduce the profits of all these middlemen, explaining how they have not produced the results intended.

To reduce these expenses and at the same time obtain advantages for the municipal treasury, Mr. Agnew proposes that the municipality should conduct the packing houses and slaughtering plants.

Mr. Agnet is not unmindful that his proposition might seem strange and impossible at first glance. To this he replies that the municipalities of the Arromaria, Briffa and Wilson of Chibona, and he does not think that the same plan of action would fail if carried out in a Italian city.

Mr. Agnet is a subject Mr. Agnet has agitated for three years. He refers to the article he wrote in 1915 in the Montenegro and in the Sunday Agricultural Journal of Piacenza insisting that to cheapen the price of milk it would be necessary to reduce the cost of its sale and distribution.

To this end he indicated how in Switzerland the retailing of milk was carried out by large enterprises, sometimes co-operative and often run by the municipality. They handle enormous quantities of the fluid and bring the charges for distribution down to actual cost. Thus in many places between the price paid to the producer and a nitid paid by the consumer there is a difference of only 4 or 5 centimes (four-fifths of a cent).

LOS ANGELES SLACKERS AIE CAUGHT IN DROVES

LOS ANGELES—Officers of the police war squad swooped down last evening on the offices of the Cinema Exchange at 416 1/2 Hill street, and picked up twenty-four young men of draft age, who were writing for "positions" as extras in screen plays. All were found in the hotel wagon men taken to the city jail, from which they were later bailed, one by one, to the Los Angeles County Jail, No. 17, who held them in the office of Sergeant Ed Slaughter until late at night. The officers had many of the men to obtain employment at once or prepare to

go to the front, sent some with preliminary orders to report to their draft boards, and discharged those who could show that they were not violating the "work or fight" order.

One of the first to face Chairman Long was a man of 22, whose wife is employed, he had no trade, but was the father of a child, two years old. He was in class 4 in the draft, and was handling the moving picture "soldier" films.

"Your work is non-essential," said Chairman Long. "You are ordered to get a useful job at once, and report progress to the war squad at least once each week. If you fail to do so, the war squad is ordered to pick you up on sight have you examined and inducted into the service if fit, or treated with preliminary medical or surgical treatment to make you fit. If that is necessary, get a regular job."

One young man, exempted because of tubercular tendency, explained that he was not an "extra man" or "super" but had played juvenile parts for years and expected to sign for another part given permission to make arrangements for his education.

"We all owe you an apology for the discomfort you have been subjected to," said Chairman Long, courteously. "You are a better citizen than I am. You have offered your life to your country cheerfully, which is more than I have done. The officers will look right past you if you happen to be in the next round-up of slackers except, of course, the officers would assess. The young man who had offered himself and failed of acceptance walked out with head held high. The Twin Falls TIMES has all the latest news up to the time of going to press—now from the leased wire which is employed in our office.

Italy Decorates Hero Soldiers

Duke of Aosta and Count of Turin officers honor on soldiers of Italian...

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The following dispatch from Rome was received today via wireless by the Italian-American news bureau:

"In the war zone today the Duke of Aosta and the Count of Turin in presence of the army corps commanders and Venetian representatives decorated the soldiers..."

"The Italian prisoners taken by the Austrians last June who have since escaped to Italian lines report that during the first day of a recent Austrian offensive they saw a company of Italian soldiers..."

WHY DESK MEN MUST ORGANIZE

By Clyde P. Steen City editor of the Lima (Ohio) News and member of the National Association of the City Editors in "The Fourth Estate."

This is one of the most opportune times for the advancement of the city editor's profession in his history...

To bring the city editor to the realization of his duty, his station in life is the one-big problem the National Association of City Editors is trying to drive home.

One of the city editors of a metropolitan paper was heard to say recently that if there was any branch of the newspaper profession that needed organization it was the editorial department and the city editor.

How wrong this man and hundreds of others are! The city editor who participated in an association of this character gains ideas. These ideas, which he receives at a convention or in a gathering of newspaper men, may soon become the publisher's ideas—the paper's ideas.

That is all the editor is seeking. It is raising the standard of the newspaper to a sufficient level to make the city editor's pay, then by his had better seek a job somewhere else.

Who are forcing his union. We have no union proposition. We merely insist in bettering the paper, we better our own conditions.

After all, the salary proposition on a newspaper is backward. The editorial department is the one branch of a paper which should have been organized at the very first.

And yet, eight out of ten papers in the United States have higher-paid and paid circulation managers than they have circulation managers and city editors.

Is this right? Do not believe it. It is the editor's union. The editor is the basis of the paper process.

By our own valiant service we are going to prove to the publisher that we are the one department in which more than any other on the paper, and we are going to prove it by hard work and utilizing new thoughts that come into our brains through official conventions and through the official publications of the national and state organizations.

The exchange of ideas is the one great asset above all else in the organization.

How to the increased cost of all kinds of material the retail selling price of KOVERALLS

has been advanced to \$1.50 the Suit

Look for the new Model Woven Label

Label Last Strauss & Co. San Francisco Award Grand Prize P. P. K. Mts. of "Framed-Art" in the 3rd year for women

the quality of your newspaper? There is no other issue. Accordingly, if I have nothing stronger to offer, I care not. That is enough for all the great newspaper world and...

"I can tell you one little thing that is causing more unrest in the newspaper world today than any other—and it is all summed up in one little word—propaganda. And believe me it is...

"Let me explain how it is worked. The German press about spread a report. It goes from ear to ear of the newspaper men."

"If he is a loyal American newspaper man your city editor, he will turn that report down to the yellow dog who started it before he breathes to another living soul."

"But newspaper men are busy fellows. They pass the word on to the news without thinking."

"And if that fellow is the true American, he will about, 'Where did you hear that?' Then he will turn it down."

"But in the majority of cases we do not stop, look and listen, then add to that by investigation. I do not mean that we publish things we do not wish them by passing the rumor or report on to some one else."

"Take it down and out German propaganda, and one of the biggest duties the city editor owes to the nation is to keep away from hearing any but those to the old rule of accuracy always."

"Investigate first; and if it is so publish it by print or by mouth. If it is not so, hunt and hunt until you have run down and destroyed the yellow dog who is spreading it."

"Truth, cleanliness and accuracy, they are the three paramount issues of newspaperdom today. This not only affects the political department, but all others as well."

"But where it must first be developed is right at the city desk. To obtain truth, we investigate, and to obtain cleanliness we must investigate."

"And I am not talking from hearsay when I tell you this: The United States government is strictly and firmly behind this movement and this association."

GEORGE CROCK, criticized only because of a great big man, and President Wilson, Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Secretary of Labor Wilson, and in fact every man in Washington is with us and I can back up my statements by the names of the men who are with us."

"The great thing this association to go over, realizing the great good it can perform for the government, not only during, but after this war."

SUMMARY OF WEATHER AND CROP CONDITIONS

BOISE, Idaho, July 31, 1918.—Good rains from Washington county northward and moderate temperatures in the city sections of Idaho. The past week has brought relief, temporarily at least, from heat and drought. The rains came too late to be of much benefit to crops in the northern counties, but they have helped the range, and orland conditions in a few sections in the east and central counties, where wheat is in various stages of development, the good weather was fine for some crops. In the higher valleys that frost were feared, but so far as reports indicate none occurred.

"The great cutting of alfalfa is being harvested in good shape. The rains greatly benefited meadows and pastures. The alfalfa crop in this section was very light, due to drought, but the rains will, it is hoped, be of some benefit in helping the alfalfa crop to mature and stock are making good progress. The alfalfa is exceptionally favorable in Canaan and Madison counties. In Canaan county about 60 per cent of the alfalfa crop has been shipped. The alfalfa is being run out for finishing. The range in Adams county has been greatly benefited. The alfalfa is much brighter, but some parts of the range are overtaxed by sheep from outside herds being run out for finishing. Winter wheat is in excellent condition in the eastern and central counties; the crop is just ripening in the southern counties. Harvest is in full swing in Latah and Nezperce counties where the crop is fair to good. There is a good crop of alfalfa in Elmore counties. Spring wheat is in excellent condition in the east, portion; in the higher districts the heads are just shelling; in Twin Falls, Ada and Canyon counties harvest is in progress; in the Lewiston valley threshing is finished. Cattle are in fair to good condition; harvest has begun. Surtles are doing great damage to wheat in Blaine county and Jack Rains are being made. Destructive work on the Snake river plains. Potatoes are doing well as are also corn and sorghum. Sugar beets are in excellent condition in Mindoko county; fair to good in Cassia, Blaine and Twin Falls counties; and in Latah county the small acreage is coming well but there is a thin stand. CLINTON E. NORQUEST, Meteorologist."

WHEELING'S SUGARLESS BAY CAUSED BY MANIA

WHEELING, W. VA., Aug. 2.—Whiting hotels and restaurants had no sugarless bay because of a mania on the food administration program. A stranger, in the role of a self-appointed food official, visited all the hotel commands that sugarless bay is removed from the tables. His orders were obeyed without protest. Later it was learned that the man was demented.

HARBARD SUCCEEDS GENERAL KERMAN PARIS, Aug. 1.—Major General J. Harbord, U. S. Army, and General G. G. Meade, U. S. Army, are in excellent condition in Mindoko county; fair to good in Cassia, Blaine and Twin Falls counties; and in Latah county the small acreage is coming well but there is a thin stand. CLINTON E. NORQUEST, Meteorologist."

BRINGING UP FATHER :: :: By George McManus



SUCKEY SALMON, EACH TAGGED AND NUMBERED, READY FOR BIG RACE

SEATTLE, WASH., Aug. 1.—Ten thousand entrants, all tagged and numbered, are entered in the race against time over a course lying between the Straits of Juan de Fuca, Haro Strait, Rosario Strait and the Strait of Georgia and the Fraser river. Entries have been strictly limited to sockeye salmon. The judges are officials of the United States Bureau of fisheries.

The ordinary muslin bags were not used owing to the dampness of the course. Each entrant is identified with a button fixed to his or her tail. No favorites have been listed and all entrants are "dark horses."

When the racers arrive in the Fraser river on their way to the spawning waters, they will be caught "dead" in their time taken. Each fish is worth an extra twenty-five cents to the fisherman who takes it from the river.

It is expected by this means important data will be obtained on how long it takes the sockeye to reach the spawning grounds. The information is sought to establish the time that fishing should be forbidden in order to give a part of the race after they enter Puget Sound. The river to their natural spawning waters.

BIG LODGE OF MANGANESSE FOUND ON PACIFIC SLOPE

DURKEE, ORE., Aug. 1.—What is said to be the largest lode of manganese ore so far discovered on the Pacific slope has been uncovered seven miles west of here. The ore is reported to assay from thirty to fifty per cent manganous manganese. Soundings now being made to determine the extent of the lode, and the owners of the lode say that if it proves to be of great value, the property owner to the federal government to aid in war work—manganese being necessary in the manufacture of steel.

JACKIE MUSHIGANS EAT 40 WORTH OF ICE CREAM ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 1.—Part of the Great Lakes Naval band was sent on parade here one evening. John Ring, Jr., was with them. He invited them to have some ice cream. The invitation was accepted by twenty-five. "The bill was 35 or twenty-five cents for each jacket."

WISCONSIN RYE PLENTIFUL MADISON, Wis., August 2.—With this year's rye crop coming in and stocks of rye carried over from last year's harvest in some localities, the Wisconsin Food Administration now permits the flour or meal as a partial substitute for wheat flour. It may constitute one-fifth of the substitute requirements, and as a whole bread may contain five pounds of rye, only twenty pounds of other substances and seventy-five pounds of wheat flour.

HEN MUST PAY FOR LONG TIME DANCING LONDON, Aug. 1.—The lugger of the war boats, the steamer will be the economic terms will impose on the enemy.

PREMIER Lloyd George declared yesterday in an address to manufacturers, which was made public today by the press bureau.

"The sooner the enemy realises this, the better it will be for him," said Lloyd George. "It is my duty to impose his own economic terms on the allies and he will never succeed."

KAISHIN MESSAGE TO THE GERMAN FORCES ZULICH, Aug. 1.—The following is the text of the Kaiser's message to his army.

"In true consciousness of the army's struggle with the enemy, we stand with an unshakable will to victory in a struggle against opponents who are often superior, but despite the united efforts of the great armoured forces in the world, by our submarines we are sure of success.

"We are tenaciously fighting vital forces which are straggling across the sea to the enemy. Ever ready for battle, our high seas fleet carries on its unending work of guarding the roads to the sea for our submarines and, in union with the defenders of our coasts, safeguard the sources of our strength.

FRENCH REPORT A GERMAN REPULSE PARIS, Aug. 1.—The official communiqué today says: "Southwest of Rheims an enemy attack in the sector of Mount Dilling was repulsed after slight fighting."

NIGRO PERSON, AUTHOR OF SCENARIOS, HELD AS DILDER GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., Aug. 2.—Rev. John E. Hill, colored, has been arrested for failure to comply with the Massachusetts Anti-Defamation Act. He came here several years ago as pastor of the Zion A. M. E. church. Shortly afterwards he changed it from the Methodist to the Congregational denomination. Recently he has not been preaching, but has been devoting all his time to writing fiction's popular scenarios.

SICK PIG IS CARED FOR IN MILBY'S BEDROOM PEEKSKILL, N. Y. Aug. 1.—Six well known men, members of the town's volunteer fire department, were killed early today while fighting a blaze at the Economic Feed company warehouse here. The walls of the building collapsed, burying the volunteer firemen. The dead: Dr. C. F. F. Greene, Clarence J. Lockwood, Geo. H. Cascales, Louis A. Harmon, J. H. Sillock and X. J. Torpy.

WOMAN JIROH FLIPS CANDY TO DECIDE MAN'S GUILT OLYMPIA, WASH., Aug. 1.—Because a woman juror tossed with a stick of candy while considering a verdict and then tossed the candy up and voted "guilty" when the stick of candy fell up, is not sufficient to make the verdict worthless or require a new trial, the Washington supreme court has ruled affirming the conviction of Frank Milroy, of Seattle, for obtaining money by false pretenses.

Y. M. C. A. MAN PRISONER PARIS, Aug. 1.—Carl D. Lytle, of North Brookfield, Mass., a Y. M. C. A. worker connected with the American army, who has been missing since June, is a prisoner in the German detention camp at Lipburg. It was learned today from an authoritative source.

CELEBRATION FIREMARTER DIV COMEBLADABLE SPIRIT STEUBENVILLE, OHIO, Aug. 1.—The little town of Toronto, near the "beast" on the rest of the country. It celebrated the news that the German Crown Prince and 600,000 Bonn had been captured. From 7 o'clock until nearly midnight the people here were holding a great celebration and bonfire on which stuffed figures representing the Kaiser and others of the Potsdam gang were burned.

WELL KNOWN MEN KILLED IN PEEKSKILL FIRE PEEKSKILL, N. Y. Aug. 1.—Six well known men, members of the town's volunteer fire department, were killed early today while fighting a blaze at the Economic Feed company warehouse here. The walls of the building collapsed, burying the volunteer firemen. The dead: Dr. C. F. F. Greene, Clarence J. Lockwood, Geo. H. Cascales, Louis A. Harmon, J. H. Sillock and X. J. Torpy.

NAME OF 'FISHCO' GRATES SAN FRANCISCO, August 2.—The designation of San Francisco by the oft-heard appellation "Frisco" rates on the aesthetic sense of the city's supervisors, who have unanimously adopted a resolution against the practice. The Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, which met here recently, also voiced disapproval of the epithet.

THE American Market SUCCESSORS TO THE MODERN PIG CO. Corner Shoshone and 2nd South A complete line of Fresh and Cured Meats Home Rendered Lard, Poultry and Fish. CALL ON US WHEN YOU HAVE ANY LIVESTOCK TO SELL. JONES & DUNN PHONE 346 THREE DELIVERIES DAILY

THE DAILY TWIN FALLS TIMES

Published Every Day Except Sunday

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO

James P. Mahan, Editor

S. L. Boone, Superintendent

(Entered at the Twin Falls post office as second class matter under no. 2054 publication, April 11, 1918.)

THE TIMES is an independent Democratic newspaper but it knows no politics as opposed to the most unselfish and vigorous presentation of the war that is possible. Therefore it is AGAINST any man, Democrat or Republican, capable of throwing hardware into the machinery—either with his hands or with his mouth. This is "partisan," make the most of it!

GERMAN PEACE OFFERS

Some time this summer or fall it is absolutely certain that Germany and Austria will make peace offers. They will do this, not, however, hoping to secure the opening of peace negotiations, but with the idea of creating peace sentiment among the less militant elements in the allied nations. They will endeavor to build in each country a group, probably of working people, who will say: "Here is a chance to end the killing and the destroying, let us take peace offers."

Furthermore, when the offers are refused, as they will be, the German rulers will be in a position to justify their people: "Our enemies who are seeking to destroy us will not listen to reason, therefore let us stand fast and bid them do what they wish for our winter." For it is the job of getting their people through the rigors of winter that worries the Prussian autocrats more than almost anything else.

Through all the smoke cloud of confused issues that the enemy is trying to raise we must remember one thing: That Germany can have peace any time she wants it by complying with requirements that have been set down by the allies as their war aims. The formula has been stated over and over again. It has been almost constantly put by President Wilson, who in this matter acts as spokesman for the whole coalition. All the world knows on what terms our side is willing to declare for peace. And they are the only terms that we will listen to for a moment.

The German government does not want peace now. The blood-and-iron creed is in full control. Despite the setback on the Marne, the German military machine remains confident in a decision by arms. It is in no disposition to give in any peace terms proffered by that crowd would be such as we could not accept without the loss of self respect. The right to do now is right—Spokenman-Review.

The above from the latest Republican paper in the United States is a critique of the administration, while the sentiments are not only of the United States but of the whole civilized world on the most important issue confronting humanity. Written several days ago it would furnish a complete answer to the weak plea of Lord Lansdowne, the British pacifist, who falsely assumed that the terms of peace were not definitely stated.

They have been definitely stated and reiterated by President Wilson, and agreed to, having in some cases perhaps, by the other nations at war with Germany, either formally or informally.

There are two classes of people in all democratic nations, including our own, which who do not heartily support this program and would like to see another substituted. One class includes all those who, for selfish reasons, sometimes unconsciously, would see the German empire divided by economic barriers. These preach a doctrine of extermination. The more moderate of them criticize the administration policies, hoping to undermine its influence, and prevent the carrying out of the Wilson program. The other class includes the Lansdowne type of pacifist, who fear they will hurt the Hun too much and who hope for his regeneration before he is utterly destroyed. Germany will show unmistakable signs of repentance when she is properly coerced. The signs she must show are steps toward the Wilson program in toto, without reservations, including the surrender of her grip on Russia and Rumania, and the permanent reduction of the Hohenzollern dynasty from a place of autocratic power. The rest including the amount of indemnity for damage done so long as that principle is admitted, is simply work for appraisers and adjusters. But she must "see the mark in good faith" and prove her faith by her works.

THE LOGICAL SOLUTION OF THE POWER QUESTION
The administration measure today placed in the hands of the interstate commerce committee of the house of representatives, empowering the president to commandeer power sites and generators and to utilize waste of coal mines and power from government, is the logical and the only solution of a much-mooted question. Carried out fully it would leave little room for state action and would solve, and would arbitrate, forever, the whole question of power development.

It is consistent with his votes on telegraphs, telephones and railroads, Senator Borah will vote against this measure, since it involves the same principles as the other—It is especially important at this time that no part of the field should be left uncovered. Therefore, the carrying out of the Democratic state platform relative to reclamation of natural resources becomes more vital than ever, because as this plank provided action should be taken with due regard to the laws of the United States. In this sense, should the Democratic state plank be carried out in this and the pending bill be enacted, there will be no loophole left through which a private power monopoly can escape and practice extortion.

It is fortunate that Idaho has one senator in John F. Nugent whose influence on this and similar issues can be relied on by friends of fundamental democracy.

WE NEED ANOTHER SUCH SENATOR
ONE BATH IN THREE MONTHS
LOS ANGELES, August 1.—Alleging that her husband had been unfaithful for three months, Mrs. Ethel Christensen is seeking a divorce from her husband, John Christensen.

"How often do you bath?" Judge Avery asked Christensen.

"Oh, about an often as most people," was the reply.

the practical political arena. A step to return to the old ways would be a step backward. This issue is at present confronting the American people and on the character and viewpoint of the candidates seeking senatorial position this fall will depend the solution of this issue at the end of the year.

Senator W. E. Borah acted consistently when he declared himself against government ownership. Consistency has not been noted as a virtue descending from the brow of our senator, so let him have due credit in this case. The Times suggested just a few days ago, when it showed that government ownership was in line with legal decisions and with sound economic theory, that Senator Borah indicated relative to railroads that he was in principle against government ownership when he voted against government telegraphs, since the legal and economic theories which applied to one would apply to the other. So Borah did not wobble. In the usual manner when he reached the railroad question after having voted against the taking over of the wires.

In essence Senator Borah is a reactionist. In camouflage he is a progressive. He belongs to the school known a few years ago as "Near-Progressives." He is near enough to the progressive line to deceive the shortsighted and color blind as to his real location. He never gets across the line at any time when he can get beyond an essentially progressive matter when it counts. When there was no show on earth for the submission of a constitutional suffrage amendment, Borah was a tower of strength in the cause. When the time came when his vote counted he reneged. Granting about railroad extension and securing small favors in the way of improved conditions in a favorite pastime of "Near-Progressives," they are in on fights that stop small pilfering, but when great economic issues involving the very fundamentals of economics are involved they quit.

The Republican water power plank is a fine sample of Borahism. Whether the senator senator or not, it is as frequently said, or stretched it as it is ingeniously if true. The implication that he did not doubt legislation was his the newspaper's announcement of the theory that the plank meant public ownership. The Nampa Leader-Herald says that it means nothing, or next to nothing, and from a public ownership point of view this is correct. But it means the development by the public for private ownership and exploitation such unusual water power as the text, published several times in this paper, shows.

The soft tones of Justice are eliminated, and the hairy hands of the great privileged monopolistic enterprises are ready to grasp those who are seduced by its mystical caldrons. Those who vote to return Borah to the senate vote to return to the old system of railroad management, except, of course, as to details.

All Ladies' Coats and Suits 1-2 Price During Our Mid-Summer Sale

The opportunities for economies being presented during our Mid-Summer Sale, are effectively the greatest we have ever been privileged to offer. Prices have been cut one-half on our entire stock of Coats and Suits, which represents some exceptionally good styles in materials suitable for late fall wear. Right now, when prices are advancing on practically all lines of merchandise, especially the heavier and better grades of materials, no wise woman should overlook an opportunity like this one. You should come now, while the assortment is still complete.



Oxfords, Pumps and Mary Janes

Values up to \$3.50 at \$1.95
This lot represents some very choice styles and the quality is such that you should buy two or three pairs and lay them away for future needs. Sizes 2 1-2 to 5, in both button and strap.



Low Cut Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps

This assortment was taken from our regular stock and includes some astonishing values in late style lasts. The season for low cut shoes, oxfords and pumps, is still long and it will pay you to come in at your earliest possible moment and look them over. We have placed on sale our entire line, in sizes from 2 1-2 to 5. Values to \$5.00, at \$1.95

Cotton Pongee

Will make up very prettily and will give you good service in a kimono, house dress or breakfast jacket. 3 1/2 inches wide, in lavender only. Regular value 50c, on sale at 35c

Women's and Children's Hose

Children's pink, blue and brown cotton hose. 3 1/2 values, now 15c

LADIES' Knit Vests

Underwear at these prices is hard to find. It will pay you well to lay in a good supply. Regular values 20c to 10c to 35c 60c, on sale at

Cotton Crepe

These pongees offer a beautiful assortment of colors in fancy stripes and would be just the thing for the girls' school dresses and house dresses. Sold regularly at 40c. Sale Price 29c

Cotton Hose

Special lot of women's black cotton hose, reinforced toe and heel, regular 35c values, now 25c

Knit Pants

Regular 60c to 75c values. Extra good quality. On sale now at 39c

Public Forum

MAYN EXPLAINS POSITION
Editor Times: In order to make myself clear as to my judgment on this war program, I will give my views, as I was questioned so closely by the council of investigators Thursday afternoon concerning my attitude toward the bonds, W. S. Stamps and Red Cross. I am for the program of our grand leader, Woodrow Wilson, and I am sure that those that wish to go beyond the same stand. I do not care what they have been heretofore from an ideal god catcher up to an ex-president of the United States, and if there is a man in the country that does not agree to stand for our leaders, I don't think we should be long in looking after him. So much for that. I am sorry to say that at this busy time of haranguing our crops and help needed so badly that a part of our council of defense is gone fishing, and up to the date of said trial and not returned, and in our absence now one of the council of defense has not got his naturalization papers, not a citizen of the U. S. A. It is possible that we have not got enough citizens of the U. S. A. to hold these important offices? If this is a fact we of course will have to advise to leave all about a member of the council of defense. So much for that.

I was asked to give my views as to whether or not J. A. Cummins' statement concerning Mr. Roosevelt being an educated barbarian stirred the "big chaps" held? I said I did not think so. Then in turn asked if Roosevelt did do the wrong thing, who he made the statements about the present administration and I was quickly informed that the council of defense was not being tried. I thought I had a right to ask these fair questions and get in return a fair answer from a well informed body like that was. Mr. Alworth informed me that I would have a chance to learn all about the council of defense before they got through with us and by the way I got some information concerning Mr. Alworth before he got out of town. I was informed he had the finest weed crop in the county, wonder if our boys in France can consume those weeds. I truly hope that I will get all the good news concerning the big office hold-over in the big office of the here below, for I believe it is to be value-

Where Quality Counts Hart's

able to our good farmers of Twin Falls county. J. W. HAYB, Box 481 R. D. 5.

Eight Fritzie Flyers Brought Down by Boys

American Here Great Air Day Yesterday Defeating Their Aces in All Directions.
Henry G. Wales (L. N. S. Staff Correspondent) WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY AT THE MARNE, Aug. 1.—(Night)—Eight German airplanes were today shot down by American aviators, Lieutenants William Hudson, of Kansas City, destroying three of the enemy machines within five minutes. Robert E. Oates, of Spartanburg, S. C.; Harry Duke, of Manchester, N. H.; and Jerry E. Vasconcelo, of Denver. Two German observation balloons were set on fire by Aviators William E. Brotherton, of Guthrie, Ill., and L. E. Holden, of New York.

It was the most exciting squads during the morning and the last "laron" was Richard's old "checkered" airplane, "so named because of the initials scattered on the fuselage. The eight victims were all from this organization.
Lieutenant Hudson set a new mark for American airmen when he downed three German planes in five minutes. He was attacked by eight Fokkers in the vicinity of Perce, in Flandria. Hudson quickly sent down one of his adversaries in flames, while the others scattered on the fuselage. Then Hudson engaged a pair of two-seated observation machines, shooting them down a few seconds apart, and on the Marne salient during the past 24 hours.

It was a record day for the American aviators and "shot-up" Hudson's plane to such an extent that he had to return to his base.
The enemy has reinforced his airmen on the Marne salient during the past 24 hours.

Butter wrapper headquarters is at THE TIMES office, where they will be printed at any time. In their turn, like any other job.

President Unmixed in Traction Fare Debate

War Labor Board Lacks Authority to Raise Rates and Only Recommends Action.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—President Wilson will take no part in any controversy that may arise over the necessity of increased fares for traction companies to meet the wage increases allotted company employees by the national war labor board. This was authoritatively learned here today.

Following the announcement of the board's decision granting increases ranging from 30 to 65 per cent to 600,000 workers employed by 22 companies, together with the recommendation that fares be increased as a war necessity it immediately became apparent that public utility commissions would, for obvious reasons, in many instances attempt to evade the responsibility of ordering those increases.
The war labor board has no authority to order an increase in fares. It can only recommend that such be taken. And aside from the commissions, the only way increased fares could be effected would be through action here in Washington. But this, it was made plain, would not be done. The president added on excellent authority that the president would stand for no "back passing" in the present situation, and would insist that the various public utility boards shoulder the responsibility for which they were created.

Hun Money Invested in Liberty Bonds

Half Billion Dollars Realized From German Properties Go to Help U. S. War.
NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Half a billion dollars in property and money taken from enemy aliens throughout the United States already has been taken over by A. Mitchell Palmer, alien property custodian, according to a statement issued today by Francis P. Garvin, his local representative. Every dollar in cash taken from the Palmer, and every dollar realized from the disposition of enemy-owned

Swiss Accepts the Prigmer Conference

Meeting of Americans and Germans Regarding Treatment and Exchange of Nationals Soon.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The Swiss government has accepted "the prigioner conference" of the American-German prisoner conference," according to a communication received by the state department today. The Swiss government will furnish the rooms for the conference. It was stated, and the president of the Swiss republic will open the conference, which will be held in Bern in the latter part of the month.
The personnel of the American delegation is practically completed. No definite announcement will be made at this time, however, the state department announced, other than the fact that the conference will include all matters relating to both military and civil prisoners and will be made up of both civil and military men.
MANY BOYS IN AUSTRIAN NAVY. ROME, Aug. 2.—Two pretty officers in the Austrian army, who deserted to a hydro-aeronautics regiment and the Italian authorities that officers are daily occurrences on board the Austrian warships.

BOBBS' VOTE ON A GREAT LIVING ISSUE

The debate yesterday in the United States Senate on the question of whether the government shall "seize" the railroads for the purpose of the war and return them to their former owners or shall permanently adopt a system of government ownership, brought that question into

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT MAKES ST. LOUIS DISTRICT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The ordnance department today announced the establishment of the St. Louis production district.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

"DECK FOR SHERIFF"

To the voters of Twin Falls county: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff, subject to the Democratic primaries September 3rd.

CLERK OF THE COURT AND COUNTY AUDITOR

I announce my candidacy for the office of Clerk of the Court and County Auditor and Recorder, Democratic party primary, September 3, J. M. MARKEK.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the Democratic primaries, September 3rd, F. H. CHROUR.

MRS. CARRIE HARPER WHITE

I hereby announce my candidacy for the nomination to succeed myself as Probate Judge of Twin Falls county, Republican primaries, September 3rd, O. P. DUVAL.

TO THE VOTERS OF TWIN FALLS CO.

For the past term I have served Twin Falls Co. as Co. Commissioner from the 3rd district. I have endeavored at all times to be of the best of my ability to look after the interests and welfare of the county.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT

I wish to announce my candidacy for re-election for County Superintendent, subject to the Republican primaries, held Sept. 3, 1918. (Signed) BRITTMART WOLFE.

TO THE PEOPLE OF TWIN FALLS COUNTY

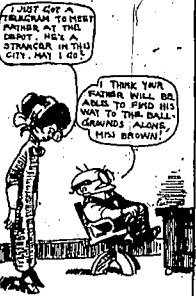
For the past two years I have served as your Assessor, during which time I have tried to fulfill my duty to the office to the best of my ability. My interest has been directed solely to the affairs of the office and I have strived at all times to base my assessments fair and equitable on all classes of property.

TO THE PEOPLE OF TWIN FALLS COUNTY

I announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Assessor subject to the will of the Republican voters at the primaries September 3rd, 1918. GEO. W. WILCOX.

COURT COMMISSIONER SECOND DISTRICT

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for county commissioner of the Second District subject to the election of the Republican primaries. W. W. PARISH.



"FISHIN"

The very best faller I ever knew was Bob Lavane of Kalamazoo. An' being a fisherman from top to toe, he wanted to try it Idaho.

FATHER ACCUSED OF POISONING HIS DAUGHTER

CHICAGO.—Despite the protestations of innocence of John Geisler, the Detroit claimmaker under arrest charged with the murder of his 5-year-old daughter Hazel seven years ago, Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Joseph A. Popoli continued his efforts to establish the evidence against Geisler.

HABBI WISE WORKS AS LABORER IN SHIP PLANT

STAMFORD, CONN., Aug. 1.—Dr. Stephen S. Wise, rabbi of the Free Synagogue in New York city, is being a shipbuilder to help out the country in its war program. With big arms and a big heart, he is working as a common laborer in the Jaulers Marine Construction company's shipyard here, receiving the same remuneration as any of the other workers of not more than \$3 per day.

POLICEMAN WHO FOUND COIN KISSED BY OWNER

DAILY, IND., Aug. 1.—Sophia Ruska, another peddler who is a good character that blows somebody's whistle, a lady woman was suspected of having liquor hidden in her home and this is the territory of a search by the police was instituted.



Chicago Junk Dealers Violate the Laws

CHICAGO.—That 50 per cent of Chicago junk peddlers violate the state law by purchasing from children and that half of these violators display their Crowe cards on their wagons and frequently give Red Cross stamps to children in exchange for junk is disclosed by an investigation made last week by the Juvenile Protective association.

IMMENSE PARADE FOR MOONEY IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO.—With 20,000 men parading in the best show of public opinion from the stockyards to Van Buren street and over 7,000 jammed to the point of suffocation in Germaine's hall, Ashland avenue and Van Buren street, Chicagoans today celebrated the hanging of Thomas J. Mooney by a rope.

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Far Be It From Father to Discourage Honesty

old boy stole clothes—valued at over \$20 from a clothes line and sold the same to a junk man for 40 cents. "On the southwest side a 12-year-old boy sold a pair of scrap iron to a peddler for 6 cents.

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RUMELY OIL PULL TRACTOR. WHAT OTHERS CLAIM ADVANCE-RUMELY GUARANTEES. Advance-Rumley Thresher Co. INCORPORATED. Certificate of Guarantee. We guarantee the Oil Pull Tractor to operate successfully at all loads, under all conditions, not only on all grades of crops...

C. L. HUSHAW, Agent Twin Falls, Idaho. The Oil Pull Guarantee and the Factory Behind It. Sizes 12-20, 14-28, 18-35 and 30-60 Horse Power.

TWIN FALLS BANK & TRUST COMPANY. KNOWING FARM COSTS. There is no safer, simpler system by which you can know accurately whether you own any part of it, is paying you a profit or not, than by keeping track of incomes and outgoes with a check account on this institution. Every ambitious farmer in this vicinity who needs help with his farm bookkeeping is invited to come to us. This service costs you nothing. It pays any man to know his own business better.

HUNS FIGHT HARD BUT ARE DEFEAT IN METHODS. RABBI SAVED A QUARTER BUT LOST FORTY DOLLARS. BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 2.—A bright new quarter lay on the steps of the public bath on Montrose avenue and Rabbi Isaac Glikman's eye gleamed as he saw it. "A quarter saved is a quarter earned," he murmured as he bent over to pick it up. As he did so there came a tug at his coat-tail. The rabbi straightened up, slipped his hip pocket and gave vent to a wall of beratement. The quarter saved was forty dollars lost, for his wallet had vanished. RED, WHITE AND BLUE, ALL BLACK. APPEAR IN COURT. ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 1.—Patriotic colors were represented in the Recorder's court here recently when Ed and Lula Reed were fined for fighting. Willis White was found over for misdemeanor and Thomas and Mary Blue were fined for disorderly conduct. And they were all black.

BALFOUR LEADS FOR A LEAGUE OF THE NATIONS

WEEKLY WAR NEWS DIGEST

CIVILIZATION WRECKED IF FUTURE WAR UNPREVENTED

"Look With Single Eye to Victory"

Weakening of War Aims Would be Crime Against Very Principles of General Peace Says British Foreign Minister.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—"Civilization will become bankrupt if we are unable to devise some method to prevent a repetition of the world catastrophe," declared Foreign Secretary A. J. Balfour, in a speech in the House of Commons last night.

Subway Overcrowded on Opening Day

Thousands Crowd to Get First Ride and Business is Demoralized as a Result

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Police reserves played the leading role in the inauguration of New York's new subway system today.

MARKETS OPEN STEADY

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—There was a steady tone to the stock market at the opening today, with only slight narrow and business extremely mild.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—On the corn and soybean markets today there was a strong under tone with the prices slightly over yesterday's.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 2.—Hog receipts 10,600, market steady.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Hogs estimated 12,000, market higher.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Commercial paper is unchanged at 3 1/2%.

NOTE HURLED FROM TRAIN FALLS TO MOTHER-IN-LAW

CASTLE ROCK, WASH., Aug. 1.—"Dollor's" lack" befell Mrs. Fred Hatch while she was waiting at the depot here to say farewell to a friend.

More Pictures Sending Labor to the Front

Nearly every nation picture theater in the country is enlisted in the campaign of the United States government to send labor to the front.

Students Warned Not to Burn Mid.

The supply of kerosene will run short next winter and the government is urging every user to do his part toward making every gallon to do full duty.

Allies Now Have Bombing Planes Working in Squads.

There were no aerial bombing operations during the allied flying conference last year.

Girls Help in Production of Alphanes

Girls are helping in airplane production by supplying cables and in other ways.

Volunteers for Army Under 18 Years Not Accepted

The minimum age limit for voluntary enlistment in the United States army is 17 years.

Applicants for First Aid Certificates

Those who wish to become first aiders should apply to the nearest Red Cross chapter.

Help of Skilled Workers Indispensable

Required—Cable evidence has been received from the Red Cross.

Vienna Baking Co. of Salt Lake

The Vienna Baking Co. of Salt Lake has received a personal message from the Red Cross.

Help of Skilled Workers Indispensable

Required—Cable evidence has been received from the Red Cross.

Help of Skilled Workers Indispensable

Required—Cable evidence has been received from the Red Cross.

men picked up the keeper's overturned boot right in it, and sent it to the judge, rescuing the imperiled men.

Short War Stories

The United States will be short of potato next year. Estimates for 1918 show an available supply of about 100,000,000 bushels, or only about half of the normal imports.

Food Administration Grays Corporation

The food administration gray corporation, organized to carry out the government's plan for the production of a new type of flour.

Write Every Home Now to our Boys at the Front

Write every home now to our boys at the front. One of the most pleasant as well as one of the most profitable duties of a home is to write to the boys.

Coldest Place in Refrigerator Not Coldest in the Home

Many housewives have learned from experience in loss of perishable foods that next to the ice is not the coldest place in the home refrigerator.

Don't Allow a Lamp, Lantern, Heater or Stove to Burn a Minute Longer than is Necessary

Don't allow a lamp, lantern, heater or stove to burn a minute longer than is necessary. Don't light one you can't use.

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Don't Allow a Lamp, Lantern, Heater or Stove to Burn a Minute Longer than is Necessary

Don't allow a lamp, lantern, heater or stove to burn a minute longer than is necessary. Don't light one you can't use.

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America Theatre Today Edith Roberts in "The Deciding Kiss"

"Turn About Eleanor" By ESTHER M. KELLY Produced by Tod Browning

"Watch Your Watch" NESTOR COMEDY Universal Current Events

Safety Is Now Assured Y. M. C. A. Workers Who Help Rebuild Morale of Russian Army

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Safety and a measure of usefulness in rebuilding the morale of the Russian army have been accorded one hundred American...

Shipload of Supplies for Suffering Russia—A large cargo of supplies, principally food stuffs, clothing and medicines, is to be shipped to Russia by the American Red Cross...

Dear John: Your loving letter was received today. I hope you will be able to get home soon. I have no time to mope.

Her name is Mrs. Legion, and she's just well known to me. Her husband is a soldier of his country, so is she.

The Red Cross shop, having moved to 128 Second St., is open and desires the patronage of the public.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Aug. 1.—While the entire country is suffering from the effects of the influenza epidemic, the curators of the University of Pennsylvania Museum...

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