

TWIN FALLS NEWS

VOLUME I

TWIN FALLS, IDAHO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1904.

NUMBER 2

HOTEL PROJECT ASSURED

Contract Let for Excavation of Basement and Work Begins Immediately.

Structure to be Built of Concrete Blocks Made on the Premises by Special Machine—Cement will Arrive Soon

The contract for the excavation of the basement for Hotel Kimberly has been let to J. F. McGrew and J. Harrah. On Saturday six to-ten teams will be put on with wheel scrapers and the dirt moved as rapidly as possible. The contract specifies that the work of excavation shall be completed in fifteen days.

Within the next few days Contractor Roberts is expected to arrive and to begin work shortly on the manufacture of the concrete blocks from which the structure will be built. The basement and foundation walls will be built of black lava rock and trimmed with red lava.

The building in which the concrete blocks are to be manufac-

than half a mile

The water supply is now sufficient for all possible needs, and the quality is excellent. We are advised that eight feet of water now stands in the well, which is twelve feet across, and that the flow is steady and strong.

Land Locators.

The following is a list of parties who have located lands here during the past week as reported by Secretary McCollum of the Twin Falls Investment Company:

- C. D. Storey, Boise, Idaho.
- W. Hendrick, Rock Creek, Ida.
- H. A. Parting, Nampa, Idaho.
- W. J. Breckenridge, Boise, Ida.
- L. L. Pryor, Boise, Idaho.
- W. T. Seal, Pasco, Washington.
- J. Leitch, Aberdeen, Wash.
- N. C. McLean, Elgin, Oregon.
- H. F. Torrey, LaGrande, Ore.
- H. L. Brandt, Nampa, Idaho.
- Emma McNeal, Dayton, Wash.
- A. L. Pettijohn, Dayton, Wash.
- Thos. Macauley, Twin Falls, Ida.
- M. T. Records, " " "
- Wm. Saitzinger, " " "

PRESENT BUSINESS NEEDS

Short List of Business Opportunities Now Offered in Growing Twin Falls.

The First on the Grounds will Secure Good Patronage and Lay Substantial Foundation for Future Success.

Among the many business opportunities which are open here to those with a limited amount of capital and unlimited amount of energy, the following few are mentioned as being of immediate need. In the near future the growth of the town will substantially warrant a great increase in the variety and number of business ventures, and from time to time no doubt many visitors will call and see for themselves the prevailing prosperous conditions.

The many buildings which are now in course of construction, and the number already finished, require the work of a first-class painter to put on the finishing touches and render them impervious to the action of the atmos-

will arrive here to build homes and will undoubtedly need many articles of furniture for present and future use. A furniture store with a fair assortment of stock could do a lucrative business from the start. The one to locate here first will secure many advantages worth noting.

A stone mason would secure many contracts for foundations and other stone work to warrant a stay indefinitely. At the present time buildings planned for construction are delayed because of a shortage of this class of labor.

In most localities "bread is the staff of life," and this locality is no exception. For this reason a bakery would rank equal with the other business ventures which could now be made a success here. No doubt in the near future this demand will be filled.

Besides these mentioned common laborers may find plenty of employment here in various lines of work. Sagebrush grubbing will be pushed with marked vigor in the near future by land owners in

PROGRESS MADE ON CANAL

Statement of Present Conditions along the Canal at Various Points.

Contracts Let and Gates being Put in—Lateral Hoisting Completed—One Hundred tons Pipe Ordered for Siphon.

Work on large canal is progressing rapidly. The different gangs are at work putting in waste-gates, controlling-gates, and head-gates. These gates in themselves are large propositions and cost a considerable amount of money. A battery of nine gates are located at the head of the canal, 19 gates at Dry Creek, and three at the twenty-six-mile point to supply the low-line canal. These gates cost about \$1,000 a piece, and are made of steel frames, with a wooden face and a raise in the center; the same as a door to a warming oven in a cooking range. They turn between concrete walls and have a concrete floor. The hoisting device handles them with one-man power quite readily.

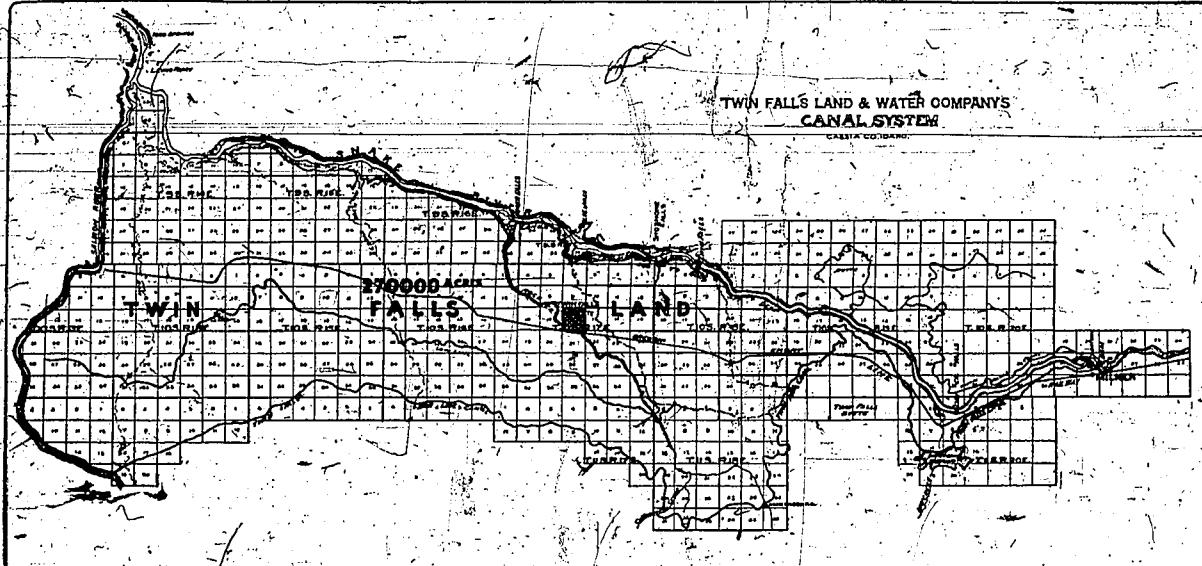


Plate Showing Twin Falls Land Tract, Line of Canals, Short Line Railroad Building from Mindoka, and Towns along the way.

ture is completed and awaiting the arrival of the concrete machine which will be here in a few days. The machine is of special construction and equipped with dies for moulding various designs. It is the intention to later on manufacture these concrete blocks for the home market to be used for building purposes. Two cars of Portland cement are on the way and expected to arrive at any time.

The construction of Hotel Kimberly has long been looked forward to by many, and the news that dirt is being moved will be welcomed by all interested here.

Extension of Water System.

The main pipe line of the water is now being extended as far as possible, and water will be delivered to the principal part of the city. The trenches have been dug and the pipe is now being laid along the following streets: Main street, 750 feet; on 10th Avenue, 800 feet; on 11th Avenue, 1000 feet; on 12th Avenue, 750 feet. This gives a total of 3300 feet, or more

- A. W. Prothero, " " "
- C. T. Newbry, " " "
- O. F. B. Peterson, " " "
- J. H. Olmstead, " " "
- J. E. Jefferis, " " "
- G. W. Stark, " " "
- Wm. F. Eddy, " " "
- W. Ruktaschel, Cylinder, Iowa.
- A. O'Brien, Nez Perces, Idaho.
- T. L. Breckenridge, Boise, Ida.
- R. J. Neely, Cheyenne, Wyo.
- W. H. Kennedy, Alliance, Neb.
- I. J. Cline, Toppensish, Wash.
- E. H. Rettig, " " "
- G. Somniers, " " "
- J. S. Austin, Shoshone, Idaho.
- W. H. Austin, " " "
- Wm. Curtis, Milner, Idaho.
- D. F. Redman, Boise, Idaho.

Sidewalks for Twin Falls.

Arrangements are being made to begin the construction of sidewalks in front of all business lots sold on Main Street and Shoshone Avenue. All property owners are under contract to have sidewalks completed by February, 1905. It is a good plan to begin work on their construction before the winter sets in.

phere. At the present time one workman could secure plenty of work to keep him busy indefinitely. The situation will bear investigation.

A peep into the many happy though unshaven faces of those who are located, as well as those who are visitors, would suggest that a first-class barber could secure all the patronage necessary to keep one chair busy most of the time. As there are already two rooms, and possibly more, to be had which would prove suitable for tonsorial parlors, it would be no bad move for a first-class workman to make a timely appearance. A bath room in connection would add materially to the revenues of the parlor.

As in the case in a new locality a shortage of furniture is often the cause of many improvisations in home necessities of this sort. At Twin Falls a furniture store would do a thriving business. At no distant date the settlers who have located lands within the boundaries of the first opening, and who are necessarily compelled to clear their land this season,

order that the soil may be prepared for crop and to receive water in the spring. Good wages may be secured either by the day and board, or under contract by the acre. Other avenues will also render employment to many. If you want work come and see.

School Census.

E. E. Ramsay is taking the school census for this district to ascertain the number of children of school age who will attend school this winter. The census is also for the purpose of securing the apportionment from the State school funds for maintaining the school here this winter. The number of children who are of school age is estimated at about 80. In the limits of the township the number is 59. A rapid increase over two months ago, and shows the growth of the town.

It is the intention of the school board to secure a competent teacher and have school open as soon as the building is completed, which is hoped will be ready for use at no distant date. Shortage of lumber has been the chief delay.

The work on the low-line canal has been let and is opened up for 5 1/2 miles, and about 12 1/2 miles yet remain for contractors to bid on. Most of the contractors are taking part payment in water-stock.

The ten-foot steel piping for the siphon at Rock Creek canyon crossing has been contracted for and will soon begin to arrive. We are advised that the freight weight will amount to 100 tons, and will be hauled by wagons from Shoshone.

The laterals are about finished on the land embraced in the first opening, and the laterals on the low-line canal are being laid out.

The present condition and progress of the canal and laterals is a source of much satisfaction to those who have secured land here and also to prospective locators. Indeed the future prospects and quality of land led one of the locators to remark that if one had a forty-acre tract here there would never be cause for walking railroad ties.

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TWIN FALLS NEWS

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Six Months, in Advance, 1.00

Be Sensible.

There is to be a wonderful development in the western part of Cassia county within a few months which will continue for several years. The incoming county officers will have rapidly changing conditions to contend with. Among other things will be the construction of roads through a large section of country. Considering these conditions, it is only the part of wisdom to have a member of the board of County Commissioners a resident of the western end of the county. It will not only expedite the transaction of business, but will result in saving the county a large sum of money.

H. H. Jacobs is the man whom this part of the county has selected as its Representative. He is experienced in county affairs, has extensive property interests, and the office can confer no benefits upon him. Yet the conditions are such that his defeat would be a grave mistake.

Mr. Jacobs's business affairs are such that he cannot make a canvass of the county, and for this reason his interests are likely to suffer.

Word has been received that Albion will vote against Mr. Jacobs in order to get two commissioners from that vicinity. The News does not believe the report can be true. But if it is, the News desires to appeal to the good sense—business sense—of Albion's citizens, and their spirit of fairness. It never pays an individual to be narrow and selfish, neither does it benefit a community to be so, because changing conditions may bring their own reward. Were conditions changed, the News would appeal to the voters to be sensible and just. It is not in behalf of Mr. Jacobs that this appeal is made, but it is for the people now here and the thousands who will come before the next election who have a right to have their interests safeguarded.

Vote on Election Day.

Next Tuesday, November 8, is election day and every citizen who is loyal to his country should not fail to cast his ballot for those whom he believes will best serve the interests of the people. It is a mistake to neglect to exercise the right to vote at the polls. Every citizen is granted this right for the sole purpose of enabling him to give expression to his views and to lend aid to the party of his choice in ruling affairs of state. Every election day finds a number of people qualified to vote who have failed to register, and even though registered, have failed to cast their ballot. It may be a matter of small moment at the time to the person who neglects his duty, but after the votes are counted that same individual may take exception to the ones elected to office and give utterance to words of dissatisfaction because they were chosen as servants of the people. Had that person cast his vote for the candidates to his liking the results might have been different. If you don't vote, don't kick. When you do vote, see that your choice is for honorable and efficient men, who are well qualified to discharge the duties of their various offices. Remember you are voting for

your own interests, and neglect to cast your ballot will be a stone thrown in your pathway over which you must sometime stumble. Therefore, vote.

Ten to Three on Roosevelt

Election betting was more active on Wall street today, says a New York dispatch of Oct. 25, than since the campaign commenced. Some wagers were made at odds of 10 to 3 on Roosevelt, the most remarkable figures ever known in a national campaign. The biggest bet was when Bunnell and Buchanan wagered \$20,000 on Roosevelt against \$7,000 on Parker which Williamson & Squire puts up for a customer. Bunnell and Buchanan announced that they had more Roosevelt money to bet at these odds.

A Forecast of the Result.

The Republican National committee has announced its estimate of the results of the voting next week. It claims 260 votes for Roosevelt and concedes only 166 to Parker. There are 35 on the doubtful list. The character of the list indicates the committee has been very careful in getting at conditions. Some time ago Idaho was placed in the doubtful list column, but it appears now among those that are certain for Roosevelt. Utah, Wyoming, Nevada, Montana and Colorado are placed in the list of doubtful states, the others being Delaware, Maryland and West Virginia. It has not been supposed that Wyoming was doubtful, but it has been generally understood that the other western states given in the list might swing over into the Democratic column. While there is nothing certain about such a result, the conditions in them are such that neither party would be justified in claiming them absolutely.

Stand Up for Idaho.

For the past two months Democratic speakers in Idaho, headed by Senator Dupois, have sent broadcast over the country the most malignant slanders of the fair name of this state that ever fell from the lips of man. The only parallel to it in our memory was the campaign which the Populists carried on in Kansas when they first came into power. Then, as now, the virtue of women and the honor of men was attacked to make political capitol. Today, in Idaho, Democratic speakers are publicly accusing the Mormon women and girls of being destitute of virtue and the Mormon men of "murdering their wives and beating their children into insensibility." The statements are false and the people know it. Reproach is being brought upon this state in an attempt to boost into office a lot of office seeking politicians. But the scheme won't work. Many self-respecting Democrats are leaving their party and refusing to endorse such slanders with their votes. The fair name of Idaho has been dragged in the mire of falsehood and misrepresentation. The people, irrespective of party, should repudiate such infamous statements at the polls.

Stand up for Idaho.
Sit down on its maligners.
Emmet Index.

On Tuesday President Roosevelt issued his Thanksgiving proclamation, setting aside Thursday, November 24, to be observed as a day of festival and thanksgiving by all the people of the United States at home and abroad.

The Republican who votes his ticket straight this year will do it

knowing that he has voted for a clean set of men, thoroughly equipped for their offices and worthy in every way of election. There is not a man on the ticket for whom anyone will have to vote holding his nose.—Emmet Index.

Idaho Pears Against the World.

The average price received for the Anjou pears sent to the New York market, by Mr. Martin of Boise, representing the Earl Fruit company, was \$4.73 per box for the 810 boxes which were the product of about 2 1/2 acres of trees in the orchard of H. C. Myers of Boise. One of the shipments from the Myers orchard topped the market at \$7.75 a box. That is a record worth having. It pays to grow choice fruit.—Gem State Rural.

Twin Falls to the Front.

The Twin Falls News, published at Twin Falls, Idaho, is on our table. It is published by O. H. Barber and Chas. F. Diehl, who are newspaper men of experience, and, if the first number of the News is any index to the future, the people of that locality will have a paper that will be a distinct factor in the upbuilding of that most promising section of our state. The issue before us contains illustrations of the great falls in the Snake River, after which the new town is named, and an excellent portrait of I. B. Perrine, "who first realized the possibilities of that section, and to whom, more than any one else, belongs the credit for the development now under way." There are illustrations of some of the scenes of the big irrigation project that is being pushed to completion down there together with what is known as the "Twin Falls Canal project." There is also a good deal of other matter of interest to residents there or to those who may be looking for homes or investments in a country with a future. The News has our best wishes for abundant success and usefulness.—Gem State Rural.

Good Farming Pays.

It is not difficult to grow 50 bushels of wheat to the acre here, says Mr. C. D. Stafford, one of our best farmers, whose demonstration of the fact forms the subject of the accompanying illustration. Last year Mr. Stafford produced 53 bushels of wheat to the acre, which weighed up to 66 2-3 pounds to the bushel.

This year from 20 3-4 measured acres he harvested 1018 bushels, besides feeding some before threshing to the horses, cattle and chickens. This was done, too, notwithstanding the very unusual frost of June 24 which injured more or less grain and other crops. Mr. Stafford plows the ground shallow in the fall. It had been in clover and blue grass. The following spring he goes over it with a disk, and follows it with a harrow. In seeding he uses a disk drill and cross drills; that is he drills half each way, and is particular to leave the surface of the ground thoroughly pulverized so that it forms a dust mulch.

Mr. Stafford says that some people seem to think that he puts too much work on preparing the ground, and in seeding, but he is satisfied that it pays. His experience and observations have taught him that seed well put in is more than half the battle in growing good crops. He puts in his grain quite early and irrigates when the crop needs it. He uses the blue stem wheat and finds it the best for milling purposes. Last year he sold most of his wheat at the granery for \$1.50 per hundred, and of course finds the crop a profitable one.—Gem State Rural.



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TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO

IMPORTANT U. S. LAND LAWS.

Method of Securing Title to Lands Under Carey and Reclamation Acts.

The irrigation enterprises now under way in this state afford greater opportunities for homeseekers than anywhere else in the west.

The laws, however, under which land may be acquired vary in character and it behooves the intending settler to examine the terms of each before deciding where he will cast his lot.

The Boise-Payette tract and the Minidoka tract have been designated for reclamation by the government. The Boise-Payette tract covers about 250,000 acres in the Boise and Payette valleys not irrigated from present ditches. The Minidoka tract lies along the Snake river south of the Oregon Short-Line railroad about 150 miles east of Boise and about 75 miles west of Pocatello.

Lands under these tracts to be reclaimed by the government can only be taken by homestead entry. The requirements may be stated as follows:

1. The entryman must be a citizen of the United States and over the age of twenty-one years (or be the head of a family). Married women cannot take a homestead.
2. The entryman must not be the owner of more than 160 acres of land other than the tract to be entered at the time of the entry.
3. A person who has heretofore made a homestead entry cannot, except in certain cases, make a home-

stead entry in these tracts.

2. It is immaterial how much land the entryman owns elsewhere or whether he has made any entry of lands under any of the other land laws. There are no restrictions in these respects. He cannot, however, enter more than 160 acres under this act.

3. No particular period of residence is required. The entryman may make his entry at any time. When the water is ready for delivery the canal company notifies the entryman, who must thereupon settle upon the land and cultivate one-sixteenth of his land the first year, and at least one-eighth of it within three years. The entire one-eighth may be cultivated at once and final proof made and title obtained as soon as the land is reclaimed from its desert character.

4. These entries may be assigned or transferred to other persons either in whole or in part.

5. The price (in the Twin Falls tract) is \$25.50 per acre, including the land and the water right.

Under both the Carey act and the reclamation act the settler acquires title to a proportionate interest in the irrigation works which are ultimately turned over to the land owners.

It will be seen that the chief differences in the laws are, that under the Carey act the residence required is for a very much shorter period of time, that no residence is required until the water is ready for use, that title can be procured within a year or less after settlement is required, that before final

proof the entry may be assigned and that only one-eighth, instead of one-half, must be reclaimed.

The only advantage in favor of entries under the reclamation act, is that the first payment on the water right need not be made at the time of entry, but is postponed until the water is ready for delivery, whereas, under the Carey act the first payment of \$3.25 per acre is made at the time of entry, and the second payment during the year when water is first delivered. Ten years are allowed in both cases for full payment.

Owing to the expense involved and the general conditions surrounding the enterprise, the Boise-Payette project is best handled under the reclamation act, while lands such as the Twin Falls tract are best handled under the Carey act.

The water supply should not be lost sight of in considering the making of an entry. To illustrate, the Twin Falls lands lying down the Snake river from the Minidoka tract have the prior water right, and the Minidoka lands are dependent, in a measure, on reservoirs to be built on the head waters of Snake river near the Wyoming line.

On the Boise-Payette tract it is proposed to utilize the magnificent resources of the Payette river, an almost unsurpassed source of supply. The Twin Falls land, owing to the great progress made in the work, present great opportunity in the way of present settlement.—Boise Evening Capital News, August 11, 1904.

Useful Information.
The salient features of the Twin Falls lands are as follows:
Land slopes gently and is easily and economically irrigated, the company bringing water to within half a mile of each quarter section of land in the tract.
The soil is rich, contains no alkali

or poisonous mineral substances in the soil which is particularly free from gravel and stones.

Land of sunshine, light snowfall and few days in winter when outdoor work cannot be done without discomfort; delightful mountain breezes in summer.

The state protects the rights of settlers.

Land sells for 50 cents an acre, which goes to the State; water right costs \$25 per acre, and is necessary before land can be taken; cash payment of \$3.25 per acre, balance in installments, 6 per cent interest.

Will raise any crop grown in the Mississippi valley, except tropical products. Fruit from this tract awarded first prizes at Chicago, Paris, Buffalo and New Orleans expositions from the Blue Lakes orchard of 15,000 trees; any kind of grain or grass.

For \$7.50 or less, ground can be cleared, ploughed, and seeded.

Not more than 160 acres can be taken by one person.

When the water right is paid for it passes to the hands of settlers and the company will cease to exist, the users owning both land and water.

There is plenty of work, settlers being given the preference. Work on the canals will not cease for two or three years, and the railroad construction and the clearing of land will furnish work for all who come.

The Twin Falls Land & Water company is the company that is doing the development work, building canals and dam, etc.

The Twin Falls Investment company is the colonization company, having the sale of all the lands on the Twin Falls tract.

Profitable Gardening.
On March 23 last, Mr. W. A. Childers secured the use of a tract of land on Rock creek, about fifteen miles from this city, cleared ten acres and planted all the various kinds of vegetables commonly grown in a good sized garden. As market gardening had never been attempted in this locality, Mr. Childers was surprised at the ease with which vegetables could be raised. It seemed only necessary to plant, water and harvest. The constant cultivation which is necessary to loosen the heavy eastern soil is not required here. Mr. Childers gathered three tons of ripe and 1,700 bunches of green onions from one half acre of ground. From the garden of cabbage, corn, beans, cucumbers, beets, melons, celery, etc., \$1,100 worth was sold and sufficient remained to carry the family through the winter.

Mr. Childers has a fine tract of land adjoining the townsite on the east, on which he is now erecting a dwelling. He will have a larger garden next year than he had this.

They Have Confidence in the Country.
The following list, culled at random from among those locating land here, or investing in town property, will give an idea of the substantial class of people who are coming here to reside, or who have faith enough in the future of the country to make an investment in city property:

J. M. Hollister, capitalist, Boise; Geo. Herriott, Spokane Electric Light Co.; D. S. Spencer, assistant general passenger agent Oregon Short Line; H. E. Jacobs, large land-owner in Dakota and Iowa; Hardy W. Kent and three others, Emmetsburg, Iowa; E. C. Manson, division superintendent Oregon Short Line; J. W. Bush and Clarence Sibley, merchants of Sydney Nebraska; W. H. C. Taylor, attorney, Pond Creek, Oklahoma; Donald Kennedy, wholesale lumber dealer, Chicago; T. E. McLean, attorney, Saultabury, N. C.; Clyde J. Bachus, U. S. secret service agent, Kalamazoo; C. A. McMaisters and Nick Smith, prosperous farmers of Hopkins, Mo.; B. E. Stoutmeyer and twenty others of Marora, Ill. Hundreds of others from all walks of life, farmers of the better class largely predominating.

Homeseekers' Rates.
The Colorado & Southern and Union Pacific railroads will make a rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for round-trip homeseekers' excursion tickets to Idaho points, Nov. 1 and 15. Rates will apply from Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Denver and points between Denver and Ft. Collins on the C. & S., and between Denver and Greeley inclusive on the Union Pacific railroad.

Subscribe for the News and keep posted on Twin Falls.



Shoshone Falls and Twin Falls City Stage Line. Daily Stage from Shoshone and Rock Creek.

The manner of acquiring title to lands under the provisions of the Carey act is quite different.

The Carey act, so called, is an act of congress whereby desert lands are turned over to the state for reclamation, the state in turn contracting for the building of the works with private individuals who are repaid for their work by the sale of water rights at a price fixed by the state. Projects under this act are under state supervision and control.

TWIN FALLS LANDS.

The Twin Falls tract, which is the chief example of lands taken under this act, lies 125 miles southeast of Boise, and is in Cassia county, twenty-five miles southeast of Shoshone.

The requirements for taking land under this tract, or those entered under similar laws are as follows:

1. The entryman must be a citizen of the United States over the age of

Twin Falls Land and Water Co.

OFFICERS:

W. G. FILER, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr., Salt Lake City, Utah.
F. H. BUHL, President, Sharon, Pa.
M. B. DELONG, Sec. & Treas., Shoshone Falls, Idaho.

Address all Communications to the Secretary of the

Twin Falls Investment Co., Ltd.

TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO.

Sole Agents for Disposal of Water Rights, Lands and Town Lots.

OFFICERS:

C. B. HURTT, President.
JOHN CROCKER, Treas.
R. A. McCOLLUM, Secretary.
I. B. Perrine, Vice-President and Gen. Mgr.
THOS. GOSTELLO, Vice-Pres. and Eastern Mgr.
GEO. F. SPRAGUE, Cashier.

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Main Street

TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO

Shoshone Falls Stage Line

J. B. FERRINE, Proprietor

Daily Stages leave Shoshone and Rock Creek every morning via Blue Lakes and Twin Falls City

R. M. McCOLLUM, GENERAL AGENT.

OFFICE TWIN FALLS INVESTMENT COMPANY, LTD., TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO

LIVE STOCK



Feeding Regularly.

When animals are fed in the barn, regularity of feeding is a requisite. Especially is this so in the winter time when the stock are not getting any of their feed from the pasture. The animal stomach as well as the human stomach quickly rebels if it be not treated in a perfectly regular manner. T. B. Terry, in a work on the care of horses and cattle, says:

Four years ago I bought a fine team of workhorses. They were six years old, and in extra good condition—got up well the next morning. They had been used to grain three times a day; but as I do not feed workhorses much if any grain, but rather keep them on early-cut clover and timothy hay—dried grass—I began, after a little, feeding them on hay alone. Of course, I made the change gradually. Every few weeks I drove them to the scales and had them weighed, and they gained steadily all winter. Their total gain in weight was 220 lbs., although in prime order to start with. They were altogether too fat, but I enjoyed the experiment. My best friends could hardly believe that the horses got no grain—that such flesh and life (it was business to handle them) came from dried grass alone. They did not do much if any hard work during the winter, but were always used enough for exercise. Now, how were they fed, for dried grass alone did not do the business? Regularly, three times a day, what they would eat up clean in from sixty to ninety minutes, and then watered as regularly and as many times. Then they were regularly and thoroughly curried, and, of course, kept in a warm stable. At their best weight they weighed about 1,400 lbs. each, and ate, on an average, about 30 lbs. of hay apiece each day. It was wonderfully choice hay, however, and they were good horses; but it was only by the most careful attention in feeding that they could have been made to show any such gain. It would have been an easy matter to feed them more, and have them fatter flesh; so under some circumstances it takes less hay to fatten an animal than to run him down, which goes to show that feeding is an important matter.

Selling Cattle at the Stockyards.

The stock is driven from the car onto this receding platform, and from this it is driven by chutes to the pens in various parts of the yards. One may unload a carload of stock, drive it into an alley adjoining the platform, and thence to any part of the yard desired. Cross gates are at frequent intervals, which will permit one to direct his stock at his pleasure with but little trouble. After the stock is placed in pens it is available for sale. The shipper usually turns it over to a commission man to sell, although this is not a necessity. Yet one not regularly on the market cannot help to get good advantage as can the regular dealers. This is because irregular sellers are not in touch with the buyers, so as to secure a wide range of custom. The animals received in stock yards usually reach the market very early in the morning, and by noon the active business of the day is about completed. There are two classes of men in the yards about the pens, the commission men selling and the buyers. The first thing each morning these men inform themselves regarding the quotations on the various classes and grades of stock and the visible supply. If the supply is short and the demand for certain grades is active, then the buyers seek the salesmen; but if the market is dull and indifferent, then the sellers seek the buyers. Where men buy for the packing houses, they receive a daily statement of the slaughter record of the animals purchased by them the day previous.—Prof. Chas. S. Plumb.

Bill Nye's Cow.

The story is going the rounds of the press that Bill Nye, having a cow to sell, advertised her as follows: "Owing to my ill health, I will sell at my residence, township 19, range 18, according to the government's survey, one, plash raspberry, cow, aged 3 years." She is of undoubted courage and gives milk frequently. To a man who does not fear death in any form she would be a great boon. She is very much attached to her present home with a stay chain, but she will be sold to any one who will agree to treat her right. She is one-fourth Shorthorn and three-fourths Havana. I will also throw in a double-barrel shotgun, which goes with her. In May she usually goes away for a week or two and returns with a tall, red calf with wabbling legs. Her name is Rose. I would rather sell her to a non-resident."

The wise farmer feeds his land through the live stock he keeps on his farm.

Art of Vanished Race

(Special Correspondence.)

The wonderful prehistoric architecture of Central America and Mexico is illustrated in a strikingly realistic manner at the St. Louis World's Fair by a set of models included in the exhibit made by the United States government. These models exhibit in a good representative fashion the diversity of styles and types in this indigenous architecture. The series includes the "House of the Governor" at the ruined city of Uxmal in Yucatan, the "Castillo" at Chichen-Itza in



Aborigine Amid Ruins. Yucatan, the "Temple of the Cross" at the ruined city of Palenque in the state of Chiapas, Mex., the "Palace" in the ruined city of Mitla, state of Oaxaca, Mex., and the ruined temple of Koochicalco in the state of Morelos, Mex.

The noble proportions of the "Castillo" of Chichen-Itza—which rises to a height of 103 feet and is about 200 feet square at the base—are enhanced by the dignified simplicity of the design, the ornament effectively concentrated at a few points that finely balance about the main entrance, in the central panels above the entrance, and in the conventionalized animal designs that flank the main stairway at the ground, while the open stone-work of the roof-garret gives a compelling touch of lightness to the sky line. The rounded corners of the pyramid terraces contribute to the beauty of the work.

Another magnificent structure, the "House of the Governor" at Uxmal, resembles the Mitla palace in form, both having long and comparatively low walls. But in style it is entirely different. The ornament is disposed in effective contrast with the quiet surface of plain walls, and is composed of a combination of geometrical patterns with freestone sculpture and hieroglyphical inscriptions in a language whose key has not yet been discovered.

The art illustrated in these models deserves the careful attention of students—both of architecture and of decoration. The builders worked evidently with clear knowledge of definitely formulated principles of design.



Travel in Central America.

They were architects in the true sense of the word. They developed styles as distinctive as those of the Egyptians, the Greeks and the Chinese, and they had clear conceptions of the value of ornament and its distribution with relation to architectural effect. They understood well how to achieve qualities of monumental impressiveness, and knew how to utilize to such ends features like grand stairways, approaches and ornamental elements like the frieze and the cornice. The series are admirably illustrated in the "House of the Governor" and the Koochicalco temple.

The civilizations that these wonderful ruins have survived to represent still remain a mystery for science. All

sorts of theories have been propounded concerning them, from the wildly imaginative conjectures of an enthusiast like LePlongeon, who placed them at the beginning of all things in the history of civilization, and of others who find them to be survivals of the culture that distinguished the lost continent of Atlantis, to the sober investigations of trained students like Adolf Bandelier, Mrs. Zelia Nuttall and numerous others who have devoted themselves in patient research to various aspects of the subject.

Mr. Bandelier, for instance, finds the strongest evidences of one great type of indigenous culture, its diverse manifestations differentiated in various degrees of advancement through North and South America, rising from the crude organizations of the savage tribes up to the mound builders, the cliff dwellers, the Pueblos of New Mexico and Arizona, and finding its highest expressions among the Aztecs, the Incas and the lost cultures of Mexico and Central America.

Immense antiquity has been attributed to these "wonderful ruins." But the best evidence goes to show that however ancient may be the civilizations that they represent, the ruins themselves, although "prehistoric" in consequence of the fact that everything before the European discovery of this continent is shrouded in a mystery almost impenetrable—are comparatively modern; young in comparison with the Parthenon or the Colosseum, and probably not antedating many well-known historic European buildings erected in the middle ages. Some of them may have been almost new when the Spaniards came.

But what became of the extensive civilization that must have existed all around them, and which could not well have expressed themselves so monumentally without stable and long enduring conditions? We know much about the Aztecs and the Incas, but how shall we learn anything definite about the builders of these temples?

It is thought by certain eminent authorities that the civilizations were autochthonous, developed solely by man on this continent. Hence it is held that certain significant resemblances between this indigenous architecture and decorative art and similar forms of art in the old world are to be traced to the circumstance that the mind of man, working independently along lines that originate in human nature and human needs, will in widely separated parts of the world reach similar and possibly identical conclusions. So in architecture, features like the frieze and the cornice might be developed independently through suggestions derived from phases common in construction.

Among those who hold that there must have been some connection between the cultures of the two continents, it is ordinarily assumed that the influence proceeded from the eastern continent to the western. But a belief is gaining ground among some of the most scientific investigators that the influence must have proceeded from the western continent to the eastern, and that human institutions are of older date here than there!

THE WORLD OF SPORTS

Break Swimming Records.

At the Olympic swimming races at St. Louis the American record of 8:18 1-5 was broken by C. M. Daniels of the New York Athletic Club, who won the 40-yard championship swim in 6:16 1-5. This was not allowed, however, as one of the three stop watches required to record the time stopped. E. Rausch of Germany, in swimming the half-mile championship race in 15:11 3-5, broke the American record of 18:22 2-5 held by E. Carroll Schaefer of the University of Pennsylvania.

Root Ready for All.

Jack Root wants another match and has issued a challenge to the world, barring only Jeffries. Says Root: "I am willing to take on Gardner, Munroe, Hart, Willie, McCoy, Sullivan, Corbett or any of them, barring, of course, the invincible Jeffries. I think I can beat any one in the game at present outside of Jeff, and to show my confidence in myself I will immediately post a side bet the moment a match is made. This goes for every one of those I have mentioned, or any one else that shows class."

Dan Patch is Recovering.

The news that came the other day regarding the serious condition of the champion racer, Dan Patch (1-5-63), from Topeka, Kan., was a shock to the harness horse enthusiasts in the country, and the later report that he will recover from the attack will be hailed

the French Jockey Club. Henry has already made a provisional contract with a prominent public trainer in France for a salary of \$12,000 a year. The Jockey has only a verbal contract with Ed Corrigan, and should report from France before he will leave the employ of the "master of Hawthorne" at once.

Nell to Fight Bowker.

A report comes from the east that Frankie Nell and Tom Bowker have been matched to fight before the National Sporting Club of London in a few weeks. The match has been hanging fire for a long time. It will be for twenty rounds, and the weight has been fixed at 116 pounds. Bowker claims the bantamweight championship of England. Nell, with his father, is expected to sail for England this week.

Bald Second in Auto Race.

Edward C. Bald, the former bicycle champion, made his debut as a professional in the automobile races at Dutchess County Fair, Foughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 16. Bald finished second in the five mile race for touring cars, which was won by A. S. Lee with a twenty-four horse power machine. Colonel J. J. Astor's twenty horse power machine, driven by B. Morgan, was third. Time—7:02.

Many After "Battling" Nelson. "Battling" Nelson, whose recent victories over several of the best 120-

CHANDLER EGAN.



Winner of National Amateur Golf Championship.

with delight. His death at this time would be a distinct loss to the great breeding industry of the country. His last attempt on the track was at Milwaukee, Wis., when he made in attempt and succeeded in lowering the track record at that place of 2:03 1-4, going an easy mile in 2:03 1-4, the last half in 1:00 3-4.

To Postpone Auto Yacht Race.

The transatlantic yacht race for Emperor William's cup may not be sailed next season as it is uncertain whether enough yachts would be entered to make a worthy competition. The emperor has committed the question of offering a cup for competition to the German naval attaché at Washington, Captain Heddinghaus, Allison V. Armour and C. L. Robinson, former rear commodore of the New York Yacht Club. The cup will be sent to the United States this year.

Henry May Seen Ride Abroad. Jockey Milton Henry has received assurances from France that he stands a good chance of being reinstated by

pond boys in the country has placed him in the first rank in this division, is being overrun with challenges. His most persistent challenger is Tommy Mowatt, who is positive he can trim the "Battler." Faddy Carroll, Tommy's manager, has enough faith in his protegee's ability to trounce Nelson to bet a little on this side.

Golf Honors to H. T. Cole.

H. T. Cole of Detroit won the individual golf championship of the League of the Lower Lakes. In the finals of the annual tournament at the Country Club Cole defeated W. H. Muir of Detroit.

Billings Paces a 2:09 1-4 Mile.

Billings, a 1-year-old pacer colt owned by Ed Gaylord of Dover and Joe Thayer of Lexington, Ky., paced a mile at Lexington, Sept. 16, in 2:09 1-4.

Britt to Mews Gans.

James Britt has agreed to fight Joe Gans after he has dropped the Corbett affair. Both boxers agree to scale 121 pounds rigidly.

BREVITIES

James Stoddard, a prominent resident of Albion, was over visiting the town this week.

Dr. Clouchek is clearing his residence lot in block 36, on Seventh Avenue, preparatory to the erection of a dwelling house.

Fred Peck is erecting a residence building on his lot opposite the livery and sale stables. It will be ready for occupancy within two weeks.

Rev. Patterson held services at the Hazen House Sunday. A fair audience greeted the speaker and listened intently to the sermon delivered.

The street sprinkler has been busy for several days past laying the dust on Main street. The water system is in good working condition and plenty of water is to be had for all present needs.

H. E. Burnett, a well-known dentist of Salmon City, Idaho, was here this week and purchased some land and town lots. Mr. Burnett will return in February to open an office and practice his profession.

Some samples of Oakley coal were received here today and a trial made to ascertain its quality. It was found to burn very well, and no doubt many orders will be placed this winter for coal from that locality.

T. E. Lyon, of the firm of Porter & Lyon of Teton Basin, was here to attend the funeral of Mrs. Gager, who passed away last week. Mr. Lyon is a brother-in-law to Mr. Craig. Mr. Lyon will return here in the spring with a view of securing interests in this locality.

M. F. Kossman, proprietor of the Banner Hotel at Albion, and candidate for county treasurer on the Democratic ticket, was a visitor to this place Thursday making acquaintance with those who have recently located here. Mr. Kossman is one of the oldest settlers in Cassia county and is well and favorably known.

Some samples of potatoes raised on Rock Creek bottom, near town, and without irrigation, are on exhibition at the office of the Twin Falls Investment Company. They compare very favorably with those raised in other parts of the state under irrigation. This is just a little added proof of the fertility of the soil in the Twin Falls land tract.

R. W. Gager and M. Kennedy, conductors on the Burlington railroad running out of Alliance, Nebraska, have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of conducting a hardware business. They purchased a lot on Main Street and are having a building erected for their use. Their hardware stock has been ordered and will arrive shortly.

Martin Barry, the pioneer shoemaker of Wood River, who at present is located at Hailey, was here this week looking over the town. He states that his impression of the town is very favorable and that he will return in the near future to make this place his home. There is a good opening here for a shoemaker, and as Mr. Barry is also a harnessmaker, and will do both classes of work, his patronage should be quite remunerative.

Pat Hall, contractor and builder, left Tuesday for Minidoka via Shoshone. While in Shoshone Mr. Hall will attend to the purchase of some dimension lumber, badly needed on the beginning of the school building. More material will also be ordered for the completion of Mr. McCollum's residence. Upon his arrival at Minidoka Mr. Hall will erect a

comfortable dwelling on his homestead which he recently took up on the government tract thrown open for settlement.

Alex Topance of Ogden paid Twin Falls a visit Tuesday. He expressed himself as being surprised at the progress of the town since his last visit here.

Dr. D. P. Albee of Oakley, Democratic nominee for state senator on the county ticket, was in town this week making acquaintance with newcomers in this section.

William Curtis of Milner was here this week and located a tract of land and also purchased a town lot. Mr. Curtis expects to make this place his permanent home in the near future.

J. L. Peyton came over from Shoshone Tuesday to note the progress of the town. He expects to enter into business here as soon as satisfactory arrangements can be made.

St. John Skinner, a popular resident of Mace, Idaho, located a tract of land Thursday which has greatly pleased him. He is very enthusiastic over the future of this locality and believes it will become one of the richest in the state.

FOR SALE—Bearing orchard, in Payette valley, eight years old. Thirty-three acres in winter apples and seven acres in pears. All in prime condition. Enquire of or address, C. S. LOVELAND, Twin Falls, Idaho.

The Williams building on Main street, which was moved from Milner, is rapidly assuming shape and will be ready shortly for occupancy. It will be used as a drug store, the stock for which is already on the way.

Teams have been busy for some days past hauling lumber for the lumber yard. The increasing demand has necessitated a concerted effort on the part of the management of the yard to prevent the supply becoming too low.

A. E. Ramel, a miner of Salmon City, arrived here Wednesday to note the progress of Twin Falls. Mr. Ramel was sufficiently pleased with present conditions to purchase some town lots, and later on may make a location on a tract of land.

C. B. Taylor has just completed a foundation on his lot on Main street and will begin the erection of a building as soon as lumber can be procured. Mr. Taylor states that he will open a short-order restaurant for the winter, but in the spring will build an addition to be used as a dining room.

C. F. Pike, a brother of Dr. Pike of this place, an employee in the government assay office in Boise, was a caller this week looking over the town and lands. Mr. Pike believes like those who have come before that the future of this place is very bright. He will no doubt acquire interests here before returning home.

M. T. Records is rapidly completing his building on Main street and by next week it will be ready for occupancy. The building consists of two rooms of convenient size suitable for any small line of business, and at present are not rented. This is an excellent opportunity for some one to begin business immediately.

The Twin Falls Rooming House, the advertisement of which appears in another column, is completely furnished now throughout with comfortable beds, and a specialty is made of extending all possible courtesies to those who place their names on the register. All visitors to Twin Falls may feel that there is ample place for

them to rest from the fatigue of travel at this comfortable hostelry. Mr. Hazen, the genial proprietor, is always in readiness to attend to the wants of his guests and invariably gives them the best that present conditions afford.

A corps of surveyors have been working on the streets the past week establishing the grade and curb lines. No work is being spared to lay the foundation for Twin Falls to be a model city.

The Thunder Mountain News, published by Clarence Eddy and Samuel H. Hunt, has been launched. Mr. Eddy is a versatile writer and has devoted much of his time to mining. The News should be a success.

A. H. Derbyshire of Albion, candidate for prosecuting attorney on the Republican county ticket, was a caller in these parts last week. Mr. Derbyshire is the present incumbent, and is a candidate for re-election.

A. Lounsbury of Oakley, candidate for county treasurer on the Republican ticket, was over visiting this end of the county the past week. Mr. Lounsbury is an efficient candidate and has many friends throughout the county.

We received last evening the initial number of the Twin Falls News, Idaho, published by O. H. Barber and C. P. Diehl. It is a credit to newspaperdom and hope it may live long and prosper.—Springville (Utah) Independent.

G. B. Wheaton, of Grinnell, Iowa, representing the Spaulding Buggy Company of that place, is here looking over the country with a view of establishing a branch house at this point. He believes the future will warrant a move of this sort.

The Utah Construction company which has the contract for building the Short Line extension from Minidoka to this point has already begun work on the Minidoka end. Teams and men are busy moving dirt, and the force will be increased as soon as possible.

Dr. Emerson was called to Rock Creek Tuesday night to attend Lars Larson whom he found suffering from a complication of bladder and bowel troubles which required a surgical operation, but in the absence of proper facilities for successful work in that line it was recommended that the patient be taken to Salt Lake, which was done.—Oakley Eagle.

Samuel Hall of Mesa, Arizona, is here looking over the land with a view of making a purchase and locating here. Mr. Hall says this is the greatest irrigation project he has ever seen, and states that it is far ahead of the Salt River Valley in Arizona. Mr. Hall has a number of friends who are awaiting his report and if favorable they will also come here to locate.

S. B. Reynolds is here looking over the country with a view of making contracts for the grubbing of sagebrush. He is agent for the Alvord sagebrush, grubber and land cleaner, and will use this grubber in gangs drawn by a traction engine when clearing land. Reports are that the Alvord machine is thoroughly reliable and best type of grubber on the market. Practical results will be looked for shortly.

Wm. Henscheid of Spokane is here looking over the Twin Falls tract of land and will make a location before returning home. His impressions of the great possibilities to be realized here will be conveyed to his friends who are anxious to leave their present place of abode and cast their lot with Twin Falls. This is only an illustration of a common occur-

rence where one person coming here and making a location explains the situation to his friends and neighbors who in turn are induced to seek that which suits them better.

The City Meat Market has added to their stock a fine assortment of apples and vegetables.

A brand new sign adorns the front of the Palace saloon.

J. C. Patterson of Milner, candidate for county coronor on the Republican ticket, was a visitor to Twin Falls this week.

GENERALITIES

Sarah Bernhart has contracted to give eight representations at a Berlin theatre.

Word came from St. Louis that Baldwin's airship has completely disappeared. It may still be touring the heavens or being wrecked in some obscure spot and Baldwin has practically given up hope of recovering the machine. While the actual cost of it was \$2500 the money spent in perfecting it will reach \$8000.

A dispatch from Blackfoot to the Capitol News says: Several hundred people crowded the court room to overflowing to hear the closing arguments in the murder case against James Connors, who killed Deputy Sheriff E. P. Sweet on September 25 at that place.

Every available foot of space was taken. The jury, after being out about three hours, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. Connors showed no signs of weakening when the verdict was read. His defense was alcohol insanity.

Late information received from Meeteetee, Wyoming, concerning the bank robbery, says that after one of the most determined man hunts in the history of Wyoming the desperate Hole in the Wall bandits, who killed Cashier Midgough, of the First National Bank of Cody in a vain endeavor to hold up the bank, were brought to bay this morning in the forest between Meeteetee and Ther mopolis. Their death either by rifle shot or the noose is now considered a question of only a few hours. Following the two possses that left Cody on Monday and Tuesday another left this morning led by Colonel Cody. With "Buffalo Bill" are Chief Iron Tail, 30 cowboys and nine Englishmen who

came with Colonel Cody from the east.

A dispatch from Omaha says: It is stated at Union Pacific headquarters that H. W. Bancroft, Vice president of the Oregon Short Line railway, has been appointed general manager of the Southern Pacific to succeed C. H. Markham, recently resigned. It is understood, however, that the appointment is only temporary, as Mr. Bancroft's duties as the head of the Oregon Short Line demands his entire attention.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. H. W. CLOUCHEK
Physician and Surgeon
Two Years Resident Physician at University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan.
TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO

P. H. HALL
Contractor and Builder
Estimates Cheerfully Furnished
TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO

DR. J. M. ROGERS
DENTIST
SHOSHONE, IDAHO
Will make monthly visits to Twin Falls City.

C. S. LOVELAND
Fire and Life Insurance
Notary Public
TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO

Headquarters
Saloon
GEO. BASSETT, Prop.
Finest Line of Wines, Liquors and Cigars
LIVERY STABLE IN CONNECTION
Teams and Rigs for All Parts of the Country
Headquarters
Restaurant
FINEST MEALS IN THE CITY
GEO. BASSETT, Prop.
TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO

Alvord Sage-Brush Grubber and Land Cleaner
Prepares your Land for Tilling in the Easiest and Best Manner. Costs Less than any other Machine and Saves Expense in Running.
S. B. REYNOLDS, Sole Agent for Shoshone and Twin Falls Dist.
Will Contract to Clear Land at Reasonable Price. Address:
TWIN FALLS, IDAHO.

Where, oh! where is my Highland Laddie Gone?
He has gone to G. W. TARR & CO.'s to buy his goods. You can't fool him. He knows where he can get honest goods at honest prices, full weights and measures, courteous treatment, prompt service and fair dealing. Give them a trial and be convinced
G. W. TARR & Co.
TWIN FALLS CITY, IDAHO