

# THE TWIN FALLS TIMES

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## BUSINESS METHODS NEEDED IN ASIA

Minister Hornbrook Writes  
Article From Siam.

SYSTEMATIC EFFORT SHOULD BE  
MADE TO GET TRADE OF ORIENT.

Give Customers What They Want,  
Advertise Judiciously and Deliver  
Goods, He Says.

That the exporters from this country to the Orient should adopt the same principles in dealing with Asiatics that they do in dealing with Americans, give our customers what they want; that conditions in the far east should be studied comprehensively and intelligently; that advertising should be freely and intelligently indulged in; that we should give more attention to the upbuilding of our merchant marine; and that we should send our best men to Asia, equipped for the work there, are suggestions made by William H. Hornbrook, a former citizen of this city, now United States minister to Siam, in a letter published in the current issue of Leslie's magazine. The article follows:

How much longer will American business men continue to sleep upon their rights in the Far East? This is a question in which every patriotic American citizen should be deeply interested. It is a question which suggests itself to every American tourist and has been made the subject for scores of consular reports by our commercial representatives on this side of the Pacific. But our delay in substituting an aggressive commercial policy for that of inaction and indifference has not only attracted the attention of our own citizens. It has been the marvel of our European and Japanese competitors who are slowly but surely obtaining a stranglehold upon business, which by every rule of geography and common sense should be closed. In no other section of the world is there a greater opportunity to convert American enterprise into dollars and cents. What are we going to do about it? What are we going to come to us or go to them? But before answering this question the business man asks for a bit of particular. He demands details of our present information. A brief review of the methods adopted by our trade competitors in the markets of the world may therefore prove interesting. The conditions in Siam may be regarded as typical of those in other sections of the Far East and I will therefore refer briefly to the methods adopted by the Europeans and Japanese in this country.

Years ago these manufacturers sent trained specialists to visit sections of the world to make a comprehensive study of the commercial needs of the inhabitants. Every article used by the natives, products of the soil, or the brightly colored beetle-nut box, was made the subject of a most careful investigation. Samples of fabrics, ornaments and designs, were secured and forwarded to the manufacturer who very promptly turned his attention to the work of making an exact reproduction of merchandise which he knew in advance would find a ready market. But the progressive and wide-awake pioneer of European trade did not stop with the production of the finished article. He knew that freight which might be safely transported by rail

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## LONG PENDING SUIT IS FINALLY SETTLED

Noted Cattle Case Adjusted at Albion—  
Twin Falls Attorneys on Both  
Sides.

A suit involving 1000 head of cattle, which has been pending for the past five years—and in which two firms of Twin Falls and Albion, Idaho, were parties, was settled by compromise at Albion last week. The title of the suit was J. W. Wilson and Sons against Minnie Swain and the Boise Cattle and Packing company. The Wilsons sold the cattle to the Boise firm, and were enticed from paying the purchase price by Minnie Swain, who they were indebted. This action was the basis for other suits, one of which was up for determination at Albion last week. Guthrie and Bowen of this city and C. T. Lowe of Burley, represented the Wilsons, E. M. Wolfe of Twin Falls and Edgar E. Brown of Albion, represented the defendants. Minnie Swain, and C. M. Conn of Boise represented the packing company. All matters in litigation between the parties was adjusted in the settlement.

## LEAVE TRAIL OF DESTRUCTION IN THEIR PATH



A band of Villista raiders riding along a railroad they have destroyed.

## EXHIBITION HALL IS STRONGLY URGED

Delegation of Merchants Visit  
Council for Plans

CITY SHOULD HAVE HALL LARGE  
ENOUGH FOR AUTO SHOW.

C. E. Booth Declares Auto Exhibit  
Best Thing For Twin Falls Business  
Ever Held.

City hall talk virtually monopolized the attention of the council meeting last night, all sorts of tentative plans from the proposal put forth by the Merchants' association for an exhibition hall which would be big enough to accommodate the auto show, to a temporary building which would satisfy the present needs of the city and save rent until a line could be secured on how far the splendid municipal growth now in evidence would continue. Some other things were done, such as ordering the city attorney to prepare an ordinance, concerning the building to secure permits, but the city hall talk predominated.

The matter was brought to the attention of the council by C. E. Booth, who said that he had talked the matter over with most of the merchants on Main street, as many as he could meet, and those consulted were all in favor of an exhibition building along the line of that shown in the picture accompanying the article. Booth said he was tired to show in detail plan and would not urge the council to act until they had got in touch with popular opinion. As he had not taken time to take it up, asked as to the cost of a structure such as he outlined, Mr. Booth said that he understood from Archie and Ed Bates that it would be about \$50,000. He pointed out the

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## MCCRACKEN HEADS ALL IN JUMPING CONTEST

Twin Falls Boy Scores First Place  
in Broad and High Jumping at  
Rupert.

McCracken of Twin Falls, won first place in the high jump and the broad jump, and third place in the hammer throwing and 220-yard dash at the meeting of local athletes in Rupert last week. He scored five feet seven inches in the high jump and 18 feet six inches in the broad jump. Howe of this city won second place in the mile run, and Evans of this city won the 100-yard dash, the 220-yard dash, the shot put and the hammer throw. High jumper won third place in the high jump and the 440-yard dash. Spokane was third in the 880-yard run. The Twin Falls relay teams consisting of McCracken, Shirk, Neuman and Holbrook, won third in a half-mile relay. Rupert headed the teams, with 74 points. Burley was next with 44 points and Twin Falls third with 23 points. Rupert, Burley, Twin Falls, Kimberly and Burley were entered but the last named team failed to appear.

Members of the Twin Falls team were McCracken, Evans, Howe, Holbrook, Skelton, Irwin, Shirk and Neumann.

## BLOCKADE RUNNERS ON TWIN SPRINGS ROAD

Europe Has No Monopoly of Cutting  
Off of Supplies. One Skipper Out-  
sailed Purvisers.

The road from Twin Springs to Twin Falls is more dangerous than the North Sea these days on account of the blockade maintained by his Majesty King Kendall, who has every chartered channel filled with cruizers looking for contraband. There are blockade runners on the passages who go to the Springs for the purpose of cutting the mineral water and other exorbitant beverages which it is not lawful to land in this state, unless stowed away in quantities too small to discern, inside the captain. Every time that a person goes out under suspicious circumstances a deputy goes out and lays for him and if he does not see the watches in time to sink his cargo he will have a careful story to tell Judge Babcock of the destitution that his family will be left in if he should be locked up. Sometimes an unexpected craft commanded by a prominent skipper whose presence is not suspected, comes sailing by. This happened one evening last week when a prominent business man came down the channel under full steam. The embargo officer ordered him to halt but the skipper was so intent on the ruler of his craft that he did not hear and he went by before the batteries could be brought to bear. In this case, the officers, not being able to overhaul the flying cutter assumed that the cargo was harmless since they had no proof to the contrary, but they say the next cargo that tries to run the blockade will be shot up, just as a cure for deafness.

## BAPTIST PASTOR RESIGNS FROM TWIN FALLS CHURCH

Rev. H. C. Miller to Take Long Vacation  
on Account of Threatened  
Breakdown.

Rev. H. C. Miller resigned Sunday on account of a threatened physical breakdown, the resignation to take effect July 1. The retiring pastor will not do more than a half-time during June 1, and at the expiration will temporarily retire from the pulpit until his health improves. He will go to a farm near Portland, Ore., and will remain on it for two or three years until he fully recovers. Rev. Miller has had several similar experiences but did not retire long enough at any time to thoroughly recuperate. Under the circumstances, the congregation, while expressing regret on account of the resignation of their pastor and on account of the reasons prompting the action felt that they could do nothing but accept the resignation. As he had not taken his vacation last year, they felt that it was only proper to allow him a month under salary this year, especially as he would be entitled to another month this summer.

## METHODISTS DECIDE ON NEW CHURCH TONIGHT

Impression is That It Will Be Built  
—Baptists Pushing Their Plans  
Forward.

The Methodists met tonight for the purpose of finally passing on the matter of constructing a new church in this city. There is a general feeling that a new building will be erected but until the meeting tonight the matter cannot be definitely stated. The Baptists held a meeting at the church last night and discussed further their plans for raising funds for the construction of the new church which it has been unanimously determined shall be built.

## DEED TO FAIR GROUND IS READY

Will Be Placed on File With  
County Clerk Today

FILER DELEGATION VISITS COM-  
MISSIONERS YESTERDAY.

A Commission to Assist in Manage-  
ment Will Be Appointed As Soon  
As Legally Possible.

The deed for the fair grounds at Filer will be brought to this city today and filed this evening for record with the county clerk. The matter of arranging for the fair was discussed at considerable length yesterday by the board of county commissioners and a committee from Filer consisting of H. G. Munyon, J. W. Tanner, Guy Shearer, Grover Davis and Arthur Anderson. The delegation wanted a commission appointed to work under the direction of the commissioners for the management of the fair. This the board agreed to do and also agreed to appoint as the Filer members the following citizens of that town who have been recommended by the people there: H. G. Munyon, Grover Davis and George Allen. There will be several members from Twin Falls and elsewhere, on the board. The matter of drafting a required resolution for such commission and local laws submitted to County Attorney J. T. Davies.

The following from the Filer Journal is an appreciation of work done and prophecy of what will be done:

Last Tuesday morning, H. G. Munyon, ex chairman of the fair committee, checked over the subscription to the county fair fund, and found them

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## NEW AUTO HEARSE FOR THE CROSBY COMPANY

First of the Kind in the State Is  
Purchased in Twin Falls and Ar-  
rived Yesterday.

The first auto hearse purchased in the state of Idaho arrived yesterday from the Crosby Undertaking establishment at the garage of the Velle Motor company and was promptly delivered. It is up to the minute in style and convenience, and makes a very handsome appearance. The interior is of Circassian walnut and has a flower rack above the apartment for the casket. The hearse is a most comfortable and can be held in a safe place while traveling from place to place. The engine is a 45-horse power affair and is able to drive the large vehicle anywhere. The measurement of bed from hub to hub is 153 inches. The hearse is made by the Rock Falls company and the machinery by the Velle Motor company.

The fact that this is the first auto hearse in the state is commented on freely as showing the Twin Falls spirit of enterprise.

## ANOTHER BIG STRIKE

REPORTED IN JARBIDGE

Property Owned by William  
Charles Martin and John Echart  
Said to Be Proving Rich.

One of the biggest strikes ever made in the Jarbridge district is reported on the streets today, and is said to have been made on the property owned by William Charles Martin and John Echart between the Legitimate and the Flax claims. The details of the strike have not yet been made public but from all reports the development promises to be startling.

## BREAKFAST HELD IN PARISH HALL

20th Century Club Entertains  
The Men Folks.

SONS OF ADAM ROASTED DAINTILY  
BY THEIR HOSTESSES.

Many Brilliant Talks Made—Mayor  
Sweeney Saves Day in "Last Half  
of Ninth."

The fifth annual breakfast, marking the close of the Twentieth Century club year, was given last Friday evening, being accorded the privilege of opening the new Parish House of Assumption Episcopal church. Owing to the fact that the building was not quite completed and the hall was without equipment or adornment, there was some hesitation about permitting its use. But the urgency of the club induced it to be used, and it is only just to say that all interested, both club members and guests, were delighted with its acoustic properties, beauty and convenience, and united in the verdict that it offered a long service to the Twin Falls club for social activities.

Some weeks ago the club voted, that as each year of its existence had increased its work and power, it was time to show the husbands and friends of the members that it stood for something more than an exchange of cooking recipes and crochet patterns. To the least some of the men went home with a new respect for "Wimmins Clubs," after listening to the exquisite satire and beautifully rounded sentences of the "Fonstas." Indeed some of them were toasted (and roasted) to a golden brown.

At the beautifully decorated tables 200 members and guests were seated who did full justice to the delicious viands so daintily served by the charming girls of the high school domestic science class and the Junior club members. The tables were decorated by the artistic hands of Mrs. J. H. Cookley, who was the exponent of art from Twin Falls at the Panama Pacific exposition. Mrs. Cookley made 210 most perfect roses and lilacs for each corner at the breakfast table. Besides using ten dozen calla lilies as centerpiece—these lilies a gift to the club from Mrs. Lillian Dabbs of Berkeley, Calif.,—a dozen calla lilies sent by Mrs. Sam Hart's sister of California. The stage was a hower of beauty and from it came the most earnest and sincere remarks of the afternoon.

"Idaho, My Idaho," was sung by the audience, standing. Mrs. J. C. Doake announced the invocation. Mrs. W. E. Nixon, with her well known wit, prefaced each speaker's toast with so many charming thrusts of satire and puns, that the intellects of the club members was a feat. Mrs. C. J. Schroeder's toast, "Chow-Chow," was a spicy compliment to be digested with the appetizing "Swedish" prepared by Mrs. A. L. Swain, and were heartily enjoyed. Mrs. J. H. Sawyer in her theme, "Our Ideal Eden," gave the most beautiful and original of our best prized possession, "Home." Mrs. Samuel Hart in "More Man," aptly and gracefully toasted the masculine sex, the most skillful and delightful manner. There was only one love man to come to the rescue of his sex, Mayor Sweeney came gallantly to the rescue and in a witty defense brought his brother sufferers to the front of the battlefield with flying colors. His toast to "The Hub-God, Olives Her."

The incoming president, Mrs. C. A. Emes, gave a thoughtful and graceful toast to the new association for the coming year, the new battle cry of the present time, "Preparedness." Mrs. M. J. Sweeney in her always graceful manner, greeted the outgoing and incoming presidents and presented each with a beautiful bouquet of flowers in the club colors.

The "Club Song," accompanied by Mrs. A. Gilbert, was sung as a good-night and farewell to the club year of 1915-1916.

## POSTOFFICE ENTRANCE TO FACE MAIN STREET

Department at Washington Will Com-  
ply With Wishes of People—Plans  
Being Drawn.

According to word received from the office department at Washington last week by Postmaster M. A. Strunk, the new entrance to the postoffice will face the most skillful and the people of this city. The sketch of the building has been approved and the plans are being drawn.

## CASTLEFORD ROAD BEING PUSHED

Business Men Are Confident It  
Can Be Built.

PLAN TO SUBSCRIBE \$100,000 TO  
GET IT UNDER WAY.

Harley Hooker Says That Recent Sur-  
vey Was by the Short Line Railroad  
Company.

A number of prominent business met with the Twin Falls Commercial club directors yesterday afternoon to take up the proposition to finance the building of a railroad from this city to Castleford through Clover, the first step toward which it was agreed would be the subscribing of \$100,000 by responsible men. Although it was thought that the amount named might not be raised in Twin Falls, it was believed that it could be secured in this city and in the country through which the road would pass, notably in Castleford and Clover, which would be the principal beneficiaries of the line. About a week ago a meeting was held in the office of Sweeney & Sweeney, and the proposition of George C. Crom, that \$100,000 be subscribed was placed on the paper and in the form of a subscription. Up to date eight had subscribed, although no work had been done of the kind.

Harley Hooker of St. Louis, who is interested in Clover, was sanguine about the possibilities and believed that the sum could be raised. He stated the fact that the survey conducted by the Oregon Short Line engineers to Castleford was made by the railroad company at its own expense. It revealed the fact that the branch along the line of the survey could be constructed for \$220,000, including the payment of right of way and the fencing of the same, as well as the building of bridges and the laying of steel. In short the road complete. He said that the Oregon Short Line and the Portland & Western of Idaho had a survey of the route made, but had no survey of the possible tonnage. He said that he believed the tonnage would be a good thing, they had no survey of the possible tonnage. He said that he believed the tonnage would be a good thing, they had no survey of the possible tonnage. He said that he believed the tonnage would be a good thing, they had no survey of the possible tonnage.

There would doubtless be a couple of stations along the line, and the increase in property values elsewhere would be so great that the raising of the amount would seem small.

## RECEPTION PLANNED FOR ROGERSONS FRIDAY NIGHT

Everyone Invited to Public Re-  
ception of Prominent Hotel Man  
and Bride.

A reception to which everyone in the city of Idaho is invited will be tendered to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rogers on Friday night from 9 o'clock until midnight, on their return from their honeymoon trip to Boise, where they went overland after their wedding on April 22. Ever since the wedding of the well-known Idahoan, there has been talk about the appropriateness of the people in general being given an opportunity to turn out en masse and offer congratulations and best wishes, and it has finally been determined that the proper way to proceed is to tender a public reception to which everyone in the city and in the country inside and outside of Twin Falls county, is invited. This will be done Friday night and those arranging the affair say that the word "everyone" is to be construed literally.

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# BRITISH COMMANDER SURRENDERS FORCES

Troops Besieged at Kut-el-Amara Give Up to Turks

BESIEGED HAVE HELD OUT SINCE LAST DECEMBER.

Guns and Munitions Destroyed Before Surrendering. Was Endeavoring to Take Bagdad.

LONDON, April 29, 4:45 p. m.—Major Gen. Charles Townshend, commander of the British forces besieged at Kut-el-Amara, Mesopotamia, by Turkish forces since last December, has surrendered. The British official statement issued this afternoon.

The official statement added that Gen. Townshend, destroyed all his guns and munitions before surrendering. The British forces late last fall were driven into a desperate fight near Kut-el-Amara by the Turks after operations further north by Gen. Townshend in which he was making an effort to capture Bagdad. At that time he was in slight of this coveted point, the Moslems drove him down the Tigris and he held him there in a precarious position since the British were conducting a campaign designed to protect the Suze canal by diversions further east to occupy the attention of the Turks. The British in the past few weeks there have been renewed efforts to push the relief column on to Kut-el-Amara. Townshend's forces to have been at least 8,000, and as the town is among the deadliest in the world and the situation is now at its worst the need for relief was by now desperate. General Lake reported a victory two weeks ago in a battle on the right (south) bank of the Tigris, where the west gate drove water into the Turkish trenches, which became untenable. The Turks were compelled to retreat over a distance varying from a half to three miles and were subjected to severe punishment while falling back to new positions. In April 12, 1916, but steadily progress was made by the British forces, which continued to advance on the south side of the Tigris. In a report covering operations on the night of April 12, General Lake says the Turks made a series of strong counter-attacks south of the Tigris, and the British lines were forced back from 500 to 1,000 yards. From this time on the Turks have gained ground and made the British position perilous. The British relief expedition sent in January from the Persian gulf up the Tigris failed to effect a junction with Townshend's forces in time to be of material service to him.

## BURLEY FANS BUSY ON BALL PROPOSITION

Held Enthusiastic Meeting and Considered Le. Put Strong Team in the Field.

BURLEY, Ida.—A meeting was held Wednesday evening at the American Steam Laundry by baseball fans and business men for the purpose of discussing the advisability of Burley becoming one of the towns represented in a proposed league consisting of Twin Falls, Burley, Hual, Rupert, Kimberly and Jerome. F. E. Ware acted as temporary chairman for the evening.

Represented to those attending the gathering the various towns are to finance their own teams and pay 25 per cent of the gate receipts into the league treasury for running expenses. Reports from the other towns showed that all had acted favorably on the plan. Burley being the only community not yet enrolled.

After considerable discussion pro and con, Mr. Koplin was elected manager of the Burley club with power to select the players. The meeting was held at Twin Falls in the near future.

Burley is the largest town on the Snake river, second largest town in the proposed league. It is entering an era of great prosperity and the citizens are all anxious to develop every advantage offered. To the fullest extent. Baseball combines entertainment with one of the best known forms of publicity. It is the national game and when played in league form, competing with neighboring towns, it arouses the maximum amount of enthusiasm. A winning team means all these benefits raised to the nth power. —Burley Advocate.

## P. C. ALLOWS POTATOLLO TO COMPETE WITH WATERWORKS CO.

POTATOLLO.—Following failure to effect a deal with the Potatollo water company, whereby the Potatollo would have acquired the water plant of the company for \$250,000, the price fixed by the public utilities commission, the city of Potatollo has applied for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, and the order was issued, and city authorities, and the Potatollo water company, Judge & Barnard, were notified.

Mayor Williams states that the city will proceed to construct the plant as originally planned, and the city has been fortified with all legal action and decisions, and popular sentiment being favorable to the municipal plant, the way should be clear.

## GENERAL ADVERTISING

## THE FLAVOR OF "SPEAR HEAD" IS UNIQUE

A Chew That Has Been Famous for a Third of a Century

## HAS THE RICH RED BURLEY TASTE

Chewing is the only way to get the rich taste of the tobacco leaf. And the only form of tobacco in which you get the leaf as Nature made it is the plug.

A chew of Spear Head plug tobacco has a wonderful flavor such as you never did and never will taste in any other tobacco.

That Spear Head flavor is unique, mellow, fruity, refreshingly delicious and satisfying.

Spear Head has been famous for a third of a century as the richest, tastiest of chews.

It's made of sun-ripened red Burley. And it's produced by the most modern method, which develop the luscious flavor of the leaf to the supreme degree.

It is safeguarded at every step in its making. The factory is clean and sanitary—the processes are pure-food processes.

When the choice red Burley has been pressed into mellow, sweet Spear Head plugs you have a chew that simply can't be equalled.

Spear Head is the high-quality chew of the world.

Try Spear Head—you'll never again be satisfied with any other chew. In 2c and 10c cuts.

## TURKISH DIPLOMAT'S WIFE



This portrait of Nimme, Abdull Hak Husein, wife of the Turkish charge d'affaires in Washington, was made recently. She is popular in diplomatic circles and entertains frequently.

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## NINETY MILLION A DAY COST OF STRUGGLE IN EUROPE

NEW YORK.—War is now costing the nations of Europe more than ninety million dollars a day, according to estimates prepared in a booklet to be issued by the McManis and Metals club of this city. Of this enormous total, the principal burden falls on the central allies, but it is estimated that the cost per hour to England, France and Russia is approximately \$2,500,000, while to the Teutonic empires the cost is in excess of \$1,000,000.

The total cost of the war, if it is still in progress on August 1 next, will have been \$45,000,000,000. Of this sum, Great Britain's share will have been \$11,500,000,000, Germany's a trifle less, and France's \$2,500,000,000.

Two years of the war, the booklet states, will cost six times more than the full amount expended in the civil war; will reach a sum 40 times more than the amount of the national debt, and will be 120 times more than the cost of the Panama canal.

## MORGENTHAU'S DESIGNS FROM TURKISH POST

WASHINGTON.—Henry Morgenthau, American ambassador to Turkey, has tendered his resignation to President Wilson, and it probably will be accepted. Abram I. Elkus, a New York lawyer, is expected to succeed him.

Reports of Mr. Morgenthau's intention to resign to take part in the campaign for Mr. Wilson's re-election have been current for several weeks.

Mr. Morgenthau is expected to take up important organization work for the Democratic party in the coming campaign. This step has been urged upon him by some of his closest friends. His work in Turkey has won him praise from both the president, and Secretary Lansing, and it is understood Mr. Wilson has been reluctant to accept the resignation.

## COUNTRY MAY SEE DOLLAR SILVER AGAIN

NEW YORK.—Bar silver Friday touched 71 3/8, the highest price in a decade. The withdrawal of gold as a circulating medium except in America, with a shutdown in Mexican mines, is responsible. England, France, Russia, China, India and the United States are bidding for the metal.

## COMMERCIAL CLUB SHOWS ITS APPRECIATION TO BOY SCOUTS

The Twin Falls Commercial club has given a check for \$24 to the Boy Scouts of Idaho for appreciation for work done during the Republican convention, which was so warmly commended by that body.

# REBEL FLAG STILL FLIES IN DUBLIN

Parts of Ireland's Capital Are Prey to Flames

STREET FIGHTING CONTINUES AND LOOTING GENERAL.

Rioters Keep Up Shots From Barricades. One Hundred Killed in Dublin.

LONDON.—Parts of the city of Dublin are in flames. Street fighting continues and there is much looting. It is said, but the reinforced militia is making steady progress. Most of the shops are closed and the other communication is still cut off.

Fifteen hundred or so armed men of the Sinn Fein are now in Ireland's capital today. For four hours of fighting their rebellion still flew from a number of central points.

Since Monday some of the chief positions in the city have been in the hands of the rebels. In defending these strongholds against regular troops and Irish nationalist volunteers, the rebels are fighting with desperation for their lives, which they know may be forfeited on account of treason.

Regulars now command all the rebel positions, the fall of which is merely a question of time.

The streets of Dublin were deserted today, except for sentries and military guards. Business was at a standstill. Civilians peeped anxiously from behind curtained windows. Fled guns were barking, machine guns rattling and the fire was patterning, apparently from every quarter at the same time.

When the Associated Press correspondent landed early this morning at the quay near the customs house the singing of bullets of rifles of snipers in the vicinity was frequent. Augustine Barrill, the secretary for Ireland, had made the passage from England with the newspaper men. As he stepped ashore he shouted cheerily: "Welcome, gentlemen. I don't know what will happen to you now that you are here."

Soldiers and rebels fired at each other from the windows, wharves, roofs and windows. Snortles with fixed bayonets on loaded rifles, stationed every few yards, shouted their commands to halt. Naval guns joined in and added to the deafening gunfire.

From the quay the respective positions could be seen. The rebels were holding a large section of territory from the point where Liberty Hall stood before a gunboat destroyed it, as far as Cheekville street, to St. Stephen's Green and the Court district and along the southern side of the river to the Butt and O'Connell bridges. They also held isolated positions, such as a distillery opposite the North Wall station.

Over all this section there was a considerable fighting the whole day. The distillery was the scene of one of the sharpest little battles of the uprising. The rebels were forced out of the distillery by the government, and many of them were seen covered with flour, making their way to the distillery. Once there they hoisted the rebel flag, which was carried from the corner of a square tower.

Soon a naval gun opened fire. The first shot hit the tower and then half dozen more struck the roof and around it. The flag still flew and the rebels repelled with rifles and machine guns.

The bombardment ceased after a dozen shots, but was renewed later. H. H. H. was scored, but the flag remained hanging from its pole. One shot hit a water tank below it and for a time there was a miniature cascade down the walls of the distillery.

When night fell and all firing except sniping ceased, the flag was still flying defiantly over the side of the little tower.

Upwards of one hundred persons have been killed in Ireland since Dublin, a correspondent at Belfast of the Evening News reports in a dispatch dated last night. He says the rioters, hidden in the houses, are firing at all street junctions or covered by barricades in the streets, are keeping up a constant fusillade.

The list of casualties includes many civilians, who, the correspondent says, have been picked off by Sinn Fein snipers for no other reason than they were believed to be loyal.

The cordons of troops in being drawn gradually but surely around the rebel strongholds. The authorities are making every effort to avoid unnecessary blood and damage.

Although the story of the early hours of the Dublin uprising has now been given in considerable detail, Ireland is still without authentic information as to the progress of later events. Normal telegraph, telephone and mail services with Ireland have not been restored and the existing means of communication are subject to such strict censorship that it is impossible to obtain any trustworthy information. Such news dispatches as came through this morning added little to the confusion, contained in last night's official advice and stories of witnesses.

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Regulars now command all the rebel positions, the fall of which is merely a question of time.

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# EVERYTHING TO EAT AND WEAR

## Wash Suits, Dresses and Skirts Now in Demand

New shipments arriving each day—and they come in Palm Beach, Cotton Gabardines, Plique and Corduroy. The suits are daintily trimmed in colored braids, etc.; others in plain white trimmed with fancy Pearl Buttons—an unusually pretty assortment to select from.

Wash White Suits \$9.50 to \$13.50  
New Wash Dresses \$7.50 to \$9.50  
Complete Showing Wash Skirts

## Don't Overlook the Best Corset Styles

We carry the well-known Warner, Redfern and Nemo Corsets. They include a range of styles that will satisfy most anyone. Warner, Redfern and Nemo Corsets are fully guaranteed. When buying a new dress, your first consideration should be your corset—is it new in style, for no matter how stylish the dress may be, it will not look just right unless you are wearing the right corset.

Warner Corsets \$1.00 to \$3.50  
Redfern Corsets \$3.50 to \$5.00  
Nemo Corsets \$3.00 to \$5.00

## Summer Underwear

In the unequalled Munsing Wear—For Women and Children. Surely you cannot find better made garments. They have fine fitting qualities and come in every possible style. Union Suits in the new Redfern styles without straps, to wear with evening dresses; other styles in no sleeves with tight or loose knee. Also separate garments in both loose and tight knee.

Prices Range 50c to \$1.50

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R. T. LOGAN  
Twin Falls Piano Tuner  
With Logan Music Co. Phone 108

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### Look Around You

Who are the most successful men you know? What is their strongest characteristic? They're shrewd, of course. They have brains and determination; but did you ever see a highly successful man—a man "who made it all himself," who does not preach and practice thrift?

A little leather covered book with the name of a bank on the cover has started many a man irresistibly toward success. Have you one at this strong bank?

### TWIN FALLS BANK & TRUST COMPANY

### CATTLE SUPPLY SHORT MORE SHEEP ARE SOLD

Very Few Hogs Going Into Portland—Prices Steady All Along the Line.

The supply of cattle has been anything but liberal since Monday, says the Portland Live Stock Reporter of Thursday. Fat cattle in the short receipts have been few. The cow receipts which drew the bulk of the supplies got in on a fairly steady market. The market, while showing no particular change, is in quite a bit better shape than for some ten days past.

There has been a dearth of steers since Monday. The few sales reported are tall-order from Monday's market, that were weighed late. No change is indicated in the steer division from Monday's fairly good market.

No change in the situation developed yesterday in the wool district. Trading was of a moderate character and generally for small lots of wool, although manufacturers, as has been true all along the line, were ready to dicker on good lots of wool, even of large proportions, if they were able to find them. Good wool still finds a ready market, especially on the higher and lower ends of the market. Three-eighths grades, especially in cross-breds, seem to have been comparatively quiet but otherwise good wool and even average quality fleece has been readily absorbed at full recent prices.

This week has shown the lightest run of hogs for months. Despite very good prices with a nominal top of \$9.10 for the best the supply has been anything but adequate. The supply was from valley points almost entirely, and was of fairly good quality. Telegraphic reports have shown a rather spotted market in the east all week.

Sheep buyers took on a little hope this week in the sheep house. More lambs and sheep of all kinds have been sold.

### You Young Fellows

Have you seen the new light-weight, cool Kool Suits that sell at

**\$10.50**

They are the ideal suits for summer wear—light, cool and comfortable. We are showing an unusual line of stylish suits in blues, grays and fancy mixtures; garments that have a certain style distinction hard to obtain. You'll find that we have made a special effort to please you, young men, and we want to show you the unusual style values that we have on display.

### Boys' Two Pant Suits

Ours are the real serviceable garments for boys. They will give almost twice the wear of the one-piece suits. They come in all sizes, and priced at

**\$3.95 and \$5**

### Boys' Wash Suits Are Here

### See Our Dollar Shirt Special

Knox Hats



Stetson Hats

### PIONEER WILL GO TO TAMPA, FLORIDA

S. C. Sexton of Curry, Sells Out to Move South.

IS PAST EIGHTY AND STILL ABLE TO DO WORK.

Made Big Money Every Year Here But Heart-Weakens and He Will Take Rest.

"Yes, I have sold my land, 320 acres in all, today. I have been here 11 years and made a little better than a thousand dollars a year, which is doing pretty well for an old lumber jack who was 70 years old when he began, and I am going to Tampa, Florida, to spend the rest of my days sitting in the shade and fishing," said S. C. Sexton, of Curry, who boarded a train for that town Saturday. "I sold my farm on Big creek to Murray and Case and my farm near Curry to Coghill and Smith. My wife will leave in a few days for Florida, going by way of Chicago, while I will go in a car with a couple of horses and our household goods. I have always had excellent health here until the last year, and made more money than I ever did in my life before, but now I am past 80 years of age, and my health is not so good. I have grandchildren going to school, and while I can get around all right and do my work, my heart hasn't been as strong as it used to be for the last year, so I guess that it will be better for me to seek a lower altitude. But I am always a booster for the state of Idaho, and I will tell you that I never would leave my place here before I never would leave my place here for the failure of my heart to work right in this state. I came to this country from the state of Washington, to which state I came from Wisconsin. But I think that the state of Florida will be better for me now. I have been there and see and I believe that it will suit."

### Filer Items

(From The Filer Journal.)

Walter Brown, sold his gray Percheron stallion, named "The King," the strongest and brilliant bred stallion in this section of the country, to J. W. Holliman, northeast of Filer.

Lyman Stewart left Thursday evening for Portland, Ore., where he has accepted a position in a cannery. Mrs. Stewart will remain here until they can dispose of their property on Main street.

Dale Chipman was taken to the hospital in Twin Falls Sunday night suffering with blood poison. He injured his ankle and wearing black stockings infected the wound, causing a serious case of poison.

Remember next Saturday afternoon at the Davis Bros. sale, J. G. Munson, the auctioneer, will sell the buildings and fence around the 40 at the east end of Main street that has been purchased for a fair ground.

David Schindler, Andrew & Case have purchased about three acres adjoining the railroad yards and are building an up-to-date stock yard to handle their business. They have sunk a well 122 feet deep and have lots of water. They are installing an electric pump and aim to have everything in first-class shape for their business.

In talking with Judge Bennett Tuesday he informed us that he was going either to sell his farm or rent it another year. He is going to California for the winter on account of his wife's health.

Davis Bros. will have a public sale of horses at their barn Saturday of this week. The fair ground lumber, sheds and fencing will also be sold. Munson & Son, auctioneers, and Guy Sharer, clerk.

Now that the county fair project is over, the next thing is the rural high school. H. G. Munson stated in the Journal Tuesday he was ready to start with the others whenever the word is given. Soon the schools will be out for the summer, and it is his idea to go out with our meetings and petitions while yet the schools are in session. The Journal hopes to be able to announce in its next issue that work has started.

Joseph Fitzsimmons, assistant game warden, will be in Filer Saturday afternoon and evening, bringing with him a number of slides showing the herd of Elk he brought down out of the Yellowstone and placed in the Rock Creek country. He will try and be here personally and give the folks a talk who attend the Gem theatre at the performance in the afternoon and evening. This will be a treat and costs you nothing.

The Woman's Club met Wednesday afternoon—it was the annual election of officers, with the following results: President, Mrs. Shearer; vice president, Mrs. Jones; secretary, Mrs. Snyder; corresponding secretary, Miss Masley; treasurer, Mrs. Macaw. Delegates elected to the district federation which meets at Pocatello May 16, 17 and 18, Mrs. Deane, Mrs. Ripley, Jones and Telford. Alternates, Nedames Dwight, Parsons, Costello and Childs.

Geo. F. Allen, Wm. Bursing, Emil and John Sommer, made a trip into the mountains Sunday to see about their cattle. Mr. Courtney had a large bunch of cattle belonging to ranchmen in this vicinity in the hills for pasture and it was reported that there was no grass and the stock was dying off. The gentlemen report that Mr. Courtney has just moved onto another range with the cattle and that they are beginning to look well now. It is true that the sheep have been over the former range and picking was not very good for the stock but they are now on an excellent bunch of grass.

### TWIN FALLS WOMAN HONORED IN EAST

Ladies Home Journal Pays Tribute to Memory of Mrs. McCollum, the Pioneer Helper.

The contrast between the old Twin Falls of the sage brush period and the modern city which has taken its place has attracted the attention of the world and writers in the best magazines everywhere are calling attention to the transformation of an abiding thing, marvelous, and the fame of the woman who cheered the pioneers goes with that of the town. In its current issue, under the heading "The Woman Who Saved a Town," the Ladies Home Journal says editorially:

Out in Idaho there is now the rapidly growing city of Twin Falls. But eleven years ago it was a rolling sea of purple sage, dotted by the tents and shacks of some thirty pioneers. The streets were lanes cut through the giant sage. Not a tree was in sight. The sun beat down with tropical fierceness. Everywhere was dust swirling in a foot deep. Winds scurried by the desert-bent head and night almost unmercifully. All the discomforts and hardships merged into a wave of homesickness that swelled as it swept along. The men who, in their efforts to conquer the wilderness, had left loved ones in a far-off civilization all but succumbed to it. It grew until it threatened to be as demoralizing to the life of the embryo city as a hand of murderous redskins. There came a time when the situation became so acute and depopulation stared the so-called town in its dusty little face. But there was one woman who "saw." "It's a home (here) and here," she said to her husband. "I will save them and save the town; and, as ours is going to be the only real home within miles, we must throw it overboard."

She did so. Before the plastering was over she held a housewarming. And every week the men gathered there and enjoyed good music, entertainment, good things to eat and the spirit of a real home. Recently this woman passed away, and the sorrow that her going brought to many was more genuine than the "Homeless Twenty" that organized themselves under that name that first night that to any others they have erected to the "mother" an enduring monument of granite and bronze, but in a larger and deeper sense that the town itself is her more enduring monument.

To few women perhaps is given the opportunity so conspicuously to serve the needs of a community with the richness of our home. Life and McCollum, of Twin Falls. But to all is possible this greater vision and ideal of home as a community factor; and here visitors to Twin Falls may find various glimpses. To few, perhaps, will be given the monument, but we all can have a working ideal of a citizenship that carries with it its own reward.

### TALKS ON THRIFT

DISCOUNTING A NOTE.

It so happens in business that all payments cannot be made in cash, for most of the business is done on credit in one form or another. Small purchases and many of the daily expenditures are cash transactions; but business as a whole moves on credit, the form depending upon the customs characteristic of that particular business.

The most common form of credit is the bank account, where goods are sold and "charged" to the purchaser. When you go into the grocery store and tell him to "charge" to you are opening a credit with him in the form of a bank account. This is common to all retailing transactions. But in the larger dealings, the credit

# Farm Loans

On an attractive one year payment basis.

IT MEANS MONEY TO YOU

Wilbur S. Hill  
Real Estate, Rentals and Insurance  
137 Shoshone St. North

is in the form of a promissory note, which is merely a written promise to pay a certain sum, in money, to a designated person, firm or corporation, at a stipulated time. Hundreds of thousands of these notes are made every day. They are given, merchant to merchant, in payment of debts resulting from the sale of goods, and while they settle the debt must themselves be paid in money, in order that the obligation may be finally discharged, for a promise never liquidates a debt.

If these promises could be treated as money and passed from hand to hand, they might answer very well, but they are of non-uniform denomination, their goodness is a matter not commonly known, and even though the maker might be "as good as the government," few know it and few would take the risk.

And if the holder could wait until maturity, he would get cash from the promisor. But he does not want to wait that long—he wants to turn his evidence of debt into money at once, for with money—real money—he can get better terms, and for certain purposes, such as paying laborers, he must use cash. There must, therefore, be some medium through which he can turn this promise into money before it is due—for a price—and that medium is the bank. The process of doing this is called discounting, which in other words means buying the paper. A simple illustration will explain.

Suppose A sells B a bill of goods on three months' credit. A does not want to wait while it sells the goods and gets the money to pay him, and therefore offers to take B's note for the amount. But the note is not money and if A would use the money, he must get someone who will give him money for it. He might find someone who, for the hope of gain, would advance the money; but the logical place to get the money is to give the note to the bank always has money. It knows men and their ability to keep their promises, and can judge the quality of the risk. A therefore offers the note to his banker, who says in substance: "I think B is good for this amount. If you will indorse—promise to pay if he does not—I will let you have evidence of debt from you." Let us say it is for \$100, due in three months.

The banker knows that at the end of three months he will get the \$100, and so gives A \$95.50 for it, the \$150 being interest on the money for that time at 6 per cent. Ordinarily the banker will not give A the cash, but credit his account, with the privilege of checking against it, which is virtually the same thing.

Now, what is the result? A sold his goods and got his money at once. B had three months to sell the goods to get the money to pay the note when the banker presented it at maturity. A could use the \$95.50 to buy more goods to sell to C, and the bank has made a profit of \$4.50 for taking the risk. That is what banks are for—to take

### COPY OF MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE TWIN FALLS CANNAL COMPANY

March 14th, 1916—Board met in regular session. Members present: Barker, Seaver and Taylor. The minutes were read and approved.

Moved by Barker, second Taylor, that it is hereby permitted that the bridge on main canal on state highway be moved to north and south section of sections 29 and 30, 1 township ten north, range nineteen E. B. M. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Taylor, second Barker, that the bridge be transferred from section 29, 1 township ten north, range nineteen E. B. M. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Barker, second Taylor, that water stock be transferred from section 29, 1 township ten north, range nineteen E. B. M. Carried unanimously.

Whereupon, the board of county commissioners met with the board for the purpose of discussing the matter of the bridge across the high line canal where enlarged.

Whereupon, representatives of the North Side Canal company met with the board and discussed the improvements necessary to be made at the Miller dam, as outlined in the report of Engineer Wiley.

Whereupon, recess was taken till tomorrow at 8:00 o'clock.

March 15th, 1916—Board met pursuant to recess. Members present as yesterday.

Whereupon the board recessed to make an examination of the seepage conditions in the upper Rock creek district. After said inspection, there being no further business, the meeting adjourned. (Signed)

F. D. BROWN, President.  
W. O. TAYLOR, Secretary.

### MANY IN TWIN FALLS TRY MIPPLE MIXTURE

Many Twin Falls people are surprised at the quick action of simple buckhorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler's-ka. This simple remedy acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, removing such surprising foul matter that ONE SPOONFUL relieves almost ANY CASE constipation, sour stomach or gas. A few drops often relieve or prevent appendicitis. A short treatment helps chronic stomach trouble. THE INSTANT, easy action of Adler's-ka is astonishing. The Bedford-Phisher Drug Co.—Adv.

WARM ONE UP AND SEE!  
OLD JIM SPINKS SAYS YOU CAN'T ALWAYS PICK THE WINNER BY WATCHING A TRY OUT.  
MAYBE YOU CAN'T PICK THE PONIES THAT WAY—BUT HOW ABOUT

# THE TWIN FALLS TIMES

TWICE-A-WEEK

Published Tuesdays and Fridays by the

TIMES PRINTING &amp; PUBLISHING COMPANY, Ltd.

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

**NOTICE:** DISCONTINUANCE: Many subscribers prefer not to have their subscriptions interrupted in case they fail to remit before expiration. Notwithstanding this, it is not assumed that continuous service is desired; still, subscribers are expected to notify us with reasonable promptness to stop if the paper is no longer desired.

Entered at the Twin Falls postoffice as second class matter as a twice-a-week publication, October 18, 1910.

## THE SEAMAN'S LAW REFERENDUM.

Some weeks ago when the National Chamber of Commerce submitted for a referendum to its affiliated organizations some recommendations relative to the amendment of the La Follette seamen's act, THE TIMES criticized it on the ground that it shaped its questions that in order to vote at all a patriotic member of the connected organizations must necessarily vote yes, and that it failed to explain where in specified sections denounced were wrong and in fact to say what they were. It was pointed out that arguments pro and con were not given as they are in ordinary referendums submitted by the organization and that no effort was made to shed any light on this important subject, in regard to which the ordinary resident of the interior states is not supposed to have the required technical knowledge to vote intelligently.

It is May issue, just out, Everybody's Magazine takes up the matter, editorially, which has already been decided in the National Chamber of Commerce against the La Follette law as it stands, and voices practically the same objections that were raised by THE TIMES relative to indefiniteness. It says:

"At last, now, we know the worst about the La Follette Seamen's law. The Chamber of Commerce of the United States, after a special study, has said it. What is it?"

"The law has twenty sections. So far as actual 'discrimination' against American shipping is concerned, only three sections are charged with being guilty!"

"One of these is clearly innocent, namely—Section Four. It enables seamen in American ports to desert from foreign ships. It enables them already entitled in American ports to desert from American ships. Section Four, accordingly, if it hurts anybody, hurts no one."

"The other two sections—Thirteen and Fourteen—are guilty, without doubt, but they are guilty in a manner which most Americans have never thought of."

"These sections are the 'safety' sections. They call for a 'language test,' and for 'able seamen,' and for life-boats and for men to man the life-boats."

"It is not claimed by the Chamber that these sections go too far toward safety. It is tacitly admitted that, for safety purposes, these sections are reasonable and necessary."

"Further, it is not denied by the Chamber that the law attempts to apply these sections to all ships, foreign as well as American, leaving our ports. If the law does not succeed in doing this, it can soon be made to succeed in doing it, easily, by a short amendment."

"So then, being applied to all ships leaving our ports, these sections could not possibly 'discriminate' against American ships; and no one claims that they could—except in one particular. That is the 'language test.'"

"The 'language test' provides that seventy-five per cent of the crew in each department of a ship shall be able to understand the orders of its officers. This, it is sometimes claimed, will prevent American ships with American officers from ever hiring cheap Chinese crews."

"But the Department of Commerce, is enforcing this provision, does not require the Chinese sailor to understand his American officer when that officer is reciting Shakespeare. It merely requires him to understand him when he is using words like 'ropes' and 'life-boat' and 'oar.' Does any one seriously contend that a ship should be allowed to do any sea with a crew which can not understand what its officers are saying when they use such words?"

"Or, for that matter, does any one seriously contend that a real world-wandering Chinese sailor can not learn enough pidgin-English to understand such words?"

"No, the actual 'discrimination' in Sections Thirteen and Fourteen is somewhere else altogether."

"It can be illustrated thus: 'A ship puts out from New York to Buenos Ayres with American steel rails. It is obliged to go to the expense, whatever that expense may be, of complying with Sections Thirteen and Fourteen. On that same day, from Liverpool, another ship puts out to Buenos Ayres with English steel rails. Not being subject to Sections Thirteen and Fourteen of the American Seamen's law, it is not obliged to go to the expense of complying with their provisions."

"The freight rate between New York and Buenos Ayres is charged with Sections Thirteen and Fourteen. The freight rate from Liverpool to Buenos Ayres is not."

"This 'discrimination' is real. It is not a 'discrimination' between American ships and English ships. It is a discrimination between the port of New York and the port of Liverpool, between American steel rails and English steel rails, between the export trade of the United States and the export trade of England—presumably to the disadvantage of the United States."

"But how much of a 'discrimination' is it? The Chamber gives no figures. It may be large. It may be small. The ships of all important nationalities have 'safety' standards. What is the extra cost of our standards? It may be serious. It may be negligible. The Chamber does not say. We have not heard any say."

"That is where the discussion stands now."

## THE REVOLT IN IRELAND.

The revolutionary conflagration in Ireland during the past week, while to a great extent the result of systematic fanning of the embers, had national sympathy by the agents of Germany, nevertheless received much fuel from economic conditions which have not been adjusted by the helpful legislation passed by the British parliament during the present generation.

Formerly, three-fourths of Ireland was revolutionary. The system of rack renting as it was called, that is renting at so high a rate without bases that it was impossible for the tenant to fully pay out even in the best of years, prevailed very largely through three of the four provinces, and its demoralizing effects on the industry of the people was graphically depicted by John Stewart Mill and Francis A. Walker and other great English and American economists in their works on political economy. The single tax doctrine was received and accepted gladly in Ireland by nine-tenths of the tenantry. To them Henry George was an apostle of righteousness. At that time a large part of the Irish people wanted independence, and their principal reason for desiring home rule was because they hoped that a local Irish parliament might do something to relieve their economic condition.

But the British parliament resorted on a campaign of alleviation. It bought out the land lords and sold their property to the tenants. Sir Horace Plunkett at the psychological moment started his crusade for intensive farming and the tenants, beginning to see light, fell in with his plans and greatly increased the productivity of the country. As they became more prosperous they became more contented and less revolutionary. They began urging home rule much on the same ground that an American territory might urge statehood, in order to govern their own local affairs, the difference being that they already had representation in the national legislative chamber which an American territory has not. With the economic situation relieved

and with the English electorate veering more and more to home rule, the Irish tenantry began to regard England with patriotic affection instead of disaffected hate, and that is why the formerly discontented provinces have during the present war furnished five times as many men to the empire as Lord Kitchener thought possible at the beginning. And as the land became the property of peasant proprietors, these lost the interest in the economies of Henry George that they had shown as tenants. Hence Ireland became the most conservative part of the United Kingdom from an economic viewpoint.

But this did not touch the laborer except indirectly. He was not a tenant in the old days. He lived in a wretched cabin and worked for those who were tenants, for the land lord or for the growing manufacturing establishments. When the land purchase bill went through its uplifting effect did not reach him to any great extent. The tenant got a larger proportion of the product of the country and the landlord got a smaller proportion, but except incidentally the laborer was not benefited. He was not a guest at the feast. He was Lazarus still, and while there might be more crumbs coming his way on account of the greater number of guests and the larger menu, they were only crumbs after all. Hence, his enthusiasm for Rule Britannia was not very fervid. He was unreconciled; still unconquered, and readily joined the "All Ireland" movement. The tenant class that had battled along with him for that home rule as a means of securing sweeping changes in the common economic condition had gone over to the enemy and were sharing the loaves and fishes. As he saw it, England had done nothing for him. Instead of becoming less radical he became more so, since the restraining influence of the educated tenant no longer held him in bounds through intimate and sympathetic association. His affection for the single tax weakened and he turned toward a localized sort of socialism. He regarded the marvelous growth of prosperity among the farmers with about the same feeling of enthusiasm that a landless workman on the Twin Falls tract might regard the proposition of Governor Alexander, that \$250 land would be worth \$500 an acre in five years.

To this aggrieved class the appeal of the German agents was not without effect. True, the German peasant was not basking in the sun, but a revolution against England would be a change, whatever the final result. That some able leaders are identified with this class is undeniable and his presence is a source of danger to the British empire is patent. For at heart the British workman and the Scotch workman has a feeling of sympathy for the Irish workman.

Serious consequences to England are not likely to flow from the present trouble immediately. But it is a portent and should warn the English and the predominant classes of Ireland, including the peasant proprietors, that no social or economic question can be regarded as settled until all are included in the arrangements for settlement. This is as true in Ireland as it is on the Salmon tract, where no permanent settlement can be made until the rights of all the parties are determined and secured.

## NOT PROPER DEFENDANTS BECAUSE STATE IS RESPONSIBLE

The members of the state land board should pay more than ordinary attention to the reasons set forth for asking judgment and dismissal by the defendants in the case of H. C. Hansen against the Twin Falls-Salmon River Land & Water company and others.

The complaint charges conspiracy and fraud on the part of the defendants who are alleged to have conspired to sell lands to the plaintiff by representing to him that there was sufficient water with the water right granted to properly irrigate his land on the Salmon river project, and that the title to the water was good, when as a matter of fact, avers the plaintiff, there was not sufficient water and the title is not clear. He adds that defendants knew of this state of affairs and that this constituted fraud on their part, that they are liable not only for damages which actually resulted from the success of their alleged conspiracy and are liable for punitive damages as well.

The plaintiff filed copies of certain legislative provisions and reports of investigations by state officials leading up to the sale of the lands under the Carey act. He says that the defendants claim, that are fatal to the success of his action. For say the defendants, the laws of the state of Idaho provide that certain steps shall be taken by the state before lands can be sold under the Carey act, and one of these steps consists of the assurance by the state, through its proper officers, that there is sufficient water to irrigate the lands properly. The motion for dismissal adds:

"That such investigation was made in regard to the land set forth by plaintiff's complaint and the state of Idaho through its proper officers, and found by the state that the water supply was sufficient and that the title was good, and such finding was absolute and conclusive upon the plaintiff and no representations made by these defendants can be fraudulent under the statements set forth in said complaint."

Any comment on the legal issues involved in a case pending would be wholly improper. To what extent, if any, the action of the state through its officials was legally contributory to the sale of lands under the Salmon project is purely a question for the courts to determine. But as to the moral liability of this state to the settlers there can be no doubt.

Whether or not in the case under consideration the plaintiff was induced to put his money into the Salmon project by the findings of the state engineer and the land board in office at the time that the tract was opened, is a question of either law or fact or both, but the reports made by state officials at the time of the opening of the tract did actually induce many settlers to sink every dollar they had on earth in the Salmon tract and to all such every dollar lost is directly or indirectly owed by the state morally, since the findings of the state engineer and the other state officials responsible have proven to be grossly and outrageously untrue.

Furthermore the present state officials, who are entrusted with the responsibility of safeguarding the interests of the citizenry, continue to refuse to do the things that are necessary for the protection of the citizenry on that project.

## Deed to Fair Ground Is Ready

(Continued from Page 1.)

correct. A check for \$12,000, was then handed Mr. Schildman, who in turn placed the same in the committee's deed for the splendid forty acres adjoining the townsite on the east and only three blocks from the bank corner. The land to be sold to the county will be made on the first of May, and then the commissioners will appoint five trustees to look after the county's interest in the land, and proceed to improve the land for county fair purposes.

We are publishing a list of the many generous people who have made possible this splendid opportunity to do something of merit for this splendid town and county. It will stand for all time as a monument to the generosity and liberality of our people. When everything is considered, it is wonderful that a little town like Filer could pull off such a magnificent work among a people who have been located here but such a short time. Filer is an assertion that no town of her size in an eastern state ever equalled this showing.

The county will proceed to spend a like amount on improving the grounds, so that in the fall this county will be able to show the world that her claims are not vain. Gain of Eden, which Governor Alexander has named the tract, is not fiction but has the goods

## BAPTIST WORKERS MET IN TWIN FALLS SATURDAY

All Expressed Gratitude at Growth of Religious Spirit During Past Year.

The state quarterly conference of the Idaho state field workers of the Baptist church, was held in the parlors of the Cambridge rooms in this city Friday and Saturday last week. The workers all declared the growth of the religious spirit in Idaho during the present year to be remarkable. The following clergymen were in attendance: Dr. A. M. Petty, of Portland, representative of the American Baptist Home Missionary society, who delivered the dedicatory sermon at the Knoll church Sunday; Rev. W. H. Bowler of Boise, superintendent of Idaho state mission; Rev. A. B. Mankie of Boise, convention pastor; Rev. J. B. Kanter of Moscow, district missionary of western Idaho; Rev. B. H. Ward of Gooding, district missionary for eastern Idaho; Rev. E. Cox, of New Plymouth, collector for western Idaho, and Miss Ida Gresham, woman missionary for western Idaho.

## LEGAL PUBLICATION.

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice, is hereby given, that sealed proposals will be received by the mayor and city council of the city of Twin Falls, up to eight o'clock p. m. on the 10th day of May, 1916, for the furnishing of the necessary teams, harness and drivers for the operating of street sprinklers in springing the streets and avenues in local improvement districts Nos. 23 and 24, in the city of Twin Falls, during the fiscal year 1916.

Bids should be made for so much per team and driver per day of eight hours, same to be used for either day or night work, at the order of the commissioner. Bids will be required for five teams and drivers. Same shall be used to operate street sprinklers under control of the street commissioner during such time as shall be necessary to keep the dust on said streets and avenues well laid. Bids must be accompanied by certified check in the sum of fifty dollars, which sum shall be forfeited to the city of Twin Falls in case the bidder to whom the contract is awarded shall fail to execute the contract within the city within a period of five days after awarding the contract.

The contractor will be required to furnish bonds to the city in a sum equaling forty per cent of the contract price with good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the city council, conditional on the faithful performance of his contract.

Payment for the work will be made monthly on the first Monday of each month for all work performed for the preceding month. Bids will be made by warrant drawn on the fund to be collected by special assessments against the property abutting on the streets and avenues to be sprinkled. The city council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated May 2nd, 1916.

REESE M. WILLIAMS, City Clerk.

## NOTICE.

Notice of the time fixed for hearing objections for special assessments made for the purpose of defraying cost of expense of the streets and alleys in local improvement districts Nos. 23 and 24 in the city of Twin Falls, Idaho.

To the owners of property in local improvement districts Nos. 23 and 24 of the city of Twin Falls, Idaho. You are hereby notified that the assessment roll of special assessments against the property in local improvement districts Nos. 23 and 24 of the city of Twin Falls, Idaho, made for the purpose of paying the cost and expense of sprinkling the streets and avenues and parts of streets and avenues during the sprinkling season of the year of 1916, made out and certified to the city council of the said city of Twin Falls, by the committee on streets and city engineer, is now on file in my office, the

date of filing the same being the 2nd day of May, 1916, and that the city council of said city has fixed the 19th day of May, 1916, at the hour of 8:00 o'clock p. m. at the council rooms in said city, as the time at which the city council will hear and consider objections to said assessment roll by parties aggrieved by or owners of any property at which time they will hear and determine all objections which have been filed by any party interested in the matter of the proceedings in making such assessments, or the amount levied or assessed upon any particular lot or parcel of land.

The owner or owners of any property which is assessed in such assessment, whether named therein or not, may, within ten days of the last publication of such objections, file with the city clerk his or her objections in writing to said assessment, or any portion thereof, which objection must be definite and specific as to the property or pieces of property included in said assessment roll to which said objection is made as well as the specific grounds of such objection.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1916.

Date of last publication May 9th, 1916.

REESE M. WILLIAMS, City Clerk.

## Classified Advertisements

Received Too Late For Classification.

## HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

DR. E. J. L. ROBINSON—SPECIALIST Diseases Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. 925 N. Main St. Phone 076.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room. Address W. L. F. care Times.

LOST—By man seventy-eight years old, new two compartment bookbag containing valuable papers and about three dollars. Finder please return to J. F. Bauer or leave at Times office.

FOR SALE—Potatoes for seed or table use. S. G. Gilleland. Phone 604.

FOR SALE—Ten hatched pure bred buff rock chickens, ten each. Mrs. Ray Jones, Telephone 583-J-5.

FOR RENT—Furnished house for housekeeping. Close in. Phone 78-1.

TYPEWRITER—J. C. Smith & Bros. has just been overhauled by factory. In good condition. \$35.00. A bargain. Inquire H. M. Sims, Times office.

FOR SALE—Good young' huffer. Been fresh about six weeks, for sale cheap. Apply at 193 Cleveland Ave.

IRADICK, standard-bred stallion (No. 57608), and Dinsin Imp, Belgian stallion (No. 6202), will make the season at my place, two miles south of south end of Shoshone street, and Saturday at Johnston & Conner barn. Single, \$10 season, cash, or note for \$12.50 without interest if paid when due, or 8 per cent if not paid when due, October 1st. W. J. Connolly, manager—Adv.

## Fred Wilson

Owens the Good Thoroughbred Stallion

## EARLY TIDE

by Imp. Peep O' Day-Ebb Tide, by Ludwig, second dam, Mare, by Imp. Stonechenge; third dam, Diju by Imp. Australian. Early Tide is a bay stallion, foaled 1906, bred at Essex, Eng., Epsom town, N. J. In addition to his grand breeding he is a good individual and will surely improve the best breed of thoroughbred horses in this country.

AT

Smith & McMaster's Sale Barn

WILL DAY, Keeper.



The Careful man's advice

Take it from me old man - put some money in the bank - It will help you and make you secure Do it now

The "Boss" knows that the man who is putting money in the bank is not wasting time spending it. He must be on the job, he knows the value of his job and his time—he doesn't lose either. He knows time is money—he wants money.

When he gets it he puts it in the bank. It is safe there. It helps to have a bank book.

Have one.

## BANK WITH US

We Pay 4 per cent. interest on savings accounts.

## First National Bank

Twin Falls, Idaho

HEAR STEPHEN M. SMITH OF BOISE, IN HIS ILLUSTRATED LECTURE on Idaho and her wonderful result fifteen minutes ride in an auto, on one of the best roads of the state, every accommodation for the big crowds can be amply taken care of.

Filer has reason to feel proud of its effort, and is rather chasty over the good work. Dates for the fair will soon be chosen, and then efforts made to prepare an exhibit that will be a credit to the live bunch in this section, through whose veins courses red blood, loaded with corpuscles of the right color.



## SHOE TALK

Women's Kid Lace Shoes in White with Ivory soles and heels, 8 1/2-inch tops, at \$2.50.

Same leathers as above in Colonial Pumps, at \$5.00.

## May Day Shoes

Sandals for Boys and Girls. We are showing a very complete line of these patent and kid leathers for the May Day styles. In sandals for children we are showing Black, White and Tan Elk leathers. These are priced 75c to \$5.00.



## PERSONALS

—Phone 35—

E. Lierman was up from Filer Saturday.

L. D. Ward was in the city from Buhl Friday.

W. S. Samuels of Buhl, spent Friday in the city.

Mrs. F. E. Calkins was a passenger to Buhl Friday.

James Feeler spent Friday in the city on business.

Mrs. J. T. Walters of Buhl, was in the city Saturday.

W. H. Macaulay went to Buhl on business, Friday.

Miss Ruth Graybill was a passenger to Filer Saturday.

Misses Smith and Stannard were in the city from Buhl Saturday.

John L. Gray of Castleford, was in the city on business Friday.

J. L. Longford of Rogerson, spent Friday and Saturday in Twin Falls.

Mrs. West of Rogerson, came in Saturday to spend Sunday with friends.

Mrs. F. L. Ditterlarer returned Friday from a visit in Evanston, Wyo.

B. McCormick of Rogerson, was a visitor in this city Friday and Saturday.

Ellie Cochran of Rogerson, came up Friday to remain over Sunday in this city.

Dr. A. M. Wilton returned to Buhl Friday after transacting business in Twin Falls.

Mrs. Adrich came in from Oakland, Calif., Saturday, to be present at the Presbyterian meeting Tuesday.

Brice Averill of Rogerson, was in the city Friday on his way to visit friends in Curry for a few days.

Mrs. George F. Sprague leaves this week for Virginia to visit her mother, who has been ill for some time.

H. S. Atwood of Rockford, Ill., was in the city last week looking over the country with a view of locating.

Dr. J. F. Shepherd returned Friday from a trip to American Falls where he delivered an address Thursday night.

J. F. Delany, traveling traffic agent of the American Express company, was in Twin Falls Friday looking over business here.

T. M. Hutchinson of Payette, was in the city Friday and Saturday renewing acquaintance with Frank Fields and J. Harvey Pearson.

T. C. Macaulay was a business visitor in Burley last Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. James Ellis of Twin Falls, spent Sunday in Burley with her husband.—Burley Advocate.

Mrs. J. Lammie of this city, is in Hot Lake, Oregon, where he is taking treatment at the sanitarium.

Mrs. Harry March of Seattle, arrived in this city Sunday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Southworth.

Attorneys A. M. Bowen, George Herriott and J. H. Wise, left Tuesday morning for Chicago on legal business.

Mrs. Minnie Hudson of Twin Falls, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Wainhope, having arrived in Rupert on Sunday last.—Hupert Record.

Albert Galloway and family of Purcell, Okla., and B. C. Ringgold and family of Ordway, in the same state, came to Twin Falls Friday to make their home.

Mrs. D. W. Brunk and daughter, Mrs. H. Ball, will leave on the Wednesday morning train for Fort Rock, Oregon, where they will visit with Mrs. Brunk's son.

Dr. Edwin Lowell Robinson, homeopathic physician and specialist, who with his family arrived recently from New York, will engage in a general practice in this city. He has offices at his residence, 923 Main avenue north.

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## PRESBYTERIAN MISSION SOCIETY MEETS TODAY

Much Important Business Comes Before Organization—Adjourns Tonight.

Called to order this morning by Mrs. George Bristol, who sounded the keynote of the meeting, the sixth annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary society of the Twin Falls Presbyterian church, opened at 10 o'clock.

At the address of welcome by Mrs. Young of this city and the response by Mrs. Merrill of Buhl, and then got down to business. The reading of the minutes and the appointment of the committees was followed by the reports of the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Johnson; the secretary of literature, Mrs. McCluskey; the secretary for the young people, Mrs. Snyder; and the report of the treasurer, Mrs. Ford. The roll call of auxiliaries was followed by the address of the meeting, by Mrs. Adrich, of Los Angeles, who spoke on "The New Relation to the Woman's Board of Home Missions."

The devotional before the noon adjournment was by Mrs. Merrill. Luncheon was served in the church, after which a meeting of the executive committee was held, which is still in session at the time of going to press.

The rest of the program for today is as follows: Meeting of executive committee. Devotional—Mrs. Shields. Better Equipment for Our Work—1. Improved methods of work; 2. Increased knowledge; (a) Mission study; (b) the magazine; (c) literature of our boards.

Our Duty to the Rising Generation—Mrs. Harvey. Reports of committees. Election of officers. Prayers for workers at home and abroad. Unfinished business. Closing hymn.

Evening. Devotional—Mrs. McCormick. Review of "King's Highway"—Mrs. McBride. Address—Mrs. Adrich. Offering. Hymn. Benediction.

HOW THE TRIANGLE PICTURES ARE PRODUCED

Thousand of dollars and many thousands of people and unlimited resources are behind the Triangle plays, which are being shown at the Orpheum theatre. The lay person hardly appreciates the work necessary in turning out each production, and the amount of mental energy consumed besides actual dollars and cents. From the scenario to the final picture, each play goes through six different stages of development, in the Griffith, Ince and Sennett studios.

1. The first stage includes the work of preparing the manuscript for production—the laying out of the scenes and casting.

2. The next step is rehearsing. It is as important to get a good photographer as it is good actors or directors. A camera man once took a fire scene without removing the cap from his lens. It was the last scene he ever took.

3. The cutting and assembling of the negative and first prints are the last and most important details of film making. It should be understood that in taking pictures scenes are not taken in consecutive order. In other words, the hero may marry a girl before he even meets her. Scenes are taken according to convenience. For instance, all scenes staged in a dining room, whether or not they follow each other consecutively in the story, are taken at one time. In editing a film order to get it down to a required length often thousands of feet have to be eliminated.

4. After the first negative is made any number of prints such as is projected here can be circulated. The number of prints in circulation usually depends on the popularity of the picture and the demand of the theatre owners. A production like "Peggy" played in 100 different theatres in 100 different places for four consecutive weeks. While this production cost \$200,000, the average Triangle play which you see here every week represents an investment of \$50,000.

GETS DATES ON THE "BATTLE CRY OF PEACE"

Manager Nagel of the Isis theatre, has made arrangements for the "Battle Cry of Peace" to be shown at the Isis theatre four evenings, commencing May 15th. These pictures are said to be on par, if not better, than the

Final Organization at Gathering at the Perrine Hotel, Tomorrow Night.

All the fans and fanatics are invited to be present at a meeting to be held tomorrow night at the Perrine hotel parlors for the purpose of taking the

We have a few real bargains in farms. See us before you buy.

Ten's of money to loan on farm security.

Get our prices before you buy that home.

Let us show you what we have in vacant lots. We can give you the price on nearly every good lot that is for sale in the town.

Fire insurance and rentals.

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final steps in the organization of the Twin Falls baseball team, which local admirers of the diamond say will take the pennant this year. Manager Christian of the new league, says that the other towns have up to the present time shown more activity than this city and on the return Monday from visiting out-of-town towns reminded the routers that the grand stand and the press box therein do not win any games. Manager Kelly has been making every effort to arouse enthusiasm since his selection and has suggested that the "Herald" spirit isn't what put Twin Falls on the map. The locals have in some instances felt too cocksure and have not buckled down as hard and fast as they might, but they have been stirring during the last few days and a big turnout is expected tomorrow night.

WILL GROW SUGAR BEET NEED IN IDAHO

Preparations for the 600-acre tract of land in eastern Idaho for the United States Beet Seed company, which will grow beet seed there for beet sugar companies of the United States, has been started by K. W. Winter, the seed expert in charge, will be planting seed within a short time.

That the best mother seed in the world might be obtained for the company and its experiments, a high price was paid the Russian government for a supply, while large quantities have also been obtained from Germany.

While the Utah-Idaho Sugar company has been raising sufficient seed for its own planting, other American sugar companies have been dependent upon the German supply. Mr. Winter expects to be able to produce all the seed needed in the United States within two years. After many experiments with soil and climate conditions he selected the Idaho tract for planting purposes. The company will also grow seed in the Cache valley.—Salt Lake Herald-Republican.

DR. F. C. BEBE Dentist Central Building, Phone 426.

## The Theatres

"HEARTS IN EXILE"

At the Isis theatre Wednesday and Thursday evenings will be shown the play by Owen Davis, "Hearts in Exile," featuring Clara Kimball Young. In addition to this five-part picture, a two-act Charlie Chaplin comedy will be shown. The title of Charlie's picture is "Work," and is as funny as ever.

The story of "Hearts in Exile," in brief, follows:

Hope Ivanova, the daughter of a Russian patriot, who died while serving a term of imprisonment for promulgating doctrines of humanity and political freedom, has devoted her life to carrying on the work amongst the poorer classes.

She is a girl of high moral character, steadfast in her principles and unshakable in determination.

Her hand is sought in marriage by two men, who although their stations in life are wide apart, are loyal friends: One, Paul Pavlov, is a poor student, and the other, Serge Palina, is a wealthy ace of Russian aristocracy. Hope accepts the latter in order that her work will not be hampered by lack of money.

The chief of police, cruel, relentless and lecherous has met Hope, and attracted by her beauty and virtue, determines to possess her, and to this end has had her husband sentenced to fifteen years in Siberia and his friend to five years in East Russia, on false charges.

Hope however, is proof against all his advances and makes a long journey to Siberia to join her husband in exile. After many months of travel, during which she suffers endless privations, she arrives, not to find her husband, but her lover, who is a spirit of wonderful self-sacrifice, actuated by his high souled love for Hope and deep friendship for Serge, has exchanged sentences.

The end of the story is replete with thrills and heart throbs and in the role of Hope Ivanova, Clara Kimball Young has a part in which her strong powers of characterization are demonstrated and to which she gives a remarkable and powerful interpretation.

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CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG IN

## "Hearts In Exile"

From the Play of the Same Name, in Five Acts.



## "ISIS THEATRE"

2-REELS Wednesday and Thursday

Birth of a Nation, shown in Twin Falls recently.

ODD FELLOWS CELEBRATE. The Odd Fellows' celebration of the ninety-seventh anniversary of the founding of the order which was held on April 26, proved an enjoyable affair. Rev. A. Stewart of Kimberly, who was to have spoken, was ill and the anniversary talk was made by Grand Union Warden Swelger. The rest of the program, as published in THE TIMES, was carried out, and in addition a musical selection was played by Miss Summers and two readings by M. H. Page.

CLUB WOMEN WILL GO TO CONVENTION IN SPECIAL TRAIN. Arrangements have been made for a special train to convey the club women of the west to the General Federation of the club women's biennial convention at New York. The convention, which begins May 26th, will continue for ten days and about fifteen thousand delegates will be in attendance. A western woman has been endorsed for the presidency and for this reason the women of the west are particularly interested in this meeting.

The coast delegates will start on May 17, and will be joined by the delegates from Idaho and the northwest at Green River, Wyoming, May 18, at which time they will board the special for Chicago. May 20th they will arrive in Chicago where they will be entertained by the club women of that city during the day. The route from Chicago to New York is optional with the delegates.

REPORTED STRIKE ON OPHIR PROPERTY AT ROCKY BAR. Word has been received in this city that it is likely to prove a good strike has been made in the Ophir gold mining claim at Rocky Bar, in Elmore county, which is owned by E. M. Wolfe and C. E. Holderman of this county, and E. C. Towne of Elmore county. Asked with reference to the matter, Mr. Wolfe said that he had nothing to say.

INFORMAL TO BE GIVEN BY ALUMNI. The members of the Alumni association of the Twin Falls high school will participate in a get-together party in the high school auditorium the evening of May 9th, at which time the present alumni members will welcome into the association over 150 new members, graduates of the classes of 1915 and 1916. The affair will be in the nature of a hard times party and formal dress will not be tolerated.

All members of the classes from 1908 to 1916, inclusive, are cordially invited to be present as they are assured of an exceptionally good time by those who are in charge of the entertainment. No patron have been spared in the preparation of an unusually clever program.

The annual election of officers for the coming year will take place the evening of May 9th. In order that the association may become more active, in the civic and intellectual interests of the high school it is asked that all members be present at the election.

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# **The TURMOIL**

A Novel By  
**BOOTH TARKINGTON**  
Author of  
"Monieur Beaucaire," "The  
Conqueror of China,"  
"Penny," etc.  
Copyright 1914 by Harper & Brothers  
SYNOPSIS.

**CHAPTER I**—Sheridan's attempt to make a business man of his son Edith by starting him in the machine shop ends in failure, going to a man, a nervous wreck.

**CHAPTER II**—On his return Edith is not at the station by his sister Edith.

**CHAPTER III**—He finds himself in an uncomfortable and uncomfortable place in the "New House" of the Sheridans. He meets Mary Vertrees looking at him from a summer house next door.

**CHAPTER IV**—The Vertreeses, old town beauty and her mother, call on the Sheridans, newly-rich, and afterwards discuss them. Mary puts into words her parents' surprise with that she marry one of the Sheridan boys.

**CHAPTER V**—At the Sheridan house, warning, Sheridan spreads his line. Mary frankly encourages Edith Sheridan's plan to go to the machine shop. He is sent back to the machine shop.

**CHAPTER VI**—Mary tells her mother that she is not a lunatic. "Just queer," she proposes to Mary, who half accepts him.

**CHAPTER VII**—Sheridan tells Edith he must go back to the machine shop as soon as he is strong enough, in spite of Edith's plan to be allowed to write.

**CHAPTER IX**—

Bibbs' room, that neat apartment for transients to which the "landlord" George had shown him upon his return, still bore the appearance of temporary quarters, possibly because Edith had no clear conception of himself as a permanent inhabitant. However, he had set upon the mantelpiece the two photographs that he owned; one, a "group" twenty years old—his father and mother, with Jim and Roscoe as boys—and the other a "cabinet" of Edith at sixteen. And upon a table were the books he had taken from his trunk: Sartor Resartus, Virgiliana, Puerile, Huckleberry Finn, and Aeschylus. There were some other books upon the trunk—some large ones, which remained unopened at the foot of the bed, adding to the general impression of transiency. It contained nearly all the possessions as well as the secret life of Edith Sheridan, and Edith sat beside it, the day after his interview with his father, raking over a small collection of manuscripts in the top tray. Some of these he glanced through dubiously, finding little comfort in them; but one made him smile. Then he shook his head ruefully indeed, and actually began to read it. It was written on paper stamped "Hood Sanatorium," and it bore the title, "Lovers."

For a profession adapted solely to the pursuit of happiness in thinking, I would choose that of an invalid; his industry is time made to his mind in Olympus. The world must be on the other side of the wall, and the wall must be so thick and so high that he cannot hear the running of the furnace fire and the creaking of the wheels. Peace.

Having read so far as the word "peace," Edith suffered an interruption interesting as a coincidence of contrast. High voices sounded in the hall just outside his door; and it became

apparent that a woman's quarrel was in progress, the parties to it having begun in Edith's room, and continuing it rebelliously as they came out into the hall.

"Yes, you better go home!" Bibbs heard his sister vociferating, shrilly. "You better go home and keep your child a little more on your husband!"

"Edith, Edith, hear his mother remonstrating, as peace-maker."

"You see here!" This was Edith, and her voice was both nerdy and tremulous. "Don't you talk to me that way! I came here to tell Mother Sheridan what I'd heard, and to let her tell Father Sheridan if she thought she ought to, and I did it for your own good."

"Yes, you did!" And Edith's gilding laughter tumbled loudly. "Yes, you did! You didn't have any other reason Oh no! You don't want to break it up between Bobby Lamborn and me because—"

"Edith, Edith! Now, now!"

"Oh, hush up, mamma! I'd like to know if he oughtn't to come here, what about his not going to her house. How—"

"I've explained that to Mother Sheridan," Edith's voice indicated that she was descending the stairs. "Married people are not the same. Some things that should be shielded from a young girl—"

This seemed to have no very soothing effect upon Edith. "Shielded from a young girl?" she shrieked. "You seem pretty willing to be the shield! You look out of these doesn't notice what kind a shield you are!"

Edith's answer was inaudible, but Mrs. Sheridan's hurried attempts at pacification were renewed.

"Oh, hush up, mamma, and let me alone! If you dare tell papa—"

"Well, well, you just come back in your own room, and we'll—"

"Not I won't talk it over! Stop pulling me! Let me alone!"

Edith, blushing violently upon Bibbs' door, jerked it open, swung round it into the room, slammed the door behind her, and there, herself, face down, upon the bed with such a riot of emotion that she had no perception of Edith's presence in the room. Gasping and sobbing in a passion of tears, she bent the coverlet and pillows with her clenched fists. "Snack! Snack-in-the-grass! Eat!"

Bibbs saw that she did not know he was there, and he went softly toward the door, hoping to get away before she became aware of him; but some sound of his movement reached her, and she sat up, startled, facing him.

"Bibbs! I thought I saw you go out a while ago."

"Yes, I came back, though. I'm sorry—"

"Did you hear me quarreling with Edith?"

"Only what you said in the hall. You're down again, Edith. I'm going out."

"No, don't go," she said. She applied a handkerchief to her eyes, emitted a sob, and repeated her request. "Don't go, I don't mind you, you're quiet, anyhow. Mamma's so funny, and never gets anywhere. I don't mind you at all, but I wish you'd sit down."

"All right," and he returned to his chair beside the trunk. "Go ahead and cry all you want, Edith," he said. "No harm in that!"

"Edith told mamma—ah!" she began, choking. "Mary Vertrees had mamma and Edith and I to tea, one afternoon two weeks or so ago, and she had

upon the pavement in front of the old house next door. She stood a moment, in deep thought, then walked quickly up the path to the door, unlocked it with the latch of course, and went in. He did not mention this to his sister, who after delivering herself of a rather vague Jeremiah upon the subject of her sister-in-law's treacheries, departed to her own chamber, leaving him to his speculations.

Mary Vertrees was at that moment wondering what internal excitement Mrs. Roscoe Sheridan was striving to master. But Edith had no idea that she was allowing herself to exhibit anything except the gayety which she conceived proper to the manner of a casual caller. She was no more self-conscious than she was finely intelligent. Edith followed her impulses with no reflection or question—it was like a rolling on the gallop after a master on horseback. She had not even the instinct to stop and consider her effect. If she wished to make a certain impression she believed that she made it. She believed that she was believed.

"My mother asked me to say that she was sorry she couldn't come down," Mary said, when they were seated.

Sibyl ran the scale of a cooling similitude of laughter, which she had been brought up to consider the polite thing to do after a remark addressed to her by any person with whom she was not on familiar terms. It was intended, partly as a courtesy and partly as the foundation for an impression of sweetness.

"Just thought I'd fly in a minute," she said, continuing the cooling to relieve the heat of her own words. "I wanted to tell you how much I enjoyed meeting those nice people at tea that afternoon. You see, coming here a bride, I've had to depend on my husband's friends almost entirely. Mr. Sheridan has been so engrossed in business ever since he was a mere boy, why, of course—"

She paused, with the air of having completed an explanation.

"Of course," said Mary, sympathetically accepting it.

"Yes, I've been seeing quite a lot of the Kitterbys since that afternoon," Sibyl went on. "They're really delightful people. Indeed they are! Yes—"

She stopped with unconscious abruptness, her mind plainly wandering to another matter; and Mary perceived that she had come upon a delicate errand.

"Mrs. Kitterby and her daughter were chatting about some of the people here in town the other day," said Sibyl, repeating the cooling and retracting it. "They said something that took me by surprise. We were talking about our mutual friend, Mr. Robert Lamborn—"

Mary interrupted her promptly. "We shouldn't consider Mr. Robert Lamborn a friend of ours."

"But why not?" asked Sibyl, suddenly, as if greatly pleased. "That's just the way Mrs. Kitterby talked!" she cried, with a vehemence that made Mary stare. "Yes, and I hear that the way all our old families here speak of him!"

Mary looked aside, but otherwise she was able to maintain her composure. "I had the impression he was a friend of—yours," she said, adding, hastily, "and your husband's."

"Oh, yes," said the caller, absently. "He is, certainly. A man's reputation for a little gayety oughtn't to make a great difference to married people, of course. It's where young girls are in question. Then it may be very, very dangerous. There are a great many things safe and proper for married people that might be awfully imprudent for a young girl. Don't you agree, Miss Vertrees?"

"I don't know," returned the frank Mary. "Do you mean that you intend to remain a friend of Mr. Lamborn's, but disapprove of Miss Sheridan's doing so?"

"That's it exactly!" was the naive and ardent response of Sibyl. "What I feel about it is that a man with his reputation isn't at all suitable for Edith, and the family ought to be made to understand it. I tell you," she cried, with a sudden access of vehemence, "her father ought to put his foot down!"

Her eyes flashed with a green spark; something seemed to leap out and then retreat, but not before Mary had caught a glimpse of it. She was one might catch a glimpse of a thing darting forth and then shutting back into hiding under a bush.

"Of course," said Sibyl, much more composedly. "I hardly need say that it's entirely on Edith's account that I'm worried about this. I'm so fond of Edith as if she was really my sister, and I can't help fretting about it. It would break my heart to have Edith's life spoiled."

"This time was off the key, to Mary's mind, and she tried to sing with pathos, but she failed."

"And Edith's life would be spoiled," Sibyl continued. "It would be a dreadful thing for the whole family. She's the very apple of Father Sheridan's eye, and it would be a horrible thing for him to have her marry a man like Robert Lamborn; but he doesn't know anything about him, and if somebody doesn't tell him, what I'm most afraid of is that Edith might get his consent and marry on her wedding before he finds out, and then it would be too late. You see, Miss Vertrees, it's very difficult for me to decide just what it's my duty to do."

"I see," said Mary, looking at her thoughtfully. "Does Miss Sheridan seem to—care very much about him?"

"He's deliberately fascinated her," returned the visitor, beginning to breathe quickly and heavily. She was launched now; her eyes were flashing, and her voice shook. "He went after



between you and Jim, but surely he can do lots of things to help matters on like that. There's lots of little things that can be said, and lots of things that can be done. Mary Vertrees had done from pale to scarlet, and now, still scarlet indeed, she rose, without a word of explanation, or any other kind of word, and walked slowly to the open door and out of the room.

Sibyl was a little taken aback. She supposed Mary had remembered something neglected and would return in a moment; but it was rather a rude access of absent-mindedness not to have excused herself, especially as her guest was talking. And Mary's return being delayed, Sibyl looked at her watch and frowned: went to a window and stood looking out upon the brown lawn, then came back, the chair she had abandoned, and sat again. There was no sound in the house.

A strange expression began, imperceptibly to alter the planes of her face, and slowly, she grew as green as Mary—scarlet to the ears, and then, as if she had glanced over her shoulder oddly, then she let herself softly out of the front door, and went across the street to her own house.

Roscoe met her upon the threshold, gloomily. "Saw you from the window," he explained. "You must find a lot to say to that old lady."

"What old lady?"

"Mrs. Vertrees. I been waiting for you a long time, and I saw the daughter come out, fifteen minutes ago and post a letter, and then walk on up the street. Don't stand out on the edge," he said, growling. "Come in here. There's something it's come time I'll have to talk to you about. Come in!"

But as she was moving to obey he glanced across at his father's house and started. He lifted his hand to shield his eyes from the setting sun, staring fixedly. "Something's the matter over there," he muttered, and then more loudly, an alarm came into his voice, he said, "What's the matter over there?"

Edith dashed out of the gate in an automobile set at its highest speed, and as he saw Roscoe he made a gesture singularly eloquent of calamity and was lost at once in a cloud of dust down the street. Edith had followed part of the way down the drive, and he had seen that she was crying bitterly. She lifted both arms to Roscoe, mumbling him.

"By George!" gasped Roscoe. "I believe somebody's dead!"

And he started for the new house at a run.

(To be continued.)

unconscious Sibyl's painting. Mary beheld with a cold horror: she saw Sibyl clinging to Robert Lamborn, crying in a whisper, perhaps for Roscoe might have been in the house, or servants might have heard. She saw Sibyl entreating, beseeching, threatening, despatching, and Lamborn—direct of her last exultant, then brutally letting her have the truth; and at last, infuriated, "swearing" to marry her rival. If Sibyl had not babbled out the word "swore" it might have been less plain.

The poor woman blundered on wholly unaware of what she had confessed. "You see," she said, more quietly, "whatever's going to be done ought to be done right away. I went over and told Mother Sheridan what I'd heard about Lamborn's father, and she's afraid to ever come right out with anything. Father Sheridan'd never in the world let Lamborn come near the house again if he knew his reputation. So, you see, somebody's got to tell him. It isn't a very easy position for me, is it, Miss Vertrees?"

"No," said Mary gravely.

"Well, to be frank," said Sibyl, smiling, "that's why I've come to you."

To me, Mary frowned.

Sibyl's lips quivered and moved again. "There isn't anybody ever made such a hit with Father Sheridan in his life as you have. And of course we all hope you're not going to be exactly an outsider in the affairs of the family. I tell you, Sibyl, with another and louder effect of laughter. "And if it's my duty, why, in a way, I think it might be thought your duty."

"No, no!" exclaimed Mary, sharply. "Listen," said Sibyl. "Now suppose I go to either Sheridan with this story, and Edith says it's not true; I suppose I could say: 'All right, if you want proof, ask Miss Vertrees.' She came with me, and she's waiting in the next room right now, to—"

"No, no," said Mary quickly. "You mustn't."

"Listen just a minute more," Sibyl urged, calmly. "She was on easy ground now, to her own mind, and had no doubt of her success. 'Miss Vertrees, listen! Don't you see we ought to do it, you and I, and then Mr. Robert Lamborn can see the snap of his finger for her? Do you suppose a man like him would look at Edith Sheridan if it wasn't for the money?' And again Sibyl's emotion rose to the surface. 'I tell you, she's after nothing on earth but to get her finger in that old man's money-pile, over there, next door! He'd marry anybody to do that! Mary Edith?' she cried. 'I tell you he'd marry their nigger cook for that!'

She stopped, afraid—at the wrong time—that she had been too vehement, and with a glance at Mary reassured her, and Sibyl decided that she had produced the effect she wished. Mary was not looking at her; she was staring straight before her at the wall, her eyes wide and shiny. She became visibly a little paler as Sibyl looked at her.

"After nothing on earth but to get his finger in that old man's money-pile, over there next door!" The voice was vulgar, the words were vulgar, and the plain truth was vulgar. How it rang in Mary Vertrees' ears! The clear mirror had caught its own image clearly in the flawed one at last.

Sibyl put forth her best bid to clench the matter. She offered her bargain. "Now, don't you worry," she said, sunnily, "about this setting Edith against you. She'll get over it after a while. And another thing—I guess you won't mind Jim's own sister-in-law speaking out. Of course I don't know just how matters stand

between you and Jim, but surely he can do lots of things to help matters on like that. There's lots of little things that can be said, and lots of things that can be done. Mary Vertrees had done from pale to scarlet, and now, still scarlet indeed, she rose, without a word of explanation, or any other kind of word, and walked slowly to the open door and out of the room.

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(To be continued.)

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10 courts, Room 14 1st Nat. Bank Bldg.

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Office: Shoshone Building.

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FOR SALE—Early Eureka Nettled seed potatoes, 2 miles west and mile south. Phone 617-R3. Patrick Lynn.

FOR SALE—Second-hand E-M-F in good running condition, \$275. Lind Auto Co.

FOR SALE—Model 17 Buick, just light to convert into a truck; runs fine; \$150. Lind Auto Co.

FOR SALE—One 4 and one 6-room house on 6th avenue east. Call 235 1st Ave. E.

FOR SALE—Even swarms of bees of 15 supers. Everything I have connected with bees, for \$50. Frank Muel, R. 2.

FOR SALE—40 head of fall pigs, J. Gentler, 2 miles S. E. of Hollister.

FOR SALE—Eure seed potatoes, 2 miles north of Hansen. H. J. Kant.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Persian cat, Address H. R. Times.

FOR SALE—Team, wagon, harness, foot Emerson mower, harrow, plow, cultivator, one two-year-old filly. See Arthur Adams, 310 Fair Ave., City.

FOR SALE—OR TRADE—80-acre rock ranch near Prairie, Ida. Will take care on part payment. Address 58, Hansen, Ida.

FOR SALE—Restaurant and bakery. (ounce & Eakin, Buhl, Idaho).

## LEGAL PUBLICATION

### NOTICE OF WRIT OF ATTACHMENT

In the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho in and for Twin Falls County.

George B. Robbins, plaintiff, vs. H. J. Hollister and L. B. Perrine, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that on April 19, 1916, a writ of attachment was issued out of the above entitled court, attaching to the property of the above named defendant for the sum of \$2500 and costs.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office this 21st day of April, 1916.

E. J. FINCH, Clerk of the District Court.

LONGLEY AND WALTERS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, residing at Twin Falls, Idaho.

### NOTICE OF WRIT OF ATTACHMENT

In the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho in and for Twin Falls County.

John Linglebach, plaintiff, vs. Fred Bachus, Fred Oliver and C. F. Young, co-defendants.

Notice is hereby given that on April 17, 1916, a writ of attachment was issued out of the above entitled court, attaching to the property of the above named defendant for the sum of \$2500 and costs.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office this 21st day of April, 1916.

E. J. FINCH, Clerk of the District Court.

JAMES H. WISE, Attorney for Plaintiff, residing at Twin Falls, Idaho.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Serial No. 012630.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Halley, Idaho, April 17, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Edward F. Walker, of Murtaugh, Idaho, who on January 17, 1913, made homestead

entry, Serial No. 012630, for NW 1/4, section 13, Township 11 North, Range 19 East, T. 11 N., R. 19 E., and the

Notice of intention to make Final Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. C. Scranton, U. S. Commissioner at Twin Falls, Idaho, on the 12th day of June, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: William Goodwin, William C. Hall, William Tague, John J. Byer, all of Murtaugh, Idaho.

BEN R. GRAY, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Serial No. 010839-010410.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Halley, Idaho, March 30, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Wilhelm Hoops, of Hollister, Idaho, who, on March 15, 1912, made homestead entry

serial No. 010839 for the SE 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 34, T. 12 S., R. 17 E., and who on March 20, 1914, made additional homestead entry, serial No. 014610, for the SW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 34, T. 12 S., R. 17 E., and

who on March 27, 1914, made additional homestead entry, serial No. 014610, for the SW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 34, T. 12 S., R. 17 E., and

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## BUSINESS METHODS NEEDED IN ASIA

(Continued from Page 1.)

from Berlin to Paris might not withstand the long voyage from Amsterdam to Bangkok unless the goods were properly marked and securely packed. He therefore turned his attention to the matter of scientific packing for the export trade and, as a result his goods invariably arrived in marketable condition. His next move was to send out experienced traveling salesmen who regularly covered the territory. These men were not mere globe-trotters despatched on a mission of pleasure. They were men of a glowing personality who had a serious mission to perform and with few exceptions they performed it to the entire satisfaction of their employers. These missionaries of business established agencies, and in many instances retail stores of the first rank. Handling institutions followed as a matter of course. Both the traveling salesman and the permanent agents kept the home manufacturers in close touch with the changing conditions. By way of illustration last year one of the enterprising European firms in Bangkok conceived the idea of importing for the domestic trade a large shipment of dolls dressed in the Siamese national costume. The costume was designed in Siam and the sample sent to the European manufacturer. Within six months after its receipt a shipment of Siamese dolls was unloaded at the dock in Bangkok and the German mother alone purchased two motor loads of these beauties for distribution among the children of the Royal Family.

In contrast to the thoroughgoing business methods employed by our European competitors, I cite a typical instance of the lack of foresight so often credited to our business men engaged in the export trade. A few months ago a German firm in Bangkok placed a large order for merchandise with an American exporter in New York. Specific instructions were given to ship such merchandise via the

neutral port of Batavia. Our enterprising New York merchant concluded, however, that he was more concerned with the long voyage from the Far East than his newly discovered customer. He therefore shipped the goods via a British port. Not content with making the shipment contrary to the specific instructions of the importer he sent him a brief letter wherein he conveyed the rather interesting news that after making a careful investigation he found that he could have the Bangkok dealer a considerable sum in freight charges by making the shipment via Singapore. The result was that the British authorities declined to permit the transshipment of the cargo. The German firm has not yet obtained delivery of the goods nor has the American exporter received payment for the same.

I do not wish, however, to be understood as making a sweeping indictment of the business methods employed by all American firms engaged in promoting trade with the Asiatics. There are scores of American manufacturers who have adopted and are now applying the best business methods in their bid for the far eastern trade. I will go even further than this. Never before has there been the same interest among our American business men in the vital question of gaining a dominating influence in the markets of the Orient. But if we are to attain this ambition it will require a systematic campaign of education in a world which will require the same energy in the Orient which the modern and progressive business man applies to the creation of new business in America. True it is that better shipping and more adequate banking facilities are quite essential, but unless our exporters adopt systematic business methods neither our ships nor our banks will be able to show a sufficient dividend to enable them to remain in business. In conclusion I therefore commend to the careful and thoughtful consideration of the American exporters the following suggestions:

We should make a comprehensive study of conditions in the Orient.

We should manufacture for the Asiatic what the Asiatics want.

We should devote more time and at-

tention to the scientific packing of goods designed for export.

We should see that all shipments are properly marked.

We should take into consideration the climatic conditions in manufacturing and in preparing for shipment goods of a perishable character.

We should advertise our manufactured products in Asiatic newspapers.

We should establish agencies wherever possible and these agencies should invariably be placed in the hands of American citizens.

We should encourage the extension of American banking facilities.

We should earnestly support the movement designed to build up a greater merchant marine.

If the above suggestions are followed, the demands of our Asiatic customers will keep the wheels of industry turning for generations to come.

## PROGRAM FOR IDAHO STATE SHOOT ABOUT FINISHED

Targets and Foreground Considered Ideal—A Total of 420 Targets For All Events.

The finishing touches are being put on the program for the big shoot which will begin in this city June 11 and last three days. The first day will be given to practice shooting and will permit the people to get familiar with the grounds. A two-cent rate will be charged on this day. The traps all have north light and green foreground, which are considered ideal conditions. Target throwing on all the days will be under the rules of the Interstate association. A fully competent force will be provided to manipulate the traps. On the first day of the regular shoot there will be 100 targets in open events, consisting of 10 events with 15 targets each. There will be a total of 420 targets in the regular shoot.

## S. S. OF COUNTY IN CONVENTION

Annual Gathering Meeting In Kimberly Sunday

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS DAY AND NIGHT.

State Meeting Convened in Boise May 22, With Reduced Rates on the Railroads.

The Interdenominational S. S. Association for this county held its annual meeting last Saturday, the Christian church at Kimberly. Many people from Twin Falls and the surrounding country attended, and the building was so crowded that a large number had to stand throughout the afternoon session. And in the evening the overflow meeting packed the M. E. church.

J. S. Flory, president for the past year, presided, and Mrs. L. M. Ormsby, of Boise, secretary of the state association, was in charge. The chief speaker and the central figure in all the proceedings and discussions, speaking on "The Sunday School Standard" and containing the round table in the afternoon and addressing both meetings in the evening on "The Personal Touch and Teaching to Win Souls." E. L. Ashton gave practical addresses at both meetings on "Adult Bible Classes." Rev. D. C. Miller spoke effectively on "Sunday School Evangelism." C. H. Rowlett, of Twin Falls, gave earnest scriptural talks at both meetings on "Opportunities for Service in S. S. Work," and Rev. J. K. MacMillan, Sunday school mission, gave a most interesting address at both meetings on "Under-Shepherding for the Chief Shepherd." Mrs. O. D. Vandenberg of Rogerson, Idaho, made a very happy and effective in her address on her favorite topic of temperance. Mr. Bowles of Twin Falls, acted as chorister in the afternoon meeting.

The state association meets in annual convention in the First M. E. church at Boise, on May 18, 19 and 20. The program for the coming year was set as follows: President, C. H. Rowlett, Twin Falls; vice president, D. P. Albee, Rock Creek; secretary, Mrs. H. Heartfield, Twin Falls; treasurer, J. S. Flory, Twin Falls; superintendent of teacher training, Mrs. H. W. Parker, Twin Falls; superintendent of evangelism, Rev. J. D. Smith, Heiler, clergymen work, Mrs. J. E. Steinhilber, Nampa; teen-age department, Rev. M. M. Van Antton, Buhl; adult class work, Rev. B. F. Emmaker, Teton; children's work, Mrs. D. Vandenberg, Rogerson; missionary, Miss Alice Gibbs, Twin Falls; home department, Mrs. Metcalfe, Piler.

## EXHIBITION HALL IS STRONGLY URGED

(Continued from page 1.)

fact that the merchants were called upon from time to time to contribute for temporary accommodations. If a permanent building were erected, the inconveniences, political and otherwise, would come here, not all of them, but most of them. We have no place now to hold our annual event. No one can celebrate the day of the state fair, which is the nature of the case, without a large gathering of the kind outlined here.

Then, continued the speaker, "there is the auto show, which by all means should be made an annual event. No one can celebrate the day of the state fair, which is the nature of the case, without a large gathering of the kind outlined here."

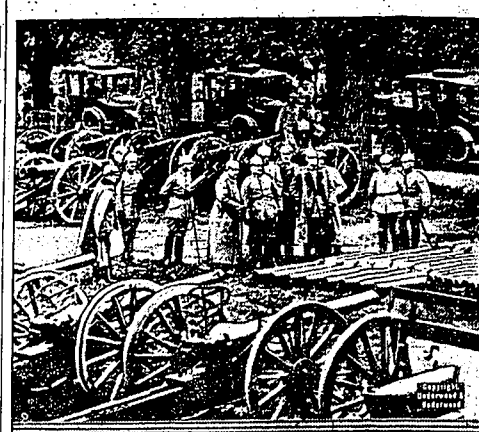
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## KAISER INSPECTS CAPTURED GUNS



During one of his recent flying trips to the various fronts, the Kaiser inspected guns which were captured from the Russians. The Kaiser can be seen (third man from left) surrounded by his staff. In the background the autos are waiting to speed the party off to another point along the front.

should be given the military boys. He considered that this was of more importance than the issue of the other things suggested, and he would favor a hall large enough to make provision for the company.

Architect Burton E. Morse produced a plan for a building 50 by 100 feet, with back ground of 75 by 100 feet, which could be covered. The building itself would cost from \$20,000 to \$30,000 and the roof over the back ground about \$10,000 more. The roofed addition could be fixed to cost from 1500 to 2000 per foot. The small space in the rear of the main building could also be utilized.

Having discussed all the plans proposed and made a number of suggestions, the whole matter was laid on the table to be taken up at a special meeting later on.

Attorney Asher B. Wilson asked the council whether action had been taken on the proposal to pave the end of Shoshone street. On being informed that nothing had been done, he suggested the idea of parking cars in the middle of the street where new paving was placed and having a road each side. The council took the matter under advisement. Mr. Wilson wanted water extension for the triangle in front of his residence, which is being beautified and his request was referred to the city engineer. The Mutual and Tolbert additions beyond the Blue Lakes boulevard be allowed. Favorable action was taken on regard to the Mutual but the Tolbert was referred back to City Attorney Herriott. The board of the council in regard to the issue of parking cars to make it as simple as possible. The old ordinance repealed long ago was said to have been cumbersome and unnecessary.

The meeting being the first of the councilmanic year, many details were discussed. The officers all reported, and the meeting was followed by a social to tell. The city employment agent reported good business, having had 30 applications since he opened his office.

City Treasurer H. E. Rounds, who has just returned from Rochester, Minn., took up some matters that came during his absence in the keeping of the accounts and having adjusted them the council allowed bills and adjourned.

## SUGAR BEET SEED TO BE RAISED AT FILER

Thirty Acres Planted on the DeKlotz Farm—Seed Now Grown in Germany and Russia.

An auto party went yesterday with George Hittche to the DeKlotz range near Filer for the purpose of observing the planting of some of the 30 acres of mother beets from which it is hoped to raise a large quantity of seed during the coming year. A similar field of sugar beets for seed is being planted at Burley. These are among the very few such fields in the United States. Practically all the sugar beet seed of the world has heretofore come from Germany and Russia, but as the energies of those people have been devoted to other forms of activity during the past couple of years, the price has gone up enormously and famine is threatened in this country. There is a great deal of hand work in raising sugar beets, and the extreme care is necessary to produce an unusually large part of the cost of production is labor cost. Experts have expressed the opinion that the soil of the Twin Falls tract is favorable for the raising of the seed of the sugar beet and have predicted the success of the experiment if properly conducted.

## BOY SCOUTS MADE GOOD HEADWAY SATURDAY

Almost Enough Paper to Fill a Car Has Been Collected. Scouts Will Resume Campaign Saturday.

The Canvass for old books and magazines by the Boy Scouts Saturday resulted in getting together nearly eight tons of waste paper. Each Saturday's results are greater than the last and it is possible that if the boys work as earnestly next Saturday they will procure enough more to fill their car. They are anxious of success in this enterprise and will be glad if any having books, catalogs, old pamphlets, etc., will phone E. L. McVicar, scout master, phone number 141. The boys will call Saturday.

Almost Enough Paper to Fill a Car Has Been Collected. Scouts Will Resume Campaign Saturday.

## I. D. MANAGER GIVEN BANQUET

Employees of Firm Feast—C. L. Hart on Arrival Here.

HALL BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED FOR THE OCCASION.

Banquet Held in New Addition to Department Store—Timely and Witty Talks.

One of the brilliant events of the season was carried off in the new building adjoining the Idaho Department store on Thursday last, when a banquet was given by the employees of the I. D. store to their new manager, C. L. Hart, and as a house warming and well wishing for the new addition which is soon to be occupied by the men's clothing and furnishings department of the I. D.

Quite an elaborate and yet dainty scheme of decorations was worked out for the event in yellow and white and a profusion of ferns, palms and cut flowers. Both the banquet guests and the employees' friends, who were invited, said that the affair was a success in every particular.

Stanley H. Leeney, the "master of ceremonies" for the occasion, in his opening address, welcomed Mr. Hart to the new building and stated that the employees had the objects of the banquet which was primarily for Mr. Hart, but very close in importance to this came the wish of all to "get together" and have that "store spirit" which is so helpful to an organization of this kind.

Mr. Hart replied appropriately to the toast and was followed by Mr. Alvord, whose remarks were warmly appreciated by all present. Mr. McCollie held the laurels for creating the brief but very apt address.

Heads of departments Miss Wilson and Messrs. Baker, Barker, McBride and Hille helped very materially toward making the "between course" periods both interesting and instructive, all strongly emphasizing the "get together" and "stick together" spirit.

Mr. Hart came here from Blackfoot where he lived for 16 years. He has a successful record of 23 years in the retail business. He was a partner in the Brown-Hart Co. of Blackfoot until quite recently when he sold his interest in that concern. Mr. Hart has charge of the dry goods department at Blythe & Fargo Co. from 1893 to 1898 and was prominently associated with C. Bimling & Co. in charge of their dry goods department.

Mrs. L. M. Arroll of the Rogerson Cafe; was the caterer for the banquet and proved most effectively the fact of her ability to successfully carry through a proposition of this kind.

The banquet was a full seven-course affair, a menu of:

Olympian Oyster Cocktail  
Ripe Olives  
Consomme  
Roast Turkey  
Mashed Potatoes  
String Beans  
Fresh Shrimp Salad  
Ice Cream and Cakes  
Cheese and Walnuts  
Demi Tasse

Guests present at the banquet were as follows: Mr. C. L. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Alvord, Mr. H. A. McCollie, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. B. Barker, Mr. and Mrs. R. McBride, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hille, Nellie Wilson, Mr. Stanley H. Leeney, Mr. C. O. Leighton, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Patton, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. McGraw, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Clausen, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Crease, Mr. and Mrs. Wilber Bolton, Miss Sara Shattuck, Mrs. J. T. Mitchell, Miss Julia Smith, Mrs. H. Collier, Miss V. Smith, Mrs. Anna Furuseth, Miss Luc Kirkman, Miss Phoebe Furuseth.

TABLE D'HOUE DINNER-DANCE AT ROGERSON CAFE 10:00 P. M. There will be a dinner-dance from 10:00 until 12:00 Friday night May 6, at the Rogerson Cafe for which music will be furnished by the Friedman orchestra, with Neil Schuler, the noted boy violinist. Miss Karryn will sing a number of the latest songs. Call Mrs. Arroll 84 or 717 and reserve tables. Ad.

DO NOT FAIL TO HEAR STANLEY H. SMITH, IN HIS LECTURE on Idaho, Moose Hall, Thursday evening, May 4th, 8:00 p. m. Free.

"CHOICE CARNATIONS"  
50c Per Doz.

AT

HERBST & RAMBO'S