

DEMOCRATS CALL WILSON ONCE MORE

President Nominated By Acclamation

MARSHALL CHOSEN FOR SECOND PLACE ON TICKET.

Great Enthusiasm Manifested—Bryan Called to Platform and Pledges His Support.

COLLEGE, ST. LOUIS.—President Wilson and Woodrow Wilson were nominated by acclamation Thursday night by the Democratic national convention; the ticket being completed four minutes before midnight. When Judge Westcott of New Jersey, had placed the president in nomination and the nomination had been seconded by former Governor Harmon of Ohio and Governor Stuart of Virginia, the delegates wanted to wait no longer and cried, "vote, vote."

On motion of Senator Hughes of New Jersey, the rules were suspended and no ballots whatever were taken. The delegates simply roared "aye," when the names of Wilson and Marshall were called and Chairman James declared them nominated Vice President Marshall, discarded a long prepared speech and simply declared: "I nominate Thomas Riley Marshall."

There never was any doubt of President Wilson's nomination, but there was a possibility that some vice presidential boom might be brought out in opposition to Vice President Marshall. They called away, however, when the convention got in session and as soon as President Wilson's nomination had been made by a roaring chorus of acclamation, Senator Kern of Missouri nominated Mr. Marshall, called aside a long prepared speech and simply declared: "I nominate Thomas Riley Marshall."

Stirred by the speeches by the temporary and permanent chairman, both making President Wilson's peaceful conduct of the country's foreign relations the keynote, the convention only awaited the moment of balloting to renounce Wilson and Marshall with the slogan of peace, preparedness and prosperity.

When the gavel fell, calling the session to order, John W. Westcott of New Jersey, who nominated President Wilson at the Kentucky convention, was ready on the floor to deliver the speech of renunciation; Senator Kern of Missouri to deliver the speech nominating Governor Major for the vice presidency, and William B. Price of Maine, senior, to nominate Governor Merriam of Nebraska.

Thursday the Democratic national convention started its drive to finish up business and get out into the campaign.

The big leaders framed the hurried program, to the utter dismay of St. Louis, which expected the convention to remain in session until Saturday, at least, and to the disappointment of delegates and visitors who like a convention overflowing with orators, but the report of the rules committee was adopted without a show of opposition. Senator Reed of Missouri, in a speech, in which he voiced the regret of the city that it was not to entertain such a distinguished gathering for a longer period and offered an amendment to the constitution of the convention, was adopted and the convention met, pledged to stick to its work until finished.

The afternoon session of the convention gave the Democrats another chance to rejoice and be glad in the official record of the achievements of the party by the State Senator, Ollie James of Kentucky, in his speech as permanent chairman of the convention.

His former Governor Martin H. Glynn of New York, who made the keynote speech yesterday, Senator James aroused the great crowd in the Coliseum to a high pitch of enthusiasm and inspired them with high hopes of success at the polls. He dealt with subjects that had not been touched upon by Chairman Westcott. Glynn and paid high tribute to President Wilson. And today it was the deeds of the party and the name of the man that appealed to delegates and visitors and caused a demonstration that lasted fifteen minutes.

With the keynote of "Americanism, peace, preparedness and prosperity" the Democratic national convention (Continued on Page 10.)

NEW MEMBER ENGAGED ON STAFF OF THE TIMES

Martin Bailey, a graduate of the class of 1916 of the University of Oregon and a member of the class in journalism in that school for the past two years, has accepted a position on the news staff of this paper, dividing local work with James D. Whelan, who will hereafter devote a part of his time to the east end of the county.

AUTO ACCIDENT RESULTS FATALLY

John Hulett Dies as Result of Overturned Machine

HIS BROTHER NOW IN HOSPITAL SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Overturned Machine Caused by Attempted Investigation of Blow-out On Rear Tire.

John Hulett of Buhl, is dead, his brother, Jesse Hulett, is seriously injured, Walter Clough, an insurance agent in suffering from a broken shoulder, and Frank Carbaugh, a farmer of Buhl, is severely cut and bruised, as the result of an auto accident which happened a few miles out of Buhl last Thursday afternoon, June 16, shortly after two o'clock.

The death of Mr. Hulett was caused by a fracture at the base of the skull, Jesse Hulett, now in the hospital, has also a fractured skull, the fracture extending across the right side of his head and in the roof of his mouth. The consulting physician, Dr. Morgan, believes Mr. Hulett has chance of recovery if infection does not set in.

With Mr. Carbaugh at the wheel of his Ford car, the four men were driving out of Buhl over a smooth stretch of road at about 25 miles an hour, according to a report. The rear tire blew out, and instead of slowing down his machine, Mr. Hulett tried to turn it right around. He said that Mr. Carbaugh leaned over the side of the car to investigate. The car swerved and as Mr. Carbaugh tried to right the machine, it turned completely over, pinning both John and Jesse Hulett beneath it. Mr. Carbaugh, though cut and bruised, was not seriously injured. He extricated himself and lifted the machine off the others. Another automobile party driving the first machine, stopped out of Buhl over a smooth stretch of road at about 25 miles an hour, according to a report. The rear tire blew out, and instead of slowing down his machine, Mr. Hulett tried to turn it right around. He said that Mr. Carbaugh leaned over the side of the car to investigate. The car swerved and as Mr. Carbaugh tried to right the machine, it turned completely over, pinning both John and Jesse Hulett beneath it. Mr. Carbaugh, though cut and bruised, was not seriously injured. He extricated himself and lifted the machine off the others.

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The injured men arrived in Twin Falls after three o'clock. From the time of the accident until his death, a nine o'clock that evening, John Hulett never regained consciousness. He was a bachelor, Jesse Hulett has a family living near Buhl. After the accident, Mr. Clough was given first aid at Buhl, and then brought to Twin Falls for further treatment.

John Hulett was a well-known farmer around Buhl, and was 46 years old when killed. He leaves a mother, Mrs. Hulett, who had come west on a visit about a week ago.

The funeral was held Monday at Buhl, in the Methodist church.

RAISING DONATION FUND FOR CITY'S MILITIAMEN

\$400 Being Raised Among Business Men For Benefit of Local Company.

In order to create a benefit fund for Company D of the Twin Falls militia, L. T. Wright, manager of the Consolidated Wagon & Machine Co., and C. B. Channell, manager of the Channell Lumber Co., have been getting subscriptions from the business men of Twin Falls. These two men started out this morning with the purpose of collecting \$400 for the fund. In a little over two hours work, more than \$200 has been collected and all subscriptions have been made small.

It is the purpose of Mr. Wright and Mr. Channell to turn the sum into the militia fund, which will be under the direction of the officers of the company, expenditures to be made as they see fit.

MASS MEETING AT CHAUTAUQUA TENT TONIGHT IN INTEREST OF COMPANY D.

Parents, Relatives and Friends of the Boys Urged to Attend. Program Given After Meeting. Many Are Enlisting Today. Departure Tomorrow Morning.

A mass meeting of the people of Twin Falls, called by Mayor E. M. Sweeley, will be held tonight at 7:30 at the Chautauqua tent for the purpose of expressing publicly the confidence felt in them by the people of Twin Falls and for the further purpose of showing that appreciation to a practical way by learning what they will need in the hot climate to which they are going and preparing to supply such needs. Many inquiries have been made in regard to articles of clothing, bandages, etc., by the women of the city, and it is thought well to furnish them to provide for system as that the greatest results can be secured. A number of the best speakers have been secured and brief but pointed talks will be made.

Manager J. M. Erickson has thrown open the tent from 7:30 until 9 o'clock, on account of the cool weather. Reserved seats will be retained for holders of tickets. A number of benches will be installed for those who come to attend the meeting. The tents will be closed as soon as the meeting is over. A request will be made for those who have not bought tickets to withdraw at the end of the mass meeting, and purchase tickets for the show. If they desire to attend the show, they will be asked to purchase tickets. The program was gratefully received by Mayor E. M. Sweeley, who is being held in the city. Manager Erickson was willing to forego all profits for the night in order that the meeting proper by Mayor Sweeley that this offer of sacrifice, while deeply appreciated, would not be necessary, as the program and speeches would be short and the crowd was possible to finish in time to give the chautauqua program.

Everything has been in a bustle since yesterday morning, when the news came that a call had been issued. Several whose physical standing had proven below the most rigid examination were not so reluctant. A number of them rushed in to join the company, while others who had been waiting for a chance to join, were called out suddenly.

Reporters from Buhl say that the movement of troops on both sides of the border since the Americans crossed the line and the Mexicans followed them, is not known how long the boys will be at Boise, but the previous preparations made by the war department will undoubtedly shorten it. The railroad are co-operating with the state and nation in helping out troops to the front. The following dispatch was received here yesterday by Agent D. F. Sullivan:

"Adjutant General's office advises that recruits are urgently desired for the Mexican border. Full details will be received at Boise. Speed is urgently necessary. Advice newspapers and citizens generally."

Reports from Buhl say that 40 men offered their services to Company K immediately when the news was received that recruits were wanted. Early yesterday morning the people of this city were startled by the announcement that Captain P. W. McRoberts had received orders from Adjutant General P. H. Crow to immediately call together Company K for the Idaho National guard, to enlist the many eligible men as possible and to report when ready to organize the company to Boise for mobilization with the rest of the state troops. The wildest rumors were spread in the city, that the Mexican border was declared at midnight by President Wilson, presumably the governor of the constitutional limitations of the state. The true situation in regard to the exact status of things was contained in the dispatch to the city. The people were considered grave enough, when read by the citizens and by members of the military company who gathered

TIMES WILL HAVE CORRESPONDENT AT FRONT

Lieutenant Ralph Leitch, of Company D, will act as TIMES correspondent at the front and will furnish all the news that the military censor will let by that is necessary to furnish readers with an insight into conditions of the home boys and will be featured in his correspondence.

METHODIST BISHOP AT DEDICATION

Plans Made to Have Rev. M. Hughes in Kimberly

FIRST SUNDAY IN AUGUST FOR OPENING CHURCH.

Structure Will Have Modern Seats, New Organ and Many Conveniences.—Largely Beltry.

Plans are being laid for the dedicatory service for the opening of the enlarged Methodist church for Kimberly on the first Sunday in August and it is hoped that it will be possible to have Bishop Mathew Hughes, the newly appointed bishop of the diocese of Seattle, deliver the charge and deliver the sermon. The building is being completely remodelled at a cost of \$3000. An addition 25 feet wide and 10 feet high is being added to the structure. There will be a basement under the entire building. A large belfry is being put in, in order that the attention of the people may be called to the coming of the Lord's day. Opera seats and hat and coat racks have been purchased for the comfort and convenience of the people. A new organ will be installed in the large choir balcony and new altar furniture will be secured. A concrete sidewalk will be built on the streets in front of the church and the premises will be generally beautified.

The plans for the church were discussed at the meeting of the church board, held July 3 for a trip to the coast, where Mrs. Stewart will remain for her health. Her husband will complete his vacation and be back in time for the dedication.

MINORS UNDER SIXTEEN MUST NOT RUN AUTOS

Police Will Arrest All Violators of This Law—Speed Fines Must Also Suffer.

The Twin Falls police have been instructed to arrest all persons caught violating the state law forbidding the running of autos by minors under 16 years of age. The law will be enforced at once under the statute. This law, which was enacted by the last legislature, declares that no person under 16 years of age shall operate or drive a motor vehicle on a public highway within the state. The penalty for violation is a fine not exceeding \$100 or imprisonment not exceeding six months or both such fine and imprisonment.

This law has been generally enforced since its passage and many youngsters are driving recklessly in and around Twin Falls. While all the accidents which have happened have been the result of rapid driving by older people, the officers feel that they should enforce every law and ordinance which tends to discourage joyriding.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH SANITARY BOARD

Dr. Sullivan Will Remain in Twin Falls—Free Serum To Be Discontinued July 1.

Arrangements have been made along the lines indicated recently by the United States bureau of animal industry with the state livestock sanitary board. Under the new arrangement, the bureau will remain in Twin Falls, with Dr. Sullivan in charge, for the present and with Dr. Henderson also working from Twin Falls. Free serum will be discontinued after July 1, and serum, to be administered by state deputies will be sold at a low rate to the hog raisers. George A. Wright, stenographer at the office of the bureau, will take a leave of absence and will go to Seattle to visit.

TWIN FALLS HAS PURE WATER NOW

Chlorine Plant Installed and In Operation

WATER WILL BE TESTED REGULARLY BY SANITARY BOARD.

Tests of Quantity Used Surprise Commissioner Porter, Who Advocates a Meter System.

The chlorine plant has been in full operation since 12 o'clock Saturday and if the opinions of the experts consulted are correct Twin Falls now has the purest and most wholesome, if not the cleanest, water supply of any city in Idaho. The machine works night and day and adds two and a half pounds of the preparation to every million gallons of water pumped. Two pounds has been declared sufficient but since there is no danger involved in its use, a little extra has been put in for the sake of complete safety. Tests will be made weekly by the state sanitary board in order that the city may be assured positively that its supply is being kept pure.

Tests of the amount of water used during 12 hours were made Thursday afternoon and Friday morning by Water Superintendent Porter with surprising results, which made him an earnest advocate of the meter system. During 12 hours 2,078,425 gallons were used, making 1356 per service for 12 hours, or 246 gallons per capita for the part of the population using city water. This, in the opinion of Commissioner Porter, means a waste of three-fourths of the water supply. Those who are not using the supply should get it and also have to pay a fine, and Mr. Porter says that he will get after them promptly. He also declares that he will have the installation of a meter system which will be fair to all.

S. C. STEWART AND HIS FAMILY IN BAD MIXUP

Horses Escaped Frightened on Grade in Perrine Coulee and Prove Unmanageable.

A mixup resulting from the frightening of the team by falling water in the Perrine coulee while returning from a picnic dinner at the Blue Lakes orchard resulted in a painful injury to Mrs. S. C. Stewart and the baby, both of whom narrowly escaped being trampled to death under the heavy water in the coulee over the falling water in the coulee over the road and the animals at first refused to budge. The baby, who was in the car, was thrown out by the police. Mrs. Stewart started to drive up, when a sudden gust blew spray into the faces of the team. The animals started to back and by means turned around without precipitating the whole party over the cliff to certain death. Mrs. Stewart and the eight-month-old baby were thrown out by the police. Mrs. Stewart started to drive up, when a sudden gust blew spray into the faces of the team. The animals started to back and by means turned around without precipitating the whole party over the cliff to certain death. Mrs. Stewart and the eight-month-old baby were thrown out by the police. Mrs. Stewart started to drive up, when a sudden gust blew spray into the faces of the team. The animals started to back and by means turned around without precipitating the whole party over the cliff to certain death. Mrs. Stewart and the eight-month-old baby were thrown out by the police.

KIMBERLY BOYS STILL FULL OF BALL FIGHT

Declare That Luck Will Yet Turn and That They Will Make Others Hard to Catch.

Those who think that Kimberly is discouraged by the long list of gooses that have dropped into her basket on the diamond this year, do not understand the spirit of that bright-eyed, red-headed boy who was only one score and seven when he was yesterday, explaining the defeat to Burley by a score of six to five. Another said: "Our boys play all right, but they have had the whitest luck, but it will not last always. The fans say that Kimberly has really got the goods but owing to a series of misadventures they can't deliver. The game with Jerome Sunday will be played on the home grounds."

PROF. O. M. ELLIOTT FOR LEWISTON NORMAL

Dr. Sullivan Will Remain in Twin Falls—Free Serum To Be Discontinued July 1.

Word has been received that Professor O. M. Elliott, for several years superintendent of the Twin Falls school, has been elected principal of the school at Lewiston, Idaho, in which position he was unanimously elected last Friday. Professor Elliott is elected to succeed Professor George M. Black. He was the immediate predecessor of Professor C. C. N. in the conduct of the schools here. Since leaving Twin Falls, Professor Elliott has been in charge of the schools in Salem, Ore.



WOODROW WILSON.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, adopts the following declaration to the end that the people of the United States may have realized the achievements wrought by four years of Democratic administration and be apprised of the policies to which the party commends for the further conduct of national affairs.

Record of Achievement.
We endorse the administration of Woodrow Wilson. It speaks for itself. It is the best exposition of sound Democratic policy at home and abroad.

We challenge comparison of our record, our keeping of pledges and our constructive legislation, with those of any party at any time in our history. We found our country hampered by special privileges, a vicious tariff, obsolete banking laws and an elastic currency. Our foreign affairs were dominated by commercial interests for their selfish ends. The Republican party, despite repeated pledges, was content to perpetuate abuses which it had fostered. Under our administration, under a leadership which has never been corrected, these abuses have been corrected and our people have been freed therefrom.

Financial.
Our archaic banking and currency system, profile of panic and disaster in our Republican administrations—being the refuge of the money trust—has been supplanted by the Federal Reserve act, a true democracy of credit under government control, and all proved a financial debacle in a world crisis, mobilizing our resources, placing abundant credit at the disposal of legitimate industry and making a currency of money trust. We have created a Federal Trade Commission to accommodate the perplexing questions arising under the trust laws. The money trust has been strangled at its birth and legitimate industry encouraged. Fair competition in business now is assured.

We have effected an adjustment of the tariff adequate for revenue under peace conditions, and fair to the consumer and to the producer. We have adjusted the burdens of taxation so that swollen incomes bear their equitable share. Our revenues have been sufficient in times of world stress and will largely exceed the expenditures of the current year.

We have lifted human labor from the category of commodities and have secured to the workman the right of voluntary association for his protection and welfare. We have protected the rights of the laborer against the unwarranted issuance of writs of injunction, and have guaranteed to him the right of trial by jury in cases of alleged contempt cases committed outside the presence of the court.

Postal.
We have advanced the parcel post to genuine efficiency, enlarged the postal savings system, added 10,000 rural delivery routes and extensions, thus reaching two and one-half millions additional people; improved the postal service in every branch, and, for the first time in our history, placed the postal system on a self-sustaining basis, with actual surplus in 1913, 1914 and 1915.

Economic Freedom.
The reforms which were most obviously needed to clear away privilege, prevent unfair discrimination, and release the energies of men of all ranks and advantages, have been effected by recent legislation. We must now remove, so far as possible, every remaining element of unrest and uncertainty from the path of the business

men of America, and secure for them a continued period of quiet, assured and confident prosperity.

Tariff.
We confirm our belief in the doctrine of a tariff of the purpose of providing sufficient revenue for the operation of the government economically administered and unreservedly endorse the Underwood tariff law as fully exemplifying that doctrine. We recognize that tariff rates are necessarily subject to change to meet changing conditions in the world's production and trade. The events of the last two years have brought about many momentous changes. In some respects these changes are yet complete and wait to be disclosed, particularly in regard to our foreign trade. Two years of a war which has directly involved most of the chief industrial nations of the world, and which has indirectly affected the life and industry of all nations, are bringing about far-reaching changes in the world which have never before experienced.

With regard to the changing and changing conditions under which our trade is carried on, and in order to ascertain just what these changes mean, the Democratic Congress is providing for a non-partisan tariff commission to make impartial and thorough study of every economic fact that may throw light upon our past or upon our future. We cordially endorse this timely proposal and declare ourselves in sympathy with the principle and purpose of shaping future legislation with that field in accordance with clearly established facts rather than in accordance with the demands of selfish interests or upon information provided largely, if not conclusively, by them.

Americanism.
The part that the United States will play in the new day of international relationships which is now upon us will depend upon our preparation and our character. The Democratic party therefore recognizes the historic and triumphant demonstration of the indivisible and coherent strength of the nation. As the supreme issue of this day, in which the whole world faces the crisis of manifold changes, it summons all men, of whatever origin or creed, who would count themselves Americans, to join in making clear to all the world the unity and consequent power of America. This is the issue of patriotism. To fail in this day of test, America must show itself, not a nation of partisans, but a nation of patriots. There is gathered here in America the best of the blood, the industry and the genius of the whole world, the elements of a great race and a magnificent society to be melted into a mighty and splendid nation.

Whoever, actuated by the purpose to promote the interest of a foreign power, in disregard of our own country's welfare or to injure this government in its foreign relations or cripple its industry at home, and whoever, by arrogating jurisdiction of a racial or religious or other nature, creates discord and strife among our people or as to the subordination of the process of unification, is faithless to the trust which the privileges of citizenship impose in him and disloyal to his country. We, therefore, condemn as subversive of this nation's unity and integrity, and as destructive of its welfare, the activities and designs of every group or organization, political or otherwise, that has for its object the advancement of the interest of a for-

align power, whether such object is promoted by intimidating the government, a political party or representatives of the people, or which is calculated and tends to divide our people into antagonistic groups and thus to destroy that complete agreement and solidarity of the people and that unity of sentiment and national purpose so essential to the perpetuity of the nation and its free institutions.

We condemn all alliances and combinations of individuals in this country, of whatever nationality or descent, who agree and conspire together for the purpose of embarrassing or weakening our government or of improperly influencing the conduct of our public representatives in dealing or negotiating with any foreign power. We charge that such conspiracies among a limited number exist and have been indicated for the purpose of advancing the interests of foreign countries to the prejudice and detriment of our country. We condemn any political party, league, or association of individuals, in the use of the activity of such conspirators, surrenders its integrity or modifies its policy.

Preparedness.
Along with the proof of our character as a nation must go the proof of our power to play the part that justly belongs to us. The people of the United States love peace. They respect the rights and covet the friendship of all other nations. They desire neither any additional territory nor any advantage which cannot be peacefully gained by their skill, their industry, or their enterprise; but they insist upon having absolute freedom of national life and policy, and feel that they owe it to themselves and to the role of civilized nations, and which it is their sole ambition to play that they should render themselves secure against the hazard of interference from any quarter and should be able to protect their rights upon the seas or in any part of the world. We therefore favor the maintenance of an army fully adequate to the requirements of order, of safety and of the protection of the nation's rights, the fullest development of modern methods of warfare, defense, and the maintenance of an adequate reserve of citizens trained to arms and prepared to safeguard the people and territory of the United States against any danger of hostile action which may unexpectedly arise; and a fixed policy for the continuous development of a navy worthy to support the great naval traditions of the United States and fully equal to the international tasks which the United States hopes and expects to take part in performing. The plan and enactment of the present Congress afford substantial proof of our purpose in this exigent matter.

National Relations.
The Democratic administration has unflinchingly and successfully held to the policy of neutrality and of the peaceful pursuit of the legitimate objects of national interest. It has rejected all theories and creeds have prescribed for themselves in America, since the beginning of our history. But the circumstances of the last two years have revealed necessities of international action which no former generation has ever foreseen. We hold that it is the duty of the United States to use its power not only to make itself safe at home, but also to make secure the interest of humanity, to assist the world, in securing settled peace and justice. We believe that every people has the right to choose its own form of government, and that the great and powerful nations expect and insist upon; and that the world has a right to be free from colonial domination, to be free from economic discrimination, to be free from aggression or disregard of the rights of peoples and nations; and we believe that the time has come when the United States, in its own interest and in the interest of the world, should join with the other nations of the world in a feasible association that will effectuate these principles, to maintain inviolable the security of the highway of the seas for the common and unimpeded use of all nations.

The present administration has consistently sought to act upon and realize in its conduct of the foreign affairs of the nation the principle that should be the object of any association of the nations formed to secure the peace of the world and the maintenance of national and individual rights. It has followed the highest American traditions. It has preferred respect for the fundamental rights of smaller states even to property interests, and has followed the recognition of the principle of the friendship of the people of these states for the United States by refusing to make a more material interest an excuse for the violation of our superior power against the dignity of their sovereign independence. It has regarded the lives of its citizens and the claims of humanity as of greater moment than material rights, and peace as the best basis for the just settlement of commercial claims. It has made the honor and the rights of the United States its standard alike in negotiation and action.

Pan-American Accord.
We recognize now, as we always recognized, a definite and common interest between the United States and the other peoples and peoples of the hemisphere in all matters of national independence and free political development. We favor the establishment and maintenance of the closest relations of family and mutual helpfulness between the United States and the other peoples of the Americas, and we favor the support of peace and the promotion of a common prosperity. To that end we favor all measures which may be taken to facilitate intercourse and promote commerce between the United States and her neighbors to the south of us and to the north of us. We believe that it is practical and suitable to accomplish these ends. We commend the action of the Democratic administration in holding the Pan-American financial conference at Washington in May, 1915, and organizing the international high commis-

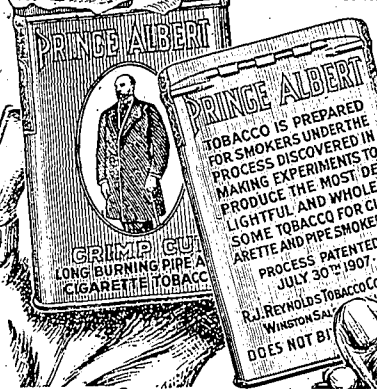
Slip a few Prince Albert smokes into your system!

You've heard many an earful about the Prince Albert patented process that cuts out bite and parch and lets you smoke your fill without a comeback! Stake your bank roll that it proves out every hour of the day. Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

There's sport smoking a pipe or rolling your own, but you know that you've got to have the right tobacco! We tell you Prince Albert will bang the doors wide open for you to come in on a good time firing up every little so often, without a regret!

You'll feel like your smoke past has been wasted and will be sorry you cannot back up for a fresh start.

You swing on this say-so like it was a tip to a thousand-dollar bill! It's worth that in happiness and contentment to you, to every man who knows what can be gotten out of a chummy jimmy pipe or a makin's cigarette with Prince Albert for "packing"!



PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

You'll feel like your smoke past has been wasted and will be sorry you cannot back up for a fresh start.

You swing on this say-so like it was a tip to a thousand-dollar bill! It's worth that in happiness and contentment to you, to every man who knows what can be gotten out of a chummy jimmy pipe or a makin's cigarette with Prince Albert for "packing"!

THE Prince Albert tobacco Co. has been made under the direction of the department of agriculture in extending and perfecting practical farm demonstration work, which is so rapidly substituting scientific for empirical farming. But it is also necessary that such active should be better directed through co-operation and organization, that unfair methods of competition should be eliminated, and the conditions should be improved for the orderly and economical marketing of farm products created. We approve the Democratic administration for having supplied information to farmers for the first time to the essential interests of agriculture involved in farm marketing and finance, for creating the market and rural organization in connection with the department of agriculture, and for extending the co-operative machinery necessary for conveying information to farmers by means of demonstrations. We favor continued liberal provisions, not only for the benefit of production, but also for the orderly marketing of farm products, for the extension of existing agencies for improving country life.

Good Roads.
The happiness, comfort and prosperity of rural life and the development of the city are alike conserved by the construction of public highways. We therefore favor national aid in the construction of good roads and roads for military purposes.

Government Employment.
We hold that the life, health and strength of the men, women and children of the nation are its greatest asset.

(Continued on Page 3.)

tion which represented the United States in the recent meeting of representatives of the Latin American republics at Buenos Aires, April, 1916, which have so greatly promoted the friendly relations between the people of the western hemisphere.

Mexico.
The Monroe doctrine is recognized as the principle of Democratic faith. That doctrine guarantees the independent republics of the two Americas against aggression from without and implies, as well, the most scrupulous regard upon our part for the sovereignty of each of them. The want of a stable, responsible government in Mexico, capable of repressing and punishing marauders and bandit bands, who have not only taken the lives and seized the property of American citizens in that country, but have insolently invaded our soil, made war upon and murdered our people there, has rendered it necessary temporarily to occupy, by our armed forces, a portion of the territory of that friendly state. Until the restoration of law and order therein, and repetition of such incursions is improbable the necessity of their remaining will continue.

Merchant Marine.
Immediate provision should be made for the development of the carrying trade of the United States. Our foreign commerce has in the past been subject to many unnecessary and vexatious obstacles in the way of legislation of the United States. Our disposal of the necessary instrumentalities of international credit and exchange. Until the formulation of the pending act to promote the construction of a merchant marine, it lacked even the prospect of adequate carriage by sea. We heartily endorse the pending act to promote the construction of a merchant marine, and favor all such additional measures of constructive or remedial legislation as may be necessary to restore our flag to the seas and to provide further facilities for our foreign commerce, particularly such laws as may be made to remove any obstacles of competition in the dealings of American merchants and producers with competitors in foreign markets.

Conservation.
For the safeguarding and quickening of the life of our own people, and for the conservation and development of the natural resources of the country through a policy which shall be positive rather than negative, we believe that no nation should withhold such resources from development, but which, while permitting and encouraging their use, shall prevent their waste and monopolies in their exploitation, and we earnestly favor the passage of acts which will accomplish the policy of the pending legislation of the platform of 1912 on this subject.

The policy of reclaiming our arid lands could be readily achieved by the administration and the farmer. We favor the vigorous prosecution of investigations and plans to render agriculture more profitable and country life more healthful, comfortable

and attractive, and we believe that this should be a dominant aim of the nation as well as of the states. With its recent improvements farming still lags behind other occupations in development as a business, and the advantages of an advancing civilization have not been secured by the farmer in a fair proportion. Much has been accomplished in this field under the present administration—far more than under any previous administration. In the federal reserve act of the last congress and the rural credit act of the present congress, the machinery has been created which will make credit available to the farmer constantly and readily, and he has at last been put upon a footing of equality with the merchant and the manufacturer in securing the capital necessary to carry on his enterprises. Grades and standards necessary to the business of agriculture have also been established, or are in the course of being established by law. The long-continued study of the subject by the Sixty-third congress has now been in successful operation for nearly two years. A grain trade bill, long needed, a merchandise warehouse bill, intended to provide better storage facilities and to enable the farmer to obtain certificates upon which he may secure advances of money, have been passed by the house of representatives, have been favorably reported to the senate, and will probably become law during the present session of the congress. Both houses have passed a good roads measure which will be of far-reaching benefit to all agricultural communities. Above all, the most extraordinary and significant progress

has been made under the direction of the department of agriculture in extending and perfecting practical farm demonstration work, which is so rapidly substituting scientific for empirical farming. But it is also necessary that such active should be better directed through co-operation and organization, that unfair methods of competition should be eliminated, and the conditions should be improved for the orderly and economical marketing of farm products created. We approve the Democratic administration for having supplied information to farmers for the first time to the essential interests of agriculture involved in farm marketing and finance, for creating the market and rural organization in connection with the department of agriculture, and for extending the co-operative machinery necessary for conveying information to farmers by means of demonstrations. We favor continued liberal provisions, not only for the benefit of production, but also for the orderly marketing of farm products, for the extension of existing agencies for improving country life.

Good Roads.
The happiness, comfort and prosperity of rural life and the development of the city are alike conserved by the construction of public highways. We therefore favor national aid in the construction of good roads and roads for military purposes.

Government Employment.
We hold that the life, health and strength of the men, women and children of the nation are its greatest asset.

(Continued on Page 3.)

J. H. McNICHOLS & CO.

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Have your favorite negative enlarged FREE--by sending us your Kodak Finishing.

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This bank safeguards your checking account here by guaranteeing to pay only the checks you have signed, in the original amount, and only to the parties to whose order the checks are drawn or indorsed, and to return your canceled checks as receipts for payments made.

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CROP CONDITIONS STILL UNFAVORABLE

Government Crop Report For June Shows Most Things Backward—Apple Crop Partly Safe.

Crops are backward in this state and generally all over the country, according to the summary of June crop report for the state of Idaho and for the whole United States as compiled by the bureau of crop estimates and transmitted through the department of agriculture. The late season makes the estimates look unfavorable and it is believed they may improve with changed weather. The apple crop for the state appears to be emerging better from the effects of the frost than was anticipated, as the estimate now is that the production of the state will amount to 292,000 barrels, which is about 25 per cent of the last year crop. The following is the report in detail:

Wheat—June 1 forecast 1,300,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 1,210,000 bushels. United States: June 1 forecast 469,000,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 465,045,000 bushels.

Spring Wheat—June 1 forecast 5,900,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 7,400,000 bushels. United States: June 1 forecast 246,000,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 356,450,000 bushels.

Oats—June 1 forecast 13,000,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 15,745,000 bushels. United States: June 1 forecast 1,250,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 1,540,250 bushels.

Barley—June 1 forecast 6,680,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 7,736,000 bushels. United States: June 1 forecast 139,000,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate) 237,000,000 bushels.

Hay—June 1 condition 80 compared with the eight-year average of 80. United States: June 1 condition 90.3 compared with the eight-year average of 87.6.

Pasture—June 1 condition 86 compared with the ten-year average of 97. United States: June 1 condition 93.4 compared with the ten-year average of 90.0.

Apples—June 1 forecast 202,000 barrels; production last year (final estimate) 257,000 barrels. United States: June 1 forecast 139,000 barrels; production last year (final estimate) 167,670 barrels.

Sugar Beets—June 1 condition 77 compared with the ten-year average of 84. United States: June 1 condition 84.4 compared with the ten-year average of 90.5.

Potatoes—The first price given below is the average on June 1 this year, and the second the average on June 1 last year. State: Wheat \$2 and 10 cents per bushel. Corn 24 and 75. Oats 42 and 45. Potatoes 80 and 80. Hay \$12.10 and \$8.30 per ton. Eggs 21 and 17 cents per dozen. United States: Wheat 900 and 121.5 cents per bushel. Corn 74 and 77.9 cents. Oats 42 and 51.3 cents. Potatoes 98.8 and 58.8 cents. Hay \$12.50 and \$11.90 per ton. Eggs 19.0 and 16.6 cents per dozen.

wife for the whole of life's golden reaper.

Miss Mary Van Cleef left Monday of last week for Fort Collins, Colorado, where she will reside after a visit of nearly a year here with her sister and brother, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Devington.

Mrs. C. W. Hull returned on the 8th from an eastern trip to points in Missouri and Kansas.

Miss Frances week has returned from a several weeks visit with her sister in Boise.

Mr. J. W. Devington, who has been visiting his brother here, Mr. E. L. Devington, has gone to Oakley, where he will have charge of the interests of the Boise-Payette Lumber Co.

Mr. E. H. Helmske of Twin Falls was a guest here of friends on Sunday of last week.

Mr. J. W. Hodges has purchased a Ford car recently and is rapidly experimenting with it, and hopes soon to find the haunts of rest, recreation and outdoor life which is necessary to his wife and himself.

Miss Virginia Caviness, who has been on a trip to St. Louis, Kansas City and other central western points has returned as far as Albion where she has matriculated as a summer normal student.

TALKS ON THRIFT

The waste in every household is considerable. Part is unavoidable waste and part is necessary waste. Altogether too much food goes into the garbage can and is not taken care of. It is not pressed or mended, or hung up when not in use and so become shabby long before their usefulness is ended. Shirts and dresses and little mending would go many a mile are thrown out, and throughout the house there is waste. The better a husbandry to waste should not be hoarded, but turned into profit. Old rubbers, rags, iron, can be turned into many an excellent penny, and clothing that has served its day may be sold to second hand dealers glad to get such articles.

The conservation of household waste affords a living for thousands of people. The junk man is usually a leading citizen, well housed and well fed. He is civilized. "Rags" and "junk" are the words that take the waste of New York to sea is worth millions annually. It makes millions. And the waste that finds its way to the garbage can is what breaks some families.

A certain school teacher has the right idea. Every year she takes the children to bring to the school the worn out rubbers of the winter, and from the proceeds she buys pictures for the walls and phonograph records for the dances. At times these contributions amount to over half a ton. Waste becomes profitable as you get it together. And when so gathered it should be used for a good purpose as is standing object lesson that "waste conserved is profit gained."

Here is a junk story from the Far East: A Japanese rag man of excellent speech and manner has been making a canvass, offering to buy all the old junk offered. Instead of a certain cash he gives a coupon good at a certain bank, where it must be left untouched for a certain number of years.

Upon investigation the ragman turned out to be a former superintendent of Yokohama police and manager of a large dark corporation. Interested in teaching his people the proper use of junk, junk money is apt to be regarded as "easy money" and spent foolishly. While it is easy money, it should be conserved to usefulness and not wasted. The school teacher uses one method, the Japanese junk man another, but both tending in the right direction. We can teach our children no better lesson than to avoid waste, but avoiding all possible waste to so use the junk that it will prove a lasting benefit. Save your junk and save the money your junk turns in.

Bring your finding to the Anchor Hay, Grain and Feed Co., 249-251 Sixth Ave. West. Phone 23. —Adv.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

(Continued From Page 2)

set, and that in the conservation of these the federal government, wherever it acts as the employers of labor, should, both on its own account and as an example, put in effect the following principles of just employment:

1. A living wage for all employees.
2. A working day not to exceed eight hours, with one day of rest in seven.
3. The adoption of safety appliances and the establishment of thoroughly sanitary conditions of labor.
4. Adequate compensation for industrial accidents.
5. The standards of the uniform child labor law wherever minors are employed.
6. Such provisions for decency, comfort and health in the employment of women as should be accorded the mothers of the race.
7. An equitable retirement law, providing for the retirement of superannuated and disabled employees of the civil service, to the end that a higher standard of efficiency may be maintained. We believe, also, that the adoption of similar principles should be urged and applied in the legislation of the states with regard to labor within their borders, and that through every possible agency the life and health of the people of the nation should be conserved.

Labor.

We declare our faith in the seamen's act passed by the Democratic congress and we promise our earnest continuance of its enforcement.

We favor the speedy enactment of a federal child labor law and the regulation of the shipment of prison-made goods in interstate commerce.

We favor the creation of a federal bureau of safety in the department of labor, to keep facts concerning industrial accidents and to recommend legislation to prevent the maiming and killing of human beings.

We favor the extension of the power and functions of the federal bureau of mines.

We favor the development, upon a systematic scale, of the means already known and the present administration to assist laborers throughout the nation to seek and obtain employment, and the extension by the federal government of the same assistance and encouragement as is now given to agricultural training.

We heartily commend our newly established department of labor for its excellent record in settling industrial strikes by personal advice and through conciliating agents.

Public Health.

We favor a thorough reconsideration of the means and methods by which the federal government handles questions of public health, to the end that human life may be conserved by the most efficient and impartially and with distinguished ability.

In particular, we commend to the American people the splendid diplomatic victories of our great president, who has preserved the vital interests of our government and its citizens and kept us out of war.

Woodrow Wilson stands today the greatest American of his generation.

Senate Rules.

We favor such an alteration of the rules of procedure of the senate of the United States as will permit the prompt transaction of the nation's legislative business.

Economy and the Budget.

We demand careful economy in all expenditures for the support of the government, and to that end favor a return by the house of representatives to its former practice of limiting and appropriating all appropriations through a single committee chosen from its membership, in order that responsibility may be centered, expenditures standardized and uniform and duplication in the house service as much as possible avoided. We favor this as a practicable first step toward a budget system.

Civil Service.

We reaffirm our declaration of the rigid enforcement of the civil service laws.

Philippine Islands.

We heartily endorse the provisions of the bill recently passed by the house of representatives further promoting self-government in the Philippine islands as being in fulfillment of the policy declared by the Democratic party in its last national platform and we reiterate our indorsement of the purpose of ultimate independence for the Philippine islands, expressed in the preamble of that measure.

Woman Suffrage.

We recommend the extension of franchise to the women of the country by the states upon the same terms as to men.

Protection of Citizens.

We again declare that policy that that sacred rights of American citizenship must be preserved at home and abroad, and that no treaty with any other government shall receive the sanction of our government which does not expressly recognize the absolute equality of all our citizens, irrespective of race, creed or previous nationality, and which does not recognize the right of taxation. No treaty, Saturday after a treaty visit here. His wife, son and mother will remain here indefinitely with Mr. and Mrs. Ed True and family.

Ora Silvers is attending the summer session of the normal at Albion.

Rev. Pemberton and Prof. Davis spent the week in Butte, at the latter's ranch.

Helen Tuttle is very ill at the Doty home.

Mr. and Mrs. George Herli are proud parents of another daughter. The excavation for the new school basement is about completed.

Mrs. Willis and her two daughters of Twin Falls, spent Friday and Saturday with Mr. Willis, the contractor.

The railroad spur to the elevator is completed.

John Silvers has purchased a new Apper car.

Mr. Roberts, Carl Fredrickson, Arthur Hutchinson, J. McInneson and Mr. Doty motored to the Magic dam Saturday to be gone a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman of Golden

tenion of the principles of the federal parole law, with due regard both to the welfare of the prisoner and the interests of society; the adoption of the probation system, especially in the case of first offenders not convicted of serious crimes.

Pensions.
We renew the declarations of recent Democratic platforms relating to generous pensions for soldiers and their widows, and call attention to our record of performances in this particular.

Waterways and Flood Control.

We renew the declaration in our last two platforms relative to the development of our waterways. The recent devastation of the lower Mississippi valley and several other sections by floods accentuates the movement for the regulation of river flow by additional banks and levees, protection below and diversion, storage, and control of the flood waters above, and their utilization for beneficial purposes in the reclamation of arid and swampy lands, and development of water power, instead of permitting the floods to continue as heretofore, agents of destruction. We hold that the control of the Mississippi river is a national problem. The preservation of the depth of its waters for purposes of navigation, the building of levees and works of bank protection to maintain the integrity of its channel and prevent the overflow of its valley resulting in the interruption of interstate commerce, the discontinuation of the mail service and the enormous loss of life and property impose an obligation which alone can be discharged by the nation's government.

We favor the adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for the development and improvement of our harbors and waterways, with economy and efficiency so as to permit their navigation by vessels of standard draft.

Alaska.

It has been and will be the policy of the Democratic party to enact all laws for the speedy development of Alaska and its great natural resources.

Territories.

We favor the granting to the people of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico the traditional territorial government which has been enjoyed by the United States since the beginning of our government, and we believe the officials appointed to administer the government of these several territories should be qualified by previous bona fide residence.

Candidates.

We unreservedly indorse our predecessor, Vice President, Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, and Thomas Riley Marshall of Indiana, who have performed the functions of their great offices faithfully and impartially and with distinguished ability.

In particular, we commend to the American people the splendid diplomatic victories of our great president, who has preserved the vital interests of our government and its citizens and kept us out of war.

Woodrow Wilson stands today the greatest American of his generation.

Conclusion.

This is a critical hour in the history of America, a critical hour in the history of the world. Upon the record shown so far, which shows great constructive achievement in following out a consistent policy for our domestic and internal development; upon the record of the Democratic administration which has maintained the honor, the dignity and the interests of the United States and at the same time retained the respect and friendship of all the nations of the world, and upon the great policies for the future strengthening of the life of our country, we demand of our nation, vision and the enabling of our international relations as set forth above, we appeal with confidence to the voters of the country.

Murtaugh News

Times' Special Correspondence.

Mrs. Forest Hatmaker, entertained the Bee Hive ladies Thursday, June 8th, about thirty being present. Refreshments were served by the hostess, who was assisted by Mrs. Golden and Mrs. Hatmaker.

The Bee Hive ladies of the L. D. S. church met in regular session, Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Lee. The meeting this week will be at their church. On Thursday evening they gave an old cream social and dance at the church and cleared a neat sum.

The Ladies' Aid held its last meeting at the home of Mrs. Pemberton. Little Mabel Beverlin, who was bitten by the dog that had rabies, is at present apparently well, but is being given treatment by Drs. Boyd and Valentine, the serum coming from California.

Grandma Hall spent Thursday with Mrs. Callin.

Mr. and Mrs. Tolman motored to Twin Falls Wednesday.

Ray True, brother of Ed True, returned to his home at Bonanza, Idaho, Saturday after a ten-day visit here. His wife, son and mother will remain here indefinitely with Mr. and Mrs. Ed True and family.

Ora Silvers is attending the summer session of the normal at Albion.

Rev. Pemberton and Prof. Davis spent the week in Butte, at the latter's ranch.

Helen Tuttle is very ill at the Doty home.

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Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman of Golden



A soft drink—an achievement of masterful and scientific brew. Inexpensive and wholesome it is fast becoming the accepted refreshment of the inter-mountain west. Have a few bottles sent home today—test its taste and quality at leisure.

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Blue Lakes Bottling Works

DISTRIBUTORS

Twin Falls, Idaho

Valley, spent Sunday with friends here taking dinner with Mr. and Mrs. John. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Boyd and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Julian Johnson.

Abraham Hunt, Kendall, Hatmaker and Fredrickson were passengers to Twin Falls Saturday.

Rev. Dent of Twin Falls, preached here Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Moover, druggist, has moved his family into the Carson house for the present.

Whooping cough and chicken pox are prevailing among the children here.

Mr. and Mrs. Jensen were in Twin Falls Saturday.

GLYCERINE AND BARK PREVENT APPENDICITIS
The simple mixture of buckhorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-Lika, not only relieves your stomach and gas, it relieves your lower and upper bowels. ONE SPOONFUL relieves almost ANY CASE of constipation. Your stomach and bowels move such surprising food matter that a few doses often relieve or prevent appendicitis. A short treatment helps chronic stomach trouble. The INSTANT, easy action of Adler-Lika is astonishing. The Bedford-Fisher Drug Co.—Adv.

ESTRAY NOTICE.
A am holding at my place one black horse, smooth-mouth, weighs 1600 lbs. One bay horse, smooth mouth, weighs 1600 lbs. Owner may have same by proving property, paying for keeping 1000 lbs. Give it a trial. 249-251 Sixth Avenue West. Telephone 23. —Adv.

Summer Excursions East and West

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EAST
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May 13, 17, 20, 24, 27, 31; June 3, 7, 10, 14, 17, 21, 24, 28; July 5, 12, 19, 26; August 2, 9, 16, 23, 30; September 6, 13.

WEST
October 31, 1916.

Low rate excursion tickets on sale daily, May 1st, to September 30th, inclusive, to Spokane, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Limit:
October 31, 1916.

See any O. S. L. Agent for rates and further details or write
D. S. Spencer, General Passenger Agent,
Salt Lake City.

SPECIAL SCHEDULE

TO SHOSHONE FALLS VIA

TWIN FALLS ELECTRIC R. R. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21.

Leave O. S. L. Depot.	Leave Shoshone Falls.
7:30 A. M.	8:00 A. M.
10:30 A. M.	10:30 A. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
3:15 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:00 P. M.
7:30 P. M.	8:30 P. M.

R. B. SPAFFORD, Secretary.

Hollister Items

Times' Special Correspondence.

The hymeneal June influences are affecting the women with a peculiar "Oh what is so rare as a day in June?" on Thursday, June 1st, a large gathering of friends gathered with Miss Ruth Hazen for her annual party. A marriage was of her coming marriage to Mr. Fred Bates, and on Friday, June 9th, another assembly of friends gathered at the home of Mrs. Hazen for a shower, at which Mesdames C. W. Simpson and C. E. McFarland were hostesses, was enjoyed, while the guests and donors participated in dainties refreshments portined out liberally by those whose eyes shone with the possession of love or an immediate prospect thereof, and rumor has it that during the dreamy, balmy, outdoor days of June the wedding bells will ring uniting these worthy and accomplished young people as man and

THE TWIN FALLS TIMES

TWICE-A-WEEK
Published Tuesdays and Fridays by the
TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, Ltd.

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE: DISCONTINUANCE: Many subscribers prefer not to have their subscriptions interrupted in case they fail to remit before expiration. Notwithstanding this, it is not assumed that continuous service is desired; still, subscribers are expected to notify us with reasonable promptness to stop if the paper is no longer desired.

Entered at the Twin Falls postoffice as second class matter on a twice-a-week publication, October 18, 1910.

THE CALL TO THE COLORS.

The pardonable pride with which the people of Twin Falls today look on the brave boys who are called to the colors to defend their country is justly tempered with regret that they have been taken from the peaceful pursuits, which they have followed, to depart upon an expedition which may culminate in participation in war. Whether the struggle, if there is to be a struggle, will be long or short, the loyalty of the young men who go forth tomorrow morning will be found equal to the task which may be imposed upon it, and the credit which is their's will in all justice be none the less, if happily, the conflict, which to many seems inevitable, can in some creditable way be averted. The will to do all and to give all for country is what is really meritorious and deserves recognition and credit, and whatever the result, the places of these men should be and will be secure in the hearts of their countrymen.

The attitude of the American government during the past six years has been in the main, if not in detail, been a correct interpretation of the wishes of the American people. Lacking as many were in detailed knowledge of conditions in Mexico, there has been a general realization of the fact that the revolt against Porfirio Diaz was a revolt against conditions that had existed in this country to a great extent would have been speedily abolished as intolerable by violence, if necessary. The people were willing to concede that in times of revolution or of war it is impossible to protect life and property of foreigners to the same extent that this can be done in peaceful times, and that to a certain extent foreign sojourners must be prepared to suffer the losses, hardships, inconveniences and dangers of native residents within the war zone. They were willing to admit that certain sinister influences inimical to Mexican peace and sovereignty were at work endeavoring to force intervention and they were not willing to be parties to any injustice which would have for its object the gratification of the private ends of the selfish. They were willing to consider the sporadic raids of bandits in a degree on par with the raids of Indians and horse-thieves back and forth across the border in former days. Above all they felt that in their blind struggle the Mexican people were attempting to right wrongs and were not inclined to hold them to a too strict account. In all this the people and their executive representatives have been in accord with the best traditions of international law.

But the time has come when patience has ceased to be a virtue. Whatever the genesis of the policy of raiding, whatever interests may be behind it, now that it must be realized that it has become a deliberate, settled, systematic policy, and not a casual incident of the struggle, it is imperative that the government at Washington stop it and stop it at once. It is emphatically up to Carranza, and unfortunately there seems no prospect that he is able to control the situation. Last month Lincoln Steffens in an article in Everybody told of how the so-called first chief ordered the execution of three grangers on the staff of a general in his army, only to find that the general coolly retained the peevish minions on his staff. This implies impotence. The statement of another reliable authority that half a dozen governors are practically independent of their alleged leader, adds significance to the "declaration of war" by the governor of Yucatan. The fact that many of the people are starving and therefore desperate give increased importance to the anti-American riots in the capital and may make it expedient for Carranza to declare war in order to save his face and his life.

If he can perform a miracle now and bring order out of chaos, well and good. If he cannot, it will be necessary for the United States to do it and to establish a government under a practical protectorate such as exists in the case of Cuba. For performing a part in this high duty the young men called to the colors yesterday will be well qualified by reason of their exalted patriotism, high purpose and undoubted intelligence.

BOSSSES AND HANDPICKED DELEGATES.

There is food for thought in the reiteration by A. L. Swin of this city of the statement made repeatedly by all the great non-partisan news agencies, that Hughes was drafted into service by the bosses for the purpose of defeating Colonel Roosevelt.

We do not mean to reflect on Mr. Hughes personally. He was no doubt honest in his opposition to the income tax constitutional amendment submitted by congress and adopted by the states, but this honesty of purpose does not alter the fact that the defeat of the amendment as submitted would have deferred the securing of an income tax for many years, an outcome desired by the wealthy. The supporters of Justice Hughes without question realized the psychological fact that a man so constituted would probably take a similar view of other issues involving property rights.

The phenomenon of bossism is a Chinese puzzle without an understanding of the truth that the boss is a parasite on monopoly. The boss is not like Topsy; he doesn't "just grow." He takes small graft for pin money, but he gets most of his recompense in other ways. When the bosses want a man elected it is certain monopoly wants him too. The personal honesty of the candidate thus selected in many instances is above suspicion. Taft, who appointed Hughes to the supreme bench, was personally honest, but he held opinions that in a fit of madness insisted that he be "put over" in 1912.

The hand guiding the bosses who controlled the "handpicked" delegates can be seen in the business plank of the Chicago platform. The stupidly false statement that the Democratic party considers all business success a crime indicates that the men controlling the convention desire to secure the repeal of the great constructive measures enacted by the Democratic party during the past three years which in any way hamper monopoly or their virtual nullification through lax enforcement and favorable construction. This is public notice to monopoly that it ought to "come across" in the matter of campaign funds and "moral support." The railroads are asking for increased rates, the shipping trust wants bounties, the tariff trusts want back their privileges, and more important than all this, electrical power of untold value is found in every valley and stream in this great mountainous country. That this power shall be placed at the disposal of vast combinations without really effective regulation is naturally the desire of those combinations. With them as with the roads, every effort to effectively regulate is met with opposition and with the cry that those who would preserve the rights of the people are knucklers and opponents of legitimate enterprise.

This is the real issue of this campaign. It is on this issue that the Progressive party was born four years ago. On this issue Woodrow Wilson stands substantially where the Progressives stood four years ago. On this issue Charles W. Hughes stands substantially where William Howard Taft stood four years ago.

That is why the same bosses that nominated Taft over Roosevelt with "handpicked" delegates four years ago, nominated Hughes over Roosevelt, with "handpicked" delegates in the recent convention. That is why James H. Gilson, Progressive state chairman of Idaho, was moved to say before the convention met at Chicago: "The candi-

dacies of Senator Root and Borah have been largely swallowed up in the boss-made boom of Associate Justice Hughes. . . If the supporters of Justice Hughes are really in earnest they may consider this fact as not to be considered seriously by even a minority of Progressives, and his nomination will force the Progressives however unwillingly to continue their effort for America, WHICH WAS BEGUN IN 1912. We have at least a fighting chance to elect our ticket, AND BETTER BY FAR TAKE A CHANCE OF FOUR YEARS MORE OF WILSON. WITH ALL HIS SHORTCOMINGS, BUT WITH HIS ATTITUDE ON THE GREAT QUESTIONS OF THE DAY PRETTY PLAINLY BEFORE THE COUNTRY THAN TO OFFER AN UNKNOWN QUANTITY AS THE SOLUTION OF AMERICA'S TERRIBLE PROBLEM."

WHAT WILL HUGHES SAY?

It seems inevitable that an unusually interesting situation will develop shortly within the Republican party.

President Wilson's most bitter critics fall into two groups: those who maintain that the president has failed to maintain the honor of the United States in his dealings with Germany, these critics holding that the successive situations have called for acts whereas the President has confined himself to words; the other group embracing German-Americans and German sympathizers, whose charges are in remarkable contrast with those of the first group, they claiming that President Wilson is anti-German, not truly neutral, and inclined to favor the allies.

Wilson, in other words, has gone too far for some, and not far enough for others. Such a situation is not altogether new, and that which makes it noteworthy is the unity of enthusiasm with which both groups accept the Republican platform and the Republican candidate. The pro-Germans claim to find in the platform a promise of "true neutrality," an attitude of sympathetic understanding with Germany, and a prospect of trouble between this country and the allies. The people who condemn the Democratic administration on the grounds so emphatically outlined by Roosevelt, find much space in the Republican platform devoted to the exposition of their views, and many strong terms to indicate that the drafters of the platform were entirely in sympathy with their ideas.

German-American publications are not at all outdone by anti-German supporters of Hughes in their expressions in favor of a "fearless, able and just stand in matters of foreign affairs." (to quote the St. Paul Volkszeitung) although we suspect that their interpretation of what that policy should be would differ widely from Mr. Roosevelt's.

The Fatherland, while voicing unqualified approval of Mr. Hughes' nomination, expresses a note of warning when it adds: "Whom the German-Americans will support depends entirely on what Mr. Hughes will SAY, and what Mr. Wilson will DO." (Notice the implied reversal of ACTS and WORDS!) Incidentally The Fatherland seems quite alone among German papers in awaiting a statement from Mr. Hughes that will commit him on this subject.

The spectacle of these unmonogamous elements serenely reposing under the same blankets, confident that the platform and the candidate are entirely to their liking, is one that is apt to be rudely interrupted when the truth of the matter outs. And the awakening is liable to be soon, for Candidate Hughes is not going to drive very far along the route to the White House with a team like that. This is impressively illustrated by the following quotation from the Cleveland Waeclter and Anzeiger (Ger.-Am.):

"We consider it a great boon to the Chicago convention that the people of the United States will not be compelled to choose between the present leader in unneutral subservience to England and THE ADVOCATE OF AN A. STILL GREATER UNNEUTRALITY, but will have a chance to vote for a man whom they have a right to believe honestly neutral—an American without a British hyphen in his mentality."

The New Yorker Herald (also Ger.-Am.) is sure enough of Hughes to give him an unqualified endorsement. The Herald says:

"Unless all signs fail Justice Hughes will be the next president of the United States. For us German-Americans it is a special satisfaction to be able to greet him as candidate—not because we think that he is pro-German, but because we know that, whatever his opinions may be, he will rightly distinguish light and shadows."

The Denver Post (Ind.) thinks that the "country cannot go far wrong, whichever tickets may be elected," giving voice to the idea that the selection by the Republicans of a candidate A head their ticket who is so similar to President Wilson in many characteristics, is an implied endorsement of the general course of Wilson's administration. Some of the Democratic papers elaborate this idea. The Baltimore Sun and the New York Times are examples:

The nomination of Mr. Hughes must mean to foreign observers a bewildering likeness to an express endorsement of the administration of Woodrow Wilson. He is a man of the same type, conservative, deliberate, accustomed to consider carefully the consequences of his acts, never rash, never yielding to hasty impulse or swayed by the heat of passion, yet with inferior in capacity and experience.—New York Times, (Ind. Dem.)

One great weakness in his (Hughes's) candidacy for the presidency, we imagine, will have to do with this comparison. People will say, "If Hughes is merely another Wilson, why change?" They know what Wilson can do in the presidency. They do not know what Hughes could do, but the best they can say of him is that he has somewhat the same qualities as Wilson. Why, then, substitute the untried for the tried man?—Baltimore Sun, (Ind. Dem.)

"COMUS PLAYERS" OPEN CHAUTAUQUA

First Night's Performance Viewed By 800 People

ADVANCE SALE OF TICKETS IN EXCESS OF GUARANTEE.

Program in Two Parts—Scene From "As You Like It" and Three-Act Play Presented.

The popularity of the Ellison-White Chautauqua, which opened in the Chautauqua tent opposite the park yesterday, was attested last night when 800 people packed the tent to witness the performance presented by the Comus Players, a company of four capable artists.

That this year's Chautauqua will prove a financial success is shown by the statement of E. L. McVicker, of the Twin Falls Commercial club, that the sale of Chautauqua tickets up to the opening performance last night would be between \$200 and \$300 in excess of the guarantee made to the Ellison-White system.

The Comus Players presented a program in two parts, in which it is shown that modern drama is no more dependent on elaborate scenery and properties than were the plays at the time of Shakespeare. Each member of the company gave a finished and pleasing rendition of

his part, and during the two hour performance the interest did not lag. Particularly pleasing was the work of Miss Janet Young in the part of Rosalind in Shakespeare's "As You Like It," and Marie in "Carson of the North Woods," a three-act play especially written for Chautauqua programs by Archibald F. Reddie, the leader of the company. Mr. Reddie's work is that of an artist and the contrast between the part of Orlando and that of Louis was well handled.

The part of Touchstone is humorously played by Walker Ash and as Col. Carson, the lawyer, in "Carson of the North Woods," he ably handled a part which gave little chance to show ability. Battiste Troudeau, by Earl Carson, who has the comical part well carried, and considerably strengthened by an excellent make-up.

The second part of the program, a direct-act play, was a study of life among the French-Canadians. The cast: Louis Labelle, Archibald Reddie, Marie, his daughter, Janet Young; Earl Carson, the lawyer; Battiste Troudeau, a friend of Labelle's, Earl Fleischman.

Carson of the North Woods tells the heart story of Marie Labelle, a French Canadian girl. Marie's father, Louis, has accidentally killed a man in defense of his wife. The evidence is all against Louis. Carson defends him and wins the case. Marie's gratitude causes her to fall in love with Carson, a brilliant successful but rather dissipated young fellow, married to a woman who cares only for his money. He is in the habit of going to a certain place in resort to while away the evenings in forgetfulness of his domestic troubles. Marie hears that the men at this place dislike him and plan

ATTRACTIONS FOR THE THEATRE GOERS

OPENING ATTRACTION AT IDAHO THEATRE STARTING JUNE 23RD



MARY PICKFORD as an Italian boy! The delightful little Japanese Cho-Cho-San, in "Ma Butterfly," has shed her dandies and her kimonos for the rough boots and corduroy of the Italian peasant, and she laughs, fights and smokes her way into the heart, just as the little Singaporean sobbed her way into the affections of the public. And just as the Famous Players star so cleverly concealed her own merriments in the interpretation of the Jap girl, so in this original photoplay by Kate Jordan, which will be the Paramount attraction at the Idaho Theatre, Friday and Saturday, Miss Pickford burlesques the Pickfordian character beneath an avalanche of Italian mannerisms and of boyish conceits that once more prove her wonderfully broad versatility.

"Poor Little Peppina" is the biggest and most thrilling original story in which Miss Pickford has ever been seen on the screen. Opening in Italy, the scene of action clings to Sicily, and then the hapless American girl makes her escape as a stow-away, dressed as a boy, New York supplies the setting for the rest of the action. Here the little runaway, still preserving her disguise, becomes a "nayside," a bootblack, a fruit vendor and a messenger boy. But her adventures narrowly escape "coming to a

Classified Advertisements

Received Too Late For Classification.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 2 blocks from P. O. Phone 384-J.

FOR SALE—A fresh milk cow. Inquire at 1037 Blue Lakes Blvd.

GIRL WANTED—Herbst & Hambo.

FOR SALE—3-room house, good location. Box 34-J.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished sleeping room. 521 2nd Ave. E.

FOR SALE—5-room modern bungalow, close in. Small payment down, balance monthly. Real bargain. M. S. care of Times.

LOST—Fancy comb between I. D. store and Laverne theatre, June 10th. Finder return to Times office. Reward.

FOR SALE—Buff Orpington chickens, thoroughbreds. Also household goods. Phone 673-W.



The Careful man tries to save a little of his earnings each pay day - and puts it in the Bank - till he is rich some day.

This picture tells its story better than words.

All we wish to say is that we have a bank where you can put your money while it is growing into a fortune. Our bank is a safe place for your money. We will welcome you here and treat you with courtesy. We will gladly advise you and assist you.

Come in.

BANK WITH US

We Pay 4 per cent. interest on savings accounts.

First National Bank

Twin Falls, Idaho

Dora Thorne

THE WELL KNOWN NOVEL BY
BERTHA M. CLAY

Most of us may have read the book, which publishers list as one of the best sellers of the day. See this entertaining novel in a photo-play of 4 parts, artistically produced and well acted.

Charlie's White Elephant

A Komical Cartoon Comedy.

Lane and Howard

Premier Banjoists, Singers and Dancers.

The Malcomis

Sensational Comedy, Jugglers and Balancers.

A Pleasing Program of Variety. Special Features for Chautauqua Week. First Show 7:30. Continuous till 11:30.

Orpheum Theatre

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.

PERSONALS

—Phone 28—
W. E. Lawrence was in from Hol-later Saturday.

A. W. Hartwell of Roseworth, spent Sunday in Twin Falls.

Robert James of Buhl, spent Sunday with Arthur Leoney.

Mrs. R. R. Spafford and daughter are visiting friends in the east.

Mrs. Sarah Butler, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., is visiting Mrs. Ira Mallory.

Miss Laura Younger arrived last week from the University of Idaho.

E. M. Wolfe has moved from 521 Fifth street to 230 Sixth street East.

Miss Clara Spry of Ottumwa, Ia., is the house guest of Miss Grace Bell.

L. S. Ormsby arrived from Boise Sunday and will be here a few days on business.

F. G. Leicheltter was in the city from Twin Falls this morning.—Southern Idaho Democrat.

Mrs. A. J. Bruce took in the ball game at Twin Falls Sunday.—Southern Idaho Democrat.

Mrs. Harwood of St. John, Washington, is here the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Patton.

Dr. J. T. Evans, the well-known Twin Falls optician, was in the city Monday.—Weiser Sentinel.

J. E. Wilcox of Plymouth, Mich., is here to spend a couple of months as the guest of George Wilcox.

Dr. F. C. Beebe and family visited Wendell friends, Sunday, from Twin Falls.—Wendell Irrigator.

Helen Houston returned last week from Caldwell where she has been attending the College of Idaho.

J. E. Johnson arrived Saturday from Pueblo, Colorado, to enter the employ of Straus & Glauber.

Will Custer and W. H. Murphy took in the ball game at Twin Falls Sunday.—Southern Idaho Democrat.

Will Chisholm, who has been in Caldwell attending the College of Idaho, is home for the summer vacation.

Ralph Fahrney arrived in Twin Falls last Wednesday from the east, where he has been attending college.

Mr. S. E. Todd and Ed Merrill took in the ball game at Twin Falls last Sunday.—Southern Idaho Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. Hall Horne, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bowler and M. T. Whitlock motored to Twin Falls Sunday to attend the ball game.—Southern Idaho Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. Rex V. Wilcox and daughter Lola, and Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Wilcox were Twin Falls visitors with Tom Hume in his auto, Monday, returning by the way of Shoshone falls.—Wendell Irrigator.

DR. F. C. BEEBE

Dentist

Central Building, Phone 422.

—at Varney's

Fresh Strawberry Ice Cream

Made With Home Grown Strawberries.
Order a Quart for that Special Dinner.

139 Main West

Phone 366

Dance at Kimberly—There will be a dance at the tent in Kimberly, Friday night.

Motorcycles From Moscow—Coming overland on this motorcycle, Roy Starr, arrived home Thursday evening for the summer from Moscow, where he has been attending the University of Idaho.

Certified Seed Crows—Twenty potato farmers on the Twin Falls tract are growing certified seed this year, according to Professor E. P. Taylor of the university extension department who was here last week.

Purchase Automobile Weigher—The Sterling Dairy Products Co. is installing an automatic cream weigher for use by their customers. The weigher was purchased from the Toledo Scale Co., of Toledo, Ohio.

Attend G. A. R.—R. H. Barnes, post commander of the G. A. R. post, G. A. R., accompanied by his wife and by Mrs. J. H. Branshears, attended the state encampment of the G. A. R. and Ladies of the G. A. R. in Poneto last week.

On Executive Council—H. J. Failing of this city, vice president of the Twin Bank & Trust Co., was elected last week as a member of the executive council of the Idaho Bankers association in their annual meeting at Nampa.

Large Musical Treat—The pupils of Mrs. D. E. Regan will appear in two piano recitals on Tuesday, June 27, 1916, at 8:15, at the Episcopal Parish hall. The conferring of certificates will take place at this time. On Friday, June 30, at 8:15, there will be a musical by the students.

Motor to Poneto—John Smith, Albert Bonett, Charlie Macaulay, Nona Parls of Buhl, Mrs. Jack McLean, Mrs. McElwain and Mrs. Mee, motored to Poneto Saturday morning to attend a house party given by Mr. and Mrs. Zenas Smith. Jack Reed, formerly of Twin Falls, attended from Salt Lake. The party returned Sunday night.

Develops Movie Film—In his developing room located in the basement of the Orpheum theatre, A. H. Anderson last Saturday developed about 200 feet of film pictures which he took at the interstate association state amateur champion shoot held at Twin Falls the first part of last week. At present Mr. Anderson does not have the facilities for printing the positive picture from the film, and will send the film east for further work. He expects to show the film at his theatre upon the completion of the picture.

Pupils Appear in Musicals—The pupils of Miss Georgia Martin and Miss Grace Bell appeared in four splendid recitals on Wednesday.

We have a few real bargains in farms. See us before you buy.

Plenty of money to loan on farm security.

Get our prices before you buy that home.

Let us show you what we have in vacant lots. We can give you the price on nearly every good lot that is for sale in the town.

Fire insurance and rentals.

Sangef Realty and Investment Co.

143 Main Avenue East

Thursday and Friday of last week, The first was given by Miss Helen Lind at her home, who being assisted by Miss Helen Stroheck, who gave a number of splendid readings. The second joint recital by the pupils of both Miss Bell and Miss Martin at their home, was enjoyed by a large audience. Friday afternoon Miss Goldie Peairs gave a splendid recital and on Friday evening Miss Helen Deane presented a very good program. She was assisted by Miss Gladys Dwight, who read several numbers. The recitals were all well attended.

The following is the program given by the pupils of Miss Bell and Miss Martin Thursday evening:

Part I.
Rondo..... Eunice Boone
Hunting Song..... Audrey Baker
Humming Bird..... Wallace Wilkinson
Happy Jack..... Gertrude Rozzart
Fairy Footsteps..... Glen Wilkinson
Scherzo..... Eula Duke
Hunting Song..... Robert Thompson
The Fountain..... Grace Foster
Pretty Butterfly..... Reginald Harmon
Sing, Robin Sing..... Jane Maxwell
In the Park..... Lloyd Wright

Part II.
Valse in C Major..... Irene Hall
Dancing Doll..... Georgia McMaster
Minuet..... Beaulieu Smith
Hungary..... Mildred Tracy
Butterfly..... Vera Cook
Sonata..... Louise MacLennan
Allergo Andante Presto..... Helen Lind
Dance aux Canbournes..... Helen Lind
Tarantelle..... Goldie Peairs
Pervian March..... Flora Bower
Sextette..... Helen Bower

GILL & JONES IN NEW QUARTERS

Gill & Jones moved into their new garage and blacksmith shop on Main street in Kimberly Saturday and are now ready to do business at the new stand. The blacksmithing department will be in charge of W. A. Gill, who is well known in the community. O. Jones will have charge of the garage and auto repairs. The structure is 50 by 100 feet in size and is equipped with the best machinery. It is of brick tile with cement floor.

SOCIETY NOTES

Items for this department may be mailed, phoned or left at The Times office. Phone 28.

The following is the program which will be given by the pupils of Mrs. D. E. Regan, June 27th:
March..... Beethoven
March..... Elberhard
Mandolin Club.....
To a Water Lily..... McDowell, Op. 61
From an Indian Camp.....
Waltzes..... McDowell, Op. 61
Witches' Dance.....
Helen Cairncross
Grand Valse Brillante (two pianos).....
Lucile Kelly, Henrich McMaster, Hazel Nussen, Elfrida Fix
Whispering Wind..... Wollenhaupt
Caprice Humors (two pianos).....
Ketterer, Op. 7
Phoebe Bowen, Paul Daum
Norwegian Bird Procession..... Grieg, Op. 19
Vegetarian Love Song..... Nevil
Andante Cantabile.....
Fichalkowsky, Op. 9
Valse.....
Dr. Parrott, Mrs. Shook, Violins; Mr. Paulin, Viola; Mrs. Sprague, Cello; Mrs. Regan, Harp.
Lucia de Lammermoor..... Douzetti
Winifred Spencer
Concerto (two pianos)..... Weber, Op. 79
Helen Cairncross, Winifred Spencer
Rhapsodie Hongroise No. 2..... Liszt
Helen Cairncross
Certificates of award will be conferred on Helen Cairncross and Winifred Spencer by Mrs. D. E. Regan.

Miss Imogene Emery was a young hostess to twelve little girl friends Sunday on the occasion of her tenth birthday. The afternoon was spent in playing games and partaking of the delicious refreshments served by the young lady's mother, Mrs. J. F. Emery. The hostess received a number of pretty gifts.

The members of the Kappa Delta Sigma Sorority and their gentlemen friends were entertained Sunday evening at Blue Lakes at a marshmallow treat. The fore part of the evening being spent at "Brook Lodge." Refreshments consisting of wine sandwiches and coffee were served. A table style at lovers retreat where also a camp fire was made and marshmallows roasted to the tune of the ukuleles and other stringed instruments which were in evidence. Nell Schetler played several pretty violin selections during the evening. The party returned home in the auto truck about midnight. About thirty were present. Miss Mae Jones was a guest of the sorority.



THE NEW ONE ON SHONSHONE
WILL OPEN IT'S DOORS

FRIDAY
JUNE 23

Revealing to the Public a Most Modern, Fire Proof and Sanitary House

REPRESENTING THE STELLAR
FILM FAVORITE OF THE
MASSES

Mary Pickford

In an Unusually Interesting
Feature



"Poor Little Peppina"

A 7 PART PARAMOUNT

Program Changes Every Monday

Wednesday and Friday

Permanent Prices

10c and 15c



DAILY
MATINEE
3 O'CLOCK
5c & 10c



Hollister News

Times' Special Correspondence.

Miss Georgia Sallee leaves on June 20th for Salt Lake and surrounding territory, where she will spend the summer.

Mrs. S. E. McMahon of Salt Lake, and little Misses Fowler of Boise, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Champlain.

Manager Hall of the Salmon River Water company, returned on the 15th from a business trip to Boise.

Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Keith were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Sallee on Wednesday evening, the 14th.

Burford Kuhns and Miss Ruby Kunkel, are summer Normal students at Albion, going over on the 10th.

Rev. A. Stewart of Kimberly Methodist church, was a guest of Rev. J. D. Keith.

A special series of services were held on Sunday the 18th. At 11:00 the

minister gave a sermon, "Women and Their Guide, the Bible," at which there was a large attendance with a special choir of young women and other special music by ladies. At 4:00 p. m. we had children's day exercises with a packed house and the songs, recitations and whole service was of high class. At the close of the service two ladies' mothers were received into the church.

Rev. J. D. Keith and Rev. J. K. McGillivray went out to the Grassy Hill and Cedar Creek country on the 16th and 17th of the interests of Sunday schools and evangelism.

From the 14th to the 17th we had warm days, the record being 90 degrees for the last three days of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Lloyd are just completing a bunslow home under the supervision of contractors Mont & Weaver, into which they expect to get settled soon. Madam Rumor, who has had past graduate work in all schools and universities of the world, is prophesying that the wedding bells of two couples will ring here in a fortnight of the near by. "We shall see what we shall see."

Real Estate Bargains

- 10 ACRES near City, to trade for house and lot.
- 20 ACRES on car line, to trade for City property.
- 3 ACRES with house and barn, half mile city limits \$2500.00.
- 40 HORSE POWER AUTOMOBILE to trade for small residence.
- \$4000.00 six per cent bonds to trade for City property.
- HOME—5 rooms, bath and sleeping porch, cement cellar, barn, garage and chicken house. \$2300. \$500 cash, balance \$25 per month.
- MAIN STREET LOTS—One block from postoffice, \$1250.00 each.
- ONE ACRE—One-half mile from city, in trees and clover, \$500.00; terms.
- 4 ACRES—3/4 mile from city, fine location, \$350.00 per acre.
- 15 ACRES—3/4 mile from city, \$215 per acre; terms.

Hill & Taylor

Do You Want to Sell?

We have sold \$200,000.00 worth of land in the Twin Falls country and we can sell yours but we must have exclusive sale for six months at your very best price and lowest terms.

THE DANIEL HAYES CO.,
Rock Island, Illinois.

TWILIGHT BASE-BALL IN TWIN FALLS WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21ST and FRIDAY, JUNE 23RD BUHL vs. TWIN FALLS 5:30 P. M.

EXCURSION AT NOON TOMORROW

Cheap Rates From Pocatello and
Way Points On

ELECTRIC RAILROAD ANNOUNCES
SCHEDULE TO SHOSHONE FALLS.

Pictures Will Be Taken For Use In the
Exhibit at Chicago of Products and
Scenes of Idaho.

The excursion from Pocatello and way points announced for tomorrow, will arrive with the noon train. There will be cheap rates from Buhl also and many are expected to come this far with the military. The plan is to get as many as possible out to the falls at the time that the pictures are taken. These, as previously explained in these columns, will be used in connection with the exhibit from the city at the Chicago and Union Pacific exhibition in Chicago.

The electric railroad schedule follows:

Lv. O. C. Falls	Ar. Shoshone Falls
7:30 a. m.	8:00 a. m.
10:00 a. m.	10:30 a. m.
1:00 p. m.	1:45 p. m.
3:15 p. m.	4:00 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:00 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	8:30 p. m.

TWIN FALLS MAN HEADS STATE G. A. R.

Robert H. Barnes of this City,
Elected New Commander of Grand
Army Last Week.

Robert H. Barnes of this city is the new commander of the Grand Army of the Republic. He was elected at the Pocatello encampment, held at Pocatello last week. Mr. Barnes has been active in G. A. R. work ever since he arrived in this state, ten years ago. He saw service during the years of the civil war and was wounded three times and once was left on a battlefield for dead. The other officers elected are: Joseph Housley of Boise, senior vice commander, and Frank Gibson of Pocatello, junior vice commander.

State News

From Exchanges.
Rupert Post Office Second Class.—Notice was given Tuesday by Postmaster O. H. Marsh of Rupert, that the Rupert post office is in the second class. The office now carries a salary of \$2,000 per year and also provides for two clerks on the regular salary list. Another important improvement will be the free delivery of mail in a short time within the city limits and possibly the numbering of the houses in the city.—Rupert Democrat.

Beet Crop Looks Brighter.—It is rumored among the farmers on the Malheur project that the beet crop is not hurt nearly so bad as was expected. It would be at the time of the recent frost and freeze. In places where they thought the crops would be largely lost, there is a line of twenty per cent and it is probable that the total damage will not exceed that amount. If it reaches it all.—Rupert Democrat.

Burley to Have Large Flour Mill.—The contract for a huge new flour mill to be built at Burley, has been let. The material for the construction work has been shipped and work will begin immediately upon arrival. The building will be five stories high and will be built entirely of reinforced concrete and steel making it fire proof. It will be run entirely by electricity and have a daily output at the start of 300 barrels of flour, with room capacity for increase to 1,000 barrels, and will have all the latest equipments throughout.—Burley Bulletin.

Infernal Machine Sent.—During the transfer of mail from a Dugling train on the Northern Pacific, at Butte, yesterday morning about five o'clock, an infernal machine exploded in the O. S. L. car to which it had been transferred in the regular mails. Ross Witherspoon, the railway clerk in charge of the car, received a slight wound on the neck and had a very narrow escape with his life, which was only saved by a pile of mail sacks happening to lie between the clerk and the explosion. A large dent was made in the cement floor and all windows were blown out and a large lot of mail sacks destroyed. The railroad employees say that it is impossible to tell from where or to whom the bomb was mailed.—Idaho Falls Post.

SEVERAL MAD ANIMALS KILLED.
LAST WEEK IN THIS COUNTY
Deputy Jackson reports that a number of mad animals have been killed in this county recently. W. L. Lyons killed his dog which went mad, and M. E. Dollard shot two hogs that were affected by rabies. Mrs. Cameron lost two calves and two hogs from the same cause.

MEXICANS MAY BE WHIPPED BY FOOD

Suggested That War Would Cost Less
Now Than If Waged a Few Years
Ago.

"I believe that the Mexicans will be more easily defeated now than a few years ago, when the military strategists figured that it would take half a million men and cost \$500,000,000 to pacify the country," suggested Geo. O. Bremer, of Kimberly, discussing the border situation yesterday. "At that time the country was fairly prosperous, all factions had plenty of ammunition and the supply of food was plentiful. Now they are starving and their money is worthless. If the Americans feed them as they pass along, I venture to say that the war will not last long, especially as they can get no more munitions after their present scanty supply is exhausted."

G. A. R. MEET AT POCATELLO A SUCCESS

Large Gathering of Representatives
Present—Members Thoroughly
Enjoy Hospitality of Pocatella G. A. R.

The department of Idaho, Ladies of the G. A. R., held their annual state convention at Pocatello last week being in session three days and the Twin Falls delegation to this meet returned to this city last Friday with glowing reports of the genuine hospitality of the Pocatello people who so royally entertained them while in that city. Upon their arrival in the city they were met by a committee who led them through to quarters and taken to the new depot of the O. S. L. From there they were taken to the commercial club rooms where they were assigned to quarters and taken to the Yellowstone hotel for meals. They were most formally welcomed to the city by Mayor Geo. Williams and Col. Wilbur Slat, commander of the G. A. R. post. At the conclusion of sessions automobiles suitably decorated with flags for the occasion were furnished for the sightseeing trip and the party visited the educational and residential parts of the city.

The encampment at Pocatello is one that is long to be remembered. The following officers were elected:
Department President—Mrs. W. W. Humphrey of Twin Falls.
Senior Vice President—Mrs. Margaret Postbrook of Pocatello.
Junior Vice President—Mrs. Virginia Taylor of Boise.
Treasurer—Mrs. Clara Capet of Pocatello.
Chaplain—Mrs. Sarah Trammor of

Twin Falls.
Patrol Instructor—Mrs. I. H. Brashers of Twin Falls.
Council of Administration—Mrs. E. J. Pickel of Pocatello; Mrs. R. H. Barnes of Twin Falls; Mrs. Fisher of Pocatello.
Secretary—Mrs. D. E. Regan of Twin Falls.
Conductor—Mrs. Angie Hatch of Pocatello.
Assistant Conductor—Mrs. Barrett of Pocatello.
Guard—Mrs. Mary Lambert of Pocatello.
Assistant Guard—Mrs. Nichols of Pocatello.
Delegates to National Convention—Mrs. R. H. Barnes of Twin Falls and Mrs. Lucinda Shipman of Boise.
Alternate—Clara Capet of Pocatello.

ZUCK NOT IN FIELD FOR THE NOMINATION

Senator Says Twin Is Costly Garment
and He Will Lay Aside Official
Cares.

"You may say, finally for me that I will not again be a candidate for the senate, and that under no circumstances would I accept a renomination if it should be tendered to me," said Senator O. G. Zuck of Kimberly yesterday. "I want you to make this statement for me," he continued, "as I feel sure that there are men in the Democratic party who are figuring on announcing, but who are undecided because it has been customary to give an official nomination for a second term. I think that I owe it to such men and to the members of the party to tell where I stand. I have hesitated to withdraw because I could see contingencies which might arise which would make it advisable for me to again enter the field, but I am sure that all danger of the kind to which I refer is past, and I therefore feel free to step out. The fact is that I cannot afford to take the position again, assuming that I could be elected. It costs considerable money to spend a term in Boise, and if most of the time has to be frittered away in discussing county division, I feel that there is little to be gained by going. I am not bitter on this division question and have not been. I was asked when a candidate in regard to my position, and I told the people how I stood. I carried out my promise to a letter and delivered the goods, but it was without personal feeling or malice of any kind.

"During the campaign I expect to be at the service of the Democratic committee to do what I can to secure the election of the Democratic ticket."

HOT FLUE CAUSES SMALL FIRE IN LAUNDRY ROOF

Fire Department Soon Puts Out
Blaze Which Causes \$25 Damages to
Beller Room.

Fire leakage from the overheated brick flue in the boiler room of the Troy Laundry, about one o'clock Saturday afternoon, caused a roof blaze to start which was finally put out by the department fifteen minutes after the alarm was sent in. An area of ten feet around the flue was burned and charred and the department got early control of the blaze by cutting four holes in the roof.

The engineer on duty, after noticing the fire, tried to extinguish it by use of a small hose, but finding it difficult to get at the fire he called to W. M. Pearis, proprietor of the Troy Laundry, who sent the alarm.

Chief F. A. Carlson, stated that the alarm came in at five minutes after one o'clock, and that in a minute and a half the fire engine and hose were connected up and playing a stream of water on the blaze.

The fire did no serious damage to the engine room and none of the clothes was injured. Mr. Pearis says that \$25 will cover the damages entirely.

KIMBERLY CHRISTIANS WANT RESIDENT PASTOR

Services Held Once Every Two Weeks
But Congregation Wants Weekly
Service.

The Christian church of Kimberly is planning to have a pastor located permanently in that town the soon as the current year expires, August 1. The pulpit is now filled every alternate Sunday by Rev. Shoemaker of Burley, whose services receive the approbation of the members of the church. The Christians feel, however, that they can more effectively maintain an organization and increase their membership by having a minister with all the time and have services every Sunday.

SERVICES AT THE SHAMROCK SCHOOL ALTERNATE WEEKS

Rev. Silas Perkins of the Presbyterian church held services at the Shamrock school house last Sunday for the first time. The next service at that school will be held July 3. There will be services every second Sunday thereafter, the hour on all occasions being at 3:45 p. m. Services are also held at the Pleasant Valley school house every Sunday, beginning with Sunday school at 10 a. m. and followed at once by preaching service.

McDOUGAL PASSES AFTER SHORT ILLNESS

Dies of Typhoid-Pneumonia Contracted
on Automobile Trip From Artesian City.

After an illness of eight days, Ray C. McDougal passed away at his home on Second avenue South, last Friday morning, June 16, at half past eight. The cause of his death was typhoid-pneumonia, contracted the week previous on a return trip by automobile from Artesian City, where he had been in the hot baths.

The funeral services were held Saturday at his home, Rev. W. E. Harmon, of the Christian church, presiding over the service. Interment was made in the Twin Falls cemetery.

Mr. McDougal was twenty-three years old at the time of his death, and had lived in Twin Falls for a number of years. He was very well known and liked and besides his numerous friends, who mourn his death, he leaves a father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. McDougal, and several brothers and sisters.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General fair weather during week; warm weather first half of the week will be followed by a change to cooler weather after Wednesday in northern portions of these districts.
E. H. BOWIE,
Forecaster.

You'll Enjoy

the new serial we have
secured

Gloria's Romance

By Mr. and Mrs. Rupert Hughes

A fascinating, romantic story of the love and adventure of a young society girl. Watch for the issue with the first installment!

For Sale at Bargain Price

A Two Apartment Bungalow

With all modern arrangements. Electric heat, electric cooking appliances, lot 100x125 feet. Corner 3rd street and 6th avenue North. Guaranteed a good investment. For particulars address owner.

O. Wilson, 2014 4th East, Salt Lake City, Utah

DEMOCRATS CALL WILSON ONCE MORE

(Continued from Page 1.)

tion began its first session Wednesday with not a single element in slight to disturb the harmonious reorganization of President Wilson and Vice President Marshall. The convention heard the keynote speech, adopted rules, organized and adjourned at 2:49 p. m., until 11:00 a. m. Thursday. When National Chairman McCormick called the convention to order 12,000 delegates, alternates and spectators packed the big coliseum to the roof.

Members of the national committee, members of President Wilson's cabinet, and party leaders from all over the country had places on the platform. Plaster medallions of Washington, Jackson, Jefferson and Cleveland down upon the delegates; at the decorations which consisted uniformly of nothing but the American flag. The only picture of Wilson in the hall hung in front of the speaker's desk inscribed, "America First."

Vice presidential honors, willed by President Wilson's direct word that he desired the re-nomination of Vice President Marshall, were brought to the convention hall, but only as favorite sons compliments.

After Mr. McCormick had called the convention to order the next business was the reading of the call by Secy. J. Bruce Kremer, of New York, former Gov. Glynn, of New York, was next with the keynote speech.

Down upon the speaker's stand direct telephone and telegraph wires to the White House carried momentary reports of the convention. The prospect of a fight in the convention had gone glimmering over night with William J. Bryan's announcement that he did not propose to press certain plank before the resolutions committee and that he would make campaign speeches for the Democratic nominee.

"We have entered this hall as Democrats," let us deliberate as Americans," declared Mr. Glynn in sounding the keynote.

"It is the business of this convention representing every section of the United States, speaking for every

racial strain in America to send forth no message to the world that will leave no room for doubt."

Reviewing President Wilson's conduct of foreign affairs, he declared the president had stood with Washington, Adams and Grant, who had preserved peace with honor.

"For vain glory or selfish purposes," Mr. Glynn declared, "others may cry for a policy of blood and iron, but the president has acted on the belief that the leader of the nation who plunges his people in an unnecessary war like William Pitt, vainly washes his hands of innocent blood, while the earthquakes and the heavens are darkened and thousands give up the ghost."

"If Washington was right, if Jefferson was right, if Hamilton was right, then the president is right today. The man who is president of the United States today has measured up to the best traditions of a great office."

"He has been wise with a wisdom that is steeped in the traditions of his country, with a wisdom that has been disciplined by training and broadened by instruction."

"He has been prudent with the prudence of one who has within his hands the destiny of 100,000,000 people."

"He has been firm with the firmness that proceeds from deep conviction, with the firmness that is grounded in a duty well defined."

"He has been courageous with the courage that places country above self, with the courage that follows duty wherever it may lead with a duty well defined."

"He has been dignified with the dignity that is self-forgetting and self-respecting, with the dignity that conserves the majesty of the greatest office in the world."

"He has been patient, with the patience which believes and trusts that truth crushed to the earth will rise again, with the patience that can endure and wait, which can pray, for certain vindication of justice, humanity and right."

"He has been patriotic, with a patriotism that has never wavered, a patriotism that is as pure and strong as the faith that moved the fathers when they made our country free."

"No president since the Civil war had as crucial problems to solve; and no president has displayed as grasp

more sure, a statesmanship more profound.

"Assailed by the wolves of privilege, he has pulled their claws and drawn their teeth."

"Assaulted by partisan envy he has shamed his traducers into silence and has found the path to the temple where our liberties are enshrined."

"And when the history of these days comes to be written, and the children of tomorrow read their nation's story, we shall have dispelled all misconception, and the years shall have rendered their impartial verdict, one name will shine in golden splendor upon the page that is blackened with the tale of Europe's war, one name will represent the triumph of American principles over the hosts of darkness and of death."

"That name will be the name of the great president who has made Democracy proud that he is a Democrat, and that Americans proud that he is an American."

"It will be the name of the student and the scholar who has kept his mind as clear as a crystal in a time of tried men's souls; the name of the statesman who has championed the cause of American freedom wherever he found it opposed; the name of the patriot who has implanted his country's flag on the highest peak to which humanity has yet aspired; the name that carried the torch of progress to victory again; the name of Woodrow Wilson, president and president to be."

The crowd listened to the rapping of the sword long enough to demand a speech from Bryan. Chairman James admonished the galleries.

Senator Thompson then moved a suspension of the rules to permit Mr. Bryan to speak. When the motion was put there were some "noes," but the chairman ruled two-thirds had voted in favor.

A committee, headed by Senator Kern of Indiana, escorted Mr. Bryan to the speaker's platform, the floor and galleries roared their approval.

Senator James introduced Mr. Bryan as "one of the leading citizens of the world and America's greatest Democrat."

Mr. Bryan opened by expressing his appreciation of the honor conferred by the invitation to speak to the convention. "Every Democratic convention is a love feast to me," he said. "It gives me an opportunity to meet and renew acquaintance with men with whom I have been associated in politics for more than twenty-five years."

"Today those who stand for the Democratic party are able to go before this nation and not give a reason for the faith that is in them, but give a defense of the administration's claims to the confidence of the people."

"We may take all the administrative actions from the beginning of our history as a republic to the beginning of the present one and you will not find

as many laws written upon the statute books of great importance to the people as you will find written in the last three years by Woodrow Wilson, a Democratic president."

A bitter fight developed over the woman's suffrage plank, those opposed to suffrage opposed the plank finally adopted, which in substance but not in words, is the same as the plank on the same subject adopted by the Republican convention. The friends of suffrage, who had the endorsement of the president, finally won out and the plank was adopted.

FAST GAME GOES TO TWIN FALLS

Pitchers Deadlock Broken By Timely Hit

SNOW'S DRIVE TO RIGHT FIELD DEFEATS JEROME.

Both Twirlers In Fine Condition and Game Is Scoreless Until the Ninth Inning.

STANDING OF TEAMS.			
	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Shoshone	1	1	.500
Twin Falls	5	2	.714
Rupert	5	2	.714
Jerome	4	3	.571
Burley	5	5	.500
Kimberly	0	7	.000

With two men out and a man on second, Snow drove a long safe hit into right field, bringing in the tally with broke the pitcher's deadlock in the Twin Falls-Jerome contest Sunday afternoon and gave the game to Twin Falls. Score: Twin Falls, 1; Jerome, 0.

The game stood scoreless when Twin Falls came to bat at the middle of the ninth inning. Walters lead off and started things with a long safe grounder to center field. D. Graves, next up, sacrificed and Walters landed safely at second. C. Graves followed with a fly to right-fielder Reppy, who dropped the ball. Walters tried for third base but was thrown out by Jaycox. C. Graves then advanced to second base. The excitement was high when Snow came to bat, and his long drive to right field sent Graves from second and ended the game.

The feature of the game was the big league pitching by both Hart, for Twin Falls, and J. Ashenfeller for Jerome. C. Graves, in prime position, with favor toward Hart, and it was anybody's game until the ninth. Hart, making up for his withdrawal during the game, struck out 16 of the 29 who faced him, while Ashenfeller made away with 11 out of 31. Twin Falls scored five hits, Jerome three.

Hart opened the game strong by striking out the first two men up, the third passing out on a short infield drive. In this first inning Twin Falls showed promise of scoring. With two men out D. Graves got a two base hit to center field. C. Graves made first on passed ball. D. Graves made third, followed by C. Graves, second, followed by Hart, who struck out, thus losing Snow at bat. Again in the eighth, Hart struck out with two men out, and Ashenfeller, who gave Hart a safe hit to slackened and Repp followed with a right field hit. Hart Robinson knocked fly to second base, which retired the local team.

Jerome had two chances to score. The first came in the third inning, when Jaycox, with two out, went to third base on a wild pitch by Hart, only to die there on Sigbee's infield grounder to Hart. Then in the fifth, with two out, Fritzel made first on fly to left field. With McClellan at bat, Fritzel stole both second and third but was left there when the former was put out on a short grounder to Hart.

The box score follows:

	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Shoshone, 3b.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Ford, ss.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Johnson, 2b.	4	0	0	3	3	1
Ashenfeller, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	4
Reppy, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
J. Ashenfeller, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Fritzel, c.	3	0	1	1	0	0
McClellan, lb.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Jaycox, cf.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Totals	29	0	3	26	6	1

	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Twin Falls	4	0	0	0	0	0
Walters, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
D. Graves, 2b.	3	0	1	3	0	0
C. Graves, rf.	4	1	0	1	0	0
Snow, 3b.	4	0	1	3	0	1
Doran, lb.	3	0	1	5	0	0
Whitzell, ss.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Batter, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Hart, p.	2	0	1	0	4	1
Totals	31	1	5	26	8	2

Two out when winning run scored. McClellan out bunt in third strike. Twin Falls—0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 2 Jerome—0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 3 1 Batteries—Twin Falls, Hart and Fritzel; Jerome, Ashenfeller and Fritzel.

Summary.

Runs—C. Graves. Struck out—By Hart, 16; by Ashenfeller, 11. Base on balls—By Hart, 2. Wild pitches—Ashenfeller 1; Hart 5. Two-base hit—D. Graves. Sacrifice hit—D. Graves. Stolen bases—Hart 1; Fritzel 1. Time of game—1 hr., 50 min. Umpire—Whitzell.

Scores of Other League Games.

Burley defeated Kimberly 5-5 in the game played at Burley Sunday. At Shoshone, the local team defeated Rupert 7-4.

Ball Plays Here During Chautauques.

As special Chautauque attractions, two base ball games have been arranged between Twin Falls and Burley, for Wednesday, June 21, and Friday, June 23. Hart will stand on the mound for Twin Falls in the Wednesday game and either Linville or Christian will do the twirling in the game Friday. Hart's work in Sunday's game with Jerome should assure an interesting exhibition for Wednesday's game. There is to be no division of the gate receipts, winner takes all.



Do you buy your clothes without a thorough investigation of their vital value points? Some men look as though they did.

The quality may be there, the fabric value may be all it should be, but---there's more to a real suit than fabric quality.

There's style. Proper lines that follow your figure and fit your age. There's workmanship that has as much to do with wear as the woollens. There's a fit, and if your clothes do not fit perfectly they'll never look right nor will they wear right.

And there's price. Too many men are penalizing their purses in their search for good clothes. Too many men are spending twice what they ought to, to get the result we offer in

KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES

AT \$18 to \$30

How About Yourself?

JENKINS & CO.

PUBLIC SALE

I will sell a Carload of Good Farm Mares weighing from 1000 lbs. to 1500 lbs. These Mares are all Good Broke Stuff and ready for use.

SALE AT BUHL LIVERY SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1916

ALBERT CONDRA, Mgr.

ROBINSONS

Wash Skirts

There are times when one is doing so well that one forgets that one could do better, and I think perhaps that I have had that feeling in regard to our sales on wash skirts, for not-with-standing the cool weather, and backward season, we have had a splendid trade in wash skirts. But we are just selfish enough to want to do more, and I am sure that anyone wanting a skirt will be just selfish enough to want to get the best possible skirt for the money that can be found, and I believe that this is just the place. I did not have our wash skirts come in until late, so as to be sure of the newest styles and so that they would be clean and fresh when wanted. In the line are Linine, Pique, Waffle, Gabardine, Beach Cloth and Awning Stripes. Some at 95 and 98 cents. Others at \$1.10, \$1.69, \$1.98 and \$2.48. Really remarkable values as they are priced on last year's values.

P. S.—We have a splendid line of wool skirts in black, navy and other plain colors, also checks and stripes, cream or white serges, divided khaki skirts for outing and riding, and a splendid line of new middies and colored sweaters now so much in vogue.



Edward Robinson