

Roosevelt Moves Swiftly to Start War Aid Program

Request Sighted for \$3,000,000,000 as Starter; Warships, Other Equipment Earmarked for Britain

(By The Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 10.—With the bill authorizing the enormous British aid program all but enacted, the administration moved swiftly today to obtain the money...

SENATE APPROVES FUNDS FOR NAVY

\$1,533,567,102 Appropriation Includes Work on Sites Leased From Britain WASHINGTON, March 10.—The senate gave swift and unqualified approval today to legislation...

U. S. Army Passes Million-Man March

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The army passed the million-man march today, the largest since demobilization of the 4,773,000 men World War I...

FLASHES OF LIFE

By Associated Press. BATTLE SERVICE.—Bob Betts, 22, of the 101st Airborne, was killed in action...

The White House Gets the Word

MAJOR LEADER, Alben W. Barkley (D-Ky.), spearheaded the administration drive that put the lend-lease bill through the Senate...

Strike Leaves 800,000 Bus Riders Stranded

New York Cabs and Subways Swamped in Transportation Tie-Up (By The Associated Press) NEW YORK, March 10.—The city's masses crowded and abounded their way today through the worst transportation tie-up here since 1928...

NEW STRIKES IN DEFENSE WORKS

Walkouts Tie Up Artillery Parts, Electrical Equipment Concerns (By The Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 10.—A series of strikes in defense plants today tied up the production of artillery parts, electrical equipment and other war materials...

France, Thailand Sign Peace Pact

THAI PEACE.—Thailand and France today signed a peace pact in London, ending a dispute that had lasted for several months...

Nazi Press Silent On War Aid Bill

BERLIN, March 10.—German newspaper editors today were silent on the war aid bill, which the U. S. senate passed today...

New Invention Event Entries

A safety lock for crop wrenches became the most important entry in the fourth Annual Patent Invention Contest...

France Threatens Navy Convoy for Food Ships In Britain's Blockade

Hull Discusses Issue With Halifax

(By The Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 10.—In the face of French threats to arm or convoy supply ships through the British blockade, the United States raised the question of food for occupied France with Great Britain again today...

Nazis Balk Yugoslav Hope for Compromise

Full Alliance Demanded in Axis Expansion Over Balk States (By The Associated Press) BELGRADE, Yugoslav, March 10.—Germany was reported in authoritative diplomatic quarters tonight to have dashed Yugoslav hopes of a compromise understanding with the axis to have demanded full alliance in the three-power pact...

ITALY DENOUNCES U. S. AID PROGRAM

Government-Controlled Press Attacks 'Intervention' Against Axis (By The Associated Press) ROME, March 10.—The government-controlled Italian press today denounced the United States' British aid program today as 'interventionist' and 'anti-European'...

British Warships Batter Nazi Posts

BERLIN, March 10.—Several British warships today battered Nazi posts in the French coast in the hours before dawn today, engaged by German air forces...

Seattle Voters Ballot

SEATTLE, March 10.—Over 50,000 voters today cast their ballots in the election for the city council...

War Aid Action—Lifts Commodities

By Associated Press. LONDON, March 10.—The war aid action today lifted commodities such as wheat, oil, and other essential goods...

Darlan Asserts Rich More Generous

(By The Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 10.—The French government, you may be sure, is not averse to the fact that Frenchmen shall not, served emphatic notice today that it is not ships would run-way merchants if the British permit in their blockade of France...

BRITISH TORPEDO ITALIAN CRUISER

RAE Strikes Again at German Held Coast of France LONDON, March 11 (Tuesday) (AP) British offensive at sea and in the air brought reports today that one of Italy's fastest cruisers was sunk by a submarine attack...

JAPAN SEES U. S. AT BRINK OF WAR

TOKYO, March 11 (Tuesday) (AP) The newspaper Asahi said today that the United States is at the brink of war with Japan...

Exchange of American Destroyers for British Warships Sighted

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The navy today sighted the possibility of an exchange of American destroyers for British warships...

News of War In Summary

(By The Associated Press) Bitterly denouncing British blockade of Germany, the German government today declared that it would not participate in the war...

MAYOR OFFERS NEW ORDINANCE

Introduction of Civil Service Act Enlivens Council Session

Pierces in mild form enlivened last night's city council meeting. Mayor Joe Kohler introduced a civil service ordinance which was admitted drawn up by a private attorney without knowledge of other members of the Twin Falls governing body or its attorney, Harry Bennett.

The session moved along routine channels until Mayor Kohler proposed the proposed ordinance and reading by Clerk W. E. Eldridge. It provided for a civil service commission appointed by the mayor acting with advice and consent of the city council. The commission was to have jurisdiction to police department and fire department appointments.

Pointing out that recommendation of a civil service system had been made by the city council and the council by Commissioner Carl Richter, Councilman Paul T. Berry said: "It is the duty of the city attorney to advise the city council on all matters which come before it (the ordinance) because it is a public law governing various sections of the Idaho Code (Annotated) refer to."

Plans for the annual Farmers' Congress and "silver dollar" day as a related event were discussed at a meeting of the Twin Falls Chamber of Commerce last night. The meeting was held at the Hotel Idaho and was attended by Mayor Kohler and other city officials.

That to correct the titles of the second class operating under general laws, but not for cities under the corporation form of government, such as Twin Falls, the city attorney continued: "A property drawn ordinance should provide that members of the civil service commission appointed by the council and the mayor."

In discussing the civil service law, Attorney Bennett pointed out that the law provided that employees in the fire and police departments who have held such positions for six months before creation of the commission are retained without taking the civil service examination. He added that this provision of the law applies to cities of the first class and not to cities of the second class and under those circumstances every member of the Twin Falls fire and police departments would have to make application and take the civil service examination.

Mayor Kohler said he would take it up with the city attorney and explain that he would not want to be the cause of veteran firemen of the departments losing their positions.

Favor Ordinance—In Light Form. Mayor Kohler said he would not want to be the cause of veteran firemen of the departments losing their positions.

Monthly reports approved at the meeting were those of Miss Jooles and those of the fire department. The reports were issued during February, that of Dr. E. R. Price, who commences these reports, and three deputy registrars all canvass all homes and places of business in the city.

Keep the White Flag of Safety Flying

Four days without a fatal traffic accident in our Magic Valley.

MERCHANTS HEAR CONGRESS PLANS

Reports on Farm Event Silver Dollar Day Before Group

Plans for the annual Farmers' Congress and "silver dollar" day as a related event were discussed at a meeting of the Twin Falls Chamber of Commerce last night.

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NEW STRIKES IN DEFENSE WORKS

Threat of sabotage against a huge arsenal of defense equipment worth several millions of dollars worth national defense contracts in the region of the city senate was informed last night.

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OLD HERMITAGE

Now Lower Priced

No. 133 QUART

No. 134 PINT

Making this famous old brand the top whiskey buy in town.

SCHOOL BOARD CALLS FOR BIDS

Action Follows Report on Survey of Student Transportation

Bids on various types of school transportation will be opened at the next meeting of the Twin Falls district school board April 10, it was decided during last night's meeting of the board.

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DARLAN COMPARES GERMANS, BRITISH

British Press Criticized by French Former Vice-Premier

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Plane Collision Kills Two Men

HEMET, Calif., March 10 (AP)—A flying instructor and a cadet were killed when their training plane collided with another today, but the cadet flier in the second plane bailed out and escaped with injuries.

Plunge Into Bay Kills Army Flier

MARSHFIELD, Ore., March 10 (AP)—The wreckage of an A-17 type airplane crashed last night into Coos bay, 400 miles from its base, according to a report from Major J. MacDonald, 44, a rescuer today.

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SENATE APPROVES FUNDS FOR NAVY

Supplemental Defense

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Sun Valley Gives For War Relief

SUN VALLEY, March 10 (AP)—This winter relief, which totaled \$3200 Sunday night, was almost doubled today by two contributors.

Thrifty USED CARS

Prices cut to the bone

| | |
|-----------------------------|------|
| 37 Dodge Sedan | 4235 |
| 37 Plymouth Fordor | 4385 |
| 37 Terraplane Sedan | 4235 |
| 37 Terraplane Brougham | 4375 |
| 37 Plymouth Sedan | 4109 |
| 37 Plymouth Sedan | 4145 |
| 37 Terraplane Pickup | 4145 |
| 37 Ford Tudor Sedan | 4145 |
| 37 Chevrolet Sport Roadster | 4145 |
| 37 Chevrolet Coach | 4150 |
| 37 Chevrolet Coupe | 4235 |
| 37 Chevrolet Sedan | 4235 |
| 37 Lafayette Coupe | 4235 |
| 37 Ford Tudor Sedan | 4355 |

SPRING OPENING RECEIVES BOOST

'Coordination' Adopted at Council Meeting to Aid Event

It spring doesn't officially come to Twin Falls March 20 it won't be the fault of the merchants' bureau of the Chamber of Commerce of the city.

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Widow Applies for Administrator Post

Mr. Charles L. Graham of Twin Falls, widow and sole heir of the late William L. Graham, pioneer Twin Falls farmer who died last year, applied to probate court in Twin Falls yesterday for appointment as administrator of the estate.

Look at America

By NORMAN CHANDLER

Chairman, Newspaper Publishers Committee

WE'RE ON OUR OWN. We'll sink or swim, here in America, depending on whether we are competent, able to solve our own problems.

The dictators say democracy won't work—too inefficient. The very word "democracy" is under fire. Today our form of government faces a challenge as serious as it did when the 13 colonies united.

Well, not quite. We are forty-eight strong and well-united states now. We have a large share of all the world's wealth. We have discovered and developed an astounding number of resources. We have scientists, thinkers, doers, to spare. We have skills and arts and traditions and experiences now.

We have used up the wilderness, but we've replaced it with a thousand new frontiers. Four or five years ago a Yale professor, C. C. Furnas, wrote a book called "The Next Hundred Years." In that book he pointed out the pitiful little strip of knowledge we have mapped and the vast areas of wilderness and ignorance ahead of us.

Governor Guest At Gooding Meet

BOISE, March 10 (AP)—Governor Clark H. White left here today for Gooding, where he planned to attend charter ceremonies tonight for the Gooding Lions club and to visit the state school for the deaf and blind. The governor expected to be back at his office in the capitol tomorrow.

GERMANY BALKS YUGOSLAV HOPES

Insulating Building Blocks

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ACTUAL DRAFTING SEEN FOR MARCH

Volunteer Shortage Will Probably Necessitate Calling of Men

Because there apparently will be insufficient volunteers to meet the March 20 draft call from Twin Falls county area No. 1, warning orders are being dispatched to registrars holding order numbers up to 300 and who are in class 1-A. Captain J. H. Beaver, chief clerk of the draft board said last night.

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Election April 12 On School Merger

Following a hearing conducted yesterday afternoon by Cassia county commissioners at Burley, election upon proposed merger of Cassia and common school district six Murtaugh independent district was set for April 12. Polls will be open 1 to 6 p. m.

Twin Falls Mortuary

Funeral Home

Emma K. Roberts Mrs. E. H. Hibel

Day-Night Ambulance Ph. 31

HAVE SUITS, PLAIN DRESSES, OVERCOATS and LADIES' PLAIN COATS

DRY CLEANED

35¢ EACH

Bring them now to

IDAHO CLEANERS

Don Worley, Mgr.

126 SHOSHONE WEST

Robt. E. Lee Sales Co.

424 Main St. Phone 214

A Local Product Manufactured by Concrete Pipe Co. — Twin Falls

Look at America

When he wrote that book we had not yet discovered sulfur, mica and its chemical relatives. Probably that drug has already saved more human lives than the War of the Revolution cost!

Atomic energy, with thousands of times the energy of gasoline, was a dream five years ago. It is only a possibility today, but it is already newspaper news—a step nearer, perhaps very close.

It is up to us in America today to create our own style, develop our own art, try out our own tastes.

Are we efficient? Can we do it? We can if we keep free our means of communication and expression.

If progress—and failure—can be reported without hindrance, if the things men do—in politics and sociology and science and business—can be discussed, compared and weighed, we shall have a great era of progress—greater than all the progress that has gone before.

And all we need, to guarantee that freedom to grow, is a strong and fearless press. Need? We do not need to create such a press. We need only to keep it. You are reading a sample of it this moment.

We need only to appreciate it, conserve it, defend it, keep it free.

NOTE: The Newspaper Publishers Committee, composed of over 150 leading American Newspapers, publishes these pamphlets almost every week. The force which unites these newspapers is their recognition of their responsibility to you, the reader.

TWIN FALLS NEWS

Published every morning except Monday, by the Times-News Publishing Company, Twin Falls, Idaho.

Daily edition delivered as second class mail waster April 8, 1916, at the post office at Twin Falls, Idaho, under act of Oct. 3, 1917.

By CARRIAGE PUBLISHING ADVANCE
By the week \$1.00
By the month \$2.50
By the year \$25.00

White Idaho and Kilo Government
Three months, payable in advance \$3.00
Six months, payable in advance \$5.00
One year, payable in advance \$10.00

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS
The Associated Press is authorized to use the publication of all news appearing in this paper on the condition that the publisher will indemnify and hold the publisher harmless from and against all claims and damages for libel or invasion of privacy.

MEMBER NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF PUBLISHERS
Member Audit Bureau of Circulation

NATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES
WEST-IDAHO DIVISION
Willa Towner, Twin Falls, Idaho, Chief.

The news columns of financial reporting for all news advertisements but in case where the paper is at fault a certain amount will be published without charge.

DISORDERLY RETREAT
Some scientists profess to believe that the great bulk of the future of the world will be with the insect world.

Other Points of View
A recent summary of the office of the Postmaster General shows that the United States now has 32,640 rural delivery routes covering 1,461,000 miles.

WELL NAMED
Naming of a new newspaper of the United States gives recognition to a part of national life.

LOCAL RESPONSIBILITY
Governor Green of Illinois describes local government as important part of the national government.

COTTON IN DEFENSE
The cotton bales used by Old Hickory at the battle of New Orleans are almost as typical of that historic engagement.

Now You Tell One
LONDON (By-Radio) cards are to be issued for the rules and donkeys, the ministry of food announces.

RECREATIONAL HAZARD
Speaking of basketball reminds "Editor" of a tournament held last year.

REMEMBERED TAXPAYER
The twenty-sixth was a good legislative year. Its members deserve a wholesome bouquet from Idaho's people.

BOBBA BATIONS
LONDON (By-Radio) cards are to be issued for the rules and donkeys, the ministry of food announces.

TRIOLE SHOOTER
LAHORE, India (By-Radio)—America's two-gun cowboy was picked recently by the Patian bandits.

THE EARLY WOOD
GETS THE RIB
Harold DeMolte-Molekamp offered a new version of an old term the other day.

FAMILIAR RING
It is used to be "This is my night to bow." It's "This is my night to bow."

ON THE LEG
Mr. Twin Falls residents have probably forgotten that wooden floors are lower than during last summer's high tide.

CHERRY TREE
Harold Harvey who managed Twin Falls' recent and most successful Community Chest drive.

WISHING
I wish I could go to the top of the world. I wish I could go to the bottom of the sea. I wish I could go to the center of the earth.

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building. Women are urged to wear cotton stockings and what was formerly termed unmentionables. Scientific research is constantly being to broaden the field for cotton.

The nation is now engaged in an all-out program of preparation for the expanding army and navy and building up the defense corps. Expert observers are not inclined to believe that Hitler will ever invade this country.

Whether the danger is immediate or remote, plans are being forward for the construction of underground shelters. If they are to be effectively useful, they must be on a large scale.

Since they do not have to be improvised and adapted to existing conditions as speedily as was done in London, where bombs were actually falling, it is possible to do enough to preserve all the comforts of home.

At all events, in the south the experiments will be watched with great interest and with the hope that the outcome may be a new use for the cotton of the south.

General shows that the United States now has 32,640 rural delivery routes covering 1,461,000 miles. These routes are maintained at a cost of \$1,462,741. They serve 7,672,823 American families or 32,674,000 individuals.

On the night of Oct. 1, 1896, when experimental routes were inaugurated through Oregon, Utah, and Arizona, the first route was established through the state of Oregon.

The number of newspaper of the United States gives recognition to a part of national life. The first newspaper was published in 1787. There are now over 10,000 newspapers published in the United States.

There is no such certainty. On the contrary there is ample reason to believe that the world may enjoy a period of peace and stability for many years to come. The world is now in a period of transition.

There is a natural tendency in these times to center all attention on the war and the national government and to disregard the local authorities. The real patriot of freedom is not in the nation's capital but in the states, the counties, the cities and the villages.

The cotton bales used by Old Hickory at the battle of New Orleans are almost as typical of that historic engagement. The cotton bales were used as a defense against the British fleet.

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Win the War With the Florida Yacht Canal



National Whirligig

WASHINGTON, By Ray Tucker
The Justice department is endeavoring to establish for itself a new record of efficiency.

CONFIDENTIAL figures disclosed that only 1,688,000 copies of the period from July 1 to January 1941. This is less than the number of copies of the period from July 1 to June of 1939, when times were comparatively normal.

Payments from the treasury checks signed and disbursed have been handled with the greatest care. The department is endeavoring to establish for itself a new record of efficiency.

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Public Forum

Greatest Value Seen In Canyon's Security
Editor, The News: I am a resident of the Twin Falls area, and I have been thinking about the security of the Snake River canyon.

Another hughish blizzard happened some time ago when Mr. Roosevelt visited the German soldiers in Europe. It was a very bad storm and it was very cold.

ADVICE: I have seen a notice in the Bulletin of the Twin Falls area, and I have been thinking about the security of the Snake River canyon.

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Our Children

by Angelo Patri
Worrying doesn't help. Parents could spare themselves a lot of grief if they could learn to see their children as they are.

Parents could spare themselves a lot of grief if they could learn to see their children as they are. The child who is always in trouble does not need a parent who is always in trouble.

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Draft Officials

Map State Four
BOISE, March 10 (By-Radio)—State officials announced tonight four officers will be selected to map the state.

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SOCIETY EVENTS and CLUB NEWS

Cast for 'Evening of Drama and Music' Announced by Twin Falls Stake M.I.A.

Everything is in readiness for the 'Evening of Drama and Music' to be presented by the Twin Falls Stake M.I.A. of the L.D.S. church Wednesday evening at the stake house...

Essay Contest Winners Listed By American Legion Auxiliary

Winners in the Americanization essay contest sponsored in Twin Falls Junior and senior high schools by the Twin Falls American Legion Auxiliary were announced last night by Mrs. Hazel Leighton, Americanization chairman of the Twin Falls Auxiliary unit...

State Education Worker Talks at Final PTA Meet

Winners in the Americanization essay contest sponsored in Twin Falls Junior and senior high schools by the Twin Falls American Legion Auxiliary were announced last night by Mrs. Hazel Leighton...

Coming Events

D.A.V. AUXILIARY Women's Auxiliary of D.A.V. will meet at 7:30 p. m. Wednesday at the American Legion Memorial hall.

Choice



Rural-Urban Votes to Aid Nutrition Work

At their meeting last Saturday afternoon at the Twin Falls public library, the Rural-Urban Nutrition Club voted to sponsor the nutrition program as outlined by Miss Marilyn Hayward, state home demonstration agent...

State Convention Reports Highlight Twin Falls Chapter D.A.R. Luncheon Meeting

Reports on the state convention held last week at Lewiston and reading of winning essays and poems composed during the recent flag study conducted in the Twin Falls Junior and senior high schools highlighted the March luncheon meeting of Twin Falls chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Lucien Voorhees...

Mr. Frank Dunbeck, also of Jerome, the wedding of Lewis, Clark Burley, being performed by Rev. Raymond Rees, with Mrs. Rees and Mrs. P. E. Johnson as witnesses.

DRY-SHEEN

is the SATISFACTORY ANSWER TO YOUR DRY CLEANING PROBLEMS

Assured Quality Exclusive Free Pick-Up Free Delivery

TROY LAUNDRY Since 1906 PHONE 66

Cutting of Meat Told For Pro-To Members

Henry E. Wood was guest speaker at the meeting of the Pro-To Home Demonstration club yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Frank Stewart and discussed the handling and cutting of different kinds of meat.

Grace-Vaughn Ceremony Announced at Jerome

Jerome, March 10—Announcement was made this week of the marriage last Wednesday of Miss Lois June Vaughn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Estlin Brown of Jerome, to Wendell Grace, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stewart.

Gift Presented

The Twin Falls chapter presented a plate inscribed with the words "To the D.A.R. Institute of Mrs. Warren" to Mrs. Warren.

Appeal to Members

She made a financial appeal to the members to do their full part for the national defense in the present emergency.

Continued From 1-15 P. M.

ROXY LAST TIMES TODAY KEY FRANCIS GIRL "Fattie Spooner" & News

ORPHEUM ONE DAY ONLY He Came Back From Hell! "BLACKOUT" with VALERIE ROBSON CONRAD YEIT

Couple Weds at Country Home of Grandfather

Quietly and simply marked the marriage at 7 o'clock last Sunday afternoon of Miss Bernice Margaret Puffer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Puffer of Boise, Idaho, and Mr. E. J. Malone of Plover, Wis., by Rev. E. J. Malone of Plover, Wis., at the country home of E. J. Malone of Twin Falls, grandfather of the bridegroom.

LADIES AID

Ladies Aid society of the Immanuel Lutheran church will meet at 2:30 p. m. Thursday at the church parlors.

SUNSHINE CIRCLE

Sunshine Circle club will meet at 2 p. m. Wednesday at the home of Mrs. A. E. Henson, 263 Sixth avenue east. Roll call requests will be made.

BLUE LAKES CLUB

Blue Lakes Boulevard club will meet at 2 p. m. Wednesday at the home of Mrs. E. J. Malone, 263 Sixth avenue east. Roll call requests will be made.

PIONEER ASSOCIATION

North Side Pioneer Association will meet at 7:30 p. m. Wednesday at the home of Mrs. E. J. Malone, 263 Sixth avenue east. Roll call requests will be made.

GOOD WILL CLUB

Good Will club will meet at 2 p. m. Wednesday at the home of Mrs. A. E. Henson, 263 Sixth avenue east. Roll call requests will be made.

MARY DAVIS ART CLUB

Mary Davis art club will meet at the home of Mrs. Walter Miller, 263 Sixth avenue east, for a no-hostess luncheon at 1:35 p. m. today.

MARY MARTHA CLASS

Mary Martha class of the Baptist Sunday school will meet at 2 p. m. today at the home of Mrs. Bertha McGee, 1225 Sixth avenue east. Roll call requests will be made.

STAKE DANCE

Murtough ward of the L. D. S. church will entertain March 12, at a Bebe and Boy Scout dance party at the Murtough ward church, 7 p. m. Roll call requests will be made.

UNITY CLUB

Unity club will meet at 7:30 p. m. Wednesday at the home of Mrs. A. E. Henson, 263 Sixth avenue east. Roll call requests will be made.

TALK ON SELLING FOR ALPHA IOTA UNIT

P. L. Lawrence, associated with the S.O.M.I., spoke on salesmanship necessary to attract attention of good photographers at the meeting of Alpha Iota of the Twin Falls Business and Professional Women's Club, Tuesday evening at 7:30 p. m. at the home of Mrs. E. J. Malone, 263 Sixth avenue east. Roll call requests will be made.

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BEDBUGS

Guaranteed extermination without the inconvenience of fumigation. Phone 3417, 211 W. Twin Falls

FIFTY GIRLS ATTEND STAKE DANCE

The Twin Falls stake Bebe and Boy Scout dance arranged one evening last night at the stake house, was attended by fifty girls, Mrs. Yale Holland and Mrs. John Garrett were in charge and Mrs. Mervin Cutler played the accompaniment.

ZENOBIA CLUB

Zenobia club, Daughters of the Nile, will meet at 7:30 p. m. Wednesday at the home of Mrs. E. J. Malone in Kimberly. Officers will be elected and installed.

Helps Prevent COLDS

Put a few drops of Vicks Vapo-Rol up each nostril at the very first signs of a cold. It is stimulating action also.

ENRICHED FLOUR CONTAINS MORE THAN 10 TIMES AS MUCH IRON AS WHITE FLOUR

Now AVAILABLE at your GROCERS

TWIN FALLS PINE PEAK IDAHO HARD WHEAT FLOUR

"Enriched" PIKE PEAK and IDAHO FLOURS

Scientific research has revealed that while bread, the "staff of life," can play an even more important part in the promotion of public health...

Free COOKING SCHOOL

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 2:30 P. M. SUGGESTIONS FOR SPRING CLEANING HIGHLIGHTS ON PLANNING YOUR NEW OR RE-MODELED HOME INTERESTING FOODS PREPARED IN OVEN and the DEEP WELL COOKER

San Francisco

1000 ROOMS + 1000 BATHS \$4 also porches, \$6 two porches. 5425 MARKET ST. SAN FRANCISCO

HOTEL ST. FRANCIS UNION SQUARE

One of the year's most interesting programs!

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Scientific research has revealed that while bread, the "staff of life," can play an even more important part in the promotion of public health...

OAKLEY WINS CLASS A BASKETBALL TITLE

Hornets Triumph, 21-15; Burley Refuses to Meet Bruins for Second Place

Tournament Manager Announces Tuesday Game Cancelled After Failure to Agree

Oakley's basketball team, victorious over Burley here last night by a 21 to 15 score, is south-central Idaho's new class A top contender, but failed of a quiet bid to accompany the Hornets to the state tournament, as the district's second-ranking outfit may require a ruling by the Idaho athletic association.

A scheduled game between the loser and Twin Falls for the runner-up spot had been cancelled, Tournament Manager Ed Rogo announced after the title fray, because Rufon Budge, Burley coach, refused to send his team against the Bruins. Burley refused to play two wins over Twin Falls during the district meet.

Examining of Greenberg Slated

Detroit Draft Board to Receive Report From Florida

DETROIT, March 10 (AP)—Detroit draft board officials here announced that they are examining the physical condition of a 24-year-old Detroit native, who was drafted last year by the Detroit Tigers baseball team.

The champion outfit suffered a crushing defeat in the 32-25 defeat at the hands of the host Bruins last Friday, Oakley did not win the title until the final game of the 10 to 13 advantage.

The Bruins had a lead at the end of the first game. The court was knotted at 10-10 at the half.

Burley matched Oakley's scoring in the final period despite the loss of Jones, who went out on fouls in the third quarter, and Seeds, who fouled out. Oakley led the game for most of the time, but Burley took the lead in the fourth quarter, but Oakley's performance, also fouled out, but Oakley's final score was 21-15. McKenney connected for six points. Burley scored 15.

Injured Catcher Rejoins Chixos

PARADISE, Calif., March 10 (AP)—"Mike" Tresh, star catcher of Hollywood Bruins, rejoined the Chicago White Sox training camp today after spending the night in a hospital.

Jerome Fighters Invade Kimberly

Fast Mitt Teams Tangle in Nine-Bout Feature at Bulldog Gym

KIMBERLY, March 10.—Jerome and Kimberly boxing teams, top rivals for state ring honors, had completed preparations for a final meeting in the local arena here Tuesday night.

Fish and Game Commission Orders Licenses for 1941

BOISE, March 10 (AP)—More than 100,000 Idaho fish and game licenses for 1941 will be ordered by the Idaho game and fish commission, Allen Miller, chief clerk, said today.

Step Along Now

Jerome Brick Co. SEBASTIAN, IDAHO

Committee to Select New Athletic Director

Fish and Game Commission to Test Idaho Law

MOSCOW, Idaho, March 10 (AP)—The Idaho fish and game commission is going to test the law that gave it life, it was learned here today.

The disclosure was made to a closed meeting of sportsmen here this weekend by Walter Ficus of Pocatello, chairman of the commission, some of those attending said.

Toni Matt Wins Combined Title

Austrian-Born Star Takes Ski Crown; Durance Wins Slalom

ASPEN, Colo., March 10 (AP)—Toni Matt won the national ski combined championship Sunday at storm-battered Red Run Sunday.

26 Ousted From Tennis Tourney

California Men Claim Marathon Bowling Record

Rice Honored By Track Writers

Distance-Running Champion Named Outstanding Indoor Performer

66 Ousted From Tennis Tourney

Indiana Announce Pre-Season Baseball Practice Schedule

Injured Catcher Rejoins Chixos

Jerome Fighters Invade Kimberly

Fish and Game Commission Orders Licenses for 1941

Step Along Now

Jerome Brick Co.

Lombardi Ends Holdout

BOISE, March 10 (AP)—The state board of education today passed here to a special committee on University of Idaho athletic personnel the preliminary responsibility in choosing a new sports director for the Moscow school.



ERNE LOMBARDI, the hilly Cincinnati Reds' catcher who was a holdout, he agreed to sign for a reported \$100,000, couldn't make up his mind about the umbrella at his Oakland, Calif., home as he packed for his departure to the Reds' camp at Tampa, Fla. It has rained in northern California most of the winter. He hopes for dry weather in Florida.

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State Education Board Waits For Recommendation

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Jerome Brick Co.

Spring Specials!

1940 Chevrolet DeLuxe Coupe excellent condition, \$725
1937 Ford Coupe - \$350
1939 Ford Coupe - \$350
1938 Ford Coupe - \$350
1937 Ford Coupe - \$350
1938 Ford Coupe - \$350
1939 Ford Coupe - \$350
1938 Ford Coupe - \$350
1939 Ford Coupe - \$350
1938 Ford Coupe - \$350
1939 Ford Coupe - \$350

ATTENTION FARMERS!

Now is the time to apply ANACONDA TREBLE SUPERPHOSPHATE! Call us for Prices Twin Falls Feed & Ice Phone 101

Magic Hot Springs

in No. One To The Public

CASH AND CARRY PRICES

to bring you distinct savings in Dry Cleaning

Ladies' Plain Dresses, Coats, Men's Suits and Overcoats

Please call for your clothes... you need the room!

NATIONAL Launderers and Dry Cleaners

3rd Ave. E. and 3rd St. E.

A few weeds grow in every garden

Among the thousands of decay law-abiding beer retail establishments in America there may be a few dispensable joints.

While it is the brewer's responsibility to brew good beer and the retailer's responsibility to sell beer under wholesome conditions, nevertheless the brewing industry is concerned about those undesirable places and wants them cleaned up.

We want them cleaned up because they endanger 5,276 jobs and \$5,655,101 payroll created by beer in Idaho since de-legislation. Beer contributed \$249,021.00 last year in taxes in this state.

BEER... a beverage of moderation



BUYING CENTERS ON INDUSTRIALS

Steel Shares Lead Market on Rally; Favorites Up One to Three Points

Markets At A Glance NEW YORK, March 10 (AP)—Steel shares led the market today, rallying on a general recovery of the industrial sector.

By FREDERICK GARDNER NEW YORK, March 10 (AP)—Steel and other industrial led the stock market today, rallying on a general recovery of the industrial sector.

Stock Averages

Table with 4 columns: Index Name, March 10, March 9, Change. Includes Dow Jones Industrial, S&P 500, etc.

Trend of Staples

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, March 10, March 9, Change. Includes Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, etc.

Metals

Table with 4 columns: Metal, Price, Change. Includes Copper, Silver, Gold, etc.

Butter and Eggs

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, Price, Change. Includes Butter, Eggs, Lard, etc.

New York STOCKS

Table of New York Stock Market prices for various stocks including American, General, etc.

Livestock Markets

Table of Livestock Market prices for various types of livestock including cattle, sheep, etc.

POTATOES

Table of Potato Market prices for various grades of potatoes.

Twin Falls Markets

Table of Twin Falls Market prices for various commodities including grain, livestock, etc.

Perishable Shipping

Table of Perishable Shipping prices for various goods including produce, etc.

Wanted

Wanted: Dry Junk or Prairie Bones, Rifle Club Formed, etc.

DECREASE IN BUYING BOOSTS WHEAT

Market Develops Strong Upward Trend in Final Hour

By FRANKLIN MULLIN CHICAGO, March 10 (AP)—Renewed buying of wheat in the market today led to the best levels since the early part of the week.

Final Honor for Child at Jerome

JEROME, March 10 (AP)—The funeral services for the Rev. Dr. Eric A. Schuler, who died in a plane crash near Jerome, were held today.

Accused Driver's Condition Serious

JEROME, March 10 (AP)—Condition of Wilbur P. Smith, driver of the car which crashed near Jerome, is reported to be serious.

Gunners Post High Marks

Members of the Snake River Gun Club posted a score of 74 Sunday in the annual trap shooting contest.

Spring Fever Dance For College Frat

College of Idaho fraternities are planning a spring fever dance for the benefit of the college fund.

Final Tribute for George L. Curtis

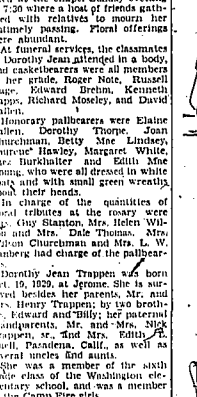
BURLEY, March 10 (AP)—Funeral services for George L. Curtis were held today at the chapel of the Burley Union of Labor.

Speculation in Zinc Forbidden

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP)—The government has forbidden speculation in zinc, stating that it is necessary to prevent hoarding of the metal.

Make This Model at Home

Twin Falls News Pattern



Two Burley Residents Injured in Accident

JEROME, March 10 (AP)—George Burley and his wife, Jennie, were injured in an automobile accident near Jerome today.

Fairfield Men Turn Out New Snowplow

FAIRFIELD, March 10 (AP)—H. H. Johnson, chairman of the board of directors of the Fairfield Snowplow Club, announced today that the club has purchased a new snowplow.

Montana Man Heads Camas Power Project

FAIRFIELD, March 10 (AP)—E. J. Williams of Butte, Mont., has been named superintendent of the Camas power project, which is being developed in the Fairfield area.

Mrs. Ben Dalbow Gives Praise to Hoyt's Compound

"Old Grand Prati's" had a "baby," Mrs. Ben Dalbow gives praise to Hoyt's Compound for its effectiveness in treating her condition.

Attention Investors

I have for sale some paper in excess of 10,000 lots which I can sell at a profit. This is a rare opportunity for investors.

NORMAN WATER OUTLOOK FALES

Federal Agency Points to Possible Need for Conservation

BOISE, March 10 (AP)—Unless more snow packs are accumulated and lower temperatures than at present prevail for the remainder of the month in northern Idaho, the Columbia basin, "all possible steps to conserve water will be taken," said a report today by the U. S. division of irrigation reported today.

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Vertical text on the far right edge of the page, possibly a page number or additional page information.

FIREMEN BATTLE PAIR OF BLAZES

Flames Ravage S. D. Mulkey Home; Fire on Roof Extinguished

Twin Falls firemen were called to the scenes of two fires Sunday and Monday, although only one of the fires required extensive work.

Penalty Follows Highway Mishap

Miles Weech, ranch foreman for the Utah construction company, who was arrested Sunday when his car struck a bridge, found guilty of a 30-day sentence and \$150 fine.

Last Summons for Twin Falls Child

Final plea for Odette Maxine Jackson, two-year-old girl, was filed March 10 by her mother, Mrs. L. E. Jackson.

Orthopedic Nurse Speaks at Burley

BURLEY, March 10 — Lillian O'Callahan of Boise, state orthopedic nurse, addressed a meeting here Wednesday of the Cassia county health council.

F. F. Swan Named To Attend Session

GOODING, March 10 — F. F. Swan has accepted appointment as lay representative of the eastern district of the Methodist church and will attend a north-west meeting of the Portland area to be held at Portland Tuesday, March 11.

DISCOVER all that's new in motoring!

The attractive "deal" we can give you makes this magnificent car yours — at surprisingly low cost.

Willie Willis BY ROBERT QUILLLEN



"I bet all sick people go to Heaven's big easier to be good and be sorry for your meanness when you're laid up sick."

Jerome Scouts Honor Charter On 20th Year

JEROME, March 10 — Original Troop No. 1 of the latter Day Scouts church of Jerome Tuesday will celebrate its 20th anniversary in the lives of many young scouts.

AIRLINES PILOT TAKES BRIBE IN HELIP STOP

BOULDER CITY, Nev., March 10 — So many airlines pilots have joined the army and navy that Capt. Ellis A. McQuinn, 44, couldn't take time to get married.

DAHO CLEANERS Dry Cleaning - SPECIAL - Plain Garments 3 for \$1 Cleaned and Pressed QUALITY WORK AT SPECIAL PRICES IDAHO CLEANERS Dan Worley, Mgr. 126 Shoshone St. W.

IDAHO, MONTANA LINE COMPLETED

Federal Power Commission Studies Three Companies Contract

WASHINGTON, March 10 (AP) — The federal power commission said today it was considering a contract award to three private utility companies providing for joint operation of a high tension transmission line interconnecting their facilities.

SALE LAKE CITY, MARCH 10

George M. Gandy, president of the Utah Power and Light company, said today that a high tension transmission line linking the power resources of its concern with those of others in southern Idaho and western Montana already is complete and ready for service.

Gooding's Agent Takes New Post

GOODING, March 10 — C. L. Mink, county agent of Gooding county for the past six years, has taken a position as district inspector and field agent for the Production Credit Association with headquarters in Twin Falls.

NASAL IRRITATION MEMBRANES MENTHOLATUM

Ski Meet Attracts Many To Magic Mountain Area

Combining ideal weather, large attendance and skill competition for active prizes, the second annual ski meet on Magic Mountain was held Sunday.

LONGME, IDAHO RESIDENT PASSES

Mrs. Robert F. Redmon, Wife of Former Officer, Dies at Farm Home

Graveside rites at Sunset Memorial park will be conducted at 2 p.m. Wednesday for Mrs. Adelaide Corbin Redmon, 65, wife of Robert F. Redmon, route 2, who died Sunday evening at her home after being ill since Jan. 28.

Gooding's Agent Takes New Post

GOODING, March 10 — C. L. Mink, county agent of Gooding county for the past six years, has taken a position as district inspector and field agent for the Production Credit Association with headquarters in Twin Falls.

Life Insurance in action!

Table with columns: ASSETS WHICH ASSURE FULFILLMENT OF OBLIGATIONS, NATIONAL GUARANTEE FUND, and OBLIGATIONS TO POLICYHOLDERS, BENEFICIARIES, AND OTHERS.

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company A MUTUAL COMPANY 1 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.

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Farmers Attention

Let pay for your highest market price for your farm wool... L. L. Langdon 180 Farmington, Idaho, Phone 1562 223-S Broadway-Buhl

Burley Resident Injured in Crash

BURLEY, March 10 — George Gunnerson mistakenly straddled back when the sedan he was driving Saturday morning was struck by a truck belonging to Stokers-Jeffrey Dairy and driven by John McClellin, traveling north.

New Location

Come in and try out phone records—3 for 50¢—at Wood's Amusement House New Location 120 Second Ave. N

SUN-RICH! ROYAL California Wine America's Largest Selling Wine Roma Wine Company, Inc., Fresno, California

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company A MUTUAL COMPANY 1 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y. DIRECTORS: FRANK H. ECKER, Chairman of the Board; JAMES H. HARRIS, President; GEORGE W. WOOD, Vice President; etc.

UNION MOTOR COMPANY Your LINCOLN ZEPHYR Dealer

MAGIC VALLEY FARMERS TAKE OVER TWIN FALLS THURSDAY

Prominent Speakers Head Congress Here

Farmers of the Twin Falls section and other parts of the Magic Valley will "take over" this city Thursday as they attend the annual Farmers' Congress.

The Congress this year, sponsored, as in the past, by the Times and News and local implement dealers, features one of the most prominent men in culture, as well as two other men known throughout the state for their knowledge of farming and cattle raising.

Key speaker for the day will be N. E. Dodd, Washington, D. C., western regional director of the AAA. His address will be given at 10:30 p. m. at the Hotel Oregon.

He is well known over the entire western states and, when not busy in an executive capacity in Washington, halts from Oregon. Provisions will be made to seat at least 200 visitors.

The two other speakers, both equally as prominent in their respective fields, come from Idaho. First speaker at the morning program, starting at 10 a. m. at the Rexy theater, will be J. N. Dayley, Murietta, president of the State Farmers' Association.

Also at the Rexy theater will be motion pictures of particular interest to farmers and their families.

After Dodd's talk in the afternoon, a special dairy and beef cattle demonstration will be staged at the yards of the Twin Falls Livestock Commission company.

Discussions during the day will be held by E. L. Turner, field extension service, Mr. Turner will also be in charge of the "Home Point" lectures.

Following him, also at the Rexy theater, will come W. L. Hendrix, Boise, president of the State Dairyman's association.

Local merchants, members of the merchants' bureau of the Chamber of Commerce, are cooperating in the event by offering special "Dollar Day" on Thursday.

Equipment Display Local farmers' equipment will display the latest in all types on the downtown street.

Individual plant covers provide the best protection for the commercial grower, as the number of plants that can be set out is not limited.

Healthily strong plants six to eight inches high can be set out when danger from killing frost is past.

Every farmer in the Magic Valley, and his family, is welcome to attend the Congress.

Those in charge of the event to 1,500 farmers will attend, depending on weather conditions.

15,884 TREES IN COUNTY PLANTED

A total of 15,884 trees was ordered and planted by 40 cooperators at the school of forestry and the Clark-Bellamy act, during 1940.

Records show that this is one of the largest shipments of trees coming into Twin Falls county for wood, windbreak and shelter belt planting.

During the month of February 1940, Gilbert D. Bessie, extension forestry assistant, in conducting a series of six meetings throughout the county, which time motion pictures were shown on forestry subjects.

Reports show that Mr. Johnson received a very satisfactory percentage of trees planted, however, will be replaced by the school of forestry this spring.

COVERS PROTECT TOMATO PLANTS

Two types of protective covers used in the past two years show promise of protecting tomatoes against early top disease or "tomato blight," according to a recent publication by W. E. Shull, entomologist, and E. L. Turner, field extension service.

Formerly called "western tomato blight," the disease is caused by a virus transmitted to the tomato by the leaf hopper or "white fly," leafhoppers that have fed upon a plant infected with early top in turn feed upon the tomato plant, infecting the virus into it.

First appearing stunted, the plant gives a rigid, upright appearance, and the leaves fall firm and leathery. As the disease develops, the plants are yellow and color starting at the tip and gradually working down. The leaves become more curled and the veins are reddened and have a purplish color.

The types of protection are the cloth houses, which provide complete protection throughout the season, while the other is the individual cover for each plant.

Materials needed for the construction of the houses are outlined by the publication, which then describes construction methods.

Individual plant covers provide the best protection for the commercial grower, as the number of plants that can be set out is not limited.

Healthily strong plants six to eight inches high can be set out when danger from killing frost is past.

Covers should be constructed light enough to prevent any insect from gaining entrance and should be left over the ground from one to two weeks following the peak of the migration of the leaf hoppers.

It also adds richness to other foods, and as an all-purpose shortening ideal for home use, doughnuts, and other uses where shortening is required.

Thompson's "The Utilizing Land" also provided a booklet by the livestock and meat board, which was available at the office of County Agent D. T. Bollingbrook.

Longest Speech William Vincent Allen made the longest continuous speech ever delivered in congress in 1822, for 19 hours against a bill in October, 1822.



COME EARLY! ...STAY LATE!

It's a gala day for the Farmer!

FARMERS' CONGRESS

to mark the FOURTH ANNUAL FARMERS' CONGRESS

This Thursday, March 13, will see another gala Farmers Congress—a day already famous throughout Idaho for its originality and importance. Sponsored by your Twin Falls implement dealers and your Twin Falls newspapers, the Fourth Annual Farmers Congress promises to surpass in timeliness and effectiveness all others. Headlined by N. E. Dodd, Washington, AAA western director of the Department of Agriculture; featuring our own Idaho experts and bringing a new and different idea in the Farm Inventions display, this Farmers Congress will be one that every Magic Valley farmer will want to attend.

PROGRAM

| | |
|--|---|
| MORNING SESSION ROXY THEATER 10:00 A. M. Moving Picture Subject 10:45 A. M. J. N. Dayley, president Idaho Farm Bureau, will speak on general farm problems in Magic Valley. 11:15 A. M. W. L. Hendrix, president Idaho State Dairyman's Association who will address the convention on the future of dairying. 11:30 A. M. Adjourn for luncheon. | AFTERNOON SESSION RADIOLAND HALL 1:30 P. M. N. E. Dodd, western regional director for the United States Department of Agriculture, who will discuss the farmer's place in our economy "under the impact of war." 2:15 P. M. Adjourn to Twin Falls Livestock Commission Co. yards for a demonstration of dairy and beef cattle under direction of W. L. Hendrix and Edgar H. Olmstead, Twin Falls. |
|--|---|

THURSDAY, MARCH THIRTEENTH

Plus...a big city-wide Dollar Day by Twin Falls Merchants

Here's Method Offered to Aid Cattle Grub Control

By R. H. WILLIAMS
Experiments conducted by the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, as well as numerous other workers, have shown that the abundance of earth grubs, *Hydrophilus* (D. Vill.) and *H. bovei* (L.), can be greatly reduced and the annoyance to the adult beef heifer, very largely eliminated by rubbing the backs of infested cattle with a special wash containing a certain percentage of derris or rotenone. The wash should be applied before and after the grubbing from the back and the applications should be repeated about once a month until the grubbing of the cattle is over in the back of the cattle. The grubs "swarms" or "swarms" in the back of the cattle are the young larvae of the fire flies. When the grubs have attained their full growth in the back of the cow, they crawl out of the pocket, or exit, which it has prepared for five weeks before and drop to the ground. On the ground it pupates, a pupation which usually will permit the pupa to emerge in about four or five weeks. Later the pupa changes into a fire fly. The female fly goes to the cattle pasture to lay her eggs, and she lives only a few days. Usually the eggs are laid on the hair around the face, but occasionally they may be laid on hair along the belly or elsewhere in a very few days. The eggs hatch, and the tiny larvae, or grub, burrow through the skin past the hair of the hair upon which the eggs were laid. Having thus effected an entrance, the young grubs pupate a definite course through the body of the animal, reaching the back about nine months later.

How to Kill

Earth grubs makes a hole in the skin of the back and burrows in the back of the cow, and the grubs, through which it sets out, the grubs burrow through the skin past the hair of the hair upon which the eggs were laid. Having thus effected an entrance, the young grubs pupate a definite course through the body of the animal, reaching the back about nine months later.

Applying Wash

The wash should be applied before the grubs drop from the back. The grubs become black before they drop; therefore, a few days before the grubs are to be of a dark shade the first application of the wash should be made at once.

Beet Pulp Ready for Idaho Stock

BY IVAN H. LOUGHARY
(Extension Director)
Thousands of tons of beet pulp are now available for livestock. This material is a by-product of Idaho's sugar beet industry and can be used successfully in the feeding of livestock. Beet pulp is a feed of low nutritive value containing 12 to 15 per cent water-soluble carbohydrates. There is a large amount of phosphorus in beet pulp. Phosphorus is a nutrient that should be supplied when a normal ration will supply ample calcium, but phosphorus should be supplied in the form of a mineral supplement or a mineral supplement of a mineral supplement.

Preparation of Wash

Warm water should be used in order to dissolve the soap rapidly and in a good proportion of the hair. To save time, the soap or derris powder should be weighed out in paper bags and added to the water. When a large number of cattle are being treated, it has been found expedient to dissolve 25 ounces of soap in 12 quarts of water heated in a large bucket over a wood fire. The soap has been dissolved in each of the 12 quarts contains two ounces of soap. One quart of the soap concentrate is added to every quart of warm water to make each gallon of wash. The wash is stirred. The powder is first dissolved in the water before the soap is added.

BETTER PRODUCTION DATA VALUABLE

Pointing out that "it is reasonable to assume that many growers who now produce less than the maximum possible crop could be induced by methods greatly increase their yields," the U. S. department of agriculture, bulletin on "Increasing Growing Under Irrigation in the Utah-Idaho Area" provides valuable data on best growing practices.

The bulletin, copies of which are available at the office of County Agent D. T. Bollinger, opens with the observation that the consistent production of increased tonnage of sugar beets of satisfactory quality per acre is the logical solution to certain pressing problems confronting the growers and sugar factories in producing areas.

Elements Important
Rainfall, sunshine, wind and humidity play the important roles in best production, and variations in any of these factors make an area unsuitable for the crop.

Turning to field selection, the work points out that careful consideration should be given to contours, soil type, fertility and the physical condition of the soil.

Best lands in the irrigated region are those that have a gradual uniform slope, which allows for the efficient use of water. A better irrigation of some fields may be secured sometimes by laying out the field so that rows run at an angle with the slope. On flat fields where the water in the soil is such that the penetration of water is rapid, relief is found in shortening the rows and water by spacing the laterals closer together.

Of great importance in the publication concerns that "light and intermediate forms are best adapted to sugar-beet culture, as they are more easily handled, are least subject to crushing, and usually produce better crop yields than others."

Irrigation practices are also treated. The publication points out that it is well to practice irrigation in time of abundance of water so that the crop may not need to call on the reservoir supplies so soon after the start of the season.

"Beets grow best when supplied with ample moisture. Excessive or deficient irrigation seriously injures the crop. Moderate irrigation is best at frequent intervals since beet for sugar beet growing. The total quantity of water applied is the quantity used at any one time varies for different climates and soils."

Adequate drainage through tile or open ditch is advocated as a means of any soil by its characteristic effect upon the soil in the nature of soil drainage and the menace of disease and pests. Crop sequence practices are advised. The bulletin includes the following suggestions, as a number have proved successful:

Manures and fertilizers discussed by the book include barnyard manure, green-manure crops and commercial fertilizers.

Practices Vary
Cultivation practices are next presented, from preparation of the seed bed through plowing, crowing and replowing, harrowing, disking, rolling and leveling.

"A properly prepared seed bed for sugar beets is deep, moist, and firm. The soil should be worked to a fine texture and it should be smooth and level. Beet seeds should be properly planted when placed in moist soil about one inch beneath the surface in a seed bed. The soil must be deep enough to supply ample feeding area for the beet, which is a deep-rooting plant," continues the bulletin.

Important factors to consider in planting sugar beet seeds are: depth of planting, depth, quantity of seed and proper mechanical placing of the seed in the soil. All of these factors are subject to some variation for differences in soils and climatic conditions, according to the discussion.

Other phases of the industry described are such aspects of handling the mature crop as spacing, block-fing and thinning, hoeing, cultivation and harvesting and these are discussed in the publication.

675 Insure Crops In Cassia County

Preliminary reports indicate 675 growers in Cassia county have taken out federal all-risk crop insurance for the 1941 crop. Mr. A. Shaw, Jr., of the county AIA committee in charge of crop insurance, announced.

The sign-up for spring wheat crop insurance was conducted by the county AIA office, and many applications in the county made applications for their wheat insurance at the time they filed out the first farm plan check.

In the state 11,000 growers applied for 1941 crop insurance, compared with 6,300 insured growers in 1940, and 3,700 in 1939.

Find Farm Life-Dull? Try This



It's dangerous but Cecil Cornish, 23, thinks that riding the bulls the monopoly of spring plowing on his Wagon, Okla., farm. He has trained these two golden brown palominos to clear the hedges. Roman style with perfect balance and timing. The horses aren't tied together and a misstep would mean a bad spill for Cornish. He'll do the trick at rodeos along the southwestern rodeo circuit.

Consumer Welfare Vital to Farmer

"The farmer's stake in consumer welfare," says the annual report of the Consumers' Council, "parallels that nation's stake in farm welfare. There are two wheels to a cart; one less both are in working condition the cart can't bring products of the farm to town or carry back city products to the farm. Farmers have a stake in consumer welfare because agriculture depends upon purchases of the power in the hands of consumers, both urban and rural, to provide a market for farm products."

The incomes and expenditures of consumers are the sources of farm income. Another paragraph comments: "Farmers have another stake in consumer welfare, their own consumer interest. They are food consumers, too. Not only does the average farm's expenditure for living purposes account for more than half of its total outlay for living and productive operations, but, with the city family, its expenditure for purchased food is the largest single item in the budget. Sixteen per cent of the total outlay of the average farm is estimated to have been spent for purchased food in 1935-36."

CONTROL MAPPED ON SEED MAGGOT

Methods of curbing the destruction caused by the seed corn maggot are shown in a leaflet distributed by the University of Idaho, extension division, and prepared by W. E. Shull, entomologist, and H. W. Smith, assistant entomologist.

In describing the seed corn maggot, it pointed out in the booklet that the adults are grayish-brown flies about one-fifth of an inch long. The cream-colored larvae or maggots are found burrowing in potato seed pieces, corn seed, bean seeds and other seeds in the soil, particularly during cool, wet springs. This insect tunnels into the seed before germination takes place, usually causing it to fail to sprout, or, if it does sprout, the plant is weak and sickly.

Adult Emerges in May
The winter is passed in the pupal stage in the soil near where the maggots were feeding; the previous autumn they hatched and the adult fly emerges and lays its eggs in the soil near some form of decaying vegetable matter, such as turned-under manure or humus.

The eggs hatch in a few days and the tiny maggots work their way into any suitable food which may be nearby, such as seeds in process of germination. Injury is usually most severe in wet, cool seasons and on land rich in organic matter. There are about three generations a year.

The leaflet authors recommend the following control methods: "There is no specific control for this insect, but the use of a fertilizer, it should be well-rotted manure. About the middle of May there are several spots which the grower may take by way of prevention which will help in reducing the amount of injury."

1-Plant susceptible crops on well-drained land and in soil that is naturally warm.

2-If manure to be used as a fertilizer, it should be well-rotted manure. The seed should be spread and ploughed under in the fall.

3-Work up the seed bed thoroughly to insure rapid, vigorous growth.

4-Plant as shallow as possible, since the upper soil is usually warmer than at a greater depth.

5-If the spring is wet and cold, delay planting until warmer weather prevails.

6-If the first crop is destroyed by this insect, it is usually safe to replant, as the majority of the maggots have reached maturity and have ceased feeding by that time.

Chemurgy to Boost Idaho Farm Income

Idaho has an opportunity of developing into a prosperous, new chemical state. The National Chemurgy Council, countered immediate assistance of the national council in bringing about a permanent nationwide organization composed of farmers and business men for the furtherance of chemurgy in the state of Idaho.

So far as Idaho is concerned, this movement was first initiated when the Idaho Chamber of Commerce embarked on a program of industrial development for Idaho, which included the cooperation of the Idaho Power Company.

In the interest of developing new uses for Idaho farm products and for finding new products to bring in higher crop income as a result of new industrial demands, Mr. Gale attended conferences not only in Columbus, O., but also met with chemurgy research scientists in Louisville, Ky., at Chicago and other places in the national conference of the National Chemurgy Council.

It was the opinion of chemurgy research scientists that if a program of chemurgy is properly and efficiently carried out in the state of Idaho, with the industrial needs kept foremost in mind, the income of the state of Idaho, both agricultural and industrial, would be increased many millions of dollars.

"I was greatly interested in several new products now needed by American industry, which the expert said can be produced with Idaho soil, including Idaho farm products as a higher per acre income," said Mr. Gale.

"The long growing season, the climate, the fertility of land use and the availability of abundant electric power and water for the processing and fabrication of agricultural products in Idaho, were advantages of our soil and that attracted the chemurgy expert."

Mr. Gale brought out that the research specialists knew the farm chemurgy possibilities of Idaho. They had numerous ideas as to what could be grown and fabricated in Idaho at an increased profit to the farmer.

So great is the interest of the National Farm Chemurgy Council in the development of chemurgy in Idaho that Ernest Little, the executive director of the National Chemurgy Council, countered immediate assistance of the national council in bringing about a permanent nationwide organization composed of farmers and business men for the furtherance of chemurgy in the state of Idaho.

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National Chemurgy Council scientists and chemists with whom he met that the farm problem of America and much of our present economic ills can be solved by the proper application of chemistry science.

"Farm chemurgy, or the production, processing and fabrication of agricultural products, is not a new, untried thing, but a proven science which has already brought whole farming areas into a new and abiding prosperity. Many cash income sources which can be processed into finished or semi-finished products can be developed here in Idaho, as well as the greater use of our present production, such as cattle, poultry, seeds and fibres.

"Farm chemurgy is a proved program, and the guarantee in it has been eliminated." Mr. Little said. "We can't expect spontaneous results, but great possibilities exist if we are willing to give forth the proper effort toward keeping pace with present-day economic trends in the handling of agricultural problems."

MR. FARMER

(Why Not Mix a Little Pleasure Along With Your Work)

Take time off once in a while to do some boat fishing, or if you wish just boat riding for the pleasure it affords, and it really is a very inexpensive pleasure.

My boss is away and I am going to do some TRADING while he is gone.

I will trade you a fine DUNPHY BOAT for No. 1 White Beans and allow you \$2.25 a hundred for your beans.



"SPECIAL" 16-ft. Dunphy Boat used as a demonstrator but as good as new. Regular \$171.50 for \$129.50

Get a CHAMPION for the finest fishing motor made. Priced as low as \$39.95

DIAMOND HDWE. CO.

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SEE... THE LITTLE Tractor With the BIG Pull OLIVER

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- Lutz Hay Cutters and Feed Grinders
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Where Can You Find a Better Line of Ranch and Home Equipment!

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Wholesale HARDWARE Retail

welcomes you to the 4th Annual Farmers Congress with this reminder:



KRENGEL'S Sturdy Built Potato Sorter

KRENGEL'S Potato Sorters and Pilers

These sorters and pilers are built right in Twin Falls and well built of good materials. They are designed to suit local conditions and have been tried and proven by many of your neighbors. See them in the street display during the Farmers Congress.

GENERAL HARDWARE REPAIRING

SMALL TOOLS, SMALL IMPLEMENTS, FENCING, DAIRY SUPPLIES, NAILS, BOLTS and NUTS, GATES, ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES and FIXTURES, PUMPS

Krengel's hardware department is the biggest stock of hardware for the farm and home in South Central Idaho. You can depend on getting your usual hardware needs from our stock, and we can fill any unusual requests in a minimum amount of time.

Your headquarters for farm needs

Krengel's Wholesale HARDWARE Retail

Krengel's Colorado Corrugator

This redesigned and improved corrugator is recognized all over the West as outstanding in horse drawn corrugators. It gives the advantage of an easier operated cart type corrugator plus a sharp, true and smooth sheet. This machine designed and manufactured by Krengel's to comply with local demands.

LIVESTOCK FEEDING STRIDES AHEAD IN MAGIC VALLEY

Assumes Major Role in Modern Farming Picture

Magic Valley ranchers, quick to adopt approved farming practices, are placing increased emphasis upon livestock raising and feeding, current surveys in this section show.

Representing parallel growth is the livestock marketing industry, which in recent years has experienced marked development in Twin Falls—heart of a rich Idaho range and feeding area. Moving to sales from feed lots and ranges, cattle are purchased by packing house representatives and by private buyers for such purposes as developing dairy herds. Sheep, swine and horses also enter the sales rings.

Although only 20 years ago the supply of Idaho feed was but little more than sufficient to winter range stock, the increase in irrigation and development of large agricultural areas has increased feed production. Year-around feeding is the logical solution to the problem of surplus feed production and this vast livestock industry includes dairying, raising, raising, fattening and finishing beef cattle and lambs for market.

Modern operations centering in irrigated sections bordering Snake River and its tributaries, this phase of livestock raising is being practiced all over the Magic Valley. The Idaho range has been largely eliminated.

Advantages of finishing feeder calves in Idaho feed lots are many, recently by E. P. Rinehart, extension animal husbandman, include the following:

1. Livestock is withheld from the markets during periods of largest prices, such as in close of winter season when all unfattened cattle and lambs were formerly shipped.
2. Waste feeds consisting of aftermath in harvested fields and waste growth along ditch banks and fence rows are utilized.
3. The balance of animal matter in the feed is more economical.
4. Feed crops go to a home market.
5. Lengthening of the livestock marketing period.
6. Available markets are increased.
7. Securing of the increased value usually existing between the price of feed and fat stock.
8. Employment of farm labor during the winter.
9. Growth of feeding operations, in turn dovetails closely with establishment of large packing plants in the west where beef, pork and mutton are processed, as the packing trade tends a fairly uniform distribution of receipts on the market throughout the year.

Basic Ration

Idaho's abundant alfalfa hay is the basic ration, and the kind of feed utilized is a determining factor in annual feeding. With a ration of slaughter cattle recognized, class, grade and age are prime factors.

Cows and two-year-old steers fatten rapidly on a high proportion of roughage, such as hay, and feed less although the kind of finish will lower the market price. Some grain is necessary to increase length of the feeding period of the two- and three-year-old steers ranging from 120 to 150 days.

Yearlings require an average of 100 or more days on grain to put them in proper market condition, and a higher percentage of grain in proportion to roughage is required.

Cows require a fair high grain content and a limited roughage ration. The tendency of three-year-old steers, rather than fatness, necessitating the heavy grain ration. It is ready for the market from six to eight months in the feed lot.

Type and degree of finish determine the market grade of cattle, and common and medium grades are not as long on feed as a concentrated ration as the good and choice stock. Many steers that finish on a "trade good" or "trade" if properly finished, must be graded "low" because of lack of finish.

Even distribution of cattle on the market throughout the year finds dry cows and two- and three-year-old steers from the summer range meeting summer and fall demands. Cattle mature, fatten, cut back from grass fat cattle shipped from the range fill early winter needs, with yearlings ready in the winter and early spring. Calves put on feed the preceding fall follow in May and June.

Within the past three or four years Magic Valley feeding activities have experienced an increased 50 per cent increase. This interest is reflected by the inclusion of stock feeding projects in high school vocational agriculture to prepare farmers of the future for their roles.

Quality Marks Idaho Turkeys

Because American families regard the turkey as their "holiday meal," the quality and finish must be of the best, according to a University of Idaho extension service publication upon "Turkey Raising in Idaho."

One of the keys to successful turkey raising is meeting the problem of disease, and sanitation, good management and proper feed have been found to be the most effective methods toward achieving this end, the bulletin points out.

With attention to these and other factors, Idaho turkey raisers should find their ventures profitable, as Idaho turkeys are of superior quality, it continues.

"No other section produces finer quality and there are few lines grow as fine. There appears to be an element in this high altitude intermountain country which contributes to the development of well meated birds, and especially high quality turkeys. The national crop may be large at times, but it seems probable that Idaho quality always will bring a premium," the writers indicate.

Market Traits

The turkey industry is characterized by price fluctuations and when prices are high many people plunge in on a large scale without previous experience. The successful grower is one who develops slowly and in proportions to his accumulation of information and experience. To be successful, it is necessary to "ride" the price waves, according to the work.

To the end of equipping growers to produce better quality birds, the publication provides data upon breeding, sanitation, feeding, and other important phases of the industry.

Two-year-old hens, or older, are better breeders than young ones, and breeding stock that is heavy standard weight, if vigorous and conforming to the ideal for the breed, is best. It is advisable to select breeding stock early and then keep the best.

Because breeding stock must range freely and obtain the best green feed, it is wise to separate it from the general flock before finishing of the market stock is started. Green to the extent that turkeys will consume them is a good plan to be observed.

Small units recommended.

Because breeding and related procedures, the bulletin advises preparation of nests in the fields, on ditches or in the sagebrush. Suitable equipment should be on hand when the points arrive, as "it is poor economy" to hasten them and then suffer losses because of inadequate equipment.

Small units recommended.

Setting hens should be able to keep warm and should not be annoyed, the specialist pointed out. They also should not be given too many eggs.

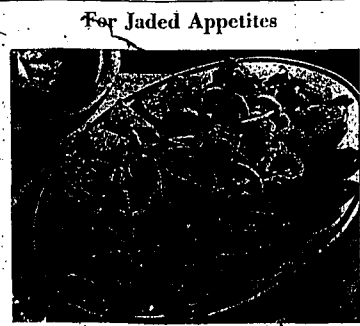
When artificial brooding is practiced it should be conducted in small units, with 150 points to the unit, termed as "sufficient" and a smaller number as "much safer." Artificial brooding is an economical practice when properly done.

Birds should not be fed wet and sloppy feeds. Sour milk as drink and dry feed are safer than to combine them with wet mash. Also advised is oyster shell and bone-meal in liberal quantities for bone development of the birds.

An abundance of succulent green feed is required for points, and cod liver oil is highly beneficial in giving them a good start. When fully feathered and favored by warm weather they will be able to range for part of their own food.

As a paring bit of advice, the bulletin adds, "A practice that has proved successful should not be discarded until another is known to be better."

Although land in farms was greater than ever before, the 1940 census reported a 3.1 per cent decline in the number of farms since 1935. The new total is 6,000,780, compared with 6,212,250 in 1935 and 6,228,618 in 1930.



Here's a real treat for appetites. It's called Rusek link, and it's so easy to fix. You'll want to add this to your list of "how to win compliments and influence appetites."

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CROP-DESTROYING WEEDS INCREASE

WASHINGTON—In the wake of depression and drought, agricultural experts are predicting crop-destroying weeds will increase enormously since about 1920.

Cooperating with agricultural experiment stations, the agricultural department is conducting field experiments on hundreds of infested areas in Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and other states to develop effective methods of controlling the more noxious species.

Certain very aggressive weeds, numbering about 20 species and called "perennial" with strongly creeping roots, have got out of control over wide areas, it was said.

Grass-destroying weeds of this type occupied less than 1,000,000 acres in 1920, but today more than 6,000,000 acres are involved and by 1940, agricultural experts estimated, more than 12,000,000 acres will be infested unless weeds are controlled.

The department officials said that these weeds reduce crop yields by from 15 to more than 50 per cent and that no adequate or feasible means for controlling many of these weeds were known.

There are 25,000 drug stores in the U. S., according to the census, and their annual receipts amount to \$1,562,438,600.

Crop Improvement Plans Solving Major Problems

The crop improvement program of the county agent's office is one of the major ones carried out in any one year, figures show.

The major crop-destroying weeds have been controlled with serious difficulty in the past, but because of the assistance and research of the college of agriculture of the University of Idaho, as well as other cooperative agencies, some of these problems are now being solved, a report shows.

Resistant Bean

The bean acreage consisting of more than 400,000 acres has been saved by development of a white-flowered bean, called "resistant bean," which is now being worked on, and increased plots being put out in the county for the first time this year.

County potato acreage in Twin Falls, 1940, totaled 10,000 acres, or 18,000 acres annually, which makes it one of the county's most important cash crops. During the past year or two, the report shows, some serious disease problems have presented themselves to the potato industry.

Seed and marketing problems have also been developed. No crop in this county's agricultural program has more in need of scientific investigation than the potato crop.

Concerning this crop, Bert Dooling, county agent, said:

"Experiment station and extension service should give considerable time and effort and employ the proper personnel to carry on this important program. This county is not a potato seed growing area and represents a great market for seed potatoes for commercial purposes. Many advantages have been made for seed potatoes in this area. More educational work and a stricter control of the certified seed problem is necessary."

Concerning commercial fertilizers, the report shows that the use of commercial fertilizer is a general practice in the county, yet there are several kinds of fertilizer and different combinations being sold to the farmer, the definite value of them not having been demonstrated by the experiment stations and the extension service.

The report declares that the farmers are not causing more interest in the fertilizer problem than there are several "boarded-up" spots annually in the county for the county for fertilizers that have little or no value.

Soil Control

Concerning the rodent and predatory animal control, the report shows that the rodent bait program in Twin Falls county does not necessitate an extensive program. However, control campaigns are carried on for jack rabbits, ground squirrels, pocket gophers, rock chuck and English sparrows.

During the past two or three years, the winters have been very mild with

Average Fleece Weights Increase

From 1930 to 1940, the average fleece weights of sheep shorn in United States increased from two pounds to eight pounds, according to Daniel A. Spencer of the Bureau of Animal Industry. On the average, the increase in fleece weights was six hundredths of a pound a year—six pounds in 100 years. This upward trend is continuing under the stimulus of the scientific wool breeding programs now in progress. In 1939 the average fleece weighed 7.56 pounds, according to Spencer, and in 1940 it was 8.03 pounds, an increase of seven hundredths of a pound.

Wool, particularly in the United States, has made rapid gains in weight and quality. Certain years have become a menace in some sections of the country and cause considerable loss to farm crops.

Summer lambing is not entirely satisfactory, but rabbits can be eliminated very readily with the proper winter conditions, the report shows.

Ground squirrels are found in some sections of the irrigated sections but principally on the vacant lands, adjacent to the irrigated tract. The various government agencies and county and state agencies cooperate in the control of these rodents. Rock chucks are still an annoyance in the rocky canyons which are in adjacent to the irrigated tract. Poison campaigns are carried on each year for the control of these pests.

FREEDOM for FARMERS

the Allis-Chalmers way With the Rubber-Tired Tractor

When you see our exhibit at the 4th Annual Farmers Congress to be held in Twin Falls, March 13, you will see the Allis-Chalmers tractor—a product of nine years' production. It's a long step from the first rubber-tired tractor for farm use introduced in 1932 and which was dubbed a "pipe-dream" by those who doubted that Allis-Chalmers is regarded as the pioneer leader in small tractors for small farms. It gives you speed where you need it for faster work—light weight but plenty of pulling power. Remember that the best assurance of the Future is the performance of the Past!

Attend the 4th ANNUAL FARMERS CONGRESS On March 13 in Twin Falls

Hear the outstanding speakers who will be presented—and see, of course, our exhibit of farm implements.

SPECIAL DISPLAY

See the new All-Crop Harvester No. 90 on display at the Farmers Congress. It has adjustable cylinder speed while in operation—engine or power take-off drive.

SEE THESE NEW NEW IDEA SPREADERS

IT WILL PAY YOU!

THE NEW IDEA MODEL 10

With this new spreader you can spread fertilizer, lime, and other materials. It's the most popular spreader in the world. It's the only spreader with the new 10" hopper. It's the only spreader with the new 10" hopper. It's the only spreader with the new 10" hopper.

HOWARD TRACTOR COMPANY

Twin Falls Allis-Chalmers Dealer

WORK Clothes for the great outdoors

Here is high quality work clothes built for active outdoor men who like day in... day out service at reasonable cost... All Van Engelen work clothes are shrank for toughest jobs... Color tested and most are sanforized shrank! Check the values listed below... Hundreds more are offered in our big men's work clothing department. Shop and be convinced.

- Red Cap Work SHIRTS**
 - The heaviest, toughest coats and shirts in heavy shirts have been popular with farmers for years... reinforced. Regular or extra long.
 - 59c
 - 79c
- WORK PANTS**
 - Tougher grey or green whipcord in weights for all work purposes. Extra heavy all cloth pockets, wide belt loops, reinforced pockets. Sanforized.
 - \$1.49
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 - \$2.98
- BOSS GLOVES**
 - Medium weight, popular for farm work. Extra heavy spring. Fleece lined with canvas, with red elastic cuff.
 - 3 Pair 25c
- Whipcord RIDING BREECHES**
 - Check the quality... compare the price and be convinced. Five deep suit cloth pockets... one and a button thru hip. Double reinforced in c.c. button leg. Green, grey, tan.
 - \$1.98
 - and
 - \$2.98

- Zipper Front WORK SHIRTS**
 - Red Cap, a double duty work shirt to give months of extra wear on hard jobs because they're reinforced with double layers of tough fabrics at wear points.
 - 98c
- BANDANA HANKS**
 - Choice of two popular sizes, 18"x18" or 24"x24". Red or blue printed rounds, guaranteed fast colors. Itemized.
 - Large Size 10c
 - Small Size 5c

- Boss Leather Face GLOVES**
 - Tough canvas backs, faced with the toughness of pliable corse. Ribbed elastic wrist.
 - 49c
- Rockford Work SOCKS**
 - Grey tops, soft white foot. Heavy weight.
 - 2 for 25c
 - Blue or brown tops, extra heavy with reinforced heel and toe.
 - 2 for 25c

LEE OVERALLS TO THE RESCUE! Tough D Denim Saves Women Hours of Toil!

"I CAN'T SHRINK THAT SANFORIZED JELT DENIM!"

"PROVE IT! HAD HER FINGERS WORKED TO THE BONE TILL YOU SHOWED UP!"

"JELT DENIM CUT ME OUT OF LOTS OF JOBS!"

Lee's long wear rescuee women from needless mending and patching! And Lee tailored sizes rescue men from old-time overall discomforts. Buy your exact size... they're Sanforized Shrink... they'll always fit like the day you bought them.

SEE THAT! SHELL!

Only WOLVERINE HORSEHIDES

Have This 3-Ply Shell Leather In Both Soles and Uppers!

SHELL HORSEHIDE is the strongest, toughest of leathers. It is found ONLY in that part of the hide over the horse's hump. The inner-shell is the center layer—a tough subsance like a cow's horn, or your fingernail. Its resistance to wear is much greater because the wear comes on the end of the grain, like the wear-resistant wood in a butcher's meat block. Wolverine's exclusive, triple-tanning formula makes this tough inner-shell leather buckskin SOFT, yet retains all its extra strength.

Try on a pair at our store... then you'll understand why MILLIONS of men agree that wearing WOLVERINE is one sure way to save your feet and your money.

WOLVERINE

Bees Move in Summer

Following the example of cattle raisers, California apiarists and beekeepers are moving their hives to the Sierra region for the summer months.

SEED TREATMENT REDUCES LOSSES

Pointing out that diseases have a marked quality upon potatoes and that this influence becomes more pronounced the longer the potato is grown in any section, Prof. J. M. Rafter of the University of Idaho plant pathology department, prepared a summary of "How to Treat Seed Potatoes."

As there is no vaccine for potato diseases, clean seed, crop rotation, sanitation, seed treatment and storage are essential, Professor Rafter writes.

"Although seed treatment does not guarantee absolute control of any of the various potato diseases, it does reduce the extent of common scab, rhizoctonia, blackleg, bacterial ring rot and dry rot. Seed treatment will likewise reduce sprout decay, particularly in the case of early-planted potatoes. The fact that seed treatment is not a cure for all potato diseases does not lessen its value. . . . Experimental evidence indicates that the production of Idaho U. S. No. 1 potatoes is increased when the seed is properly treated," comments the expert.

Formaldehyde and certain compounds are used for the modern seed treatment. Formaldehyde is a gas, which, when dissolved in water, is known as formalin. The latter is the form in which the material appears on the market. Dr. Rafter continues:

Formalin may be applied in two ways. The first is the hot-water method. It is mixed 30-40 per cent aqueous solution of formalin and poured over the seed. The material is in 30 gallons of water.

"Soak the seed in the solution for one and one-half hours. The efficiency of the treatment can be increased if the tubers to be treated are sprayed a day or two previous to treatment and kept moist during the soaking time by covering with pre-sprinkling will increase the efficiency of any treatment with which it is used," Professor Rafter advises.

When using the hot method, a solution is made up of commercial formalin in 10 gallons of water. The temperature of the solution is raised to 125 degrees F. The previous year's tubers are dipped in the warm solution for four minutes, after which they are removed and covered for one hour. The potatoes should then be thoroughly dried, particularly so if they are packed back in storage. If the treating vat is large enough to accommodate five or more sacks, it should be well before the tubers raise the temperature of the solution to about 125 to 130 degrees F. Thus when the more or less cut potatoes are placed in the solution, the temperature will rise at about the desired point for treating," the bulletin continues.

There are two types of mercury treatment — the long-line acid method and the acid-mercury dip. In the first method, the potatoes are dipped in a solution of four ounces of the material to one quart of hot water before being put into 30 gallons. The dipping continues for 10 minutes and one-third of an ounce of mercuric chloride is added. The feature of this method is that the mercuric chloride is a deadly poison and the tubers should not be fed to stock.

Commenting upon the acid-mercury dip, Professor Rafter says: "To eliminate the time element, one disadvantage of the long-line mercuric chloride method, a short-time dip treatment using the same material has been instituted. In this acid-mercury dip, the mercury salt is dissolved in hydrochloric acid and then made up to volume with water. Six ounces of mercuric chloride are dissolved in one quart of commercial hydrochloric acid. This solution is then added to 25 gallons of water in a non-metallic container and cut or uncut seed dipped in for 10 minutes. The problem of poison is also involved here.

Organic mercury may also be used successfully as a short-time dip, the report shows.

CRICKET CONTROL MOVE NECESSARY

Because a migration of Mormon crickets infested the southern portion of Twin Falls county from Nevada in 1939 and again in 1940, cricket control will probably be one of the larger projects during 1941, Bert Bollingbrook, Twin Falls county agent, said in his report for 1940.

After the cricket infestation control methods were immediately initiated but large deposits of eggs were laid by the insects. The infestation is from Rogerson, Hollister and Berger on west to the county line, the report shows.

Seek to Confine It "Efforts will be made to confine the infestation to the area of the infestation and prevent the crickets from infesting the agricultural lands of the county," Bollingbrook said.

Another insect that needs considerable attention and investigation work is the wire worm. Certain sections of Twin Falls county are badly infested in this pest and they cause considerable damage to the various crops. The grasshopper control problem will no doubt be serious this year. The agent points out, "The most effective work on this project during the past season and indications are that potato growers will be necessary only in limited areas."

Other Pests "Other insects that will need attention during the coming season will be Colorado potato beetle, insects, and alfalfa weevil. The alfalfa weevil made its appearance in Twin Falls county last year for the first time in many years. No doubt grasshopper operations will be necessary for the control of this pest during the coming season.

MACHINES TO FIT FARM REPLACE PROFIT-EATERS



One of the new small tractors, like this one, operates at a fuel cost of 10 cents an hour while pulling an 11 1/2 inch cultivator on a duck-footing and harrowing job.

By JACK A. THOMPSON WASHINGTON—Fit the machinery to the farm. This is the modern agricultural engineer, who's cutting the size of tractors for use on farms as small as 50 acres.

The hired-man could find shelter from a thunderstorm inside one wheel of the stout tractor of 20 years ago. The whole of this year's streamlined models are scarcely high enough to hide behind.

Others in Progress "The experts keep cutting the size of the machines pulled by tractors, too, so they'll be more economical for the small farm. Early combines would cut a 20-foot swath through a wheat field. Then they developed "baby" combines that cut a six-foot swath. The smallest of this year's combines will leave a trail just 40 1/2 inches wide. A one-plow tractor will pull it at a speed of three to five miles an hour.

The same tractor can pull a one-three plow four miles an hour if the soil isn't too heavy—two or three times as fast as a four-horse team could do it.

To further mechanize small farms,

Wheat Insurance Offsets Losses

Crop insurance last year offset heavy losses by wheat growers, particularly in four of the largest producing states where near-record abandonments occurred, says LeRoy K. Smith, manager of the Federal Crop Insurance corporation. Usually large abandonments in Nebraska, Texas, Kansas, and Oklahoma, Mr. Smith said, accounted for the greatest part of about 22,000,000 bushels in indemnities paid farmers throughout the country under the 1940 crop insurance program. The growers paid premiums for their protection with almost 15,000,000 bushels of wheat, but the corporation paid out about 7,000,000 bushels more than it took in.

"Balloon" Fish

When cornered by its enemies, the pike or porcupine fish inflates like a toy balloon. The air which it takes into its body is great quantities of air. In fact, as a life-preserver and force, the fish to the surface.

The 1940 census reported 241,856 gasoline filling stations in the U. S., compared with 197,500 in 1935.

EX-CEL

Your assurance of meats from the choicest of Magic Valley livestock processed right here in Magic Valley for you Magic Valley people is this Ex-Cel Brand.

Ex-Cel, or Idaho, branded meats are of the best of Magic Valley's livestock. They represent prime Magic Valley livestock processed into the finest meat products Magic Valley can offer. We believe our institution fits into the agricultural picture to the best advantage possible. We offer every Magic Valley livestock grower a chance to contribute further to his and Magic Valley's prosperity. Consumers have learned through experience that Ex-Cel and Idaho brands may be depended upon.

MR. FARMER Here are our best wishes for a successful Fourth Annual Farmers Congress. We know the Farmer makes Magic Valley Prosperity. We also know this Magic Valley is ideal for raising more and better livestock which means more prosperity. May you profit from the special livestock program at this Farmers Congress.

Ask your retailer for EX-CEL or Idaho Braided Meats! And be sure you see the stamp

EX-CEL and IDAHO BRANDS ARE PACKED and DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT MAGIC VALLEY by

IDAHO PACKING COMPANY

A Home Institution

SPUDS RANK HIGH AS STOCK FEED

(By Extension Service) Potatoes are a succulent type of food containing about 20 per cent dry matter, the major portion of which is made up of starch or carbohydrates. They are very similar in composition to corn and range in nutritive value approximately twice as much digestible nutrients as wet beef pulp or beet tops but only about half the nutrients of alfalfa hay. Potatoes are definitely deficient in protein, minerals and vitamins and therefore should be fed only as a part of a well-balanced ration.

The feeding of potatoes in too large amounts or in unbalanced rations usually results in poor animal health, diarrhea, and a reduced milk flow.

Potatoes should be cut or chopped and fed to cows individually, preferably in stanchions. If potatoes are fed in the open to a group of cows, the liquid cows may not get their share, and frequently a "boss" cow will have her share and cause her to attempt to swallow a large potato which lodges in the throat. Potatoes should be fed in small amounts at first and the amount gradually increased up to 15 to 20 pounds daily for the smaller breeds such as Jersey and Guernsey; up to 25 pounds daily for the larger breeds such as Holsteins.

Some cows are susceptible to scours and bloat caused by potatoes. Some care should be used to determine the proper amount that each cow can consume without bloating or scouring. Raw potatoes should be fed in dairy cows, since more digestive troubles occur with cooked potatoes, and more time and expense are required to cook them.

Feed Only Sound Potatoes Chopping or cutting potatoes before feeding to cows. Only sound potatoes should be fed. All decayed or frozen potatoes, and "green" potatoes, should be sorted out before feeding. Sprouts should also be removed before feeding, as the sprouts and green tubers contain slight quantities of solanine, which is poisonous.

Feeding should be started in small quantities and the amount gradually increased. Potatoes have a laxative effect, so should not be fed with other feeds such as molasses, which have a similar effect. Cows should be watched carefully, and if the manure becomes too thin, or blood appears, the amount of potatoes should be reduced. Potatoes should be fed to cows as individuals, so as to control the quantity eaten by each cow, as some cows bloat or scour on smaller quantities than others.

When potatoes are fed to dairy cows, part of the alfalfa should be replaced by potatoes. Potatoes are worth about one-third the price of alfalfa hay, based on the nutritive value of the potatoes. In other words, the price in cents per bushel of potatoes should be the price of alfalfa in dollars per ton. If alfalfa is worth \$10 per ton, potatoes are worth 10 cents per bushel as a dairy feed.

Here they are! THE NEW FARMALLS

THE WHOLE FAMILY OF

plus the new FARMALL-B

Four Bears For Work

Here are four bears for work — big size, middle size, small size. You'll find each one a go-getter in every inch and ounce.

Satisfy yourself about the quality, power, comfort, and economy of these great tractors. Ask us about the new FARMALL prices.

Exhaust Powered Power Lift Now Available on A and B

Gaining NEW ATTENTION IN THEIR SECOND YEAR

International Diesel TRACTORS

Now you get International design, quality, performance — and International full DIESEL fuel economy — in sizes exactly suited to your power needs. The small TD-6, the big TD-18, the TD-9 and the TD-14 — that's the lineup. Each one is ready to lick the engine-power problems that belong to its range.

Here's the brand-new TD-6, the smallest Diesel crawler tractor ever built by International Harvester. This size Tractor is also available with gasoline engine.

THE NEW INTERNATIONAL TRUCKS

Headquarters for Magic Valley Farmer's Farm Needs

Let McVey's be your headquarters for farm machinery and farm hardware. McCormick-Deering farm machinery leads in sales for Magic Valley because farmers recognize it as best and because you can get the repairs you need when you need them. It's the complete line kept up-to-date with all the latest improvements. McVey's hardware department features farm hardware, the things you need on the farm from pitch forks to dam canvas.

- Milking Equipment
- Farm Hardware
- Harness
- Farm Machinery
- Repairs

NEW EARNING POWER FOR OWNERS!

Here are the great new hauling tools for your trade: Here are the new Line International trucks. These trucks are new in construction, new in appearance . . . and best of all, they are built with the graceful streamlined hood lines new power with unbeatable economy. The new International built-in Diesel and Truck Engines deliver added power at less costs than ever. Have 15 new earning power for your business. We'll let you demonstrate it for you!

WE WELCOME YOU TO FARMERS CONGRESS

THURSDAY, MARCH 13

Again as a Twin Falls implement dealer we are going to do our part to make this Farmers Congress interesting. The latest McCormick-Deering implements will be on display on the streets. The speakers, motion pictures and livestock program will be of unusual interest to you Magic Valley farmers. We urge you to reserve March 13 for a full day's visit to Twin Falls Farmers Congress — for an interesting day of fun and education.

McVEY'S

INTERNATIONAL TRUCKS — SALES and SERVICE
McCORMICK DEERING FARM MACHINERY

VIRUS RESISTANT BEANS DEVELOPED

Procedure and accomplishments of the Idaho Bean Improvement program are presented in detail by Douglas B. Murphy, state plant pathologist of the Idaho agricultural experiment station and formerly stationed at Twin Falls in a recent bulletin.

Made possible by federal funds, the program was initiated in 1923 to determine methods of combating bean diseases that have afflicted growers of south central Idaho. Since the improvement plan was started a number of Great Northern bean selections have been developed which are resistant to almost all common bean-mosaic, the forward of the publication, available at the offices of County Agent P. T. Hollingsworth, public out.

Ranka Hlah
As the state ranks third in total bean production in the United States, work in this field is of utmost importance economically in reducing loss through disease.

One of the problems has been use of experiment plots, of which the largest was located in the Twin Falls area. Other plots are located near Twin Falls, Jerome and Coalinga. Varieties studied included Great Northern, Red Mexican, Pinto and Small White.

New Varieties
The Great Northern U. L. No. 1, a variety resistant to the virus of common mosaic disease, was followed by the introduction of Great Northern U. L. No. 81, Great Northern U. L. No. 82 and Great Northern U. L. No. 123. Great Northern U. L. No. 123 is the most widely grown in the present, and was the other Great Northern selections represents almost the entire Great Northern crop.

"Although Idaho bean growers have some very serious disease problems, it is possible to escape some of the most destructive of the bean diseases found in the eastern and southern parts of the United States," Mr. Murphy writes.

In Four Groups
"Bean diseases in Idaho are divided into four main groups based on the causal agent of the disease. These groups are virus, bacterial diseases, fungus diseases and injuries due to other causes. These include curly top, common bean mosaic, yellow bean mosaic, halo blight, tarsonem root, rhizoctonia root rot, sunscald, hailburn, and injury through heat, severe storms and severe cold.

"The Great Northern U. L. No. 15 is the most recent Great Northern variety released and is resistant to all viruses of curly top and common bean mosaic. Two Red Mexican U. L. No. 1, 2 and Red Mexican U. L. No. 24, have recently been released and are resistant to the viruses of curly top and common bean mosaic. Many promising sections of various field and garden beans are still under test but the work is needed here that more will be released to Idaho bean growers."

Value Seen
"During seasons when curly top damage was severe, the yields of Great Northern U. L. No. 15, which is resistant to the viruses of curly top, bean mosaic and curly top, were found to be greater than the yields of Great Northern selections susceptible to curly top. Great Northern U. L. No. 15 may prove to be of special value when grown in areas usually infested by leaf beetles."

Also pointed out that yield data of Red Mexican U. L. No. 1 and Red Mexican U. L. No. 24 shows that a larger yield was obtained for selections resistant to common bean mosaic.

EGG PRODUCTION SHOWS INCREASE

Commentary upon the poultry and egg situation is provided by Earl H. Brockman, Caldwell, manager of the Idaho Egg Producers Association, who was in Twin Falls earlier this winter for a district meeting.

Discussing the egg outlook, Mr. Brockman pointed out that although the number of laying hens on farms in the United States fell 2 per cent in 1940, the previous year, receipts of eggs at terminal markets registered some increases over January of the previous year. This increase in egg production from smaller in size of hens is probably due to the fact that the winter contrast to cold mid-January weather last year.

Flocks on farms during December, 1940, are reported at 511,632,000, which is about 1 per cent less than both the 1939 and the 10-year (1929-1938) December average. Layers decreased 1 per cent in the western states, 4 per cent in the west north central states, and 5 per cent in the south central states, but increased 7 per cent in the North Atlantic and 4 per cent in the South Atlantic area, with practically no change in the east north central states. These reports indicate some shift in the number of layers on farms in the various sections of the United States, but only slight change in the total laying hen population for the United States as a whole.

Mr. Brockman continues, "The downward trend of the number of layers has been slowed down by the fact that recent years have included a slowing down of the number of layers on the market. It is believed that egg prices will be better than last year and that feed prices would probably not be higher. However, now that the weather conditions are so unsettled earlier than usual, lowering the market level, there may be a trend toward culling laying flocks, especially in the north central and west north central areas."

Market levels on the heavier classes of turkeys are 10 to 15 per cent higher than they were at this time last year. Killings of broiler turkeys on the market are also higher than the same time last year. Killings of broiler turkeys on the market are also higher than the same time last year. Killings of broiler turkeys on the market are also higher than the same time last year.

How Many Farms Does America Need?



Here is one of the ironies of the American farm problem. The department of agriculture makes studies which indicate that one-half American farms are prosperous, the other half poverty-stricken, and that the prosperous half could do the whole job of supporting the country alone. At the same time the U. S. bureau of reclamation proceeds with projects like the one at this lettuce farm in Coachella valley, Calif., where a branch of the All-American canal will irrigate 137,000 acres of land now a desert.

By BRUCE CATTON

WASHINGTON—John Steinbeck's "Grapes of Wrath" was a shocker aimed at the fertile valley ranches of California. But in the minds of many of the Department of agriculture's experts, it is a symbol of something that is happening to American agriculture as a whole.

This something is the growth of what they believe to be a new kind of agriculture, in which a farm is a crop-producing factory, run in a way of life—and in which some authorities foresee the rise of a permanent "class" of landless farm workers.

One authority, Paul S. Taylor, professor of economics at the University of California, testified before the La Follette committee on California farm labor troubles. Professor Taylor held that the plight of the "Okies" offers a preview of what is being done to happen in many other places.

Shrinking Chance
Until recently, he declares, a hand-working, three-man crew could be hired as a tenant or "hired man" and wind up a farm owner. But now a large number of persons are fully employed in agriculture—probably not far from one-third—have more or less fixed labor status as wage workers or share-croppers.

Dr. C. E. Zinkler, senior economist in the bureau of agricultural economics, remarks that farming is split into half-and-half prosperous and poverty-stricken. He adds: "As tenancy and mortgage debt have increased, there has been a tendency to extend the borders of the country characterized by poverty."

Here are some of the figures Dr. Baker dug out:
In 1929—a prosperous year—half the farmers in America sold 80 per cent of the farm produce and the other half sold 11 per cent. He estimates the first group could produce that additional 11 per cent—so that half 575 farms of the nation are not needed to feed and clothe the non-farm people.

More than a quarter of the nation's farms in 1939 raised less than \$200 in produce. (The average European peasant, says Dr. Baker, does nearly twice this well.) Nearly 1,000,000 farms produced less than \$400 apiece—and only a fifth of these were part-time farms.

Farm tenancy has been increasing, Dr. Baker says. Twenty-five per cent of all the land in Iowa is today owned by the insurance companies.
The bureau of agricultural economics asserts, "It has become increasingly difficult for tenants to become owners. . . . We have the beginnings of a permanent stratification of our farm population."

Increase Holdings
Hearings of the temporary national economic committee, department experts said, showed how good farm land has passed into ownership of big investment companies.
The 20 leading life insurance companies today hold \$529,000,000. This was an annual increase of \$185,000,000 in 10 years.



Workers in the carrot fields paid on a piece work basis. The claim is made that one-third of all those employed in agriculture now are wage workers or share croppers.

Metropolitan life, with 1,400,000 acres in 7153 farms, is today the nation's biggest farmer. More than 8 per cent of all the land in Iowa is today owned by the insurance companies.
A monograph prepared by the bureau of agricultural economics reports that the equity in the total farm land of the nation held by those who are cultivating the land has dropped from 42 per cent in 1930, to 39 per cent today.

U. S. citizens are spending more money for newspaper subscriptions now than ever in the last days of 1939, according to the census. Annual newspaper receipts from subscriptions amount to over \$306,000,000. This was an annual increase of \$185,000,000 in 10 years.

Experts Check up On Work of Bees

How greatly a colony of bees can aid a fruit grower is suggested by reports of recent studies by Frank E. Todd of the Pacific States bee culture field laboratory, operated cooperatively by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the University of California. An ingenious device known as a pollen trap enables bee specialists to estimate closely the number of loads of pollen the bees bring back to the hive.

From Feb. 15 to Nov. 1, one colony of bees averaged nearly 8,000 loads a day. Each load represents visits to 50 or more blossoms, or an average of about 2.5 of a million flowers visited a day.

For fruit growers the record is even more impressive. The speed up when the fruit bloom is plentiful, and during one day of the peak last spring this one colony brought in 22,000 loads of pollen. For rather this quantity would call for visits to equally 22 million blossoms, the bee specialists estimate.

IDAHO'S POULTRY INDUSTRY GROWS

Although 20 years ago the poultry business could hardly have been considered an industry, Idaho has a major enterprise on 45,000 Idaho farms. Being being institutional in nature, this about the University of Idaho poultry department and extension program are continuing to serve poultry growers of the state.

Estimates and census 20 years ago showed a production of only 43 cents per hen, while the average farm-flock was of small and indiscriminate breeds. Commercial hatcheries were practically unknown in the state, with hatched batches either by broods or in small home-owned and owned incubators. Scientific feeding was practically unheard of and during slack seasons of production eggs were insufficient for local consumption.

Today, the outlook has changed. Average production per hen is 129 eggs, an average increase of 80 eggs, and specialized poultry products average about 200.

The average farm flock now is made up of distinct breeds. The flock is housed in well constructed, insulated and well ventilated structures, and the ration is more carefully balanced than ever. Many other farm livestock. These changes have brought about the transition from small-scale "chicken keeping" to a several million dollar industry.

The U. of I. experiment station program has given particular attention to development of a program adapted to Idaho needs. Experimental feeding programs have been planned around use of feeds grown in the state, and a constant effort has been made toward improvement of Idaho's breeding stock. Effect of this program is that farmers are confident that breeding stock used by Idaho hatcheries is supplied by none in the country.

Commercialized hatcheries on farms have done their part in promoting the available stock for brood producers, and although 25 years ago most chicks were hatched on farms, today 70 to 80 per cent of Idaho chicks come from Idaho hatcheries.

County Agents are also assisting in development of the poultry industry and are well supplied with informational material.

There are 108,991 machine stores in the U. S., according to the census.

County Leads in Pooling of Lambs

Twin Falls county led all other counties in the state during 1940 in pooling of lambs. Over 25,000 lambs were pooled according to a summary prepared by County Agent D. T. Hollingsworth and prepared by the University of Idaho extension department and the U. S. department of agriculture.

Total animals pooled during the year reached 112,530 in Twin Falls county. The report shows, add this figure was followed closely by Gooding county with 109,770. Gooding with 109,628. In lambs alone Gooding was tops in the state, pooling 16,828 to 9,482 for Twin Falls county and 9,736 for Cassia—the next highest contributors.

Others Announced
Other pooled totals for the state are: Blaineville, 4,972; Minidoka, 5,000; Camanche, 4,949; Jerome, 4,206; Blaine, 4,002; Jefferson, 4,520; Latah, 2,867; Idaho, 1,390; Gem, 1,508; Shoshone, 1,354; Blaine, 1,484; Bear Lake, 1,293; and Payette, 853.

Market returns were received on 29,063 lambs during the marketing season of 1940. Of this number, 61,740 were range lambs, and 102,740 were pooled. Of the farm lambs reported, 70,577 were pooled by 16 counties, while 29,552 were shipped by county pools not cooperating and by buyers of temporary pools.

Of the 70,577 lambs reported by the pools, 10,782 were sold at home. The lambs shipped to market totaled 59,795.

Grades Shift
Statistical material shows that a high percentage of lambs marketed before July 1 and in November and December graded as top lambs. From July to October, the shipments contained many top heavy lambs, while November and December shipments contained a high percentage of top lambs. This was because top pools held back their flocks to finish them at home.

Average shrink loss during the season was 1.5 per cent, but varied by different months. The average market weight based on pooling weight was \$1.10 per pound of live weight.

Shipments upon which data was complete went to market in 24 counties, with distribution of the cars to different markets as follows: Sioux City, 102; Denver, 100; Omaha, 35; St. Louis, 2; Chicago, 1; Salt Lake, 1; and Los Angeles, 1.

Average Load Total
Included in the average car shipment in 1940 were 24 lambs, 10 ewes and four wethers for a total of 25 animals. Average shipping expense per car was \$20.15, and the average income expense per car was \$18.80, making a total expense of \$2.62 per car.

Reviewing 13 years of cooperative marketing of farm lambs, the summary points out that during the first year many flocks were shipped. The general tendency was to market the lambs too soon. It continues, "Compared with the lambs in the early pool shipments, the Idaho farm lambs are now greatly improved in breeding and in finish. In the early shipments now made many lambs had not been turned out on the pasture but have been held on feed in the dry lot. The extra cost on grass every morning and early in the evening.

From 1928 to 1940 an increase of lambs pooled is recorded at 8,118 for the first date and 35,434 for the last year.

Aid Offered in Tree Planting

Price lists and information for ordering stock in cooperative woodlot and windbreak planting are available at the office of County Agent D. T. Hollingsworth.

The trees are provided under the Clark-McNary act passed by congress in 1924 by which the federal government cooperates with the school of forestry and the university extension service to assist farm owners in establishing, improving and renewing woodlots, shelter-belts, windbreaks and valuable forest growth, and in growing and renewing the useful timber crop.

The extension agent frequently makes an arrangement to visit prospective planting sites and is ready to be of service to farmers. Requests should be lodged with the county agent or by writing directly to the extension office at the University of Idaho, Moscow.

MAGIC VALLEY'S FASTEST GROWING ENTERPRISE...

SUCCESS MAGIC VALLEY FARMERS

The essential importance of the livestock industry to Magic Valley as a virtual "payroll" enterprise has been aptly demonstrated during the past year. More than ever, farmers are learning that their livestock finds an always good . . . and always substantial market right here in Twin Falls . . . to the end that a year's round income can be created for their and the community's benefit. To those farmers who have instituted a new "payroll" for Magic Valley, this enterprise gives a hearty salute of commendation.

REGULAR CATTLE SALES HELD EACH WEDNESDAY

attend the FREE DAIRY and BEEF EXHIBITION held in cooperation with Farmers' Congress

Under the direction of Mr. W. L. Hendrix, president of the Dairyman's Association, a demonstration will be given to show you how to pick good dairy and beef cattle.

OUR SALE RING MARCH 13, 4:00 P. M.

TWIN FALLS LIVESTOCK COMMISSION CO.

PHONE 240

WAR or PEACE

...an Army has to eat!

Midst a world of nations engaged in strife, we can be thankful that our army is a peacetime army dedicated to the insurance of our democracy. But war . . . or peace . . . an army has to eat and because it must, the farmer becomes important as "the man behind the gun."

As the Fourth Annual Farmers Congress of Magic Valley nears, we join with the rest of our city in bidding the most important man in the nation a hearty welcome. And we again reaffirm our faith in our farmers' ability to take their place as one of the most vital factors in our nation's decision to insure the American way of living.

FIDELITY NATIONAL BANK of Twin Falls

With Branch at Piler
Member F. D. I. C.

TO-YEAR GRAZING PERMIT PLANNED

CODEN, Utah (Special)—Returning from a swing inspection throughout federal range territory of the west, Director of Grazing H. R. Hensley reported to the Interior Harold L. Ickes that his grazing service will begin issuing next July 1 of 10-year term grazing permits to range users in all of the grazing districts established under the Taylor grazing act.

"Systematic range use and protection coupled with range improvements of every type and favorable weather conditions" said the director "is placed the federal range in the best condition for years to meet expanded needs for beef, mutton, and wool incident to national defense.

Authority Given

Regional graziers have been authorized by the department to issue term permits in lieu of one-year licenses in situations where the qualifications of applicants are treated as satisfactory. This also applies to all grazing districts or subdivisions within a substantial agreement has been reached between the users of the range and the regional and administrative personnel of the grazing service as to the issuance of such permits.

Preliminary estimates show on reports of the regional director that more than 12,000,000 sheep, cattle, horses and goats will graze next year on allotments on the 140,000,000 acres of federal range in 50 grazing districts during 1941.

Upon the basis of his inspection District Director estimates approximately 12,000 or 60 per cent of the present year will receive their permits on a 10-year basis, that others will follow just as fast as agreements are reached between stockmen and the grazing service are supported by factual data sufficient to justify the change from temporary licenses.

The grazing service with the help of advisory boards in the districts has been working to determine the number of livestock to which each user is entitled and whether that user can be allocated equitably in an individual, seasonal, or permanent, or a common use area, and the proper season of use. As fast as this determination was made term permits have been issued. Prior to this year term permits were issued on a complete district and another in Colorado and in one complete district in New Mexico.

Big Job

The job of reaching this important step in stabilizing the livestock industry has been a big one. It has meant a gradual change from the confusion and anxiety that existed on the open range six years ago; the constant shifting of fences, the adjusting of high and there, the patience and diligence the stockmen themselves in the maintenance of their own home in order to reduce stock numbers, adjusting seasonal use, and allowing the ranch facilities where necessary to meet the carrying capacity of the land.

If it had not been for the impartial and limiting terms of the Taylor grazing act, the step to be taken July 1 would still be a long way off, said Mr. Hensley. During the past five years, for example, the boards have considered a total of 73,000 applications for range permits in 10 states. Only 2,100 permits have been recorded by applicants against the recommendation of the local advisory boards. Of this number only 78 actually reached the secretary of the interior. The remainder were "troubled out" on the ground by the advisory boards. The best men of the grazing service and by the applicants themselves.

COWS-PER-FARM AVERAGE IS FIVE

Despite the fact the average number of cows per farm in Twin Falls county is small, dairying is an important industry.

This was the statement made by DeWitt Brooks, county agent, while discussing the dairying situation here. He stated that the average number of cows per farm in the county is five, and that the principal grades are Guernsey, Holstein and Jersey.

One of the problems at the present time is the small number of dairymen now in cow leasing societies.

Time Testing Station

During the past several years only one cow testing association was operating in the entire state at Billingsbrook, said Brooks. Efforts were made during the past winter and spring (1940) to expand the service and as a result two full time associations are now operating in central Idaho.

The association is known as the Twin Falls Association and is operating at a banquet at Jerome.

Brooks discussed the testing situation in this section, the county agent said.

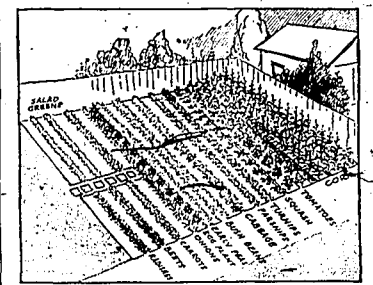
Increases Slowly

Interest in cow testing work seems to be increasing slowly, with new associations being organized quite regularly, so that at the present time both testers are operating at full capacity.

In order to familiarize dairymen with types of dairy cattle dairying in the various breeds a new plan was instituted during the past year by the various breed associations in co-operation with the extension service and county agents, which are called "open house" days. These are held in Twin Falls county the schools that were conducted with Billingsbrook and the school being held at the J. J. Knack farm, Twin Falls, and the other at the J. J. Knack farm, Billingsbrook. Both classes of dairy cattle were selected, with several cows and heifers in each class, and then placed by dairymen and other persons in attendance.

Blue-Pink coral once sold for approximately \$400 an ounce.

DEFENSE GARDEN PLOT TO FIT FAMILY NEEDS



Good Planning Will Give Balanced Diet.

Maximum benefits from the defense garden are reaped when the diet is done by the owner. The plot of the most proper size will therefore depend upon the amount of food the owner has and his inclination to do gardening work.

Unless the product of the home garden is needed for food which could not be purchased, it is not worth the effort. Two hours on each of three days a week devoted to this home-grown and healthy, physical preparation will take good care of a garden 20 by 40 feet or thereabouts and from this space can be harvested vegetables sufficient for the average family, except for potatoes and sweet corn. In deciding what shall be grown, these crops may be considered necessary in most sections of our country:

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| Beans | Parsnips |
| Corn | Peas |
| Chickpeas | Peppers |
| Chard | Radishes |
| Cucumbers | Spinach |
| Lettuce | Tomatoes |
- Eliminate, of course, those you do not like, or that are better for something to serve your friends when they come to dine.

Wireworms Termed Most Destructive Spud Insect

Wireworms are the most destructive insect pests of the potato in Idaho, according to experts of the University of Idaho, College of Agriculture, in a new bulletin.

The loss caused by them, these experts point out, is enormous and is increasing as the acreage of potatoes in Idaho grows.

The adults are slender, brown or reddish, and are about 1/2 inch long. They are present in the soil during the winter and in the spring and early summer. Almost the entire life of several years is spent beneath the surface of the soil, and their control is extremely difficult and expensive.

The methods of control consist of the use of one of two elements, carbon disulfide or erucic sulphide, or of cultural methods. The chemical acts as soil fumigant to kill the wireworms in the soil. The cultural methods are based on the fact that great numbers of wireworms can be killed by production of either an excess or deficiency of moisture in the soil during the summer months by flooding or by drying out the soil containing the wireworms. Crop rotations play a very important role in the production of wireworms, where such rotations are possible, as they are of great importance in producing wireworm-free potatoes, experts point out.

Here Are Recommendations

Following are the various recommended methods used to combat the pest:

Carbon disulfide: Plow the ground deeply, smooth it lightly, and mark it off in 100-foot squares. Punch holes three to four inches deep in the surface of the soil. Pour one fluid ounce of carbon disulfide into each hole and cover with soil. This method is most effective when used in late fall or early spring. The soil should be plowed deeply and prepared for planting. Ten gallons of carbon disulfide will treat 5,000 square feet of soil and will cost about \$20. Exercise care that carbon disulfide should be handled with care because it is extremely inflammable.

Erucic sulphide: Plow the ground deeply, smooth it lightly, and mark it off in 100-foot squares. Plow one fluid ounce of erucic sulphide into each hole and cover with soil. This method is most effective when used in late fall or early spring. The soil should be plowed deeply and prepared for planting. Ten gallons of erucic sulphide will treat 5,000 square feet of soil and will cost about \$20. Exercise care that erucic sulphide should be handled with care because it is extremely inflammable.

Flooding: Wireworms become inactive in the presence of excess moisture. They exist for months under water or in flooded soil at low temperatures but if the temperature of the water is above 70 degrees Fahrenheit they will be unable to dig through the soil. Flooding to help keep the wireworms in the soil. The 800 pounds of erucic sulphide should be applied in the form of a nine-inch furrow slice. The furrow slice should be plowed at the rate of one pound to 73 linear feet of a nine-inch furrow slice. The furrow slice should be plowed at the rate of one pound to 73 linear feet of a nine-inch furrow slice. The furrow slice should be plowed at the rate of one pound to 73 linear feet of a nine-inch furrow slice.

POTATO OBJECT OF TWO STUDIES

WASHINGTON—Potatoes, described by the department of agriculture as the largest and most important single vegetable crop in the United States, are the object of two major studies by the department.

One is to determine new uses for cut and surplus potatoes, particularly in the form of potato starch. The other is aimed at reduction of production costs through more effective cultural methods.

The work was described in departmental reports submitted to a house appropriations subcommittee during hearings on the agriculture department appropriation bill for 1941.

The agricultural chemistry bureau disclosed that its potato utilization investigations in eastern and western states were directed at new and extended uses for potatoes and potato starch. The studies included, among other things, the use of potatoes as sources of alkaloids and other chemicals, improved processing methods, new dehydration processes, improved processing methods and various other uses.

The plant industry bureau has been studying cultural methods by breeding high-yielding varieties resistant to such blight viruses and other diseases in its search for potato varieties of high quality and seeking to find causes of disease and its spread.

It is also studying the use of wireworm-resistant crops which can be grown the season following without injury from wireworms. The wireworm-resistant crops can be grown the season following without injury from wireworms. The wireworm-resistant crops can be grown the season following without injury from wireworms.

Rotation Proposed

These recommended methods for flooding and drying out the soil might be applied to the individual conditions of a particular field to be treated. The experts point out that more detailed information is available at the office of any of the various county agents in the Magic Valley.

Rotations: Red clover and sweetclover have a tendency to increase wireworm numbers after one or two years. These crops should not be used in rotation in a heavily infested area. Alfalfa does not seem to cause an increase of wireworms. On the contrary, the experts point out, it has a tendency to reduce heavy infestations after five or six years. Pasture and conditions also appear to be detrimental to wireworm increase if maintained for several years. All rotations in wireworm areas should include five years of alfalfa, the last year without water, followed by potatoes the first year and grain, beets, or other crop the second year. Rotations such as these are to be the most feasible method of control in the Magic Valley. In infested areas of Idaho,

WELCOME TO

4th ANNUAL Farmers' Congress

Take a day off and enjoy yourself as the guests of Twin Falls merchants. We know that you will enjoy the speakers and the program that has been arranged for you. There will be instructive lectures... interesting displays and a good time for all. Remember the date, Thursday, March 13th all day.

HOLLENBECK Livestock Sales

For years we have provided a buying place and a selling place for Magic Valley farmers. We are proud of our record and only hope that we can be of further service to the farmers in years to come.

STOCK SALES EVERY SATURDAY

Spuds Form Part Of Well-Balanced Livestock Ration

It fed as part of a well-balanced ration, potatoes are a successful feed for livestock according to Tom H. Longhairy, extension dairyman.

Potatoes contain about 20 per cent dry matter, the major portion of which is made up of starch and cellulose. They are similar to corn and contain about twice as much soluble nutrients as well as fiber and pulp, but only one-third the nutrients a horse has. They are deficient in protein, minerals and vitamins and should be fed only as part of a well-balanced ration.

Trills Methods

Potatoes should be cut or chopped and fed to cows individually, preferably in stanchions. If potatoes are fed in the open, the milk cows may not get their share, and frequently a cow will attempt to swallow a large potato which lodges in the throat. Potatoes should be fed in small amounts at first and the amount gradually increased up to 10 to 20 pounds daily in two or more feedings for the summer breeds, such as Jerseys and Guernseys; 20 to 30 pounds daily for the larger breeds, such as Holsteins.

Potatoes are susceptible to scours and bloat caused by potatoes, so care should be used to determine the proper amount to feed. Potatoes should be fed in small quantities and the amount gradually increased. Potatoes have a laxative effect so should not be fed with other feeds such as molasses, which have a similar effect. When potatoes and alfalfa are fed together, the alfalfa helps to break up the potatoes and alfalfa may be fed to dairy cows, part of the alfalfa replaces by the potatoes. The price of alfalfa is about one-third the price of alfalfa hay, based on the total digestible nutrients. In other words, the price in cents per bushel of potatoes should be the same as the price in dollars per ton of alfalfa. If alfalfa is worth \$10

Cutting Advised

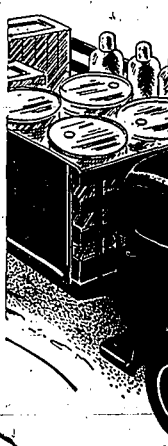
Choking may be prevented by chopping or cutting potatoes before feeding to cows. Only sound potatoes should be fed. All decayed or frozen potatoes and "green" potatoes should be forked out before feeding. Sprouts should also be removed before feeding as the sprouts and green tubers contain slight quantities of solanine, which is poisonous. Feeding should be started in small quantities and the amount gradually increased. Potatoes have a laxative effect so should not be fed with other feeds such as molasses, which have a similar effect. When potatoes and alfalfa are fed together, the alfalfa helps to break up the potatoes and alfalfa may be fed to dairy cows, part of the alfalfa replaces by the potatoes. The price of alfalfa is about one-third the price of alfalfa hay, based on the total digestible nutrients. In other words, the price in cents per bushel of potatoes should be the same as the price in dollars per ton of alfalfa. If alfalfa is worth \$10

PUT FORD TRUCKS AND YOUR JOB!

SPEED UP your schedules

BOOST your payloads

CUT your hauling costs



Ford V-8 Trucks for 1941 match more than 95% of America's hauling needs. They combine more money-saving features than any Ford Trucks have ever offered, plus flexible V-8 power and rugged Ford truck construction. Their V-8 80 or 95 hp—give you more power and speed modern schedules demand. Their rugged construction and large payload space mean bigger, more profitable loads. And their proved Ford truck economy... maintenance economy as well as operating economy... cuts your hauling costs to the bone! Among the wide variety of engine sizes, wheelbases and body types, there is a Ford truck for your job. Test it on your job—today!

Eyes Are Divided

The whitish beetle has divided eyes, the lower half of each eye being used for seeing under water, and the upper half for vision in the air above.

Five-Language Word

The word "remacadamizing" is made up from five languages: "re" from the Latin, "mac" from Celtic, "adam" from Hebrew, "ize" from Greek, and "ing" from English.

At Farmers' Congress See CASE TRACTORS

the modern, Steamlined tractors in power and appearance! Fast speeds for moving—pulling power for work! In all sizes from the small tractor for small farms to the large heavy duty.

See the new hydraulic pover lift which is now available!

Also full line of implements built for the Case tractor plus a full line of horse-drawn implements and G. M. C. Trucks.

WILLIAMS TRACTOR CO.

Harley Williams, Prop.

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the modern, Steamlined tractors in power and appearance! Fast speeds for moving—pulling power for work! In all sizes from the small tractor for small farms to the large heavy duty.

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PUT FORD TRUCKS AND YOUR JOB!

SPEED UP your schedules

BOOST your payloads

CUT your hauling costs

Ford V-8 Trucks and Commercial Cars for 1941

Range of 6 wheelbases and 2 engine sizes (85, 95 hp)... 42 body and chassis types... 16 hydraulic brakes... full-floating rear axle in trucks (16-floating in Commercial Cars)... New type drive system and two new longitudinal springs in front on regular trucks... Semi-centrifugal clutch... Improved, stronger axle, more comfortable seats... Increased engine and chassis accessibility in trucks... Straddle-mounted driving pylon... Needle roller-bearing universal joints on all trucks... New, impressive styling... Bead-beam headlights... Large payload space... Ford low operating costs... Ford low upkeep costs with factory exchange parts plan.

FORD V-8 TRUCKS AND COMMERCIAL CARS

UNION MOTOR CO.

BALLOT DECIDES MARKETING PLAN

CHICAGO — For the first time since the agricultural adjustment act has been in force, wheat farmers of the United States will have an opportunity this year to decide whether they wish to sell their wheat under an official marketing quota or to handle it in the open market of old. During the past week, Secretary of Agriculture Claude Wickard made a formal announcement to the effect that the proposition will be submitted to a ballot vote by affected farmers on May 31, 1941.

Two paragraphs in the same section of the law are in direct contradiction with each other. Under one, a cooperating farmer could apparently market his entire production while under the other, technically he could market only his portion of a national marketing quota which, in 1941, would appear to be only about 45 million bushels.

Under the terms of the law, whenever the combined total of the old crop carryover and the new crop prospect exceeds a normal yield, domestic disappearance and exports by more than 35 per cent, the wheat farmers must make the decision regarding their marketing procedure. Do the best of what is now known, wheat supplies for 1941 in our country will exceed these requirements by 25 to 200 million bushels. Consequently, that part of the agricultural adjustment act will apply this year.

Any farmer who grows in excess of 200 bushels per year is eligible to participate in the vote.

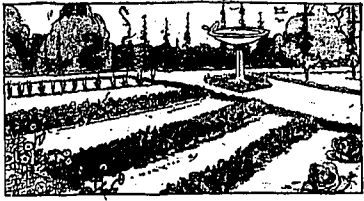
In order to carry, the proposal must secure at least a two-thirds favorable vote of all three farmers who take part in the ballot. Just as in any other election, if an eligible farmer fails to vote, he is bound by the decision of those who do. If more than one-third of the voters cast against the marketing quota, then one will not be in effect for the current crop. In addition, should the proposal fail to carry, there can be no government loans made on the 1941 wheat crop.

The law now specifies that if the average farm price of wheat on June 15 is less than 62 per cent of parity and a marketing quota is in effect, cooperating wheat farmers can borrow somewhere between 55 and 75 per cent of the parity price. Under present conditions, this means a range from 59 to 65 cents per bushel on farms. The 1940 average farm loan was 64 cents per bushel.

As implied by its name, the marketing quota system on wheat is nothing more or less than an official designation of the amount which a farmer may sell during the year. Its primary purpose is to make it possible for the AAA to continue its control over the crop after harvest. Truth has been placed in the law by providing for a penalty of 18 cents per bushel for all wheat which is sold, traded, fed or given away in excess of the stipulated amount which the AAA has stated that the individual farmer may dispose of.

The whole thing centers around the amount of wheat which can be marketed without penalty. Right there we find the two sections of the law which are as different as night and

WELL DESIGNED GARDEN BECOMES BEAUTY SPOT



Flower Borders Combine Well With Vegetable Rows.

There is no need to make your home less attractive because of a Defense Garden. In fact there is much real beauty in ordered rows of green, whether they are of onions, turnips, or some of the brilliant annuals, such as ageratum, zinnias. A combination of the two is most satisfactory, and all it needs is a little planning this time of the year.

A glance at the illustration will show you what can be done without much effort. Here the garden has been divided up into beds combining vegetables and flowers, with borders of the larger blooms. They are separated by walls of green. The flowers might easily be geraniums, and actually add to the beauty of the landscape. Rows of annuals could be planted alternately with the vegetables, and a border of atrypium, locelia, or the daisy-like marigold at the edge of the walks, might give added beauty and finish.

This alliance of flowers with vegetables is an old world custom of long tradition, practiced extensively in England and Germany, and particularly suited to the city gardener. Ample space does not permit of too extensive planting. Many of the vegetables of ornamental foliage actually give the flowers an attractive display. Such are parsley, carrots, radish chard, and that useful herb sage, the spray-green shoots and blooms of which are as

in direct contradiction to each other. If a national marketing quota is announced in terms of bushels which is in line with the mathematical formula provided for, no farmer will be permitted to market his wheat in the unrestricted manner provided for by sub-section "c". On the other hand, if farmers are permitted to sell indiscriminately, such a procedure will be in direct contradiction with the national marketing quota.

It is obvious that either one or the other provision of the law will have to be ignored completely and it will be interesting to note which one is eventually complied with. Cooperating farmers are now being told by representatives of the AAA that a vote in favor of the marketing quota will permit them to dispose of their wheat in the open market without restriction. On this assumption, there should be no question as to how the vote will run.

FARMING SUCCESS to MAGIC VALLEY FARMERS



important power factors for efficiency in farm operation

"CATERPILLAR"
DIESEL TRACTORS
and
FORD Tractors
with **FERGUSON SYSTEM**

ADAPTABILITY FLEXIBILITY

with "Caterpillar" Diesel tractors with Ford tractor and Ferguson

"Caterpillar" diesel tractors have the kind of adaptability that large farm operators need. In adapting and dirt moving for leveling "Caterpillar" diesels get out and do the work on time with economy in fuel and operation.

Ford tractor with Ferguson system is the answer to the power needs of the smaller farm operator or as an auxiliary unit of the large farm. Until development of this new principle of implement linkage and control, all too often farming plans had to be adapted to fit the equipment.

Yet they are "light on their feet." When it comes to planting and cultivating they get around on seed bed or down the rows with a minimum of soil packing. Easy maneuverability, quick turning and easy steering are points that please farmers with "Caterpillar" operation.

Now with Ford and the exclusive Ferguson system built only for Ford, any farm operator can meet all crop requirements with one set of tools. The cost of the Ford tractor with its basic implements is comparatively low! It enables you to change your cropping plans as conditions warrant, without heavy additional investment.

And so around the year—plowing—planting—harvesting—and belt work—"Caterpillar" diesel tractors give the kind of farm power that is adaptable to the many power needs of Magic Valley farmers. And the biggest points are Fuel Economy and Up-Keep Economy, "Caterpillar" diesels are built to last and built to give the greatest fuel economy by using low priced diesel fuel. Get the remarkably low cost figures of operation from a "Caterpillar" user. They can tell you how "Caterpillar" has cut their operation costs.

Especially in Magic Valley Ford tractors, fill a long felt need. If you are wondering how you can

attend
FARMERS CONGRESS
Thursday, March 13
Twin Falls Implement Dealers and Twin Falls Merchants invite you to spend an interesting day in Twin Falls at the Fourth Annual Farmers Congress. Speakers will present new and interesting ideas—there will be motion pictures—livestock showing—and implement displays on the streets.

replace one or two teams with more economical and faster power find out about Ford tractors and Ferguson system. You will find the outstanding Bunting Tractor Co. policy, of parts and service when you need them, backing up your Ford tractor—the same service that has so pleased "Caterpillar" users in the past.

Proved by Performance

"CATERPILLAR" diesel tractors and FORD tractors with Ferguson system have been accepted by farmers of Magic Valley as proved by comments from enthusiastic owners. Find out from an owner what he thinks of his "CATERPILLAR" or FORD tractor and also let him tell you how BUNTING TRACTOR CO. backs up their sales with fast repair service and parts.

Bunting Tractor Co.

Distributors for Ford Tractors and Ferguson System
Distributors for "Caterpillar" Diesel Tractors

146 SECOND AVE. S.

The COW

... the farmer and prosperity

The past year has brought definite evidence of the importance which small plan dairying carries for the average farmer. The year just past and this year points to the substantial day-to-day profits which can come from regular "milk and cream checks." No wonder then that dairying activity is rising daily in Magic Valley. The cooperative marketing plan fostered by this organization is an easy step in adding to your daily income as a farmer. We suggest you learn more about it and then take immediate steps to participate with your neighbors in the profits which they are enjoying from dairying.

WE ESPECIALLY RECOMMEND
That You Attend
FARMERS CONGRESS
to hear W. L. Hendrix, president of the Idaho State Dairy Association. He will have a definite message on the future of dairying in Idaho. Attend! Thursday, March 13.

JEROME
COOPERATIVE CREAMERY
Barley, Buhl, Jerome, Gooding, Rupert and Twin Falls

322 BOYS, GIRLS ENTER 4-H WORK

During the year 1940, a report shows, a total of 322 boys and girls in 21 different clubs were chosen in 4-H club work in Twin Falls county.

Of this number a total of 214 completed projects with a completion rate of 72.5 per cent. Of the total enrollment 74 were boys and 248 girls. Records show this is the largest number to be enrolled in the clubs for the past several years.

The 4-H club council at Buhl took complete charge of the 4-H club work, and the council at Pocatello also secured local leaders in clubs of this area. Officers of the council are Frank Somers, president; Bull, vice-president; Mrs. Linn Garner, Bull, secretary; Mrs. Linn Garner, Bull, vice-president, and Mrs. Sanderson, also of Buhl, secretary. This council met and outlined the 4-H club program for that community and assisted by the county 4-H club program. A committee headed by Mrs. Betty Hall, Meridian, was responsible for the 4-H club enrollment in the area, and in the south portion of the county Mrs. Roy Green was in charge.

Training School
During April, 1940, a 4-H leaders' 4-H training school was held for all the local 4-H club leaders in this district. These meetings took the place of the leaders' training course previously held at Pocatello, and it proved to be much more satisfactory than the program carried out in previous years, officials declare.

A total of 133 leaders from Twin Falls and adjoining counties, the records show, attended a two-day school at Twin Falls. The leaders were trained in various club projects and solved many of the problems the leaders had in mind. A banquet was given by the Twin Falls Chamber of Commerce was one of the highlights of the program.

4-H Club Fair

A county 4-H club fair was held Sept. 6, 7 and 8 at which time the boys and girls competed in various contests under their own leaders. The boys participated in the various club activities and contests for boys.

PLAN GIVEN FOR BEETLE CONTROL

One of several varieties of insects "living" off the Idaho potato is the Colorado potato beetle. Adults of the Colorado potato beetle are plump, yellow and black striped insects about three-eighths of an inch long. They are black lines running lengthwise on each wing. The eggs are orange-yellow and are deposited in clusters of 10 to 12 on the underside of leaves.

The young are brick-red, hump-backed larvae about one-half inch long. The color changes to orange as the larvae grow. There are two rows of black spots along the side of the body.

Both the adults and their young feed upon the foliage of potatoes and closely related plants, often completely defoliating the plants. Nature larvae drop to the ground and burrow into the soil a short distance to pupate. They remain in this stage five to 10 days and then change into the adults. A partial second generation is sometimes produced. The first generation is always the most important in Idaho. They overwinter as adults at a depth of from six to 12 inches in the soil.

Control Methods follow: Liberal applications of a one per cent rotenone dust are very effective. Vines can be dusted with one part of rotenone to three parts of hydrated lime. They may also be sprayed with calcium or lead arsenate four pounds to 100 gallons of water at the rate of 100 gallons per acre when vines are large.

Dinosaur

Titanosaurus, a moderately-sized dinosaur that lived on plant life, existed during the Cretaceous period, near the close of the age of reptiles.

Blood Moves Fast


Fifteen seconds are required for the blood to circulate through the entire body. The blood passes through the heart four times a minute.

IT'S YOUR OWN SUGAR

... and the best you can buy!

GUARANTEE
Pure, fine-granulated "White Satin" Sugar is guaranteed for every sweetening purpose.

Insist on "WHITE SATIN" SUGAR When You Buy!



WHITE SATIN SUGAR

GROWN AND MADE IN IDAHO

Farmers Get Cash for Diverting Potatoes



Idaho Valley farmers will receive cash payments from the surplus marketing administration for diverting No. 2 potatoes into livestock feed. Above, three scenes as the diversion program swings into high gear. Upper left, J. O. Edinger, Twin Falls farmer, pours the purple dye on No. 2 and potential No. 2 spuds as Charles Edwards, inspector, figures the amount of diversion in the bin. Upper right, Chairman Walter Reese of the Twin Falls county AAA committee, talks over diversion applications with Edith Hilsard, employee of the county office. Bottom photo, S. E. Williams, farmer, near Buhl, feeds diverted potatoes to his sheep. (Photos by APAs—Times-News Express)

Here Is Tale of the Poor Spud That Couldn't Go to Market—Until Dyed!

Then there's the story of the poor, little spud who couldn't go to market. He just had too many brothers and sisters. When his time came to go to the boys and girls, he was too late. He wouldn't pay his own way.

Then he got his face "painted." That was different, the boys said. Now he could go to market—after some hog, or sheep or cow or steer ate him.

Last week the Twin Falls county agricultural conservation office reported 72,500 bushels—about 1,200 cars—of potatoes already had been "painted" in the federal potato diversion program. Most of No. 2, or "potential" No. 2, potatoes were taken off the market in the hope that prices for top-grade spuds will go up.

Farmers are feeding the diverted potatoes to livestock, expecting gains in profitable livestock to equal several times the market value the potatoes had before they were dyed. Since the early potato season is approaching rapidly, growers all are pinning their hopes on getting all their 1940 crop in normal traffic channels.

Larger Crop
Agricultural marketing service figures show that Idaho's 1940 potato crop totals about 32,800,000 bushels—nearly a third larger than the average crop from 1929 to 1932. Department of agriculture officials reveal potato growers get nearly twice as much income from their crop when it is less than 370 million bushels than they get when it exceeds 370 million bushels. This year's crop was one of those that went over the mark, 1930,000 bushels.

In response to requests from potato growers, the U. S. department of agriculture, on Feb. 7, announced a program to divert potatoes grading No. 2 or better from normal channels by preparing them for feeding to livestock.

Swift Applications
Within 15 days, Twin Falls potato growers, along with growers in 55

counties in eight western states, were sending applications to divert spuds 250 weeks ago, the first potatoes were dyed purple in Twin Falls county, to signify they had been diverted under the program, and would be fed to livestock instead of being marketed for human consumption.

G. C. Mager, south central Idaho area supervisor for the agricultural inspection service, said he has eight inspectors hard at work inspecting and measuring potatoes to be diverted, and supervising application of the dye. The dye is mixed with alcohol from the potato alcohol plant at Idaho Falls.

The program was speeded up last week by the announcement that "potential" No. 2's would be considered the same as potatoes actually meeting the specifications of U. S. No. 2 grade for the purposes of the diversion program. The ruling makes it unnecessary for growers to clip "Jelly ends" and irregularities from their potatoes before they are diverted, and saves them the expense of having that work done.

Still Applying
Walter Reese, Castleford, chairman of the Twin Falls county AAA committee, said that applications to divert potatoes are still coming into the conservation office. "The preliminary allotment of 22,000,000 pounds was given out by March 1,

and an additional 14,000,000 pounds has been allotted to the county by the state AAA office at Boise. Funds for the diversion payments made at the rate of 25 cents per hundredweight of No. 2 grade or better, are made available by the surplus marketing administration of the U. S. department of agriculture. The federal-state agricultural inspection service supervises the actual diversion, and county conservation officers handle the administrative work.

Feed Now
The sheep will be going to the range in a few weeks, and pasture will be ready for dairy and stock cattle before long. Potatoes should be fed out before that time if farmers are to get the maximum value from their crop.


Reese also pointed out that farmers who divert potatoes will be able to get a better price for No. 1's, we'll have to move the No.

We'll See You at the **FARMERS CONGRESS**

We urge you to "take time off" to attend this interesting and informative event—March 12—Thursday.

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Good fence protects crops from damage by stray stock and at the same time increases the value and attractiveness of any farm. Shop our yard for posts, both cedar and metal, woven and barbed wire, and tools.



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GUY RYMAN, Mgr.

PROGRESS MARKS SUGAR RESEARCH

WASHINGTON—The agriculture department's bureau of plant industries is making progress today that it is making progress in its objective of reducing sugar-beet and sugar cane losses through disease.

The bureau is seeking more efficient production methods for sugar beets and sugar cane seed, improvement of cultural and fertilizer practices in the growing of sugar cane, and means for reducing losses in harvesting cane.

This was disclosed in reports submitted by the bureau to a house appropriations subcommittee during hearings on the agriculture department appropriation bill on March 10.

The report stated that results gave definite indication that losses from leaf spot may be reduced. Strains have been developed showing increased leaf spot resistance.

The report stated that attempts to select forms resistant to seedling disease and attendant root rots were not conclusive but "most promising." A definite advance has been made. It was said that the goal of fully virus-top-resistant sugar beet varieties is being approached.

Mole Like Fly, Says Cameraman

HOLLYWOOD, March 11—Old, sour-smelling, are fate's machinations. It was a captivating hole on her left shoulder that turned the bit for a young dress extra, chosen by her fellows as the girl on the set with the most beautiful face.

Her prize was to be the camera's attention as she waited through a scene for "They Dare Not Love with Gravity Best."

But the action had barely started when the cameraman called "cut!" The mole, he said, looked for all the world like a persistent fly. So moxie did she just a so-so back, won the chance.

So not of the way in a hurry through the diversion program. It will be actual diversions that will count with the trade. We are keeping potato growers and eastern buyers advised of the progress of the program, so it is up to growers themselves to make diversions as soon as possible after they receive authorization from the county office.

After applications are made by potato growers, authorizations are issued through the county office by the state AAA office. When potatoes are ready for inspection, growers should inform the county office, and an inspector will come to the farm to supervise the diversion. Reese explained.

Farmers Approve
Twin Falls county farmers generally approve use of potatoes as stock feed, and many are rushing diversions to get their feed.

"I didn't have potatoes to feed, but my sheep," E. E. Williams, third farmer, said last week. "Potatoes are worth a lot in raising livestock. They cut down on the hay consumption and take the place of green food in keeping the stock in condition."

Williams feeds sheep about 2 1/2 pounds of potatoes per head a day, with about one pound of oats and three pounds of hay per head. He feeds his cows about 15 pounds per head a day, and gives five pounds daily to his horses.

On the Turner-Eaton ranch, south of Twin Falls, cattle owned by Albert Wagner are being fed up to 30 pounds of potatoes daily, along with sugar beet pulp and hay. George Howard and Bill McDrum, agreed, who tend the cattle, say the stock will let the beet pulp to clean up the spuds when they are fed twice daily.

Oringer, who also lives south of Twin Falls, is diverting potatoes as rapidly as he sorts them, so they can be fed to sheep and cattle on his place.

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Fine quality 8-oz. Sanitized shrink denim. Pull cut—lots of pockets. In blue or stripes.

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Well made, Big roomy cut. A value leader. Compare!

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Made of good quality Grey Cover Sanitized shrink. 2 button flap pockets, sized correctly. permanent fit. Ages 8 to 12. Sizes 12 1/2 to 14 1/2. **49c**

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Heavy hickory stripe. Sanitized shrink. button front. 2 button vest pockets, two patch pant pockets. (Master Duck brand). Sizes 3 to 8.

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Large size
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GAIT GLOVES, Knit Wrist, Men's, Boys and Women's 43c
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Men's Natural Color WORK SOX 3 for 25c

ECONOMY BASEMENT Men's Chambray WORK SHIRTS 39c



A large full cut shirt made of good grade blue chambray. Two pockets, buttoned down, six button front. Sizes 14 1/2 to 20.

ECONOMY BASEMENT Men's Whipcord Work Pants 98c

All Sanitized shrink in grey forest green and khaki whipcord. Full cut—heavy pocket linings—waist sizes 30 to 42.

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Heavy hickory stripe. Sanitized shrink. button front. 2 button vest pockets, two patch pant pockets. (Master Duck brand). Sizes 3 to 8.



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Sanitized shrink, buy your correct size. Made of heavy Frontier Cover with heavy genuine, boat sail cloth pockets. Waist sizes 30 to 42.

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Here is a splendid buy. Upper of very fine grade—Goodyear welt—full drill lining. Made on the famous Anson line. A Rubber heel. Widths C and E.

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In Twin Falls
Thursday, March 13th

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